THE

BOOK OF GENESIS

IN

ENGLISH-HEBREW.

London:
Printed by Littlewood and Co.
Old Bailey.

1

BOOK OF GENESIS,

1 N

ENGLISH-HEBREW;

ACCOMPANIED BY

AN INTERLINEAR TRANSLATION,

SUBSTANTIALLY THE SAME AS

THE AUTHORIZED ENGLISH VERSION;

WITH

NOTES,

AND

A GRAMMATICAL INTRODUCTION.

BY WILLIAM GREENFIELD, M.R.A.S.

SUPERINTENDENT OF THE EDITORIAL DEPARTMENT OF THE BRITISH AND FOREIGN BIBLE SOCIETY, AND EDITOR OF THE COMPREHENSIVE BIBLE, &c.

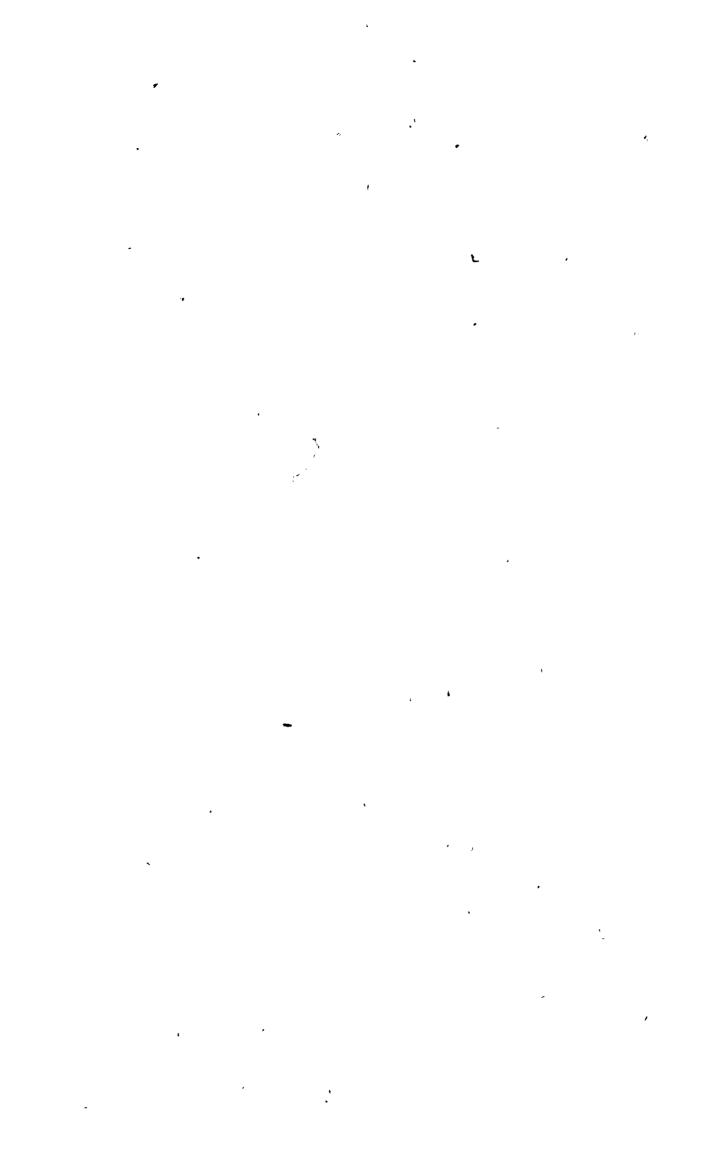
SECOND EDITION, CORRECTED.

LONDON:

PRINTED FOR JOHN TAYLOR,

30, UPPER GOWER STREET.

1831.



PREFACE.

It is presumed that no laboured explanation can be necessary, to recommend a work which purposes to render itself practically useful by the simplicity of its plan, and the natural and rational model upon which it is constructed. It perfectly coincides in its nature and design with the Interlinear Translations from the Latin and Greek Classics, on the plan of Mr. Locke, already laid before the public; and it will therefore be merely necessary to premise a few observations in explanation of the Text employed, the notation in Roman characters adopted, the Translation itself, and the Notes with which it is accompanied.

The Text is that of Everard Vander Hooght, which was founded on the second edition of Jos. Athias edited by Leusden, and which has lately been edited with much accuracy by Judah D'Allemand, and published by Mr. James Duncan, Paternoster Row. We have, however, inserted a few emendations from the Various Readings collected by Dr. Kennicott, and De Rossi, whenever they appeared to be genuine, and of sufficient importance to warrant such insertion. When introduced into the text, they are distinguished by being inclosed in brackets, and the reason for their introduction is assigned in a note, that the reader may at once perceive how far we have deviated from the common text, and how little it is affected by such variations.

The notation in Roman characters has been adopted from the conviction, that it would tend materially to facilitate the progress of the learner in the attainment of the Hebrew language, serve as a stimulus to many to engage in its acquisition, and prove highly interesting even to the mere English Reader. Nothing, perhaps, has tended more to retard the progress of Oriental Literature in Europe, than the apparently strange, uncouth, and intricate nature of the characters in which the Eastern Languages are usually written and printed. This has been the incubus which has depressed the energies of hundreds, and from which many have fled away with dismay. This evil has been severely felt, and unequivocally acknowledged with respect to some of those languages, and has also been partially removed; and it is hoped that the present undertaking will have the effect of smoothing the path to the acquisition of that ancient and sublime language in which the Oracles of God were first conveyed to man. Two objects were to be attained in the proposed system of notation — distinctness of orthography and accuracy of pronunciation. The first we have secured by assigning to each character and vowel-point a distinct letter or letters, according to the annexed scheme, with as small a PREFACE. vii

departure from their usual pronunciation in English as possible. By adopting, occasionally, Italic and small capital letters, and the usual prosodical marks, in preference to any other mode of notation, it has thus been rendered extremely simple and easy of acquirement; while the Roman letters are so modified as to discriminate and express, accurately, the orthography, as well as the orthopy, of each word in the original character. The latter object, it must be confessed, was of more difficult attainment, as the Jews of various nations differ, in a trifling degree, with regard to the pronunciation of certain letters and vowels. We believe, however, it will be found, that the most approved and generally received mode of pronunciation has been followed; and it may easily be adapted to any other system, by giving to each letter, which is as definitely fixed as in the original character, the precise sound required. Thus those who prefer pronouncing the waf always as v, and the qametz as o, have merely to substitute those sounds for the w and \bar{a} by which they are indicated. The Anti-punctist, also, may accommodate it to his own system, and read it with nearly the same facility, by rejecting all the vowels, and substituting any he may please to insert in their stead.

The Interlinear Translation is substantially the same with the Authorized English Version, except in those few instances in which it was conceived to be erroneous, or where the Hebrew idiom required a closer version; and even in the latter case, we have frequently done little more than adopt the marginal readings of our larger Bibles. The principal deviations from the common translation are placed at the bottom of the page, in the form of notes, that the reader may at once perceive how seldom we have had

occasion to depart from that truly excellent version. The order of the original words being preserved, and the version of each word given, it became necessary to indicate by figures the manner in which it is to be read in order to adapt it to the English idiom, and to enclose in brackets those words which were either superfluous in that idiom, or were not translated in the Authorized Version. It must also be remarked, that when one Hebrew word is rendered by two or more English words, those words are connected by hyphens, and must be combined in one in order to make the expression equivalent to the Hebrew; and that the words supplied to complete the sense in English, which are not in the original, are printed in Italics.

Thus the translation "is strictly literal, as Locke enjoins, but never sacrifices English sense or grammar to express a foreign idiom;" and, "with regard to grammar, it is taught already by this method of translation, to those who know English Grammar; for every word, as far as possible, is rendered in its corresponding part of speech, even to the cases of nouns and the tenses of verbs; and where this cannot be done, the exception makes the rule the plainer; so that Syntax, that part of Grammar which most perplexes a learner, may be, and is postponed till a later period — and all that engages the pupil's attention in the early stage of his progress, is the meaning of words and their usual inflections. He is placed on the footing of a child learning its native tongue, to whom the sense of words and their forms is alone a sufficient study, and by whom a knowledge of English Syntax is not attempted to be gained till this foundation is perfectly secured." *

^{*} See the Prospectus of a Popular System of Classical Instruction, prefixed to the first Books of Virgil, and Homer, pp. vi. vii.

It will be perceived, that we have arranged the poetical parts in parallel lines, the importance of which arrangement has been fully acknowledged by every competent Hebrew scholar since the days of Bishop Lowth. "In the best editions of the Bible," says Archbishop Newcome,* "the poetical parts should be divided into lines answering to the metre of the original. The common editions would be made too expensive by such a distribution, which would occupy a large space; but this inconvenience may be avoided, by placing each hemistich within inverted commas, or by any other proper mark of distinction for the pause. Dr. Kennicott's words on this subject are: 'Si universa in bibliis Hebræis carmina, more poetico, lineis brevibus, et plerumque fere æqualibus (saltem ubi non fuerint corruptæ) nunc demum imprimerentur, mirum quantum elucesceret statim sacri poetæ mens; idque in mille locis, ubi, sub usitatæ prosæ forma, difficillimum est ullam, saltem veram, expiscari sententiam."+

The Notes are chiefly designed to justify any deviation from the Authorized Version, by giving the authorities upon which the translation is founded; to rectify the words of the Sacred Text, by pointing out the more important Various Readings; to state briefly the arguments for the rendering of difficult, dubious, and obscure words, with references to philological and other works where these arguments are more copiously discussed; to furnish a more literal rendering than was practicable in the text; to elucidate, more fully, expressions which could not be rendered by

^{*} Cited by Bishop Jebb, Sacred Literature, p. 66.

[†] Præf. ad Vet. Test. Heb. p. 20. Abp. Newcome, Min. Proph. Pref. p. xxxviii.

X PREFACE.

a single word; to exhibit the distinctive marks of difference between words which are usually regarded as synonymous; and, not unfrequently, to illustrate the ideas, images, and allusions of the Sacred Penman, by a reference to objects, idioms, customs, manners, and laws, which were peculiar to his age or country, or to Oriental nations.

We cannot close, without adverting to one great end to which this work may be rendered eminently subservient -that of evincing the utter groundlessness of the charges which have of late years been brought against our venerable Translation, and of repelling the allegations of uncertainty with which the Hebrew language itself has been arraigned. Here, by the usage of the words themselves, every man may judge whether they be correctly rendered or not; and we are persuaded, he will speedily arrive at the conclusion, that, except in a very few cases, they could not have been better translated. While it is admitted, that a few things require alteration and emendation, occasioned by the changes which have taken place in the English language, and by modern improvements in sacred criticism and philology; it may confidently be affirmed, that for general fidelity and perspicuity, for elegance, nervousness, and dignity, our old Version has never been surpassed, and that it is only inferior to the Sacred Original itself. Equally unfounded are the charges of uncertainty brought against the Hebrew language; charges which owe their origin to the putid translations of men characterized by ignorance or temerity, bidding defiance alike to every principle of grammar and common sense. We here put it in the power of all men to satisfy themselves of the truth of PREFACE. XI

the assertion, that the Sacred language, in its signification and construction, is not a whit more uncertain than the noble languages of Greece and Rome; and that, except in a few terms, chiefly of Natural History, in which those languages are equally obscure, there can be but *one* clear, genuine, grammatical, and certain sense given to the original.

•

ORTHOGRAPHIC AND ORTHOEPIC SCALE.

ORTHOGRAPHIC AND

English.	HEBREW.	Power.
\boldsymbol{a}	8	a quiescent, or a simple breathing, the spiritus lenis of the Greeks.
ā	ķ *	a in fall, by some pronounced as ō.
\mathbf{a}	Ř	a — far.
ă	Ī.	a — America.
āi	אָר	y — by.
ai	אַר	y — by.
b	⊐ †	b — bell.
ç	ם	c — cedar.
d	٦	d — demon.
$ar{\mathbf{e}}$	Ä	e — there.
e	8	e — end.
ĕ	% \$	ĕ — below.
ĕ	Ŗ	ĕ — below.
ēi	אֵר	ei — height.
ei	ָּאֶר	ei — height.
f	۶ ۲	v — have.
g	٦	g - got. [end of a syllable.
h	n	h — hand, almost or quite silent at the
hh	ন	h — hound, stronger aspirate than the preceding.
'h	π	h guttural, as in the Scottish loch, and German nach.
ī	אָר	ee in green.
i	×	i — fin.
k	712	k — king.
'k	স্⊃	k guttural, as 'h.
1	5	l in let.
m	מם	m — mellow
n	ב ז	n — nut.

^{*} This letter (N) is merely employed to shew the position of the vowel-points.

[†] The dot in this and some other letters is termed dagesh, and renders them harder in pronunciation: see v.

[‡] This vowel point, which is compounded of the preceding and following, is only used for the subsequent one under the gutturals.

[§] Only as v at the end of a syllable; in other cases w or quiescent: see ō, ū, and w. || This and the four following lengthened forms of the characters are termed finals, being only used at the end of words.

ORTHOEPIC SCALE.

ENGLISH.	HEBREW.	Power.
o	ע	o quiescent, by some pronounced as a guttural.
$ar{\mathbf{o}} oldsymbol{w}$	Ä	o in lo. by some pronounced as 'ow in
ō	*	o — lo. (how.
O	¥ *	o — blot.
ŏ	×	o — shock.
owi	וֹר	oi — void.
p	Ð	p — pen.
ph	ភ្ ១ ′	ph — philosophy.
\mathbf{q}	ら	k — kindred.
r	٦	r — regal.
\mathbf{s}	ซ	s — sing.
\mathbf{sh}	ບ ຸ	sh — shine.
t	ħ	t — tend.
th	ת	th — thin.
T	ಬ	t — tun.
tz	z y	ts — tablets.
ū	ה	oo — mood.
u	8	oo — $good.$
ũi	הר	ui — ruin.
\mathbf{v}	ב	v — vine, pronounced by some as b.
\mathbf{w}	기 †	w — wine, pronounced by some as v.
y	•	y — young.
,	‡ לִמֵּד as (.)	doubles a letter, as li'mēd, pronounced lim-mēd.
••	עַל-פָּנֵי as (בּ)	connects two or more words, as oalpenēi.
-	בְּרֵאשִׁית שָׁנִים עָשָׂר	connects parts of the same word, or two or more words translated by one, as bĕ-rēashīth', "in-the-beginning;" shĕnēim-oāsār, "twelve."

It must be remembered, that none of the Italic letters are to be pronounced.

^{*} This vowel, which is the same in form as \bar{a} , is distinguished from it by being immediately followed by a consonant in the same syllable.

† w only at the beginning of a syllable, see f. ‡ Called dagesh forte, or double dagesh.

. . -: • • • . •

GRAMMATICAL INTRODUCTION;

IN WHICH ARE DEVELOPED THE REGULAR INFLECTIONS OF THE HEBREW LANGUAGE.

THE Hebrew Alphabet consists of twenty-two letters, which are all consonants, whose name and form, and power, according to our mode of indicating it, are as follows:—

```
Finals.
1 aaleph
                         a quiescent, or a simple breathing, the
              ×
                                      [spiritus lenis (') of the Greeks.
2 bēith
                         b and v
           ロロ
3 gi'mel 🕽 🕽
                         g hard, as in got.
4 dāleth ן ז
                         \mathbf{d}
                         h the spiritus asper (') of the Greeks.
5 \text{ hea}
              П
                         w, and f, pronounced as v, at the end of a
6 waf
               ٦
7 zāyin
                                                             [syllable.
               3
8 'hēth
                         'h guttural, as the German ch in nacht, or
9 tēth
                                             [the Scottish ch in loch.
              20
10 yūd
                         y
11 kaph
                         k, and 'k guttural as 'h.
               E
12 lämed
13 mem
              2
                    \mathbf{m}
14 nūn
                         \mathbf{n}
15 çāme'k
                         ç, as s
16 oāyin
                         o quiescent, as it occupies the place of that
              ע
                            letter in the Western alphabets.
17 pēa
                     ħ
                         p and ph
               Ð
18 tza'dēi
               ሂ
                    *
                         tz
19 qūph
                         q, as k
20 rēish
                         r
                         sh
22 tāf
                         t and th
```

The vowels are expressed by certain marks, placed, generally, below the letters, and are fourteen in number; as,

Long Vowels.

$\mathbf{q}\mathbf{\bar{a}m\bar{e}tz}$	$\boldsymbol{\dot{\aleph}_*}$	as	$ar{\mathbf{a}}$	in	fall
tzērēi	Ä		$ar{\mathbf{e}}$		there
hīriq	K		ī as	e e —	green
'hōlem	in or in		õw o	r ō —	lo
shūrēq	786		ū as	00	mood

Short Vowels.

pātha'h	8	as	8	a	in	far
$\operatorname{f cegar o}w{ m l}$	Ä	-~	-	е		\mathbf{end}
'hīriq	ķ		-	i		fin
qāmētz 'haтaph	Ř	- -	-	0		blot
qi'būtz	8		u a	is o	o —	\mathbf{good}

Very Short Vowels.

'haтaph qāmētz	Ŗ	as	ŏ	in	shock
patha'h	8		ă	_	America
—— çeg $\bar{o}w$ l	8		ĕ		below
shĕwā a	8	_	ĕ		below

Qāmētz and qāmētz-'hataph are distinguished from each other by the latter being followed by a simple or compound shewāa, or by a consonant in the same syllable, except א a or הוא hat the end of a word; as הַלְּמֵל holmad, הַלְּמֵל qoçomī, אַנָּאָר mātzāa, הַלָּג gālāh.

'Hōlem, as shewn above, is sometimes simply indicated by a dot; and when preceded by w, or followed by w, its place is supplied by the dot on those letters: as, אוֹלָ וֹסֹם, אוֹנָשׁ sōnēa, הַּשָּׁה mōsheh.

^{*} The N is merely employed to shew the position of the vowels.

We have indicated the presence of the by an Italic w, which, as well as every other Italic letter, must be regarded as quiescent.

Long 'hīriq (ī) is distinguished from short 'hīriq (i) by a yūd s following it: but 'hīriq without a s in the last syllable having an accent, or in the middle of a word not followed by a shewāa or dāgesh, must be considered as long; as in אַרָּהוּלָּהָל shith, הֹקרְבוּר, hiqrívū.

Shewāa is merely syllabic, and not pronounced, when preceded by a short unaccented vowel, except another shewāa or when followed by the same letter as that under which it is placed; as, mish-math, הַּבְּנִי til-me-dū, הַּבְנִי hi-ne-nī. Shewāa is not expressed under the last letter of a word, except it be א סיב מוֹן me'-le'k, בַּשְׁהַ gasht.

The three shortest vowels are termed in general compound shewāas being formed of that vowel and (,) () and (,), and only used for it, generally, under the gutturals ארהע.

The following diphthongs are formed by a union of with the vowels:—

٦_	āi as	y	in	by	as	אַדנָר	<i>a</i> ădōnāi
٠	ai —	y		by	_	שׁר	shai
٦	ēi		_	height		פָֿני	pĕnēi
۳.	ei			height		אָלהָיה	<i>a</i> ĕlōhei'kā
י לר	ōwi —	oi	_	void	-	בּרֹי	gō w i
רגר	ūi			ruin		בַלוּר	gālūi

A dot in a letter is termed dagesh, which is either single or double. Single dagesh is only inscribed in the letters בגדכם, beginning a word or syllable, and causes the letter in which it stands to lose its aspiration, as shewn in the alphabet. The double dagesh may be found in any letter except the gutturals and , and doubles the letter in which it is inscribed, which we have indicated by the apostrophe ('); as, 'i'mēd.

A dot in a ה at the end of a word, is termed ma'pīq, and strengthens its sound, which we have denoted by hh; as, אַלוֹהַ gāvahh, הַבָּה gāvahh.

Ma'qaph is a small stroke like a hyphen, and used for the same purpose, which we have expressed by two dots: as, יבֹל פּבֹל oal.. pĕnēi. The hyphen we have employed in the text to separate the article and prepositions from the word, and to connect words which we have rendered by one; and in the translation, to unite the several words by which one original word is translated; as, בַּבְּאשִׁרת bĕ-rēashīth, "in-the-beginning;" הַבְּאשִׁרֶה 'hămēsh-oesrēh, "fif-teen."

Every syllable begins with a consonant, except שׁ ū at the beginning of a word, and pātha'h at the end under הַ and ה, and שׁ when pronounced; as, בְּרָא b̄a-rāa, וְרָבוּ ū-re-vū, אֲלוֹהַ aĕ-lōw-ahh, rū-a'h, רַּרָע rū-ao.

The syllable which is the seat of an accent, except the euphonic metheg, (,) is acute, or emphatic. When the same accent occurs twice in a word, the first is acute; and when various accents occur in the same word, the last is acute; as, בּלֵבְילִיבְי ha'-ma'yim, u-le-mowoadīm'. It has been thought unnecessary to mark the accent when the quantity sufficiently determined the pronunciation of a word, a long vowel having the preference of emphasis over a short, and a short vowel over the very short; as, בּתְבֹנִית kothnowth, בַּתְבֹנִית tatzmīa'h.

The example in the following page will convey an accurate idea of the mode of notation in Roman Characters adopted in this work.

בראשית א

בָּרָא אֵלהֵים בָרֵאשִׁית בוממנים בַּאָרֶץ: וּאָת תָבוּנ וָתָאָׁרֶץ בֿוֹלַת וַבׁהוּ نٰلٰھُك לענם ונות עַל־פְּנֵנְ מעמבע ַוַיּאמֶר אָוֹר רַנְּהִי־אְּוֹו אַלהַים מֶת־הָאָוֹר וֿגּבׄנוֹק אַלהֹים וללו בַּחְשֶׁר: לַאוֹר カング ווְהִי־עֶרֶב וַיְהִי־בְקֶר יום מָתֶר: פּ

זַיְאַמֶר מַבְרָּיל زدنآد

GENESIS. CHAP. I.

Bě-rēashīth' bārā'a aĕlōhīm' aēth (1) In-the-beginning 2 created ha'-shāmáyim wě- $a\bar{e}$ th hā- $a\bar{a}$ 'retz. the-heavens the-earth. wĕ-hā-aā'retz hāyĕthāh' thō'hū (2) And-the-earth was without-form wā-vō'hū wĕ-'hōshe'k oal-pěnēi and-void; and-darkness was upon-the-face-of thěhōwm wĕ-rūa'h aĕlōhīm' and-the-Spirit-of the-deep; God měra he'pheth oal... pěnēi ha'-māyim. was brooding the-waters. upon..the-face-of wa'-yō'*a*mer aĕlōhīm' yĕhī (3) And-2said God. Let-there-be wa-yěhī..aōwr'. aowr wa'-yar'a light: and-there-was..light. (4) And-2saw aĕlōhīm' aeth..hā- $a\bar{o}w$ r' $k\bar{i}...\bar{v}wv'$: 1God - the-light that-it-was..good: wa'-yavdēl' aĕlōhīm' bēin hā-aōwr' and-2divided 1God between ū-vēin' ha-'hōshe'k. wa'-yiqrā'a and-between the-darkness. (5) And-2called *a*ĕlōhīm' lā-*a*ōwr' yōwm 1God [to-]the-light day, wĕ-la-'hōshe'k $q\bar{a}'r\bar{a}a$ lā'velāh. and-[to]-the-darkness he-called night. wa-yĕhī..oe'rev wa-yĕhī..vō'qer yōwm And-vas.. evening and-vas.. morning ae'hād. 1the-first.

 $Wa'-y\bar{o}'a$ mer yĕhī aĕlōhīm' (6) And-2said ¹God Let-there-be ha'-māyim bě-thōw'k rāqī'ao in-the-midst-of the-waters, an-expanse wīhī' mavdīl bēin ma'yim dividing between and-let-it-be the-waters lā-mā'yim.

and-[to-]the-waters.

OF RADICALS AND SERVILES.

The Hebrew letters are divided into radicals and serviles: the former are those that always make part of a radix or root; and the latter are those which serve for the variation of the root by grammatical inflection, for the formation of derivatives, and for particles. The servile letters are eleven, and are comprised in the technical words בְּבֶּבֶׁב, aëithān, mōsheh, wĕ-kālēv. The remaining eleven letters are radicals, and cannot be used as serviles: but the serviles are often used for radicals, and form part or even the whole of a root; and the letters בּבְּבֶּבֶּב aelbēsh, in the middle or end of a word are always radical. In finding a root therefore, if a word exceed three letters, generally, and one or more of the servile letters occur in it, they may be struck out; as,

אָּזְכְּרֵנּף aezkĕrē'nū, root אָזְכְּרֵנּף zā'kar.

Should only two letters remain, prefix either a 1 n, or y, or double the second letter, or insert a w or ū, or y or ī, or add a 7 h; as,

קבּל gēsh, from נָלֵשׁ yālad. יָלַד yālad. יָלַד gāvav. קבּב ga'bū, from קבּב çāvav. קבּב qamtā, from קבּר hāvēn, from בָּין bīn. נֵלָד, ti'gĕlī, from בָּלְד, gālāh.

In one instance prefix a 5; as,

qa'h, from לַקַּת lāqa'h.

Should only one letter remain, prefix a in, or in y, and add a in h; as,

wa'-yēt, from נְמָה nātāh, נְמָה bĕ-thōwrath, from יָרָה yārāh.

It may, however, be observed, that a competent knowledge of the grammatical inflections, and the inseparable particles, will be generally sufficient for the purpose of discovering the root.

OF NOUNS.

Of Number.

Nouns in Hebrew have three numbers; the singular, dual, and plural.

The dual of both genders is formed from the singular by adding a'yim, as, yād, a hand; yāda'yim, two hands. changing h into th, as, mēaāh', a hundred; māatha'yim two

The plural masculine is formed by

hundreds.

adding īm, as, me'le'k, a king; mělā'kīm, kings.

sometimes im, as, ta'nīn, large serpent; ta'nīnim, large serpents.

omitting h, as, peh, a mouth; pīm, mouths. and sometimes y or ī, as, tzī, a ship; tzīm and tzi'yim, ships.

The plural feminine is formed by

adding owth, as, ae'retz, a land; aaratzowth, lands.

or ōth, as, māaōwr, a light; měaōwrōth, lights.

omitting āh, as, towrāh, a law; towrowth, laws.

and th servile, as, ai'ge'reth, an epistle; ai'gerowth, epistles.

changing ūth into uyowth, as, malkūth, a kingdom; malkuyowth, kingdoms.

and īth into i'yōwth, as, oivrīth, a Hebrew woman; oivri'-yōwth, Hebrew women.

Nouns of the common gender, generally, and adjectives, form their plural in both terminations; and some nouns are irregular, the masculine taking a feminine termination, and the feminine a masculine, and others of each gender taking both terminations; as,

com. oāv, a cloud; pl. oāvīm and oāvowth, clouds.

mas. gādōwl; fem. gĕdōlāh; pl. mas. gĕdōlīm; fem. gĕdōlōwth, great.

mas. aav, a father; pl. aavowth, fathers.

fem. ai'shāh, a woman; pl. nāshīm, women.

mas. yowm, a day; pl. yamim and yamowth, days.

jem. aēimāh, terror; pl. aēimīm and aēimowth, terrors.

Of Case.

The cases in Hebrew are, generally, supplied by particles, in the following manner: —

Nom. me'le'k, a king.
Gen. shel..me'le'k, of a king.
Dat. lĕ-me'le'k, to a king.
Acc. aeth..me'le'k, a king.

Voc. ha'-me'le'k, O king.

Min..me'le'k, from a king.

Mi'-me'le'k, from a king.

bĕ-me'le'k, in a king.

It must be observed, however, that shel is rarely used in Biblical Hebrew, that le frequently denotes the genitive, aeth the nominative of passive or neuter verbs, and that ha is frequently used, as the definite article, for all the cases.

The genitive or possessive case is generally distinguished by its juxtaposition to another noun; which noun is governed and undergoes a change in the following manner:—

In the singular the masculine generally shortens its vowels; as,

bēn, a son; ben..dāwid, son-of..David. dāvār, a word; děvar aĕlōhīm, word-of God.

The feminine changes āh into ath; as, tōwrāh, a law; tōwrath aĕlōhīm, law-of God.

In the dual a'yim is changed into ēi; as, ragla'yim, two feet; raglēi aīsh, feet-of man. sĕphātha'yim, two lips; siphthēi 'hălāqowth, lips-of flatteries.

In the plural, the masculine changes īm into ēi; as, devārim, words; divrēi aelohīm, words-of God.

The feminine shortens its vowels; as, berā'kōwth, blessings; birkōwth aāvī'kā, blessings-of thy-father.

Of Gender.

Substantives have two genders in Hebrew, the masculine and feminine; which are determinable either by the signification, or termination.

1. By signification masculines are,

names of males, as,
dāwid, David.
and their offices, as,
me'le'k, a king.
of people, as,
kĕnaoănī, Canaanites.
of months, as,
nīçān, Nisan.
of rivers, as,
yardēn, Jordan.

And feminines are,

names of females, as,
rā'hēl, Rachel.
and their offices, as,
malkāh, a queen.
of countries, as,
kĕna'oan, Canaan.
of provinces, as,
shōmrōwn, Samaria.
of cities, as,
bāvel, Babylon.
and members of animals, being double, as,
yād, a hand.
ou'yin, an eye.

2. By termination masculines are

karmel, Carmel.

mī'kāaēl, Michael.

of mountains, as,

of angels, as,

nouns ending in
a radical, as, dāvār, a word.
eh, as, sādeh, a field.
f, as, tzāf, a command.
ōw, as, dĕyōw, ink.
ū, as, sā'hū, a swimming.
ĩ, as, kĕlī, a vessel.
ōwn, as, tzāphōwn, north.
n, as, shul'hān, a table.

And feminines are

nouns ending in

āh, as, aădāmāh', ground.

— ma'tānāh, a gift.

th, as, da'oath, knowledge.

— de'leth, a door.

ūth, as, malkūth, kingdom.

— oavdūth, servitude.

ith, as, gophrīth, brimstone

— bĕrīth, a covenant.

The numerals from 20 to 100, and the names of beasts are common.

Adjectives, and not unfrequently substantives, form their feminine by adding to the masculine

āh, as, тоwv, fem. тоwvāh, good.

— me'le'k, a king, fem. malkāh, a queen.

changing eh into ah, as, yāpheh, fem. yāphāh, beautiful.

as shēnī; fem. shěni'yah and shēand frequently adding th when the noun ends in ī, —mitzrī, an Egyptian; fem. mitzrīth, an Egyptian woman.

Of Comparison.

The varieties of inflection in the comparison of adjectives are supplied in Hebrew by particles.

- 1. In the comparative degree by subjoining to the positive min, as, Tōwvīm ha'-shĕna'yim min hā-ae'had, two are good before (or better than) one.
 - or m, as, 'hā'kām aa'tāh mi'-dāni'yēal, thou art wise before (or wiser than) Daniel.
- 2. In the superlative by subjoining to the positive b, as, ha'-Tōwv ba'-nāshīm, the good (or best) among women. or by the genitive, as, shĕmēi ha'-shāma'yim, the heaven of heavens; i. e. the highest heavens.

A superlative absolute is also formed by

a repetition of the positive, as, oāmōwq oāmōwq, very deep. by subjoining měaōd, as, Tōwv měaōd, very good.

or by adding a divine name, as, něsīa aĕlōhīm' prince of God, i. e. a mighty prince.

OF THE ARTICLE.

The Hebrew has but one article, which is definite, namely, an h with a pātha'h, prefixed to a noun, and a dāgesh in the succeeding letter; but before the gutturals and rēish, except 'heth, it has $q\bar{a}metz$; and before $q\bar{a}metz$ it takes $ceg\bar{o}wl$; as,

ha'-nā'hāsh, the serpent.
hā-aīsh, the man.
hā-rĕshāoīm, the unrighteous.
ha-'hōzeh, the seer.
he-hārīm, the mountains.

When two nouns are in construction, the article is put to the latter; as,

oētz ha-'ha'yīm', the tree of life.

The interrogative he is distinguished from the article by being generally pointed with 'haraph-patha'h; as,

hă-yēsh, is it? hă-lōa, is it not?

OF PRONOUNS.

The Hebrew pronouns substantive are of two kinds, disjunctive and conjunctive.

The disjunctive or separate pronouns are as follow:—

Singular.

- 1 Per. aănī and aānokī, I.
- 2 Per. mas. aa'tāh; fem. aa't, thou.
- 3 Per. mas. hūa, he; fem. hīa and hiwa, she.

Plural.

aăna'hnū and na'hnū, we.

mas. aa'tem; fem. aā'tēn and aa'tē'nāh, ye, you.

mas. hēm and hē'māh; fem. hēn and hē'nāh, they.

The conjunctive or inseparable pronouns, so called as being affixed to verbs, substantives, and particles, are as follow:

Singular.

1 per. com.	2 per. mas.	2 per. fem.	3 per. mas.	3 per. fem.
i, āi, nī	kā, kā, kāh	ē'k,ē'kī, yi'k	$ar{ ext{o}}w$, f, $ar{ ext{h}}ar{ ext{u}}$, $ar{ ext{n}}ar{ ext{u}}$	āhh, hā, nāh
me, my	thee, thy	thee, thy	him, his	her

Plural.

nū	'kem	'ken	ām,om,hem,	
			$[m\bar{o}w]$	[hen
us, our	you, your	you, your	them, their	them their.

The particles affixed to nouns are used with the conjunctive pro-

nouns to supply the cases of the personal pronouns, in the following manner:

Singular.

1 per. com.	2 per. mas.	2 per. fem.	3 per. mas.	3 per. fem.
N. aănī	a a't $ar{ a}$ h	aa't	${ m h}ar{{ m u}}a$	$har{\imath}a$
G. she'lī	she'lĕ'kā	she'lāʻk	she'l $ar{ ext{o}} w$	she'lāhh, of
D. lī	lĕ'kā	lā'k	l $ar{b}w$	lāhh, to
Ac. $a\bar{o}w$ th \bar{i}	$aar{ ext{o}}w$ th $reve{ ext{e}}$ 'k $ar{ ext{a}}$	$aar{ ext{o}}w ext{th}ar{ ext{a}}$ ʻ \mathbf{k}	$a\bar{\mathrm{o}}w\mathrm{th}\bar{\mathrm{o}}w$	$aar{ ext{o}}w ext{th}ar{ ext{a}} ext{h}$
mi'me'ni	mi'mé'kā	mi'mā'k	mi'me'nū	mi'me'nāhh, from
$Ab{b\bar{i}}$	$\mathbf{b}reve{\mathbf{c}}\mathbf{k}ar{\mathbf{a}}$	bā'k	$\mathrm{b}ar{\mathrm{o}}w$	bāhh, in
I, me	thou, thee	thou, thee	he, him	she, her

Plural.

N. na'hnū	aa'tem	aa'ten	hēm	$\mathbf{h}\mathbf{ar{e}n}$
G. she'lānū	she'lā'kem	she'lā'ken	she'lāhem	she'lāhen, of
D. lānū	lā'kem	lā'ken	lāhem	lāhen, to
Ac. aowthanū	aeth'kem	aeth'ken	$aar{ ext{o}}w ext{thar{a}} ext{m}$	$aar{ ext{o}}w ext{th}ar{ ext{a}} ext{n}$
Ab. {mi'me'nū bānū	mi'mĕ'kem	mi'mĕ'ken	mēhem	mēhen, from
Ab.{ bānū	bā'kem	bā'ken	bām, bāhem	bāhen, in
we, us	ye, you	ye, you	they, them	they, them.

The conjunctive pronouns, when affixed to nouns, acquire the force of possessives instead of personals, the preceding noun being in construction, as, $d\check{e}v\bar{a}r\bar{\imath}$, (from $d\bar{a}v\bar{a}r$) word of me, or my word; divr $\bar{a}i$, (from $d\check{e}v\bar{a}r\bar{\imath}m$) my words; as is more fully exemplified in the following examples of me'le'k, a king, pl. měl $\bar{a}'k\bar{\imath}m$; tzěd $\bar{a}q\bar{a}h$, a right, pl. tzěd $\bar{a}q\bar{a}w$ th.

Singular.

malk- tzidqāth-	'	2 p. m. -ĕʻkā		i l	ł l	2 p. m. -ĕ'kem		-ām,	3 p. f. -ān -ēhen	king right
malk- tzidqōwth-	-āi my	-ei'kā	-áyi'k thy	-ēihā		-ēi'kem your	-ēi'ken your		-ēìhen their,	kings rights

The demonstrative pronoun zeh, com. $z\bar{u}$, fem. $z\bar{o}a$ th, this, that, pl. $a\bar{e}l$, $a\bar{e}'l$ eh, these, those; the relatives $a\bar{a}$ sher and she, who, which, what; and the interrogatives $m\bar{i}$, who? $m\bar{a}h$, mah, or meh, what? are indeclinable, the cases being supplied by the usual prepositions.

OF VERBS.

Hebrew verbs, properly speaking, have but one conjugation; but they have seven variations, which have been termed conjugations, distinguished from each other by different names, characteristic marks, and significations, as follow:

- 1 Qal or Pāoal,* the simple form of the verb, active or neuter, as, māçar, he delivered.
- 2 Niphoal, distinguished by a prefix n, or dagesh in 1st radical, passive of Qal, as, nimçar, he was delivered.
- 3 Pioel, distinguished by a dagesh in the 2d radical, intensitive, as, mi'çer, he delivered diligently.
- 4 Puoal, distinguished by a qi'būtz under the 1st radical, and dāgesh in 2d, passive of Pioēl, as, mu'çar, he was delivered diligently.
- 5 Hiphoīl, distinguished by a prefix h, and a ī, or ē, between 2d and 3d radical, causative, as himçīr, he caused to deliver.
- 6 Hophoal, distinguished by a prefix h with a u, or o, passive of Hiphoīl, as, homçar, he was caused to deliver.
- 7 Hithpaocl, distinguished by the prefix hith, and dagesh in 2d radical, reflective, as, hithma'çer, he delivered himself.

These are the usual significations of each conjugation, though they sometimes vary greatly from the sense attached to them above, which, in that case, is to be determined by prescription alone.

Verbs in Hebrew possess three modes—the indicative, imperative, and infinitive, besides participles; two simple tenses—the preter, and future or aorist; two numbers, three persons, and two genders; and are regularly inflected, as in the subjoined scheme:

^{*} The names of the conjugations are derived from the verb paoal, he wrought, which was anciently given as an example: qal means light, unencumbered.

INDICATIVE MOOD.—Singular.

PRETER.

}	3 per mas. he	3 per. fem. sh	e 2 per. mas. the	ou 2 per. fem. tho	u 1 per. com. I
Qal	mãçar	māçĕrāh	māçartā	māçart	māçartī
Niphoal	nimçar	nimçĕrāh	nimçartā	nimçart	nimçartī
Pioēl	mi'çēr	mi'çĕrāh	mi'çartā	mi'çart	mi'çartī
Puoal	mu'çar	mu'çĕrāh	mu'çartā	mu'çart	mu'çartī
Hiphoīl	himçīr	himçīrāh	himçartā	himçart	himçartī
Hophoal	homçar	homçĕrāh	homçartā	homçart	homçartī
Hithpaoēl	hithma'çēr	hithma'çĕrā	h hithma'çart	ā hithma'çart	hithma'çartī
		Future	.—Singular.		
	3 per. mas. he	3 per. fem. sh	e 2 per. mas. the	ou 2 per. fem. thou	l per. com. I
Qal	yimçōwr	timçōwr	timçōwr	timçĕrī	aemçōwr
Niphoal	yi'māçēr	ti'māçēr	ti'māçēr	ti'māçĕrī	ae'māçēr
Pioēl	yĕma'çēr	tĕma'çēr	tĕma'çēr	tĕma'çĕrī	aăma'çēr
Puoal	yĕmu'çar	tĕmu'çar	těmu'çar	těmu'çĕrī	<i>a</i> ămu'çar
Hiphoīl	yamçīr	tamçīr	tamçīr	tamçīrī	aamçīr
Hophoal	yomçar	tomçar	tomçar	tomçĕrī	aomçar
Hithpaoēl	yithma'çēr	tithma'çēr	tithma'çēr	tithma'çĕrī	aethma'çēr
		Імре	RATIVE.		
<u> </u>	Singular.			Plural.	
	2 per. mas.	2 per. fem.	2 per. mas.	2 per. fem.	[&c.
Qal	mĕçōwr	miçrī	miçrū	mĕçōwrnāh	deliver thou,
Niphoal	hi'māçēr	hi'māçĕrī	hi'māçĕrū	hi'māçērnāh	[delivered be thou, &c.
Pioēl	ma'çēr	ma'çĕrī	ma'çĕrū	ma'çērnāh	[&c.diligently deliver thou,
Puoal	not us	sed.	not i	ised	
Hiphoil	hamçīr	hamçīrī	hamçīrū	hamçērnāh	[to deliver cause thou, &c.
Hophoal	not us	sed.	no t u	ise d.	
Hithpaoēl	hithma'çēr	hithma'çĕrī	hithma'çĕrü	hithma'çērnāh	[thyself, &c. deliver thou

INDICATIVE MOOD.—Plural.

PRETER.

3 per. c. tney	2 per. mas. ye	2 per. f. ye	1 per. com. we	
māçĕrū	mĕçartem	mĕçarten	māç a rnū	delivered
nimçërü	nimçartem	nimçarten	nimçarnū	was delivered
mi'çĕrū	mi'çartem	mi'çarten	mi'çarnū	delivered diligently
mu'çĕrū	mu'çartem	mu'çarten	mu'çarnū	was delivered diligently
himçīrū	himçartem	himçarten	himçarnü	caused to deliver
homçĕrū	homçartem	homçarten	homçarnū	was caused to deliver
hithma'çĕrū	hithma'çartem	hithma'carten	hithma'çarnū	delivered himself

FUTURE.—Plural.

3 per. m. they	3 per. f. they	2 per. m. ye	2 per. f. ye	l per. c. we	
yimçĕrū	timçðwrnāh	timçĕrū	timçōwrnāh	nimçōwr	shall deliver
yi'māçĕrū	ti'mäçērnāh	ti'māçĕrū	ti'māçērnāh	ni'māçēr	shall be delivered
yĕma'çĕrū	tĕma'çērnāh	těma'çĕrū	tčma'çērnāh	nĕma [;] çēr	[gently shall deliver dili-
yĕmu'çĕrū	tĕmu'çarnāh	těmu'çěrū	tĕmu'çarnāh	němu'çar	[diligently shall be delivered
yamçīrū	tamçērnāh	tamçīrū	tanıç ērnā h	namç.r	[liver shall cause to de-
yomçĕrū	tomçarnāh	tomçĕrū	tomçarnāh	nomçar	[deliver] shall be caused to
yithma'çĕrū	tithma'çērnāh	tithma'çĕrū	tithma'çêrnāh	nithma'çēr	[self shall deliver him-

INFINITIVE.

PARTICIPLES.

			PōoFl,mōwçēr		The participles
	māçōwr	to deliver	Pāoūl, māçūr	dolivonod	form their femi- nine and plural
	hi'māçēr	to be delivered	nimçār	delivered	regularly as ad- jectives, except
	ma'çēr	to deliver diligently	mĕma'çēr	delivering diligently	that they have also a feminine
	mu'çar	[gently to be delivered dili-	měmu'cār	delivered diligently	in eth : as, <i>mas</i> , mōwçēr, <i>fem.</i> mōwçĕrāh and
1	hamçīr	to cause to deliver	mamçīr		mō w çereth ; pl .
	hemçēr	[liver to be caused to de-	momçār	caused to deliver	mas. möwçërim, fem. möwçe- röwth; and so
	hithma'ςēr	to deliver one's self	mithma'cēr	delivering one's self	with the rest.

It should be observed that the future, and also the preter, is often used for the present tense; which is also sometimes supplied by the participles and substantive verb, either expressed or understood, as loa yāda'otī, "I know not;" kol aăsher yaoăseh', "all that he doeth" hūa yōshēv', "he (is) sitting;" i. e. he sitteth.

The conjunctive was has the power of changing the future into the preterite, and the preterite into the future; as, we-lamad'ta, "thou shalt learn;" wa'-yilmowd', "and he learned."

When the wāf converts the future into the preter, it frequently changes the long vowel of the last syllable into its corresponding short one; and cuts off the final letter when it happens to be a hēa; as, wa'-yāshev, for wa'-yēshēv, " and he sat;" wa'-yāqom, for wa'-yāqūm, " and he arose;" wa'-yar'a, for wa'-yiraeh', " and he saw;" wa'-tērea, for wa'-tiraeh', " and she saw."

The infinitive is frequently used participially, often with b, k, l, and m, prefixed, and put in construction with nouns and pronouns; as, wě-ha'-ma'yim hāyū' hālōw'k' wě-'hāçōwr', "and the waters were going and decreasing;" běrōa aělōhīm', literally, "the creating of God," i. e. when God created; bě-hi'bārěaām, literally, "in their being created," i. e. when they were created; wa'-yěhī ke-shomoōw kī..hărīmō'thī qōwlī', "and it came to pass, when he heard (literally, as his hearing), that I lifted up (my lifting up) my voice;" lě-hāaīr' oal..hā-aā'retz, "to give (or for giving) light upon the earth;" wa'-ti'khei'nā oēināif' mē-rěaōth', "and his eyes were dim from seeing," i. e. so that he could not see.

The infinitive when placed before a finite verb denotes the certainty of the action, and placed after it, it denotes its continuance; as, $a\bar{a}'k\bar{o}l'$ t $\bar{o}'a'k\bar{e}l$, "eating thou shalt eat," i. e. thou shalt certainly, or mayest freely eat; wa'-yishpot' shaphot', "and he shall judge judging," (or to judge), that is, he shall always be a judge.

Irregular Verbs in Hebrew, are those whose first radical is an aāleph, yūd, or nūn; or whose second radical is wāf, yūd, (when vowels) or the same as the third; or whose third radical is aāleph or hē. These letters, in certain cases, are either dropped or transmuted into some other letter; which a short course of reading will be sufficient to put the reader fully in possession of.

INSTRUCTIONS

FOR THE USE OF THIS WORK,

IN ACQUIRING A KNOWLEDGE OF THE HEBREW LANGUAGE.

THOUGH an acquaintance with the Hebrew characters is not absolutely necessary according to our system, all that is required for a correct pronunciation of the language being contained in the Orthoepic and Orthographic Table, yet we would recommend the learner to acquire a tolerable facility of reading the original. This he will soon be enabled to do, if he will spend a few hours in transcribing a page or two of the work into the Hebrew character, and vice versû, by the help of the alphabet, and the system of orthography laid down at page v. of the Introduction.

In commencing this exercise, he will do well to omit the vowel points, till he has written out very distinctly the actual letters. These, he will remember, are indicated by all the consonants found in the English-Hebrew Text, with the addition of the Italic letters, a, o, w, and the vowels \bar{u} , \bar{i} when long or diphthongal, which last require, for their complete expression, the Hebrew characters w and y (\bar{i} and \bar{i}), as well as vowel points. Hyphens are to be disregarded, and the letters are to be joined close together, except the Hebrew hyphen \bar{i} intervenes, which is denoted in the English-Hebrew Text by a double dot .. thus. For the original characters, the learner will consult the Hebrew alphabet, in the first page of the Grammatical Introduction.

When the actual letters of the Hebrew Text have been correctly rendered, the insertion of the vowel points will form the second operation. These will be found displayed in pages ii. and iii. of the Grammatical Introduction.

It will then be proper for the learner to proceed to acquire a knowledge of Hebrew words, by means of the Interlinear Translation, in which he will have only to attend to the alternate repetition of the Hebrew and English words, as therein adapted to each other. In these repetitions the student should employ himself, till the words are so naturally connected in his mind, that the sight or utterance of the one almost instinctively calls up the other. When he has in this manner gone through a page or two, he may prove his ability to render it correctly into English by trying at every sentence whether he can translate the same passage from the original text appended to this work. In addition to this exercise, or as a substitute for it, we would recommend that some one should read aloud to him, word by word, the Hebrew text, while he repeats the English for every word, without looking at the book. In order that this trial may be the stricter, let the person who holds the book challenge him with single words here and there, departing as much as possible from their natural succession; and requiring him also to give the Hebrew for the English words found in those pages.

Having thus gone through the whole or a part of the book of Genesis, the learner will have become perfectly familiar with the form and meaning of a variety of Hebrew words, as unconditionally presented to him in the interlinear translation. He is now required to decompose these forms of speech; to refer their constituent parts to distinct classes; and to ascertain the peculiar powers and properties inherent in each variety. In order, then, to enable him to pursue this grammatical analysis, commonly termed parsing, all that is requisite is a moderate familiarity with the tables of the declensions and conjugations of the parts of speech, as given in the Grammatical Introduction. By taking a few words, and very soon a few lines, of the original

text for a lesson, and accounting for the gender, number, and case, mode, tense, and person, of each word, he will quickly become familiar with the powers of the leading forms of speech; and will at length have no difficulty in tracing the variations of any inflected word in the whole book.

Having acquired a tolerable proficiency in understanding the meaning, and accounting for the forms of single Hebrew words, he will be prepared for the application of the rules of Syntax, or the construction of words into sentences, from which he will discover the reason why each word is used in one particular form in preference to another, and will obtain those general rules which enable him to discern the claims of relationship between words he before blindly connected without any law of preference. As, however, the laws of syntax in all languages are substantially the same, the exceptions constituting a very small, though by no means an immaterial part, we have not deemed it necessary to supply more than a few desultory observations upon this head; advising those who wish to pursue the subject with profit and satisfaction, to procure the very excellent grammar of Professor Lee. In the mean time the application of the rules of the English syntax as regards concord and government, will be found generally sufficient to account for the grammatical construction and the exceptions, which may be readily discovered, will, perhaps, be the more firmly fixed in the mind.

timbs seems of the seems of the

· In A - Small

• '

•

FIRST BOOK OF MOSES.

CALLED

GENESIS;

IN HEBREW

BEREASHITH.

CHAP. I.

aĕlōhīm' aēth ha'-shāma'yim Bě-rēashīth' bārā'a wě-aēth 1God (1) In-the-beginning ²created the-heavens hā-aā'retz. wĕ-hā-aā'retz hāyĕthāh' thō'hū wā-vō'hū wĕ-'hoshe'k (2) And-the-earth was without-form and-void, and-darkness was thěhowm wě-rūa'h aĕlohīm' měra'he'pheth oal..pěnēi oal..pěnēi upon..the-face-of the-deep; and-the-Spirit-of God was brooding upon..the-face-of aĕlōhīm' yĕhī* aōwr wa-yĕhī..aōwr'. ha'-māyim. wa'-yō'amer (3) And-2said ¹God: Let-there-be light: and-there-was..light. the-waters. wa'-yar'a aĕlōhīm' aeth..hā-aōwr' kī..rōwv': wa'-yavdēl' aĕlōhīm' (4) And-2saw the-light that-it-was..good: and-2divided 1God bēin hā-aōwr' ū-vēin' ha-'hōshe'k. wa'-yiqrā'a aĕlōhīm' lā-aōwr' between the-light and-between the-darkness. (5) And-2called God [to-]the-light yōwm wĕ-la-'hōshe'k qā'rāa lā'yĕlāh. wa-yĕhī..oérev wa-yĕhī..vō'qer day, and-[to-]the-darkness he-called night. And-2was..1evening and-2was..1morning yōwm *a*e'hād. ²day 1the-first.

Wa'-yō'amer aĕlōhīm' yĕhī rāqī'ao bĕ-thōw'k ha'-māyim (6) And-²said 'God, Let-there-be an-expanse in-the-midst-of the-waters, wī-hī' mavdīl bēin máyim lā-mā'yim. wa'-yáoas aĕlōhīm' and-let-it-be dividing between the-waters and-[to-]the-waters. (7) And-²made 'God aeth..hā-rāqī'ao wa'-yavdēl' bēin ha'-máyim aăsher mi'-tá'hath — the-expanse, and-divided between the-waters which were [from-]under lā-rāqī'ao ū-vēin' ha'-máyim aăsher mē-oal' lā-rāqī'ao [to-]the-expanse, and-between the-waters which were [from-]above [to-]the-expanse:

English Version. Verse 1 heaven. 2 the Spirit of God moved. 6 Let there be a firmament,—and let it divide the waters from the waters. 7 made the firmament, and divided the waters which were under the firmament from the waters which were above the firmament.

^{*} This word, and others of the same form, rendered imperatively, are properly futures—shall or will be, or impersonally, there shall be, &c.

2

wa-yĕhī..'kēn'. wa'-yiqrā'a aĕlōhīm' lā-rāqī'ao shāmā'yim wa-and-it-was..so. (8) And-²called ¹God [to-]the-expanse heavens. And-yĕhī..oérev wa-yĕhī..vō'qer yōwm shēnī'.
²was..¹evening and-²was..¹morning ²day ¹the-second.

yi'qāwū′ $\mathbf{W}\mathbf{a}'$ -yō'amer aĕlōhīm' ha'-máyim mi'-tá'hath ¹God, Let-²be-gathered-together ¹the-waters (9) And-2said ha'-shāmáyim uel..māqōwm' ae'hād wĕ-thērāaeh' ha'-ya'bāshāh' wathe-heavens unto..2place ¹one, and-let-2appear 1the-dry-land: yěhī..'kēn'. wa'-yiqrā'a aĕlōhīm' la'-ya'bāshāh' aéretz (10) And-2called ^{1}God [to-]the-dry-land earth, and-[to-]theha'-máyim qārā'a ya'mīm wa'-yar'a aĕlōhīm' kī.. migweh' gathering-together-of the-waters he-called seas: and-²saw ^{1}God wa'-yō'amer aĕlōhīm' tadshēa hā-aā'retz déshea oēsev
(11) And-²said ¹God, Let-²bring-forth ¹the-earth grass, the-herb was good. (11) And-2said pěrī ooseh pěrī lě-mīno'w aasher zaroow.. mazrīao zérao oētz seed, and-the-2tree 1 fruit yielding fruit after-his-kind, which hath its-seed.. $v\bar{o}'w$ oal.. $h\bar{a}$ - $a\bar{a}'$ retz wa -yehi.. $k\bar{e}n'$. wa'- $t\bar{o}w$ tz $\bar{e}'a$ hā-*a*ā'retz and-it-was..so. (12) And-2brought-forth in-itself, upon..the-earth; déshea oësev mazrīao zérao lě-mīnē'hū wě-oētz oöseh..pěrī' aäsher seeding seed, after-his-kind, and-the-tree yielding..fruit, which hath and herb lě-mīnē'hū wa'-yar'a aĕlōh \bar{i} m' $zaro\bar{o}w..v\bar{o}'w$ $k\bar{1}...\bar{towv'}.$ its-seed..in-itself, after-his-kind: and-2saw ^{1}God that-it-was-good. wa-yĕhī..oérev wa-yĕhī..vō'qer yōwm' shělīshī'. (13) And-2was..1evening and-2was..1morning

 $Wa'-y\bar{o}'amer\ a\breve{e}l\bar{o}h\bar{i}m'$ yĕhī měaoroth'* bi-rqīao ha'-(14) And-2said ¹God, Let-there-be lights in-the-expanse -of theshāmáyim lĕ-havdīl bēin ha'-yōwm' ū-vēin' ha'-lā'yĕlāh wěto-divide between the-day and-between the-night; andlě-aōthōth' ū-lě-mōwoădīm' ū-lě-yāmīm' wě-shānīm'. hāyū' let-them-be for-signs, and-for-seasons, and-for-days, and-years. li-maōwrōth' bi-rqīao ha'-shāmayim lĕ-hāaīr' oal.. wě-hāyū' (15) And-let-them-be for-lights in-the-expanse-of the-heavens, to-give-light upon. wa'-ya'oas aĕlōhīm' aeth..shĕnēi ha' $h\bar{a}$ - $a\bar{a}$ 'retz wa-yĕhī..'kēn'. and-it-was..so. (16) And-2made ¹God měaōrōth' ha'-gĕdōlīm' aeth..ha'-māaōwr' ha'-gādōl' lĕ-memshe'leth [the-] great: the-2light [the-]1great ²lights ha'-qārōn' lĕ-memshe'leth ha' $ha'-y\bar{o}wm'$ wě-aeth..ha'-māaōwr' [the-]¹lesser the-2light for-ruling the-day,

English Version. 8 called the firmament Heaven. 11 the herb yielding seed—whose seed is in itself. 12 yielding seed—whose seed was in itself. 14 and 15 the firmament of the heaven. 16 the greater light to rule the day, and the lesser light to rule the night: he made the stars also.

^{*} That is, luminaries or light-givers; $m\bar{a}a\bar{o}wr$ being a noun of instrument from $a\bar{o}wr$.

la'yĕlāh wĕ-aēth ha'-kōw'kāvīm'. wa'-yi'tēn' aōthām aĕlōhīm' 3also-1with 2the-stars. (17) And-2set 3them ha'-shāmā'yim lĕ-hāaīr' oal..hā-aā'retz wĕ-li-mshōl bi-rqīao in-the-expanse-of the-heavens, to-give-light upon..the-earth, (18), and-to-rule $ba'-y\bar{o}wm'$ $\bar{u}-va'-la'y\check{e}l\bar{a}h$ ū-lĕ-havdīl' bēin $h\bar{\mathbf{a}}$ - $a\bar{\mathbf{o}}w\mathbf{r}'$ $\bar{\mathbf{u}}$ - $v\bar{e}$ \mathbf{i} n' over-the-day and-over-the-night, and-to-divide between the-light and-between

ha-'hōshe'k wa'-yar'a aĕlōhīm' kī..Tōwv'. wa-yĕhī..oe'rev the-darkness: and-2saw ¹God that-it-was..good. (19) And-2was..levening

wa-yěhī..vo'qer yowm rěvioi'. and-2was-1morning 2day 1the-fourth.

Wa'-yō'amer aĕlōhīm' yishrĕtzū ha'-ma'yim she'retz (20) And-2said ¹God, Let-2bring-forth-abundantly ¹the-waters the-moving-thing-of

ne'phesh 'ha'yāh' wĕ-oōwph yĕoōwphēph' oal..hā-aā'retz oal..
²soul living; and-²fowl let-³fly above..the-earth on..

pěnēi rěqīao ha'-shāmā'yim. wa'-yivrā'a aĕlōhīm' aeth.. the-face-of the-expanse-of the-heavens. (21) And-2created God —

ha'-ta'nīnim' ha'-gĕdōlīm' wĕ-aēth kol..ne'phesh ha-'ha'yāh' the-2whales * [the-]'great and — every..2creature [the-]'living

ha-rome'seth aasher shāretzū' ha'-ma'yim le-mīnehem' that-moveth, which 2brought-forth-abundantly 1the-waters after-their-kind,

we-aeth kol..oowph kanaph' le-mine'hu wa'-yar'a aelohim' ki.. and — every..fowl-of wing after-his-kind: and-2saw 1God that-it-was..

Towv'. wa-yevare'k aotham' aelohim' leamor' perū ū-revū' good. (22) And-2blessed 3them 1God, saying, Be-fruitful, and-multiply,

ū-milaū' aeth..ha'-ma'yim ba'-ya'mīm' wc-hā-oōwph' yi'rev and-fill — the-waters in-the-seas; and-2the-fowl llet-3multiply

bā-aā'retz. wa-yĕhī..oe'rev wa-yĕhī..vō'qer yōwm 'hămīshī'. in-the-earth. (23) And-2was..1evening and-2was..1morning 2day 1the-fifth.

Wa'-yō'amer aĕlōhīm' tōwtzē'a hā-aā'retz ne'phesh 'ha'yāh'
(24) And-²said ¹God, Let-²bring-forth ¹the-earth the-²creature ¹living

lë-mīnāhh' běhēmāh' wā-re'mes wě-'hayěthōw..ae'retz lě-mīnāhh' after-its-kind, cattle, and-creeping-thing, and-beast-of..the-earth after-its-kind:

wa-yĕhī..'kēn'. wa'-ya'oas aĕlōhīm' aeth..'ha'yath' hā-aā'retz lĕ-and-it-was..so. (25) And-2made God — the-beast-of the-earth after-

mīnāhh' wĕ-aeth..ha'-bĕhēmāh' lĕ-mīnāhh' wĕ-aēth kol..re'mes its-kind, and — the-cattle after-its-kind, and — every..creeping-thing-of

English Version. 17 in the firmament of the heaven. 18 and to divide the light from the darkness. 20 the moving creature that hath life, and fowl that may fly above the earth in the open firmament of heaven. 21 every winged fowl. 25 and every thing that creepeth upon the earth.

^{*} Or, crocodiles: ta'nīn, both in Hebrew and Arabic, denotes a great serpent, dragon; (comp. Exod. vii. 9, 10, 12, with Exod. iv. 3.) and is hence applied to the crocodile and other large aquatic or amphibious animals.

1the-sixth.

hā-aădāmāh' lĕ-mīnē'hū wa'-yar'a aĕlōhīm' kī...Tōwv'. wa'and-2saw after-its-kind: 1God the-ground that-it-was..good. (26) Andyō'amer aĕlōhīm' naoăseh' aādām' bĕ-tzalmē'nū ki-dmūthē'nū wĕ-Let-us-make man in-our-image, after-our-likeness; andvi-dgath' ha'-yām' ū-ve-oōwph virdū ha'-shāma'let-them-have-dominion over-the-fish-of the-sea, and-over-the-fowl-of yim ū-va'-bĕhēmāh' ū-vĕ-'kol..hā-aā'retz ū-vĕ-'kol..hā-re'mes vens, and-over-the-cattle, and-over-all..the-earth, and-over-every..[the-]creeping-thing oal..hā-aā'retz. wa'-yivrā'a aĕlōhīm' aeth..hā-aādām' hā-rōmēs' upon..the-earth. (27) So-2created 1God [the-]man that-creepeth bĕ-tze'lem aĕlōhīm' $b\bar{a}r\bar{a}'a$ $a\bar{\mathrm{o}}\mathrm{th}\bar{\mathrm{o}}'w$ zā'kār' bě-tzalmōw ūin-his-own-image, in-the-image-of created-he God him; male andwa-yĕvāre'k něqēvāh' bārā'a aōthām'. aōthām' aĕlōhīm' wa'-(28) And-2blessed them. 3them ¹God. female created-he andū-rĕvū' vō'amer lā-hem' aĕlōhīm' pĕrū $\bar{\mathbf{u}}$ -mil $a\bar{\mathbf{u}}'$ aeth.. Be-fruitful, and-multiply, and-replenish 2said 3unto-them ¹God. wĕ-'kivshu'hā ū-rĕdū' hā-aā'retz bi-dgath' ha'-yām' and-subdue-it; and-have-dominion over-the-fish-of the-sea. the-earth, ha'-shāma'yim ū-vĕ-'kol..'ha'yāh' hā-rōme'seth **ū-v**ĕ-*o*ō*w*ph and-over-the-fowl-of the-heavens, and-over-every..living-thing that-moveth oal..hā-aā'retz. aĕlōhīm' hi'nēh nāthá'tī lā-'kem' $\mathbf{wa'}$ - $\mathbf{v\bar{o}'}a\mathbf{mer}$ upon..the-earth. (29) And-2said ¹God, Behold I-have-given zōrē'ao ze'rao aasher oal..pĕnēi 'kol..hā-aā'retz aeth..kol..oēsev every..herb seeding seed, which is upon..the-face-of all..the-earth. wĕ-aeth..kol..hā-oētz' aăsher..bōw phĕrī..oētz' zōrē'ao zārao and — every. [the-]tree, which-hath.in-it the-fruit-of..a-tree seeding seed; lā-'kem' yiheyeh' le-ao'klāh. ū-le-'kol..'ha'yath' hā-aā'retz ū-lefor-food. (30) And-to-every..beast-of it-shall-be the-earth, and-to 'kol..oowph' ha'-shāma'yim ū-lĕ-'kol' $ar{ ext{ro}}war{ ext{mes}}'$ oal..hā-aā'retz upon..the-earth, the-heavens, and-to-every thing-that-creepeth aäsher..b $\bar{o}w$ ne'phesh 'ha'yāh' aeth..kol..ye'req oēsev lĕ-ao'klāh which...hath-in-it a-2soul iliving, I have given — every...green for-food: herb wa'-var'aaĕlōhīm' aeth..kol..aăsher' oāsāh'. wa -yěhī..kēn'. (31) And-2saw - every-thing..that he-had-made, and-it-was..so. ¹God wa-yĕhī..vō'qer yōwm wĕ-hi'nēh..тōwv' mĕaōd. wa-yĕhī..oe'rev and-behold-it-was..2good 1very. And-2was..1evening and-2was..1morning ha'-shi'shī.

English Version. 26 & 28 fowl of the air. 29 in the which is the fruit of a tree yielding seed; to you it shall be for meat. 30 every fowl of the air—every green herb for meat.

CHAP. II.

Wa-yĕ'ku'lū' ha'-shāma'yim wĕ-hā-aā'retz wĕ-'kol..tzĕvāaām'. ²and-the-earth and-all..their-host. 1the-heavens (1) Thus-³were-finished aĕlōhīm' ba'-yōwm' ha'-shĕvīoī' mělaa ktow a asher wa-yĕ'kal' his-work 1the-seventh on-2day (2) Ånd-²ended ^{1}God wa'-yishbōth' ba'-yōwm' ha'-shĕvīoī' mi'-kol..mĕlaa'ktōw on-²day the-seventh . from-all..his-work he-had-made; and-he-rested ha'-shevioi' wa-yĕvāre'k aĕlōhīm' aeth..yōwm *a*ăsher oāsāh'. ^{1}God -- ²day which he-had-made. (3) And-2blessed 1the-seventh, vow shavath' mi'-kol..mělaa'kto'w wa-yĕqa'dēsh' aōthō'w kī it; because-that in-it he-had rested from-all..his-work aăsher..bārā'a aĕlōhīm' la-oăsōwth. which..2created 1God to-make. towledowth' ha'-shāma'yim wĕ-hā-aā'retz bĕ-(4) These are the-generations-of the-heavens and-the-earth whenaĕlōhīm' hi'bārěaām' bě-yōwm oas \bar{o} wth ae'retz yĕhōwāh' they-were-created, in-the-day that 3made ¹Jehovah ²God the-earth yihĕyeh' wě-shāmā'yim wĕ-'kōl sīa'h ha'-sādeh' Te'rem and-the-heavens, (5) and-every the-field before it-was plant-of ha'-sādeh' vitzmā'h vä-aā'retz wĕ-'kol..oēsev те'rem kī lōa the-field before it-grew; in-the-earth, and-every..herb-of 4not yĕhōwāh' himtīr aĕlōhīm' oal..hā-aā'retz wĕ-aādām' and-3a-man 3had-5caused-it-to-rain 1Jehovah 2God upon..the-earth, la-oăvod aeth..hā-aădāmāh'. yaoăleh' min.. aa'yin we- $a\bar{\mathrm{e}}\mathrm{d}$ (6) But-a-mist 1there-was-2not to-till went-up the-ground. · wa'hā-aā'retz wĕ-hishqāh aeth..kol..pĕnēi hā-aădāmāh'. (7) And the-earth, and-watered — the-whole..face-of the-ground. yĕhōwāh' aĕlōhīm' aeth..hā-aādām' yītzer' oāphār' min..hā-³formed ¹Jehovah 2God — [the-]man of the-dust of..theaădāmāh' wa'-yi'pa'h' bĕ-aa'pāiv 'ha'yīm' nishmath' wa-yĕhī into-his-nostrils the-breath-of and-breathed and-2became life; lĕ-ne'phesh 'ha'yāh'. wa'-yi'ta'o yĕhōwāh' aĕlōhīm' hā-aādām' [for-]a-2soul living. (8) And-3planted ¹Jehovah aeth..hā-aādām' mi'-qe'dem wa'-yā'sem gan..bĕ-oēden shām and-he-put the-man 'east-ward; a-garden..2in-Eden there wa'-yatzma'h' aĕlōhīm' yĕhōwāh' min.. yātzār'. 2God out-of.. whom he-had-formed. (9) And-3made-to-grow ¹Jehovah wě-Tōwv lĕne'hmād lĕ-maraeh' hā-*a*ădā**māh'** kol..oētz and-good to-the-sight, forthat is pleasant the-ground every..tree

ma*a*ă'kāl wĕ-oētz ha-'ha'yīm' bĕ-thōw'k wĕ-oētz ha'-gān and-2tree-of 1the-3life in-the-midst-of and-2tree-of food: the-garden, ha'-da'oath $\bar{\text{To}}wv$ wā-rā'o. wĕ-nāhār' yōtzē'a mē-oē'den and-evil. 1the-3knowledge-of good (10) And-a-river went-out of-Eden aeth..ha'-gān ū-mi'-shām' yi'pārēd' lě-hashqōwth wĕ-hāyāh' the-garden, and-from-thence it-was-parted, to-water and-became lě-aarbāoāh' rāashīm'. shēm hā-ae'hād' pīshōwn' $h\bar{u}a$ heads. (11) The-name-of the-first isPison: that-is it ha'-çōvēv' aēth kol..ae'retz ha-'hawīlāh' aasher..shām ha'-zāhāv' which-compasseth — 2whole..3land-of 1the-4Havilah, which..there hath hā-aā'retz ha-hi'wa тоwv shām ha'-bĕdola'h wĕū-zăhav' 1the-4land ³that-⁵is good: there is [the-]bdellium and-(12) and-2gold-of wĕ-shēm..ha'-nāhār' ha'-shēnī' ae'ven ha'-shōham. gī'hōwn' (13) And-2name-of..1the-4river 3the-second ha'-çōwvēv' aēth kol..ae'retz kūsh. wĕ-shēm the-same is it that-compasseth — the-whole..land-of (14) And-2name-of Cush. ha'-nāhār' ha'-shĕlīshī' 'hi'de'kel $h\bar{u}a$ qidmath' ha-hōlē'k' is Hiddekel: that is it toward the-east-of 1the-4river 3the-third which-goeth wa'-yi'qa'h' aa'shūr. wě-ha'-nāhār' hā-revīoī' hũa phěrāth. (15) Ånd-3took And-[the]-2river 1the-fourth is Euphrates. Assyria. yĕhōwāh' ¹Jehovah aĕlōhīm' aeth..hā-aādām' wa'-ya'ni'hē'hū vě-gan.. and-put-him - the-man into-the-garden-of... yĕhōwāh' lĕ-oovdāhh' ū-lĕ-shomrāhh'. $o\bar{e}den$ wa-yĕtzaf' (16) And-3commanded Eden. to-dress-it and-to-keep-it. ¹Jehovah aā'kōl' aĕlōhīm' oal..hā-aādām' lēamōr' mi'-kōl oētz..ha'-gān' saying, 2God, [upon..]the-man, Of-every tree-of..the-garden eating ha'-da'oath tōa'kēl'. ū-mē-oētz' Towv wa-ra'o $l\bar{o}a$ thou-shalt-eat. (17) But-of-the-tree-of the-knowledge-of good and-evil, bě-yōwm aă'kol'kā $m\bar{o}w$ th thōa'kal' mi'mé'nū kī mi'mé'nū thy-eating 1thou-shalt-3eat of-it: for in-the-day-of of-it, dying wa'-yō'amer yĕhōwāh' aĕlōhīm' lōa...тōwv' hĕyōwth tāmūth.' (18) And-3said thou-shalt-die. ¹Jehovah ²God, It is not..good hā-aādām' lĕva'dōw aeoĕseh..lōw oēzer kĕ-negdōw. wa'-yitzer' alone; I-will-make..[for-]him a-help as-before-him. (19) And-sformed kol..'ha'yath' ha'-sādeh' věhowáh' aělohim' min..hā-aădāmāh' 2God every..beast-of out-of..the-ground ha'-shāma'yim wa'-yāvē'a ael..hā-aādām' liwě- $a\bar{\text{e}}$ th kol.. $o\bar{\text{o}}w$ ph the-heavens; and-brought them unto..the-man every..fowl-of

English Version. 11 where there is gold. 13 the whole land of Ethiopia. 18 it is not good that the man should be alone. 19 fowl of the air—and brought them unto Adam;—and whatsoever Adam called every living creature, that was the name thereof.

mah...yiqrāa..lō'w wĕ-'kōl aăsher yiqrāa..lō'w hā-aādām' that ²called..[to-him] what..he-would-call..[to-]them: and-all ne'phesh 'ha'yāh' hūa shemow. wa'-yiqrā'a hā-aādām' shemowth' the-2 creature living that was its-name. (20) And-2 called the-man names lě-'kol..ha'-běhēmāh' ū-lě-oōwph' ha'-shāma'yim ū-lě-'kōl' 'ha'yath' and-to-the-fowl-of the-heavens, to-all..the-cattle, and-to-every ha'-sādeh' ū-lě-aādām' $l\bar{o}a..m\bar{a}tz\bar{a}'a$ oezer ke-negdow. . wa'but-for-Adam 2not..1there-was-3found a-help as-before-him. (21) Andyĕhōwāh' aĕlōhīm' tardēmāh' oal..hā-aādām' wa'-yīshān' ²God ⁴a-deep-sleep upon..the-man, 3caused-5to-fall 1Jehovah wa'-yi'qa'h' aa'hath' mi'-tzaloōthāif' wa'-yiçgōr' bāsār' ta'hté'nāh. and-closed-up the-flesh instead-thereof. of-his-ribs, and-he-took wa'-yiven' yĕhōwāh' aĕlōhīm' aeth..ha'-tzēlā'o aăsher..lāqa'h' min.. (22) And formed Jehovah 2God which..he-had-taken from.. the-rib. hā-aādām' lĕ-ai'shāh wa-yĕviae'hā ael..hā-aādām'. wa'-yōamer' hūinto-a-woman, and-brought-her unto..the-man. (23) And-2said aādām' zōath ha'-pa'oam oe'tzem mē-oătzāmai' ū-vāsār' mi'-bĕsārī' This is — now of-my-bones, and-flesh man. bone of-my-flesh: yi'qārē'a le-zōath ai'shāh kī mē-aīsh' lugo hāh..zōath'. [to-]this shall-be-called woman, because out-of-man was-2taken..1this-being. yaoazov..aish aeth..aivīf' we-aeth..ai'mow we-davaq' oal..kēn (24) Therefore shall-2leave.. a-man — his-father and — his-mother, and-shall-cleave wĕ-hāyū' lĕ-vāsār' ae'hād. wa'-yihĕyū' shĕnēihem' bě-aishtōw unto-his-wife: and-they-shall-be [for-]2flesh one. (25) And-they-were both-[of-them] oărū'mīm' hā-aādām' wĕ-aishtōw wĕ-lōa yithbōshā'shū. and-his-wife, and-2not were-3ashamed. naked, the-man

CHAP. III.

mi'-kōl 'ha'yath' ha'-sādeh Wě-ha'-nā'hāsh' hāyāh' vārūm' (1) And-the-serpent more-subtle than-every beast-of was aăsher oāsāh' yĕhōwāh' aĕlōhīm'. wa'-yō'amer aek.hā-ai'shāh' aaph which 3had-made 1Jehovah 2God. And-he-said unto..the-woman, Yea, kī..aāmar' aĕlōhīm' lōa thōa'kĕlū' mi'-kōl vētz ha'-gān. verily..hath-2said 'God, ²Not 'ye-shall-³eat of-every tree-of the garden. (2) Andtōamer hā-ai'shāh' ael..ha'-nā'hāsh' mi'-pĕrī oētz..ha'-gān' 2said Of-the-fruit-of the-trees-of..the-garden 1the-woman unto..the-serpent,

English Version. 20 And Adam gave names to all cattle, and to the fowl of the air. 21 upon Adam. 22 made he a woman. 23 And Adam said—she shall be called Woman, because she was taken out of man. Chap. iii. 1 was more subtle than any beast—yea hath God said.

hā-oētz' aăsher bĕ-thōw'k..ha'-gān' ū-mi'-pěrī' nōa'kēl' which is in-the-midst-of..the-garden we-may-eat: (3) but-of-the-fruit-of the-tree aāmar' aĕlōhīm' lōa thōa'kĕlū' mi'me'nū wĕ-lōa thi'gĕoū bōw pen.. ²hath-said ¹God, ²Not ¹ye-shall-³eat neither shall-ye-touch it, of-it wa'-yō'amer ha'-nā'hāsh' ael..hā-ai'shāh' lōa..mōwth' těmuthūn. (4) And-2said 1the-serpent unto..the-woman, 3not..1dying ye-die. kī yōdē'ao aĕlōhīm' kī bĕ-yōwm aĕ'kol'kem' mi'-²ye-shall-⁴die. (5) For ²doth-know God, that in-the-day-of your-eating mé'nū wĕ-niphqĕ'hū oēinēi'kem' wi-hĕyīthem' kē-alōhīm' yōdĕoēi' then-2shall-be-opened 1your-eyes; and-ye-shall-be as-God wa'-tērea hā-ai'shāh' kī $\bar{row}v$ wā-rā'o. $T\bar{O}WV$ hā-oētz' lěand-evil. (6) And-when-2saw 1the-woman that ³good ²was ¹the-tree formaaa'kāl we-'kī thaaawāh..hū'a lā-oeina'yim we-ne'hmād hāand-2to-be-desired food, and-that ²pleasant..¹it-was to-the-eyes, [the-] wa'-ti'qa'h' mi'-piryōw wa'-tōa'kal' wa'-ti'tēn oētz' lĕ-haskīl ¹a-tree to-make-one-wise, [then-]she-took of-the-fruit-thereof, and-did-eat; gam..lĕ-aīshāhh' oi'māhh wa'-yōa'kal'. wa'-ti'pāqá'hnāh oēinēi' also..unto-her-husband with-her, and-he-did-eat. (7) And-3were-opened 1the-eyes-of kī oēiru'mim' hēm shĕnēihem' wa'-yēdĕoū' wa'-yithpĕrū' 1they-were, and-they-joined-together and-they-knew ²naked that oălēh thěaēnāh' wa'-yaoăsū' lā-hem' 'hăgōrōth'. wa'-yishmĕoū' and-made cinctures. (8) And-they-heard to-themselves leaves-of the-fig, aeth..qowl yehowah' aelohim' mithha'le'k ba'-gān lě-rūa'h — the-voice-of Jehovah in-the-garden in-the-breeze-of God walking ha'-yōwm' wa'-yith'ha'bē'a hā-aādām' wě-aishtōw mi'-pěnēi and-2hid-himself ¹the-man from-the-face-of and-his-wife yĕhōwāh' aĕlōhīm' bĕ-thōw'k oetz ha'-gān. wa'-yıqr $\bar{\mathbf{a}}'a$ Jehovah God in-the-midst-of the-trees-of the-garden. (9) And-3called yĕhōwāh' aĕlōhīm' ael..hā-aādām' wa'-yō'amer lōw aa'yé'kāh. 2 God and-said unto-him, Where-art-thou? unto..the-man, wa'-yō'amer aeth..qōlĕ'kā' shāma'otī ba'-gān $w\bar{a}$ - $a\bar{i}r\bar{a}'a$ (10) And-he-said, — Thy-voice II-heard in-the-garden, and-I-was-afraid, because oeirom' $a\bar{a}n\bar{o}''k\bar{i}$ wā- $a\bar{e}'h\bar{a}v\bar{e}'a$. wa'-yō'amer lĕkā mī hi'gīd ²naked and-I-hid-myself. (11) And-he-said, Who told [to-]thee kī oēirom' aā''tāh hă-min..hā-oētz' aăsher tzi'wīthī''kā lĕviltī aă'kol.. that 2naked 1thou-wast? — Of..the-tree which I-commanded-thee mi'mé'nū aā'kāl'tā: wa'-yō'amer hā-aādām' hā-ai'shāh' aăsher hast-thou-eaten? (12) And-2said of-it ¹the-man, The-woman whom

English Version. 4 ye shall not surely die. 5 in the day ye eat thereof—as gods. 7 and they sewed fig-leaves together, and made themselves aprons. 8 in the cool of the day—and Adam and his wife hid themselves from the presence of the Lord God amongst the trees of the garden. 9 unto Adam.

oi'mādī' hiwa nāthěnāh..lī' min..hā-oētz' nāthá'tāh wā-aō'kēl'. thou-gavest to be with-me, she gave..[to-]me of..the-tree, and-I-did-eat. wa'-yō'amer yĕhōwāh' aĕlōhīm' lā-ai'shāh' mah..zōath oasith' ²God unto-the-woman, What..is this that thou-hast-done? (13) And-3said Jehovah wa'-tōamer hā-ai'shāh' ha'-nā'hāsh' hi'shīaa'nī wā-aō'kēl'. beguiled-me, and-I-did-eat. (14) And-1the-woman, The-serpent yō'amer yĕhōwāh' aĕlōhīm' ael..ha'-nā'hāsh' kī oāsī'thā zōath unto..the-serpent, Because thou-hast-done ¹Jehovah, ²God, aā'rūr aa'tāh mi'-kol..ha'-bĕhēmāh' ū-mi'-kōl' 'ha'yath' ha'-sādeh' above-all..[the-]cattle, and-above-every beast-of oal..ge'hōne'kā' thē'lē'k we-oāphār' tōa'kal' kol..yemēi 'ha'yei'kā shalt-thou-go, and-dust shalt-thou-eat all..the-days-of upon..thy-belly aāshīth' bēině'kā' ū-vēin' hā-ai'shāh' ū-vēin' zaroă'kā wě-aēivāh' (15) And-2enmity 1I-will-put between-thee and-between the-woman, and-between thy-seed ū-vēin' zaroāhh hūa yĕshūphĕ'kā' rōash wĕ-aa'tāh and-between her-seed; he shall-bruise [-thee on]thy head, and-thou shalt-bruise [-him on]his ael..hā-ai'shāh' aāmar' harbāh aarbeh' oi'tzĕvōwnē'k' oākēv'. (16) Unto..the-woman he-said, Multiplying I-will-multiply wĕ-hērōnē'k' bĕ-oe'tzev tēlĕdī' vānīm' and-thy-conception: in-sorrow thou-shalt-bring-forth children; and-to..thy-husband těshūqāthē'k' wě-hūa yimshol..bā'k. ū-lě-aādām' aāmar' shall-be thy-desire, and-he shall-rule..over-thee. (17) And-unto-Adam he-said, Because lĕ-qōwl aishte'kā wa'-tōa'kal min..hā-oētz' aăsher shāmaotā' thou-hast-hearkened unto-the-voice-of thy-wife, and-hast-eaten of..the-tree of which tzi'wīthī"kā lēamōr' lōa thōa'kal' mi'mé'nū aărūrāh' hā-aădāmāh' 1-commanded-thee saying, 2Not 1thou-shalt-3eat of-it: cursed is the-ground ba-oavūrė ka be-oi tzavown toa kalė nah kol yemei 'ha'yei'kā. shalt-thou-eat-of-it all the-days-of for-thy-sake; lā'k wĕ-aā'kaltā' aeth..oēsev wĕ-dardar' tatzmīa'h wĕ-qōtz (18) Also-thorns and-thistles shall-it-bring-forth to-thee; and-thou-shalt-eat - the-herb-of bě-zēoath′ aa'peíkā tōa'kal lé'hem oad shūvě'kā' ha'-sādeh'. thy-face shalt-thou-eat bread, (19) In-the-sweat-of thy-return ael..hā-aădāmāh' kī mi'mé'nāh lu'qā"htā aa'tāh' kī..oāphār' out-of-it wast-thou-taken: for..dust unto..the-ground; for wa'-yiqrā'a hā-aādām' shēm aishtōw wě-ael..oāphār' tāshūv'. shalt-thou-return. (20) And-2called 1the-man the-name-of his-wife and-unto..dust kol..'hāi. wa'-yaoas' 'ha'wāh kī hi*wa* hāyĕthāh' aem because she (21) And-3made the-mother-of all..living. yĕhōwāh' aĕlōhīm' lĕ-aādām' ū-lĕ-aishtō'w kothnōwth oōwr wa'unto-Adam, and-to-his-wife, ^IJehovah 2God coats-of skin, and

English Version.—15 between thee and the woman, and between thy seed and her seed; it shall, &c. 16 I will greatly multiply thy sorrow. 19 till thou return unto the ground. 20 And Adam called his wife's name.

yalbishēm.' wa'-yō'amer yĕhōwāh' aĕlōhīm' hēn hā-aādām' hāclothed-them. (22) And-3said ¹Jehovah ²God, Behold, the-man yāh' kĕ-aa'had' mi'mé'nū lā-da'oath тоwv' wā-rā'o wĕ-oa'tāh to-know good and-evil: of-us. pen..yishla'h' yādō'w wĕ-lāqa'h' gam mē-oētz' ha-'ha'yīm' wĕ-aā'kal' lest..he-put-forth his-hand, and-take also of-2tree-of 1the-3life, and-eat, wa-yĕsha'lĕ'hē'hū yĕhōwāh' aĕlōhīm'
(23) then-3sent-him-forth 1Jehovah 2God from wā-'hai' lĕ-oōlām' mi'for-ever: (23) then-3sent-him-forth from-thegan..oeden la-oavod aeth..ha-aadamah' aasher lu'qa'h' mi'-sham. garden-of..Eden, to-till the-ground [which] 2he-was-taken 1from-whence. wa-yĕgāresh aeth..hā-aādām' wa'-yashkēn' mi'-qe'dem lĕ-gan.. (24) And-he-drove-out — the man: and-he-placed at-the-east of-the-garden-of... oeden aeth..ha'-keruvīm we-aeth la'haτ ha-'he'rev ha'-mithha'pe'-— the-cherubim, and — a-flaming [the-]sword which-turned-every-Eden 'keth li-shmor aeth..de're'k oetz ha-'ha'yīm'. to-keep — the-way-of 2tree-of 1the-3life. way,

CHAP. IV.

Wě-hā-aādām' yāda'o aeth..'ha'wāh aishtōw wa'-tahar wa'his-wife; and-she-conceived and-(1) And-the-man — Eve tēled aeth..qa'yin wa'-tōamer qānī'thī aīsh aeth..yĕhōwāh'. I-have-gotten u-man from -- Jehovah. and-said, — Cain, lā-le'deth aeth..aā'hīf' aeth..hāvel. wa-yĕhī..he'vel wa'-tōçeph — his-brother — And-2was..1Abel (2) And-she-added to-bear Abel. rō'oēh tzōan wĕ-qa'yin hāyāh' oōvēd' aădāmāh'. wa-yĕhī a-feeder-of sheep, and-Cain was a-tiller-of the-ground. (3) And-it-came-to-pass yāmīm' wa'-yā'vēa qa'yin mi'-pĕrī hā-aădāmāh' mi'-qetz of-the-fruit-of the-ground lai-hōwāh'. wĕ-he'vel hēvī'a gam..hūa mi'-bĕ'kōrōwth' to-Jehovah. (4) And-Abel, ³brought ²also..¹he of-the-firstlings-of min'hāh lai-hōwāh'. tzōanō'w ū-mē-'helbēhen'. wa'-yi'shao yĕhōwāh' ael..he'vel wĕhis-flock, and-of-the-fat-thereof. And-2had-respect 1Jehovah unto..Abel, andael..min'hāthō'w wĕ-ael..qa'yin wĕ-ael..min'hāthō'w lōa (5) but-unto...Cain, and-to..his-offering 2not 1he-had-3respect. to..his-offering: lĕ-qa'yin mĕaōd wa'-yi'pĕlū' pānāif'. wa'-yō'amer And-there-was-2wrath 3to-Cain, 1great, and-2fell his-countenance. (6) And-2said yĕhōwāh' ael..qāyin lā''māh 'hā'rāh lā'k wĕ-lā''māh nāphĕlū' Why is-there-wrath to-thee? and-why unto..Cain,

English Version. 23 Therefore the Lord God, &c. 24 So he drove.—Cherubims. Chap. iv. 1 And Adam knew. 2 and she again bare—and Abel was a keeper of sheep. 3 and in process of time it came to pass. 5 and Cain was very wroth. 6 why art thou wroth.

hă-lōa aim..teitīv' sĕaēth wĕ-aim lōaphānei kā. thy-countenance? (7) Shalt-thou-not, if..thou-doest-well, have acceptance, la'-pe'tha'h 'ha' Tāath rovētz' we-aēlei'kā teshūgātho'w thou-doest-3well, 3at-the-door 2lieth: and-unto-thee shall be his-desire. wa'-yō'amer qa'yin ael..he'vel wě-aa'tāh timshol..bōw. shalt-rule..over-him. (8) And-2said ¹Cain unto..Abel his-brother. [nēlĕ'kāh' ha'-sādeh'.*] wa-yěhī bi-hěyōwthām' ba'-sādeh' [We-will-go unto the-field.] And-it-came-to-pass, in-their-being wa'-yā'qom qa'yin ael..he'vel aā'hīf' wa'-yahargē'hū. Cain against.. Abel his-brother, and-slew-him. (9) And $v\bar{o}'a$ mer yĕhōwāh' ael..qa'yin $a\bar{e}i$ he'vel $a\bar{a}'h\bar{i}''k\bar{a}$. wa'-y $\bar{o}'a$ mer unto.. Cain, Where is Abel thy-brother? And-he-said. yāda'otī hă-shōmēr' aā'hī' aānō"kī. wa'-vo'amer meh the-keeper-of my-brother am I? ²Not, ¹I-know: (10) And-he-said, kop aā'hī''kā tzōoăkīm' aēlai' min..hāoāsī'thā dĕmēi hast-thou-done? the-voice-of the-blood-of thy-brother crieth unto-me from..theaā"tāh min..hā-aădāmāh' wĕ-oa'tāh aārūr' aăsher aădāmāh'. ground. (11) And-now cursed art thou from..the-ground, which lā-qá'hath aeth..děmēi aā'hī"kā pātzěthāh' aeth..pī'hā mi'-- her-mouth hath-opened to-receive - the-blood-of thy-brother fromkī thaoavod aeth..hā-aadamāh' loa..thoçeph' teth.. vādé'kā. thy-hand. (12) When thou-tillest — the-ground, 2not.. it-shall-3add to-yield... kō'kāhh' lā'k wā-nād' tihěveh' vā-aā'retz. wa' nāo her-strength unto-thee; a-fugitive and-a-vagabond shalt-thou-be in-the-earth. (13) Andyō'amer qa'yin ael..yĕhōwāh' gādōwl' oăwōwnī' mi'-nĕsōa.
²said ¹Cain unto..Jehovah, Is ²greater ¹my-iniquity than-to-be-forgiven? gērash'tā aōthī' ha'-yōwm' mē-oal' hēn pěnēi (14) Behold, thou-hast-driven-2out 1me this-day from[-upon] the-face-of theaădāmāh' ū-mi'-pānei'kā ae'çāthēr' wĕ-hāyī'thī nāo and-from-thy-face shall-I-be-hid; and-I-shall-be a-fugitive and-a-vagabond ground; 'kol..mōtzĕaī yahargē'nī. bā-aā'retz wě-hāyāh' in-the-earth: and-it-shall-come-to-pass, that every-one..that-findeth-me shall-slay-me. wa'-yō'amer lōw yĕhōwāh' lā'kēn' kol..hōrēg' qa'yin shivoātha'yim (15) And-2said 3unto-him 1Jehovah, Therefore whosoever..slayeth Cain 2seven-fola yĕhōwāh' lĕ-qa'yin wa'-yāsem aowth yu'qām. vengeance-shall-be-taken-on-him. And-2gave ¹Jehovah

English Version. 7 if thou doest well, shalt thou not be accepted. 8 and Cain talked with Abel his brother—when they were in the field. 9 Am I my brother's keeper. 11 art thou cursed from the earth. 12 it shall not henceforth yield. 13 my punishment is greater than I can bear. 14 from the face of the earth. 15 and the Lord set a mark on Cain, lest any finding him should kill him.

^{*} So the Samaritan text and version, the Syriac, Septuagint, and Vulgate; and as the passage is thus rendered clear and consistent, there can be little doubt of its genuineness.

leviltī ha'kowth..aotho'w kol..motzeo'w. wa'-ye'tzea qa'yin mi'-that 4not 3should-5slay..him 1any..2finding-him. (16) And-2went-out 1Cain from-the-

liphnēi yĕhōwāh' wa'-yē'shev bĕ-ae'retz..nōwd qidmath..oēden. presence-of Jehovah, and-dwelt in-the-land-of..Nod, on the-east-of..Eden.

wa'-yē'dao qa'yin aeth..aishtōw wa'-ta'har wa'-tēled aeth..

(17) And-2knew Cain — his-wife; and-she-conceived, and-bare —

'hănōw'k wa-yĕhī bōneh oīr wa'-yiqrā'a shēm hā-oīr' kĕ-Enoch: and-he-was building a-city, and-he-called the-name-of the-city, after-the-

shēm běnōw 'hănōw'k. wa'-yi'wālēd' la-'hănōw'k aeth..oīrād' name-of his-son, Enoch. (18) And-2was-born lunto-Enoch — Irad:

wě-oīrād' yālad' aeth..mě'hūyāaēl' ū-mě'hi'yāaēl' yālad' aeth.. and-Irad begat — Mehujael: and-Mehujael begat —

měthūshāaēl' ū-měthūshāaēl' yālad' aeth..lāme'k. wa'-yi'qa'h..lōw Methusael: and-Methusael begat — Lamech. (19) And-2took..3unto-him

le'me'k shetei nashim' shem ha-aa'hath' oadah' we-shem Lamech two[-of] wives: the-name-of the-one was Adah, and-the-name-of

ha'-shēnīth' tzi'lāh. wa'-tēled oādāh' aeth..yāvāl' hūa hāyāh' the-second Zillah. (20) And-bare 'Adah — Jabal: he was

aavī yoshev' aohel ū-miqneh'. we-shem the-father-of such-as-dwell-in tents, and-of-such-as-have-cattle. (21) And-the-name-of

aā'hīf' yūvāl' hūa hāyāh' aavī kol..tophēs' ki'nowr we-oūgāv'. his-brother was Jubal: he was the-father-of all..such-as-handle the-harp and-pipe.

we-tzi'lāh gam..hīwa yāledāh' aeth..tūval-qa'yin lōtesh' kol.. (22) And-Zillah, ²also..¹she bare — Tubal-Cain a-whetter-of every..

'horesh' ne'hosheth u-varzel' wa-aa'howth tuval..qa'yin naoamah. instrument-of brass and-iron: and-the-sister-of Tubal..Cain was Naamah.

wa'-yō'amer le'me'k lĕ-nāshāif': (23) And-?said lLamech unto-his-wives:

oādāh' wĕ-tzi'lāh shĕma'oan qōwlī' Adah and-Zillah, hear my-voice;

něshēi le'me'k haaazē''nāh aimrāthī' Wives-of Lamech, hearken-unto my-speech:

kī aīsh hārag'tī lĕ-phitzoī For ²a-man ¹I-have-slain for-my-wound,*

we-ye'led le-'ha'burathī' And-a-young-man for-my-hurt:

English Version. 17 and he builded a city. 19 the name of the other Zillah. 21 the harp and organ. 22 an instructer of every artificer in brass and iron. 23 for I have slain a man to my wounding, and a young man to my hurt.

^{*}That is, "for wounding me," and "for hurting me;" the pronominal affixes being taken passively as well as actively: in the same manner be-daotow, Isa. liii. 31, "by his knowledge," does not signify, "by the knowledge he possesses," but "by the knowledge of him;" and 'hamāçī, "my violence," means "a violence committed against me," Jer. 1. 35.

kī shivoātha'yim yu'qam..qāyin (24) If ³seven-fold ²shall-be-avenged..¹Cain,

we-le'me'k shivoim we-shivoah. Truly-Lamech seventy and-seven-fold.

aādām' oōwd aeth..aishtōw wa'-tēled bēn wa'-tigrāa wa'-vēdao — 3his-wife; and-she-bare a-son, (25) Ånd-2knew Adam 4again aeth..shěmow shēth kī shāth..lī' aĕlōhīm' ze'rao aa'hēr Seth: For, said she, 2hath-appointed..[to-]me 1God ²seed ¹another - his-name hărāgō'w qāyin. ū-lĕ-shēth' tá'hath he'vel gam..h $\bar{\mathbf{u}}a$ kī 2slew[-him] instead-of Abel. ¹Cain. (26) And-to-Seth, whom ²also..¹to-him, wa'-yiqrā'a aeth..shĕmōw aĕnōwsh aāz vu'lad..bēn hū'hal' there-was-born..a-son; and-he-called — his-name Enos: then it-was-begun yĕhōwāh'. li-grōa bě-shēm to-call on-the-name-of Jehovah.

CHAP. V.

çepher töwledoth' aadam' be-yowm beroa aelohim' (1) This is the-book-of the-generations-of man. In-the-day that 2 created aādām' bi-dmūth aĕlōhīm' oāsāh' aōthō'w zā'kār' ū-nĕqēvāh' made-he in-the-likeness-of God him; (2) male berāaām' wa-yevāre'k aothām' wa'-yiqrā'a aeth..shemām aādām' and-called — their-name created-he-them, and-blessed them. hi'bārĕaām'. wa-yĕ'hī aādām' shĕlōshīm' ū-mĕaath' bě-yōwm in-the-day-of their-being-created. (3) And-2lived Adam 3thirty 2and-1a-hundred shānāh' wa'-yō'wled bi-dmūthō'w kě-tzalmōw wa'-yiqrā'a and-begat a-son in-his-own-likeness, after-his-image; and-called aeth..shemow sheth wa'-yiheyu' yemei..aadam' aa'harei howlido'w Seth: (4) and-3were 1the-days-of..2Adam, after he-had-begotten - his-name aeth..shēth shěmoneh mēaoth shānāh' $wa'-v\bar{o}'w$ led hundred and-he-begat - Seth, eight years; wa'-yiheyu' kol..yemei aadam' aasher..'hai teshao (5) and-6were lall...2the-days-of 3Adam, 4which..5he-lived, nine ū-vānōwth' and-daughters: mēaōwth' shānāh' ū-shĕlōshīm' shānāh' wa'-yāmōth'. years: and-he-died. hundred years, and-thirty

Wa-yĕ'hī..shēth' 'hāmēsh' shānīm' ū-mĕaath' shānāh' wa'-yō'wled (6) And-²lived..¹Seth, five years and-a-hundred years, and-begat aeth..aĕnōwsh wa-yĕ'hī..shēth' aa'hărēi hōwlīdō'w aeth..aĕnōwsh Enos: (7) and-²lived..¹Seth, after he-begat — Enos,

English Version. 26 then men began to call upon the name of the Lord. Chap. v. 1 the generations of Adam. 2 their name Adam, in the day when they were created. 5 and all the days that Adam lived were nine hundred and thirty years. 6 an hundred and five years.

she'vao shānīm' ū-shĕmōneh' mēaōwth' shānāh' wa'-yō'wled bānīm' seven years and-eight hundred years, and-begat sons

ū-vānōwth' wa'-yiheyū' kol..yemēi..shēth' sheteim-oesreh' shānāh' and-daughters: (8) and-4were lall..2the-days-of..3Seth twelve years

ū-thěsha'o mēaōwth' shānāh' wa'-yāmōth'.
and-nine hundred years: and-he-died.

Wa-ye'hī aĕnōwsh tishoīm shānāh' wa'-yō'wled aeth..qēinān'
(9) And-2lived 1Enos ninety years, and-begat -- Cainan:

wa-ye'hī aĕnōwsh aa'harēi hōwlīdō'w aeth..qēinān' 'hamēsh-oesrēh (10) and-2lived ¹Enos, after he-begat — Cainan, fif-teen

shānāh' ū-shĕmōneh' mēaōwth' shānāh' wa'-yō'wled bānīm' years and-eight hundred years, and-begat sons

ū-vānōwth' wa'-yiheyū' kol..yemei aenōwsh 'hāmesh' shānīm' and-daughters: (11) and-⁴were ¹all..²the-days-of ³Enos five years

ū-thěsha'o mēaōwth' shānāh' wa'-yāmōth'.
and-nine hundred years: and-he-died.

Wa-ye'hī qēinān' shivoīm shānāh' wa'-yō'wled aeth..mahalalaēl (12) And-2lived ¹Cainan seventy years, and-begat — Mahalaleel:

wa-ye'hī qēinān' aa'hărēi hōwlīdō'w aeth..mahălalaēl aarbāoīm' (13) and-2lived ¹Cainan, after he-begat — Mahalaleel, forty

shānāh' ū-shĕmōneh' mēaōwth' shānāh' wa'-yō'wled bānīm' years and-eight hundred years, and-begat sons

ū-vānōwth' wa'-yihĕyū' kol..yĕmēi qēinān' oe'ser shānīm' and-daughters: (14) and-4were ¹all..²the-days-of ³Cainan ten years

ū thěsha'o mēaōwth' shānāh' wa'-yāmōth'.
and-nine hundred years: and-he-died.

Wa-ye'hī mahălalaēl 'hāmēsh' shānīm' wĕ-shi'shīm shānāh' (15) And-2lived ¹Mahalaleel and-sixty years, five years wa-ye'hī mahălalaēl aa'hărēi h $\bar{o}w$ līd $\bar{o}'w$ wa'-y $\bar{o}'w$ led aeth..y \bar{a} red — Jared: (16) and-2lived 1Mahalaleel, and-begat after he-begat aeth..ye'red shĕlōshīm' shānāh' ū-shĕmōneh' $\mathrm{m}ar{\mathrm{e}}aar{\mathrm{o}}w\mathrm{th}'$ shānāh' thirty and-eight hundred years years, wa'-yō'wled bānīm' $\bar{\mathbf{u}}$ -vānōwth' wa'-yihĕy $\bar{\mathbf{u}}$ ' kol..yĕmēi mahălalaēl and-daughters: (17) and-4were 1all..2the-days-of 3Mahalaleel and-begat we-thishoim shanah' 'hāmēsh' ū-shěmōnēh' $m\bar{e}a\bar{o}wth'$ shānāh' and-ninety and-eight hundred years: years

wa'-yāmōth'.
and-he-died.

English Version. 7 eight hundred and seven years. 8 nine hundred and twelve years. 10 eight hundred and fifteen years. 11 nine hundred and five years. 13 eight hundred and forty years. 14 nine hundred and ten years. 15 sixty and five years. 16 eight hundred and thirty years. 17 eight hundred ninety and five years.

Wa-yĕ'hī ye'red shĕta'yim wĕ-shi'shīm shānāh' ū-mĕaath (18) And-2lived Jared and-sixty and-a-hundred two years, shānāh' wa'-vō'wled aeth..'hănōw'k wa-yĕ'hī ye'red aa'hărēi and-begat Enoch: (19) and-2lived 1Jared, howlido'w aeth..'hanow'k shemoneh' meaowth' shanah' wa'-yo'wled eight - Enoch, hundred years, he-begat ū-vānōwth' wa'-yiheyū' kol..yemēi ye'red sheta'yim and-daughters: (20) and-4were lall..2the-days-of Jared two ū-vānōwth' bānīm' wĕ-shi'shīm shānāh' ū-thĕsha'o mēaōwth' shānāh' wa'-yāmōth'. hundred and-sixty years and-nine years:

Wa-yĕ'hī 'hănōw'k 'hāmēsh' wĕ-shi'shīm shānāh' wa'-yō'wled (21) And-2lived 1Enoch 3five ²and-¹sixty years, and-begat wa'-yithha'lē'k' 'hănōw'k aeth..hā-aĕlōhīm' aeth..měthūshā'la'h Methuselah: (22) and-2walked ¹Enoch with..[the-]God, aa'harēi howlīdo'w aeth..methūshe'la'h shelosh mēaowth' shanah' Methuselah, three hundred he-begat years, wa'-yō'wled bānīm' ū-vānōwth' wa-yĕhī kol..yĕmēi 'hănōw'k and-daughters: (23) and-4were 1all..2the-days-of and-begat sons 'hāmēsh' wĕ-shi'shīm shānāh' ū-shĕlōsh' mēaowth' shānāh' wa'and-sixty years and-three hundred years: (24) andyithha'lē'k' 'hănōw'k aeth..hā-aĕlōhīm' wě-aēiné'nū kī lāqa'h' ¹Enoch ²walked with..[the-]God; and-he-was-not, for 2took aōthō'w aĕlōhīm'. 1God.

Wa-ye'hī methūshe'la'h she'vao ū-shemonīm' shanah' ū-meaath' (25) And-2lived 1Methuselah seven and-eighty years and-a-hundred wa-yĕ'hī mĕthūshe'la'h aa'hărēi shānāh' wa'-yō'wled aeth..lāme'k - Lamech: (26) and lived Methuselah, years, howlido'w aeth..le'me'k sheta'yim ū-shemonim' shanah' ū-sheva'o Lamech. two and-eighty shānāh' wa'-yō'wled bānīm' ū-vānōwth' wa'-yihĕyū' mēaōwth' (27) and-4were and-begat sons and-daughters: years, kol..yemei methūshe'la'h teshao we-shi'shīm shānāh' ū-thesha'o ¹all..²the-days-of 3Methuselah and-nine nine and-sixty years mēaowth' shānāh' wa'-yāmoth'. and-he-died. years:

Wa-ye'hī le'me'k sheta'yim ū-shemonīm' shanah' ū-meath' (28) And-2lived Lamech two and-eighty years and-a-hundred

English Version. 18 an hundred sixty and two years. 20 nine hundred sixty and two years. 23 three hundred sixty and five years. 25 an hundred eighty and seven years. 26 seven hundred eighty and two years. 27 nine hundred sixty and nine. 28 an hundred eighty and two years.

shānāh' wa'-yō'wled bēn wa'-yiqrā'a aeth..shĕmōw nōa'h lēamōr' a-son; (29) and he-called — his-name Noah, and-begat years, yādēi'nū yĕna'hămē'nū mi'-maoăsē'nū ū-mē-ai'tzĕvōwn' zeh This same shall-comfort-us concerning-our-work and-[concerning-the-]toil-of our-hands min..hā-aadāmāh' aasher aerarahh' yehowah'. wa-ye'hī le'me'k which 2hath-cursed[-it] 1Jehovah. (30) And-2lived 1Lamech, because-of..the-ground aa'hărēi hōwlīdō'w aeth..nōa'h 'hāmēsh' wĕ-thishoīm shānāh' - Noah, five be-begat and-ninety andshānāh' wa'-yō'wled bānīm' ū-vānōwth' 'hămēsh mē*a*ōth' waand-begat and-daughters: (31) andhundred years, sons yĕhī kol..yĕmēi..le'me'k she'vao wĕ-shivoīm shānāh' ū-shěva'o were 'all..2the-days-of..3Lamech and-seventy seven years and-seven mēaōwth' shānāh' wa'-yāmōth'. hundred and-he-died. years:

Wa-yĕhī..nōa'h ben..'hămēsh mēaōwth' shānāh' wa'-yō'wled (32) And-²was..¹Noah [the-son-of..]five hundred years old: and-²begat nōa'h aeth..shēm aeth..'hām wĕ-aeth..yāpheth.
¹Noah — Shem, — Ham, and — Japheth.

CHAP. VI.

Wa-yěhī kī hē'hēl' hā-aādām' lā-rōv' oal..pěnēi hā-(1) And-it-came to-pass, when 2began [the-]1man to-multiply on..the-face-of theyu'lĕdū lā-hem' aădāmāh' ū-vānōwth' wa'-yiraū' vĕnēi..hāwere-born unto-them, (2) that-4saw 2sons of..-1theground, and-daughters aĕlōhīm' aeth..bĕnōwth hā-aādām' kī tōvōth' hē''nāh wa'-yiq'hū - 2daughters-of 1the-3man, that 2fair 1they-were; and-they-took lā-hem' nāshīm' mi'-kōl aasher bā'hā'rū. wa'-yō'amer yĕhōwāh' ¹Jehovah, [to-]them wives of-all which they-chose. (3) And-2said $l\bar{o}a..y\bar{a}d\bar{o}w$ n'* rū'hī' vā- $a\bar{a}d\bar{a}m'$ lĕ- $o\bar{o}l\bar{a}m'$ bĕ-sha'-gām hūa vāsār' 4Not..3shall-5rule 1my-2Spirit in-man for-that-2also the is flesh: for-ever, wĕ-hāyū' yāmāif' mēaāh' ha'-nĕphi'līm wĕ-oesrīm shānāh'. yet-²shall-³be ¹his-days *a*-hundred (4) The-giants and-twenty years.

English Version. 30 five hundred ninety and five years. 31 seven hundred seventy and seven years. Chap. vi. 1 men began—face of the earth. 2 the daughters of men. 3 shall not always strive with man. 4 There were giants in the earth.

^{*} Dūn is probably the same as dīn, to judge, direct, rule. Some make it the same as the Arabic dāna, to be vile, contemned; and render, "my spirit shall not always be debased in man."

⁺ So Lxx. $\gamma i \gamma a \nu \tau \epsilon \varsigma$, Vulg. gigantes, Chald. gi'bāra'yāa, Syr. ganborēa, and Arab. of Saad., jabābirat: niphlāa, pl. nephilīn, is also used in the Targums for keçīl, keçīlīm, Orion, and other giant forms in the heavens.—Job ix. 9. xxxviii. 31. Isa. xiii. 10. Perhaps it may be derived from the Arabic nabīl, magnus, corpore magno.

(13) And-2said

hāyū' vā-aāretz' ba'-yāmīm' hā-hēm' wĕ-gam aa'hărēi..'kēn' aăsher in-2days 1those; and-also on-*the*-earth after..that, yāvo'aū běnēi hā-aĕlohīm' ael..bĕnowth hā-aādām' wĕ-vālĕdū' *came-in 2sons-of 1the-3God unto..2daughters-of 1the-3man, and-they-bare children ha'-gi'bōrīm' aăsher mē-oōwlām' aanshēi lā-hem' hē"māh the-mighty-men who were to-them, they became of-old ha'-shēm. the-3name.

Wa'-yar'a yĕhōwāh' kī ra'bāh rāoath' hā-aādām' bā-aā'retz (5) And-2saw Jehovah that was-great wickedness-of the-3man in-the-earth, raq rao kol..ha'-yōwm'. ma'hshevoth li'bow wĕ-'kol..yētzer and-that-every..imagination-of the-thoughts-of his-heart was only evil yĕhōwāh' kī wa'-yi'nā"hem oāsāh' aeth..hā-aādām' bā-aā'retz Jehovah that he-had-made — [the-]man on-the-earth, (6) And-it-repented wa'-yithoa'tzēv' ael..li'bōw. wa'-yō'amer yĕhōwāh' aem'heh' aeth.. and-it-grieved-him at..his-hcart. (7) And-2said 1Jehovah, I-will-wipe-off hā-aādām' aasher..bārā'athī mē-oal' penēi hā-aadāmāh' mē-aādām' [the-]man, whom..I-have-created, from-upon the-face-of the-ground; oad..běhēmāh' oad..re'mes wĕ-oad..oōwph ha'-shāmā'yim kī unto..the-creeping-thing, and-unto..the-fowl-of unto..beast. the-heavens: ni'ham'tī wĕ-nōa'h mā'tzāa 'hēn bĕ-oēinēi' kĩ oăsīthim'. it-repenteth-me that I-have-made-them. (8) But-Noah grace in-the-eyes-of found yěhowah'. Jehovah.

towlědoth' noa'h noa'h aïsh tza'dīq tāmīm' hāyāh' (9) These are the-generations-of Noah: Noah 2a-4man 3just 5and-perfect bě-dōrōthāif' aeth..hā-aĕlōhīm' hithha'le'k..noa'h. $\mathbf{wa'}$ - $\mathbf{v\bar{o}'}\mathbf{w}$ led in-his-generations, and 3with..[the-]4God ²walked..¹Noah. (10) And-2begat nōa'h shĕlōshāh' vānīm' aeth..shēm aeth..'hām wĕ-aeth..yāpheth. ¹Noah three sons, Shem. - Ham, and wa'-ti'shā'hēth' hā-aā'retz liphnēi hā-aĕlōhīm' wa'-ti'mālē'a hā-(11) And-2was-corrupted 1the-earth before [the-]God; and-²was-filled ¹the $a\bar{a}$ retz 'hāmāç'. wa'-yar'a $a\breve{e}l\bar{o}h\bar{i}m'$ $aeth..h\bar{a}-a\bar{a}$ retz and-behold, with violence. (12) And-2saw God the-earth. nish'hā'thāh kī hish'hīth kol..bāsār' aeth..darkōw oal..hā-aā'retz. upon..the-earth. it-was-corrupted: for 3had-corrupted 1all..2flesh — his-way Wa'-yō'amer aĕlōhīm' lĕ-nōa'h qētz kol..bāsār' bāa lĕphānai'

God unto-Noah, The-end-of all..flesh is-come before-me;

English Version. 4 daughters of men—the same became mighty men, which were of old men of renown. 5 And God saw—was only evil continually. 7 1 will destroy man—from the face of the earth—the fowls of the air. 11 the earth also was corrupt. 12 and God looked upon the earth, and, behold, it was corrupt.

kī mālěaāh' hā-aā'retz 'hāmāç' mi'-pěnēihem' wě-hiněnī mash'hī-1the-earth with violence through-them; and-behold-I thām' aeth..hā-aā'retz. oăsēh lĕ'kā tēvath' oătzēi..gōpher qi'nīm with..the-earth. (14) Make [to-]thee an-ark-of wood-of..gopher: taoăseh' aeth..ha'-tēvāh' wĕ-'kāphartā' aōthāhh' mi'-ba'yith shalt-thou-make - in..the-ark, and-shalt-pitch [from-]within aăsher ū-mi-'hūtz ba'-kōpher. wĕ-zeh taoăseh' and-[from-] without with-pitch. (15) And-this is the fashion which thou-shalt-make *a*ōre'k aōthāhh' shělōsh mēaōwth' aa'māh ha'-tēvāh' hundred shall be the-length-of it-of: Three cubits 'hămi'shīm aa'māh ro'hbāhh ū-shĕlōshīm' aa'māh qōwmāthāhh'. its-height. fifty cubits its-breadth, and-thirty cubits la'-tēvāh' wĕ-ael..aa'māh tě'ka'lé'nāh tzōhar tāoăseh' thou-shalt-finish-it (16) A-window shalt-thou-make to-the-ark, and-in..a-cubit milma'olāh ū-phe'tha'h ha'-tēvāh' bĕ-tzi'dāhh tāsīm' ta'hti'yim' the-ark ²in-its-side ¹thou-shalt-set; with lower, and-the-door-of shěni'yim' ū-shělishīm' taoăse'hā. wa-aănī' hīněnī mēvī'a aeth... and-third stories shalt-thou-make-it. (17) And-I, behold-I, bring ha'-ma'būl ma'yim oal..hā-aā'retz lĕ-sha'hēth kol..bāsār' aăsher... to-destroy all..flesh waters upon..the-earth, $b\bar{o}w$ rūa'h 'ha'yīm' mi'-tá'hath ha'-shāmā'yim k $\bar{o}l$ a \check{a} sher.. $b\bar{a}$ hath-in-it the-breath-of life. from-under the-heavens; and all that..is-in-theaeth..bĕrīthī' ai'tā'k $a\bar{a}'$ retz yigwāo. wa-hăqimōthī' with-thee: andshall-expire. (18) But-I-will-establish - my-covenant ū-něshēi.. vāathā' ael..ha'-tēvāh' aa'tāh ū-vānēí'kā wĕ-aishtĕkā thou, and-thy-sons, and-thy-wife, and-the-wives-of... thou-shalt-come into..the-ark; mi'-kol..bāsār' shĕna'yim vānēi kā ai tāk ū-mi'-kol..hā-'hai' thy-sons, with-thee. (19) And-of-every..[the-]living-thing of-all..flesh, ael..ha'-tēvāh' lĕ-ha'hăyōth ai'tā'k zā'kār' tāvī'a to-keep-them-alive with-thee; male of-every sort shalt-thou-bring into..the-ark, mē-hā-oōwph' lĕ-mīnē'hū ū-min..ha'ū-něqēvāh' yīhĕyū'. and-female shall-they-be. (20) Of-the-fowl and-of..theafter-his-kind, hā-aădāmāh' lĕ-mīnē'hū běhēmāh' lě-mīnāhh' mi'-kōl re'mes after-his-kind; after-its-kind; of-every creeping-thing-of the-ground mı'-kol yavo'au aelei'ka of-every sort shall-come unto-thee, lĕ-ha'hayōwth. shěna'yim to-keep-them-alive. (21) Andaa'tāh qa'h..lĕ'kā mi'-kol..maaă'kāl aăsher yēaā'kēl' wĕ-aāçaphtā' 1take..3unto-thee of-all..food that is-eaten, and-thou-shalt-gather

English Version.—13 I will destroy them. 15 the length of the ark shall be three hundred cubits, the breadth of it fifty cubits, and the height of it thirty cubits. 17 and, behold, I, even I do bring a flood of waters—all flesh, wherein is the breath of life, from under heaven; and every thing that is in the earth shall die. 20 of fowls after their kind, and of cattle after their kind; of every creeping thing of the earth.

aēlei'kā wĕ-hāyāh' lĕ'kā wĕ-lā-hem' lĕ-ao'klāh. wa'-ya'oas nōa'lı it w-thee; and-it-shall-be for-thee and-for-them for-food. (22) Thus-did Noah;

kě-'kōl ašsher tzi'wāh aōthō'w aĕlōhīm' kēn oāsāh'.

according-to-all that ²commanded ³him ¹God, so did-he.

CHAP. VII

Wa'-yō'amer yĕhōwāh' lĕ-nōa'h bōa..aa'tāh' wĕ-'kol..bēithĕ'kā' ¹Jehovah unto-Noah, (1) And-2said Come..thou and-all..thy-house kī..aothě'ka' rāaī'thī tza'dīq lĕphānai' ba'-dōwr ael..ha'-tēvāh' have-I-seen righteous before-me in-2generation for..thee into..the-ark: mi'-kōl ha'-bĕhēmāh' ha'-тĕhōwrāh' ha'-zeh'. ti'qa'h..lĕ'kā [the-]this. (2) Of-all the-2cattle [the-]¹clean thou-shalt-take..to-thee aīsh we-aishtow ū-min..ha'-behemāh' aasher shivoāh shivoah by seven and seven, the-male and-his-female; and-of..the-cattle that loa rehorah hiwa shena yim a sh we-aish tow. gam..me-oowph' lare by two, the-male and-his-female. (3) Also..of-fowls-of ha'-shāma'yim shivoāh shivoāh zā'kār' ū-nĕqēvāh' lĕ-'ha'yōwth' the-heavens by seven and seven, the-male and-the-female, to-keep-alive ze'rao oal..pĕnēi 'kol..hā-aā'retz. kī lě-yāmīm' oōwd shivoāh upon..the-face-of all..the-earth. (4) For [at-]3days ¹yet aānō'kī' mamTīr oal..hā-aā'retz aarbāoīm' yōwm wĕ-aarbāoīm' will-cause-it-to-rain upon..the-earth forty days and-forty aeth..kol..ha-yĕqūm aăsher oāsī'thī mē-oal' lā'yĕlāh u-mā'hī'thī nights; and-1-will-blot-out - every..[the-]living-substance that I-have-made from-off pěnēi hā-aădāmāh'. wa'-ya'oas nōa'h kě-'kōl aăsher..tzi'wā'hū the-face-of the-ground. (5) And-2did 1Noah according-unto-all that..2commanded-him yĕhōwāh'.
'Jehovah. (wĕ-nōa'h ben..shēsh mēaōwth' shānāh' wĕ-ha'-ma'būl (6) And-Noah was [the-son-of..] six hundred years old when-the-flood-of hāyāh' ma'yim oal..hā-aā'retz. wa'-yāv $\bar{\text{o}}'a$ nōa'h ū-vā'nāif (7) And-2went-in 'Noah, and-his-sons, waters upon..the-earth. ū-něshēi..vānāif' ai'tōw ael..ha'-tēvāh' we-aishtow mi'-pener and-his-wife. and-the-wives-of..his-sons, with-him. into..the-ark, from-the-face-of min..ha'-bĕhēmāh' hā'-Tĕhōwrāh' ū-min.. mēi ha'-ma'būl. and-of.. the-flood. (8) Of..the-2cattle [the-]'clean, wĕ-'kōl ha'-běhēmāh' aăsher aēiné'nāh těhōrāh' ū-min..hā-oōwph' the-cattle clean, and-of..[the-]fowls, and-of-every thing are not

English Version. Chap. vii. 2 of every clean beast—and of beasts that are not clean. 3 of fowls also of the air by sevens. 4 will I destroy from off the face of the earth. 7 because of the waters. 8 of clean beasts, and of beasts that are not clean.

aăsher..rōmēs' oal..hā-aădāmāh' shĕna'yim shĕna'yim bā'aū that..creepeth upon..the-ground, (9) two and-two they-went-in

ael..nōa'h ael..hā'-tēvāh' zā'kār' ū-nĕqēvāh' kā-aăsher' tzi'wāh unto..Noah into..the-ark, the-male and-the-female, as[-that] 2had-commanded

uĕlōhīm' aeth..nōa'h. wa-yĕhī lĕ-shivoath' ha'-yāmīm'

God — Noah. (10) And-it-came-to-pass, after-seven [the-]days,

ū-mēi' ha'-ma'būl hāyū' oal..hā-aā'retz. bi-shnath' shēsh.. that-the-waters-of the-flood were upon..the-earth. (11) In-the-year-of the-six..

mēaowth' shānāh' lĕ-'ha'yēi..nōa'h ba-'hōdesh ha'-shēnī' bĕ-shivoāh.. hundred year of-the-life-of..Noah, in-2month 1the-second, [in-]the-seven-

oāsār' yōwm la-'hōdesh ba'-yōwm' ha'-zeh' nivqĕoū kol.. teenth day of-the-month, [in-]²day ¹the-same, were-⁵broken-up ¹all..

maoyĕnōwth tĕhōwm ra'bāh wa-aăru'bōth ha'-shāma'yim niphtā"hū. ²the-fountains-of the-4deep ³great, and-the-windows-of the-heavens were-opened.

wa-yĕhī ha'-ge'shem oal..hā-aā'retz aarbāoīm' yōwm wĕ-aarbāoīm' (12) And-2was 1the-rain upon..the-earth forty days and-forty

lā'yĕlāh. bĕ-oe'tzem ha'-yōwm' ha'-zeh' bāa nōa'h wĕ-shēm..wĕ-nights. (13) In-2self [the-]4day 1the-3same entered Noah, and-Shem,..and-

'hām wĕ-ye'pheth bĕnēi..nōa'h wĕ-aēsheth nōa'h ū-shĕlō'sheth Ham, and-Japheth, the-sons-of..Noah, and-the-wife-of Noah, and-the-three

něshēi..vānāīf' ai'tām ael..ha'-tēvāh' hē''māh wě-'kol..ha-'ha'yāh' wives-of..his-sons with-them, into..the-ark; (14) they, and-every..[the-]beast

lě-mīnāhh' wě-'kol..ha'-běhēmāh' lě-mīnāhh' wě-'kol..hā-re'mes after-its-kind, and-all..the-cattle after-their-kind, and-every..[the-]creeping-thing

hā-rōmēs' oal..hā-aā'retz lĕ-mīnē'hū wĕ-'kol..hā-oōwph' lĕ-mīnē'hū that-creepeth upon..the-earth after-his-kind, and-every..[the-]fowl after-his-kind,

kōl tzi'pōwr kōl..kānāph'. wa'-yāvō'aū ael..nōa'h ael..ha'-tēvāh' every bird-of every..wing. (15) And-they-went-in unto..Noah into..the-ark,

shëna'yim shëna'yim mi'-kol..hā'-bāsār' aasher..bow rūa'h 'ha'yīm'. two and two of-all..[the-]flesh, which..hath-in-it the-breath-of life.

wě-ha'-bāaīm' zā'kār' ū-něqēvāh' mi'-kol..bāsār' bā'aū (16) And-they-that-went-in, ²male ³and-female ⁴of-all..flesh ¹went-in,

ka-aăsher' tzi'wāh aōthō'w aĕlōhīm' wa'-yiçgōr' yĕhōwāh' baoădōw' as[-that] ²had-commanded ³him ¹God: and-²shut-it*-up ¹Jehovah after-him.

wa-yĕhī ha'-ma'būl aarbāoīm' yōwm oal..hā-aā'retz wa'-yirbū' (17) And-2was 1the-flood forty days upon..the-earth; and-2increased

ha'-ma'yim wa'-yisaū' aeth..ha'-tevāh' wa'-tārom me-oal' hā
the-waters, and-bare-up — the-ark, and-it-was-lift-up from-upon the-

English Version. 8 creepeth upon the earth. 9 there went in two and two. 11 in the six hundredth year of Noah's life—windows of heaven. 15 wherein is the breath of life. 16 and the Lord shut him in. 17 lift up above the earth.

^{*} The Lxx. supplies την κιβωτον, " the ark.

wa'-yigbĕrū' ha'-ma'yim wa'-yirbū' mĕaōd oal..hā-aā'retz earth. (18) And-2 prevailed the waters, and were increased greatly upon..the-earth; ha'-tēvāh' oal..pĕnēi ha'-māyim. wĕ-ha'-ma'yim wa'-tēle'k and-2went upon..the-face-of the-waters. (19) And-the-waters 1the-ark gāvěrū' měaod měaod oal..hā-aā'retz wa-yě'ku'çū kol..he-hārīm' upon..the-earth; and-9were-covered ¹all..2the-4hills greatly ha'-gĕvōhīm' aăsher..ta"hath kol..ha'-shāmā'yim. 'hămēsh-oesrēh 5that..were-6under 7all..8the-heavens. ·[the-]3high, (20) Fif-teen gāvěrū' ha'-māyim wa-yě'ku'çū he-hārīm'. did-2prevail 1the-waters; and-2were-covered 1the-mountains. aa'māh milma'olāh gāvěrū' upward wa'-yigwa'o kol..bāsār' hā-rōmēs' oal..hā-aā'retz bā-oōwph' ū-va'-(21) And-3expired lall..2 flesh that-moved upon.. the-earth, among-fowl, and-amongū-vĕ-'kol..ha'-she'retz bĕhēmāh' ū-va-'ha'yāh' ha'-shōrētz' and-among-beast, and-among-every..[the-]creeping-thing that-creepeth cattle, oal..hā-aā'retz wĕ-'kōl hā-aādām' kōl aăsher nishmath..rūa'h upon..the-earth, and-every [the-]man: (22) all which had the-breath-of..the-spirit-of 'ha'yīm' bĕ-aa'pāif mi'-kōl aăsher be-'hārāvāh' mē'thū. in-his-nostrils, of-all that was in-the-dry-land died. (23) Andaeth..kol..ha-yĕqūm aăsher oal..pĕnēi hā-aădāmāh' was-destroyed — every..[the-]2living-substance which was upon..the-face-of the-ground, mē-aādām' oad..bĕhēmāh' oad..re'mes wě-oad..oōwph from-man to..cattle, and to..the-creeping-thing, and-to..the-fowl-of shāma'yim wa'-yi'mā'hū' min..hā-aā'retz wa'-yi'shā'aer aa'k..nōa'h and-they-were-destroyed from..the-earth; and-3remained-alive 2only-1Noah, wa*-a*ăsher' ai'tōw ba'-tēvāh'. wa'-yigbĕrū' ha'-ma'yim oal..hāand-they-that were with-him in-the-ark. (24) And-2prevailed 1the-waters upon..theaā'retz 'hămi'shīm ū-mĕaath' yōwm. ²and-¹a-hundred 3fifty

CHAP. VIII.

Wa'-yizkōr' aĕlōhīm' aeth..nōa'h wĕ-aēth kol..ha-'ha'yāh' (1) And-2remembered God - Noah, and — every..[the-]living-thing, wě-aeth..kol..ha'-běhēmāh' aăsher ai'tōw ba'-tēvāh' wa'-yaoăvēr' and — all..the-cattle that was with-him in-the-ark: and-2made-4to-pass aĕlohīm' rūa'h wa'oal..hā-aā'retz wa'-yāshō''kū ha'-māyim (2) and-3a-wind and-2assuaged 1the-waters; over..the-earth;

English Version. 19 And the waters prevailed exceedingly—under the whole heaven. 21 and all flesh died—both of fowl, and of cattle, and of beast, and of every creeping thing. 22 all in whose nostrils was the breath of life. 23 both man, and cattle, and the creeping things, and the fowl of the heaven.

yi'çā'kĕrū' maoyĕnōth tĕhōwm wa-aăru'bōth ha'-shāmā'yim wa'were-stopped 1the-fountains-of 2the-deep, 3and-the-windows-of 4the-heavens: yi'kālēa ha'-ge'shem min..ha'-shāmā'yim. wa'-yāshu'vū ha'-ma'yim was-restrained the-rain ²from..³the-heavens. (3) And-returned mē-oal' hā-aā'retz hālōwk' wā-shōwv' wa'-ya'hçĕrū' ha'-ma'yim and-returning: and-2were-abated the-earth going 'hămi'shīm ū-měaath' yōwm. wa'-tāna'h 3fifty 2and-1a-hundred days. (4) And-2rested wa'-tāna'h ha'-tēvāh' mi-qtzēh at-the-end-of 1the-ark. ha'-shevīoī' be-shivoāh..oāsār' yōwm la-'hōdesh oal ba-'hōdesh 1the-seventh, on-the-seven-teenth of-the-month, upon in-2month day aărārāt'. wĕ-ha'-ma'yim hāyū' hālōw'k' wĕ-'hāçōwr' oad hārēi' the-mountains-of Ararat. (5) And-the-waters were and-decreasing until going bĕ-ae'hād la-'hōdesh ha-'hōdesh hā-oăsīrī' bā-oăsīrī' niraū [the-]tenth: in-the-tenth month, on-the-first day of-the-month, were-3seen the-2month wa-yĕhī mi'-qētz aarbāoīm' yōwm rāashēi' he-hārīm'. (6) And-it-came-to pass, at-the-end-of 1the-tops-of 2the-mountains. wa'-yiphta'h' nōa'h aeth..'ha'lōwn ha'-tēvāh' aăsher oāsāh' wathat-2opened ¹Noah - the-window-of the-ark which he-had-made: (7) andaeth..hā-oōrēv' wa'-yētzē'a yātzō'wa wā-shōwv' yĕsha'la'h' oad he-sent-forth - a [the-]raven; and-it-went-forth, going-forth and-returning, until ha'-ma'yim mē-oal' hā-aā'retz. wa-yĕshā'la'h' aeth.. yĕvōsheth the-waters from-off (8) Also-he-sent-forth the-drying-up-of the-earth. ha'-yōwnāh' mē-ai'tō'w li-raōwth hă-qá'lū ha'-ma'yim mē-oal' [the-]dove from-[with-]him, to-see if-2were-abated 1the-waters wĕ-lōa..mātzĕaāh' ha'-yōwnāh' mānō'wa'h pěnēi hā-aădāmāh' (9) but-3no..2found the-ground : 1the-dove lĕ-'kaph..raglāhh wa'-tāshov aēlāif' ael..ha'-tēvāh' kī ma'yim for-the-sole-of..her-foot, and-she-returned unto-him for the-waters were into..the-ark; wa'-yishla'h' yādōw' wa'-yi'qā'héhā oal..pěnēi 'kol..hā-aā'retz on..the-face-of the-whole [-of..the-]earth. Then-he-put-forth his-hand and-took-her. aōthāhh' aēlāif' wa'-yā''hel $o\bar{o}w$ d wa'-yave'aael..ha'-tēvāh'. and-brought-2in (10) And-he-stayed yet 1her unto-him into..the-ark. shivoath' yāmīm' aă'hērīm' wa'-yō'çeph sha'la'h' aeth..ha'-yōwnāh' and-he-added to-send-forth 2seven 3days ¹other, the-dove min..ha'-tēvāh' wa'-tāvō'a aēlāif' ha'-yōwnāh' lĕ-oēth out-of..the-ark: (11) and-2came-in 3to-him 1the-dove at-the-time-of evening;

English Version. Chap-viii. 2 The fountains also of the deep, and the windows of heaven - rain from heaven. 3 from off the earth continually. 5 and the waters decreased continually. 7 which went forth to and fro, until the waters were dried up. 9 and pulled her in unto him into the ark. 10 and again he sent forth. 11 came in to him in the evening.

wĕ-hi'nēh oălēh..za'yith Tārāph' bě-phī'hā wa' yēdao nōa'h *1 fresh was in-her-mouth. So-2knew and-lo. a-2leaf-of..the-olive 1Noah ha'-ma'yim me-oal' hā-aā'retz. wa'-yi'yā"hel oowd kī..qá'lū that..2were-abated the-waters from-off the-earth. (12) And he stayed yet shivoath' yāmīm' aa'hērīm' wa-yesha'la'h' aeth..ha'-yownāh' wĕand-sent-forth 'seven 1other, andōa..yāçĕphāh' shūv..aēlāif' wa-yĕhī bě-aa'hath' $o\bar{o}wd$. not.. ishe-added to-return..to-him again. (13) And-it-came-to-pass, in-the-4first we-shesh..meaowth' shānāh' bā-riashōwn' bĕ-aehād la-'hōdesh Jand-1six..2hundredth in-the-first month, in-the-first day of-the-month, year, ha'-ma'yim mē-oal' hā-aā'retz wa'-yā'çar nōa'h aeth.. 'hārĕv**ū'** ²were-dried-up ¹the-waters and-2removed ¹Noah — thefrom-off the-earth: mi'kçēh ha'-tēvāh' wa'-yar'a wĕ-hi'nēh 'hārĕvū' pĕnēi hā-aădāmāh'. covering-of the-ark, and-looked, and-behold, 3was-dry 2the-face-of ū-va-'hō'desh ha'-shēnī' bĕ-shivoāh wĕ-oesrīm yōwm la-'hōdesh (14) And-in-2month 1the-second, and-twentieth day on-the-seven yāvčshāh' hā-aā'retz. wa-yĕda'bēr aĕlōhīm' ael..nōa'h lēamōr' (15) And-2spake ¹God unto.. Noah, min..ha'-tēvāh' aa'tāh wĕ-aishtĕ'kā ū-vānei'kā (16) Go-forth of..the-ark, thou, and-thy-wife, and-thy-sons, and-the-wives-of... vānei kā ai tāk. kol..ha-'ha'yāh' a'asher..a'i'te'kā mi'-kol..bāsār' with-thee. (17) Every..[the-]living-thing that..is-with-thee, of-all..flesh, bā-oōwph' ū-va'-bĕhēmāh' ū-vĕ-'kol..hā-re'mes hā-rōmēs' and-among-cattle, and-among-every..[the-]creeping-thing among-fowl, that-creepeth wĕ-shārĕtzū' vā-aā'retz oal..hā-aā'retz haitzē'a ai'tā'k upon..the-earth. bring-forth with-thee; that-they-may-breed-abundantly in-the-earth, wa'-yē'tzēa nōa'h ū-vānāif' wĕ-rāvū' oal..hā-aā'retz. and-be-fruitful, and-multiply upon..the-earth. (18) And-2went-forth 1Noah, and-his-sons, wĕ-aishtōw ū-nĕshēi..vānāif′ ai'tō'w kol..ha-'ha'yāh' kol..hāand-his-wife, and-the-wives-of..his-sons with-him: (19) every..[the-]beast, every..[the-] wĕ-'kol..hā-oōwph' rōwmēs' oal..hā-aā'retz lĕkōl and-every..[the-]fowl, and-whatsoever creepeth upon..the-earth, afteryātzĕaū′ min..ha'-tēvāh'. wa'-yi'ven nōa'h mishpe'hōthēihem' went-forth out-of.. the-ark. (20) And-2builded their-families, mizbēa'h lai-hōwāh' wa'-yi'qa'h' mi'-kōl ha'-bĕhēmāh' ha'-тĕhōrāh' [the-]'clean, unto-Jehovah; and-took of-every [the-]2beast ū-mi'-kōl' hā-oōwph' ha'-Tāhōwr' wa'-ya'oal oōlōth' ba'-mizbēa'h. and-of-every [the-]2fowl [the-]1clean, and offered burnt-offerings on-the-altar.

English Version. 11 and, lo, in her mouth was an olive leaf, pluckt off. 12 which returned not again to him any more. 17 both of fowl, and of cattle, and of every creeping thing that creepeth upon the earth.

^{*} In Arab. Türif, is new, fresh, recent; from Tarufa, to be new or fresh. So Vulgate, ramum olivæ virentibus foliis in ore suo.

wa'-yā'ra'h yĕhōwāh' aeth..rēia'h ha'-nī'hōa'h' wa'-yō'amer yĕhōwāh' (21) And-2 smelled 1 Jehovah $-^{*}$ an-odour-of [the-] sweetness: and-2said 1Jehovah ael..li'bow loa aoçiph le-qa'lel oowd aeth..ha-addamah' ba-oăvūr in .. his-heart, 2not 1I-will-3add to-curse the-ground again yētzer hā-aādām' rao mi'-nĕourāif $h\bar{a}$ - $a\bar{a}d\bar{a}m'$ $k\bar{i}$ lēv 1the-3man; though the-imagination-of ²heart-of ¹the-³man is evil from-his-youth; we-loa aosiph' oowd le-ha'kowth aeth..kol..'hai' ka-aasher' oasī'thī. - every..living-thing, as-[that] I-have-done. neither will-I-add again to-smite kol..yĕmēi hā-aā'retz ze'rao wĕ-qā'tzīr wĕ-qōr wā-'hōm' $o\bar{o}d$ (22) During all..the-days-of the-earth, seed-time and-harvest, and-cold we-qa'yitz wa-'ho'reph we-yowm wa-la'yelah loa yishbo'thu. and-night, 2not 1shall-3cease. and-day and-winter. and-summer

CHAP. IX.

Wa-yĕvāre'k' aĕlōhīm' aeth..nōa'h wĕ-aeth..bānāif' wa'-yō'amer Noah and .. - his-sons, (1) And-2blessed 1God ū-revū' ū-milaū' aeth..hā-aā'retz. ū-mowraaa'kem' pĕrū unto-them, Be-fruitful, and-multiply, and-replenish — the-earth. (2) And-the-fear-of-you, yihĕyeh' oal wě-'hi'tě'kem' kol..'ha'yath' hā-aā'retz wě-oal and-the-dread-of-you, shall-be upon every..beast-of the-earth, and-upon kol..oōwph' ha'-shāmā'yim be-'kōl aasher tirmōs hā-aadāmāh' every..fowl-of the-heavens. upon-all that moveth upon the-earth, ū-vě-'kol..děgēi' ha'-yām' bĕ-yed'kem' ni'tā'nū. kol.. and-upon-all..the-fishes-of the-sea: into-your hand are-they delivered. (3) Every... re'mes aăsher hūa...'hai' lā-'kem' yiheyeh' le-ao'klāh kě-ye'req moving-thing that is..living to-you shall-be for-food; even-as-the-green oēsev nātha'tī' lā-'kem' aeth..kōl. aa'k bāsār' bě-naphshōw herb have-I-given [to-]you — all-things. (4) But flesh with-the-life-thereof, which-is $d\bar{a}m\bar{o}'w$ lĕ $l\bar{o}a$ thōa'kē'lū. wĕ-aa'k aeth..dim'kem' the-blood-thereof, ²not ¹shall-ye-³eat. (5) And-surely - your-blood ofnaphshōthēi'kem' aedrōsh mi'-yad' kol..'ha'yāh' aedrěshé'nū will-I-require; at-the-hand-of every..beast your-lives will-I-require-it, ū-mi'-yad' hā-aādām' mi'-yad' aīsh aā'hīf' aedrosh aeth.. and-at-2hand-of 1the-3man; at-the-hand-of 2man 1his-brother will-I-require

English Version. 21 A sweet savour, marg. a savour of rest — I will not again curse the ground any more for man's sake; for the imagination of man's heart — neither will I again smite any more every living thing. 22 while the earth remaineth. Chap. ix. 2 and upon every fowl of the air. 3 every moving thing that liveth shall be meat for you. 5 at the hand of every man's brother.

^{*} So Lxx. δσμην εύωδίας, and Vulg. odorem suavitatis.

[†] Kī has frequently this sense; and it is evidently required in this place. See Exod. xiii. 19. Jos. xvii. 18.

ne'phesh hā-aādām'. shōphē'k' dam hā-aādām' bā-aādām' dāmō'w yi'shāphē'k' kī bĕ-tze'lem aĕlōhīm' oāsāh' aeth..hā-aādām.' his-blood shall-be-shed: for in-the-image-of God made-he — [the-]man. wĕ-aa'tem' pĕrū ū-rĕvū' shirtzū vā-aā'retz ū-(7) And-you, be-ye-fruitful, and-multiply; bring-forth-abundantly in-the-earth, and-rĕvū..vāhh'. multiply..therein.

Wa'-yō'amer aĕlōhīm' ael..nōa'h wĕ-ael..bānāif' ai'tōw lēamōr' ^{1}God unto.. Noah, and-to.. his-sons with-him, mēqīm' aeth..bĕrīthī' ai'tĕ'kem' wĕ-aeth.. wa-aănī hiněnī establish behold-I - my-covenant (9) And-I, with-you, zaroă'kem' aa'hărēi'kem' we-aethkol..ne'phesh ha-'ha'yāh' after-you; (10) and-with every..2creature your-seed ū-vě-'kol..'ha'yath' ai'tĕ'kem' bā-oōwph' ba'-bĕhēmāh' *a*ăsher among-fowl, is with-you, among-cattle, and-among-every..beast-of hā-aā'retz ai'tĕ'kem' mi'-kōl yōtzĕaēi' ha'-tēvāh' lĕ-'kōl 'ha'yath' from-all that go-out-of the-ark, the-earth with-you; to-every aeth..bĕrīthī' $h\bar{a}$ - $a\bar{a}'$ retz wa-hăkimōthī' ai'tĕ'kem' wĕ-lōa.. (11) and-I-will-establish the-earth: -my-covenant with-you; yi'kārēth' kol..bāsār' oōwd mi'-mēi ha'-ma'būl wĕ-lōa..yihĕyeh' shall-3be-cut-off 1all..2flesh any-more by-2waters-of 1the-3u-flood: neither..shall-there-be wa'-yō'amer aĕlōhīm' zōath oowd ma'būl lĕ-sha'hēth hā-aā'retz. the-earth. (12) And-2said ¹God, any-more a-flood to-destroy ū-vēinči'kem' aōwth..ha'-běrīth *a*ăsher aănī nothen' beinī' the-token-of..the-covenant which give between-me and-between-you, Ι ū-vēin' kol..ne'phesh 'ha'yāh' aăsher ai'tĕ'kem' lĕ-dōrōth' oōwlām' and-between every..2creature 1living that is with-you, for-generations-of perpetuity: aeth..qashtī nāthá'tī be-oānān' wĕ-hāyĕthāh' lĕ-aōwth bĕrīth and-it-shall-be for-a-token-of a-covenant (13) -- my bow I-have-set in-the-cloud, wĕ-hāyāh' bĕ-oanănī oānān' ū-vēin' hā-aā'retz. between-me and-between the-earth. (14) And-it-shall-come-to-pass, when-I-bring *a-cloud oal..hā-aā'retz wĕ-niraăthāh ha'-qe'sheth be-oānān' wĕ-zāˈkartī′ that-2shall-be-seen 1the-bow in-the-cloud: (15) and-I-will-remember aăsher bēinī' ū-vēinēi'kem' ū-vēin' kol..ne'phesh aeth..běrīthī' every..2creature which is between-me and-between-you, and-between 'ha'yāh' bĕ-'kol..bāsār' wĕ-lōa yihĕyeh' oōwd ha'-ma'yim lĕ-ma'būl among-all..flesh; and-3no 2shall-5become 4more 1the-waters 1 living

English Version. 10 of the fowl, of the cattle, and of every beast of the earth with you. 12 this is the token of the covenant which I make between me and you, and every living creature—for perpetual generations. 13 I do set my bow—between me and the earth. 15 between me and you, and every living creature of all flesh.

Literally, cloud a cloud, obnubilate.

lĕ-sha'hēth kol..bāsār'. wĕ-hāyĕthāh' ha'-qe'sheth be-oānān' to-destroy all..flesh. (16) And-2shall-be 1the-bow in-the-cloud;

ū-rěaīthī'hā li-zkōr běrīth oōwlām' bēin aĕlōhīm' ū-vēin' and-I-will-look-upon-it, to-remember the-covenant-of eternity between God and-between

kol..ne'phesh 'ha'yāh' bĕ-'kol..bāsār' aasher oal..hā-aā'retz. wa'-every..²creature ¹living among-all..flesh that is upon..the-earth. (17) And-

yō'amer aĕlōhīm' ael..nōa'h zōath aōwth..ha'-bĕrīth aăsher 2said 1God unto..Noah, This is the-token-of..the-covenant, which

hăqīmo'thī bēinī' ū-vēīn' kol..bāsār' aasher oal..hā-aā'retz. I-have-established between-me and-between all..flesh that is upon..the-earth.

Wa'-yihĕyū' vĕnēi..nō'a'h ha'-yōtzĕaīm' min..ha'-tēvāh' shēm
(18) And-5were ¹the-sons-of..2Noah, ³that-went-forth ⁴of..the-ark, Shem,

we-ham wa-ya'pheth we-ham hua aavī 'kenaoan. sheloshah' and-Ham, and-Japheth: and-Ham is the-father-of Canaan. (19) 3The-three

aē'leh běnēi..nō'a'h ū-mē-aē''leh nāphětzāh' 'kol..hā-aā'retz.

1these ²are sons-of..Noah: and-of-these was-³overspread ¹all..²the-earth.

wa'-yā"hel nōa'h aīsh hā-aădāmāh' wa'-yī'Ta'o kārem wa'(20) And-2began 1Noah to-be a-man-of the-ground; and-he-planted a-vineyard: (21)and-

yesht' min..ha'-ya'yin wa'-yishkar' wa'-yithgal' be-thow'k he-drank of..the-wine, and-was-drunken; and-he-was-uncovered in-the-midst-of

aāhŏlōh.' wa'-yar'a 'hām aăvī 'kĕna'oan aēth oerwath' his-tent. (22) And-4saw 'Ham, 2the-father-of 'Canaan — the-nakedness-of

aāvīf' wa'-ya'gēd' li-shnēi..ae'hāif' ba-'hūtz. wa'-yi'qa'h' shēm his-father, and-told [to-]²two[-of..]¹his-²brethren with-out. (23) And-⁴took ¹Shem

wā-ye'pheth aeth..ha'-simlāh wa'-yāsī'mū oal..shĕ'kem' shĕnēihem' ²and-³Japheth — a [the-]garment and-laid it upon..the-shoulder-of them-both,

wa'-yēlĕ'kū' aă'hōra'nīth' wa-yĕ'ka'çū aēth oerwath' aăvīhem' and-went backward, and-covered — the-nakedness-of their-father:

ū-pheneihem' aă'hora'nīth' we-oerwath' aavīhem' loa rāaū'. and-their-faces were backward, and-the-nakedness-of their-father 3not 1they-2saw.

wa'-yī'qetz nōa'h mi'-yēinō'w wa'-yē'dao aēth aäsher..oāsāh' (24) And-²awoke ¹Noah from-his-wine, and-knew — what..⁴had-done

low benow ha'-qārān' wa'-yo'amer sunto-him his-son [the-]2younger: (25) and he-said,

aārūr' kĕnāoan Cursed be Canaan;

oe'ved oăvādīm' yiheyeh' le-ae'haif.
A-servant-of servants shall-he-be to-his-brethren.

English Version. 16 look upon it, that I may remember the everlasting covenant between God and every living creature of all flesh. 17 between me and all flesh. 10 and of them was the whole earth overspread. 20 and Noah began to be a husbandman 21 and he was uncovered within his tent. 23 and laid it upon both their shoulders.

wa'-yō'amer (26) And-he-said,

bārū'k' yĕhōwāh' aĕlōhēi' shēm Blessed be Jehovah the-God-of Shem;

wī-hī' 'kĕna'oan oe'ved lā-mō'w. And-²shall-be ¹Canaan a-servant to-him.

yapht aëlöhīm' lĕ-ye'pheth (17) 2Shall-enlarge 1God [to-]Japheth,

we-yishkon be-aaholei..shem' And-he-shall-dwell in-the-tents-of..Shem;

wī-hī' 'kĕna'oan oe'ved lāmō'w. And-2shall-be 'Canaan a-servant to-him.

Wa-ye'hī..nō'a'h aa'har' ha'-ma'būl shĕlōsh mēaōwth' shānāh' (28) And-lived..¹Noah after the-flood three hundred [years] wa-'hāmi'shīm shānāh'. wa-yehī kol..yemēi..nō'a'h tesha'o mēaōwth' and-fifty years. (29) And-were ¹all..¹the-days-of..³Noah nine hundred shānāh' wa-'hāmi'shīm shānāh' wa'-yāmōth'. [years] and-fifty years: and-he-died.

CHAP. X.

Wĕ-aē'leh tōwlědōth' běnēi..no'a'h shēm 'hām wā-yā'pheth (1) Now-these are the-generations-of the-sons-of.. Noah, Shem, Ham, and-Japheth: wa'-yi'wālĕdū' lā-hem' bānīm' aa'har' ha'-ma'būl. bĕnēi ye'pheth and-2were-born unto-them the-flood. (2) The-sons-of Japheth; sons after ū-māgōwg' ū-mādai' wĕ-yāwān' wĕ-thuvāl ū-me'she'k gömer and-Javan, and-Tubal. Gomer. and-Magog, and-Madai, and-Meshech. gomer aashkěnaz' wě-rīphath' wěwĕ-thīrāç'. ū-věnēi' and-Tiras. (3) And-the-sons-of Gomer; Ashkenaz, and-Riphath, yāwān' wĕ-tharshīsh thogarmāh'. ū-věnēi' aĕlīshāh' (4) And-the-sons-of Javan; and-Tarshish, Togarmah. Elishah, ki'tīm wĕ-dōdānīm'. mē-aē''leh niphrědū ai'yēi' ha'-gōwyim' were-3divided 1the-isles-of 2the-gentiles and-Dodanim. (5) By-these běbě-*a*artzōthām' lĕ-mishpĕ'hōthām' $a\bar{i}sh$ li-lshōnō'w after-their-families, inin-their-lands; every man after-his-tongue, gōwyēhem'. their-nations.

ū-věnēi' 'hām kūsh ū-mitzra'yim ū-phūt' ū-'kěnā'oan.
(6) And-the-sons-of Ham; Cush, and-Mizraim, and-Phut, and-Canaan.

English Version 26 and Canaan shall be his servant, marg. or servant to them. 27 Idem. Chap. x. 5 every one after his tongue.

'kūsh çĕvāa wa-'hăwīlāh' wĕ-çaytāh wĕ-raomāh wĕū-věnēi' (7) And-the-sons-of Cush; Seba, and-Havilah, and-Sabtah, and-Raamah, andçavtě kāh ū-věnēi raomāh shěvāa ū-dědān. Sabtechah: and-the-sons-of Raamah; Sheba, and-Dedan. wé-'kūsh yālad' (8) And-Cush begat aeth..nimrod hūa hē'hēl' li-hĕyowth, gi'bor bā-aā'retz hūa..hāyāh' to-be a-mighty-one in-the-earth: (9) he..was hе began gi'bōr..tza'yid liphnēi yĕhōwāh' oal..kēn yēaāmar' kĕ-nimrōd Jehovah: wherefore it-is-said, a-mighty..hunter before Even-as-Nimrod gi'bōwr tza'yid liphnēi yĕhōwāh'. wa'-tĕhī rēashīth' mamla'ktōw Jehovah. (10) And-3was 1the-beginning-of 2his-kingdom 1 the-mighty hunter before bāvel' wĕ-ae're'k wĕ-aa'kad' wĕ-'kalnēh bĕ-ae'retz shinoār. and-Erech, and-Accad, and-Calneh, in-the-land-of Shinar. (11) Out-of.. yātzā'a aa'shūr wa'-yi'ven aeth..nīnĕwēh' ha-hi'wa hā-aā'retz he-went to-Assyria, and-built [the-]2land [the-]1that wĕ-aeth..kāla'h wě-aeth..rě'hōvōth'-oīr we-aeth..re'çen bein Rehoboth-Ir. - Calah, (12) and - Resen, between and nīneweh' ū-vein' kāla'h hiwa hā-oīr' ha'-gedolāh'. ū-mitzra'yim Nineveh and-between Calah: it is a-[the-]2city [the-]1great. (13) And-Mizraim yālad' aeth..lūdīm' wĕ-aeth..oănāmīm' wĕ-aeth..lĕhāvīm' wĕ-aeth.. - Ludim, and - Anamim, and - Lehabim, and wë-aeth..pathruçīm wĕ-aeth..kaçlu'hīm and — Pathrusim, and — Casluhim naphtu'hīm (14) and Naphtuhim, (2whom yātzěaū' mi'-shām pělishtīm wě-aeth.. kaphtōrīm'. out-of[-thence] Philistim), and —

ū-'kena'oan yalad' aeth..tzīdon' be'koro'w we-aeth..'heth we-(15) And-Canaan begat — Zidon his-first-born, and — Heth, (16) and aeth..ha-yĕvūçī' wĕ-aeth..hā-aĕmōrī' wĕ-aeth..ha'-girgāshī' wĕthe-Amorite, and - the-Girgashite, the-Jebusite, and (17) and aeth..ha-'hi'wī wĕ-aeth..ha-oarqī wĕ-aeth..ha'-çīnī' wĕ-aeth..hāthe-Hivite, and — the-Arkite, and — the-Sinite, (18) and — theaarwādī' wĕ-aeth..ha'-tzĕmārī' wĕ-aeth..ha-'hămāthī' wĕ-aa'har' and - the-Hamathite: and-afterward - the-Zemarite. Arvadite, and gěvūl mishpě'hōwth ha'-kěnaoănī. wa-yěhī nāphětzū' were-3spread-abroad 1the-families-of 2the-Canaanites. (19) And-3was 1the-border-of ha'-kĕnaoănī mi'-tzīdōn' bōaă'kāh' gĕrā'rāh oad..oa'zāh bōaă'kāh' 2the-Canaanites from-Zidon, as-thou-comest to..Gerar, unto..Gaza; as-thou-goest çĕdō'māh wa-oămōrāh' wĕ-aadmāh ū-tzĕvōwyim' oad..lāshao. aē'leh unto-Sodom, and-Gomorrah, and-Admah, and-Zeboim, even-unto.. Lasha. (20) These are

English Version. 11 Out of that land went forth Asshur, (marg. or, he went out into Assyria) and builded Nineveh, and the city Rehoboth, marg. or the streets of the city. 12 between Nineveh and Calah: the same is a great city.

věnēi. 'hām' lě-mishpě'hōthām' li-lshōnōthām' bě-aartzōthām' bě-the-sons-of. Ham, after-their-families, after-their-tongues, in-their-countries, and-ingōwyēhem'. their-nations.

aăvī ū-lĕ-shēm' yu'lad' gam..hūa (21) Also-unto-Shem were-born children, even..to-him, the-father-of all..the-children-of.. aă'hī ye'pheth ha'-gādōwl'. běnēi shēm oēilām' the-elder. (22) The-children-of Shem; Elam, the-brother-of Japheth wĕ-aarpa'kshad' wĕ-lūd wa-aărām. wě-*a*a'shūr and-Lud, and-Aram. (23) And-the-children-of and-Asshur, and-Arphaxad, aărām oūtz wĕ-'hūl wĕ-ge'ther wā-mash'. wĕ-aarpa'kshad' yālad' and-Hul, and-Gether, and-Mash. (24) And-Arphaxad aeth..shāla'h wĕ-she'la'h yālad' aeth..oēver. ū-lĕ-oē'ver yu'lad' and-Salah begat - Eber. (25) And-unto-Eber were-born vānīm' shēm hā-ae'hād' pe'leg kī vĕ-yāmāif' sons; the-name-of [the-]one was Peleg; for in-his-days niphlĕgāh was-2divided hā-aā'retz wĕ-shēm aā'hīf' yoqтān. wĕ-yoqтān' yālad' aeth.. the-earth; and-the-name-of his-brother was Joktan. (26) And-Joktan begat aalmowdad' we-aeth..shaleph we-aeth..'hatzarmaweth we-aeth.. Sheleph, and Hazarmaveth, and and wĕ-aeth..hădōwrām' wĕ-aeth..aūzāl' wě-aeth..diqlāh Jerah, (27) and — Hadoram, and — Uzal. wě-aeth..oowval' wě-aeth..aăvīmāael' wě-aeth..shěvāa wě-aeth.. (28) and — Obal, and — Abimael. and — Sheba. wĕ-aeth..'hawīlāh' wĕ-aeth..yowvāv' kol..aē'leh *a*ōwphir' and — Jobab : all..these were the-sons-of Havilah, Ophir, wa-yĕhī mōwshāvām' mi'-mēshā'a bōaă'kāh' çĕphā'rāh yoq Tan. Joktan. (30) And-2was 1their-dwelling from-Mesha, as-thou-goest unto-Sephar, ha'-qe'dem. aē'leh včnēi..shēm' lĕ-mishpĕ'hōthām' har (31) These are the-sons-of.. Shem, a-mount-of after-their-families, li-lshonotham' be-aartzotham' le-gowyehem'. ae'leh mishpe'hoth in-their-lands, after-their-nations. (32) These are the-families-of after-their-tongues, běnēi..nō'a'h lě-thōlědōthām' bě-gōwyēhem' ū-mē-aē''leh niphrědū the-sons-of.. Noah, after-their-generations, in-their-nations: and-by-these were-2divided ha'-gōwyim bā-aā'retz aa'har' ha'-ma'būl. the-nations in-the-earth

CHAP. XI.

Wa-yĕhī 'kol..hā-aā'retz sāphāh' ae'hāth ū-dĕvārīm' aă'hādīm.'
(1) And-was lall..2the-earth of 2language* lone, and-of-2speech t lone.

^{*} Literally, " lip."

bě-nāçĕoām' mi'-qe'dem wa'-yimtzĕaū vigoāh wa-věhī (2) And-it-came-to-pass, in-their-journeying from-the-east, that-they-found a-plain wa'-yōamĕrū' wa'-yē'shĕvū shām. bě-ae'retz shinoār aish (3) And-they-said each man and-they-dwelt there. in-the-land-of Shinar; hā'vāh nilbenāh levenīm' we-nisrephāh li-srephāh'. ael..rēoē'hū and-burn them to-a-burning. to..his-neighbour, Come, let-us-make bricks, lā-hem' ha'-lĕvēnāh' lĕ-aāven wĕ-ha-'hēmār' hāyāh' wa'-tĕhī the-brick and-the-*bitumen 3to-them for-stone, And-2was wa'-yōamĕrū' hā'vāh nivneh..'lā'nū la-'hōmer. lā-hem' for-mortar. (4) And-they-said, Come, let-us-build..[to-]us a-city, andto-them migdāl' wĕ-rōashō'wva'-shāma'yim wĕ-naoăseh..'lā'nu shēm that-its-top may-reach unto-the-heavens; and-let-us-make[..to-]us a-name, oal..pěnēi 'kol..hā-aā'retz. wa'-vē'red pen..nāphūtz' lest..we-be-scattered-abroad upon..the-face-of the-whole of..the-learth. (5) And-2came-down yĕhōwāh' li-raōth aeth..hā-oīr' wĕ-aeth..ha'-migdāl aăsher - the-city and - the-tower, 4builded ¹Jehovah wa'-yō'amer yĕhōwāh' hēn oam ae'hād hā-aādām'. věnēi (6) Ånd-2said ¹Jehovah, Behold, the-people is one, ²children-of 1the-3man. wĕ-sāphāh'aa'hath' lĕ-'ku'lām wĕ-zeh ha'hi'lām la-oăsōwth wĕ-oa'tāh one is to-them-all; and-this they-begin and-alanguage to-do; lōa..yi'bātzēr' mē-hem' kōl aăsher yāzemū' la-oasowth. hā'vāh nothing..shall-be-restrained from-them of-all which they-have-imagined to-do. (7) Come, nērēdāh' wĕ-nāvĕlāh' shām sĕphāthām' aasher lōa yishmĕoū we-will-go-down, and-2confound 1there their-language, that 3not 1they-2may-4understand each wa'-yā'phetz yĕhowāh' aothām' mi'sĕphath rēoē'hū. $a\bar{i}sh$ the-speech-of his-neighbour. (8) So-2scattered-4abroad 1Jehovah man shām oal..pěnēi 'kol..hā-aā'retz wa'-ya'hdělū' li-vnōth hā-oīr.' thence upon...the-face-of all..the-earth: and-they-left-off to-build the-city. oal..kēn qārā'a shěmāhh bāvel kī..shām **bālal'y**ěhōwāh' Babel; because..there ²did-³confound ¹Jehovah (9) Therefore he-called its-name sěphath kol..ha-aā'retz ū-mi'-shām' hěphītzām' yĕhōwāh' oal.. the-language-of all..the-earth: and-from-thence did-1scatter-them abroad-2Jehovah upon. kol..hā-aā'retz. pěnei the-face-of all..the-earth.

aē'leh tōwlĕdōth' shēm shēm ben..mĕaath' shānāh' (10) These are the-generations-of Shem: Shem was [the-son-of..]a-hundred years old,

English Version. 2 as they journeyed from the east, marg. or, eastward. 3 Go to. And they had bricks for stone, and slime had they for morter. 4 And they said, Go to — a tower whose top may reach unto heaven. 5 children of men. 6 and they have all one language—will be restrained from them, which, &c. 7 Go to,—let us go down—understand one another's speech. 9 Therefore is the name of it called.

^{*} So Lxx. ἄσφαλτος, and Vulgate, bitumen; and so the Arabic 'humaron and 'hu'maron, probably so called from its reddish colour, from 'hama'ra, to be red.

wa'-yō'wled aeth..aarpa'kshād shĕnātha'yim aa'har' ha'-ma'būl.
and-begat — Arphaxad, two-years after the-flood.

wa-ye'hī..shēm' aa'hărēi hōwlīdō'w aeth..aarpa'kshād 'hămēsh (11) And-2lived..¹Shem after he-begat — Arphaxad five

mēaowth' shānāh' wa'-yo'wled bānīm' ū-vānowth'.
hundred years, and-begat sons and-daughters.

Wĕ-aarpa'kshad' 'hai 'hāmēsh' ū-shĕlōshīm' shānāh' wa'-yō'wled (12) And-Arphaxad lived five and-thirty years, and-begat aeth..shāla'h wa-ye'hī aarpa'kshad' aa'hărēi hōwlīdo'w aeth..she'la'h (13) and-2lived ^īArphaxad after he-begat shālosh' shānīm' we-aarba'o meaowth' shānāh' wa'-yo'wled bānīm' ³and-¹four ²hundred [years], 5years and-hegat ũ-vānōwth'. and-daughters.

Wĕ-she'la'h 'hai shĕlōshīm' shānāh' wa'-vō'wled aeth..oēver (14) And-Salah lived thirty and-begat Eber: years, wa-yĕ'hī..she'la'h aa'hărēi hōwlīdo'w aeth..oēver shālōsh' shānīm' he-begat Eber 4three (15) and-2lived.. Salah after we-aarba'o meaowth' shanah' wa'-yo'wled banam' ū-vanowth'. ²hundred and-begat sons and-daughters. [years], 3and-1four

Wa-yĕ'hī..oē'ver aarba'o ū-shělōshīm' shānāh' wa'-yō'wled and-thirty (16) And-2lived..1Eber four years, and-begat wa-yĕ'hī..oē'ver aa'hărēi hōwlīdō'w aeth..pe'leg aeth..paleg (17) and-2lived..1Eber after he-begat Peleg --- Peleg: shěloshīm' shānāh' wě-aarba'o mēaowth' shānāh' wa'-yo'wled bānīm' 3and-1four ²hundred [years], and-begat 5years 4thirty ū-vānōwth'. and-daughters.

Wa-yĕ'hī..phe'leg shĕlōshīm' shānāh' $wa'-y\bar{o}'w$ led and begat - Reu: (18) And-lived.. Peleg thirty years, wa-yĕ'hī..phe'leg aa'hărēi hōwlīdō'w aeth..rĕoū tēshao shānīm' ū-— Reu 3nine (19) and-2lived..1Peleg after he-begat māatha'yim shānāh' wa'-yō'wled bānīm' ū-vānōwth'. and-begat and-daughters. sons two-hundred [years],

Wa-yĕ'hī rĕoū shĕta'yim ū-shĕlōshīm' $wa'-y\bar{o}'w$ led shānāh' and-begat and-thirty (20) And-2lived 1Reu two years, aeth..sěrūg *a*a hărēi hōwlīdō'w aeth..sĕrūg wa-yě'hī rěoū (21) and-2lived he-begat Serug ¹Reu after — Serug: wa'-yō'wled bānīm ūshānāh' she'vao shānīm' ū-māatha'yim and-begat sons and-²and-¹two-hundred [years], 5seven 4years vānowth.

daughters.

Wa-yĕ'hī sĕrūg shĕlōshīm' shānāh' wa'-yō'wled aeth..nā'hōwr' (22) And-²lived ¹Serug thirty years, and-begat — Nahor: wa-yĕ'hī sĕrūg aa'hărēi hōwlīdō'w aeth..nā'hōwr' māatha'yim (23) and-²lived ¹Serug after he-begat — Nahor two-hundred shānāh' wa'-yō'wled bānīm' ū-vānōwth'. years, and-begat sons and-daughters.

nā'hōwr' tēshao we-oesrīm shānāh' Wa-ve'hī $wa'-v\bar{o}'w$ led (24) And-2lived ¹Nahor nine and-twenty and-begat years, wa-yĕ'hī nā'hōwr' aa'hărēi hōwlīdō'w aeth..te'ra'h aeth..tāra'h (2) and -2 lived 1Nahor after he-begat těshao..oesrēh shānāh' ū-měaath' shānāh' wa'-yō'wled bānīm' ū-²and-¹a-hundred [years], and-begat 4years vānowth'. daughters.

Wa-yĕ'hī..the'ra'h shivoīm shānāh' wa'-yō'wled aeth..aavrām (26) And-2lived...1Terah seventy years, and-begat aeth..nā'hōwr' wĕ-aeth..hārān'. wĕ-aē'leh tōwlĕdōth' te'ra'h Nahor, and — Haran. (27) Now-these are the-generations-of Terah: te'ra'h howlid' aeth..aavram aeth..na'howr' we-aeth..haran' weand — Abram, Nahor, Haran; begat hārān' hōwlīd' aeth..lōwr. wa'-yā'moth hārān' oal..pĕnēi te'ra'h Lot. (28) And-2died ¹Haran before..the-face-of Terah Haran begat $m\bar{o}w$ ladt $\bar{o}'w$ bě- $a\bar{u}r$ bě-ae'retz aāvīf' kasdīm. wa'-yi'qa'h' the-Chaldees. (29) Ånd-3took his-father, in-the-land-of his-nativity, in-Ur-of avrām we-na'howr' la-hem' nashīm' shēm aesheth..avrām' sarai' ²and-Nahor [to-]them wives: the-name-of the-wife-of.. Abram was Sarai; aēsheth..nā'hōwr' milkāh bath..hārān' wĕ-shēm and-the-name-of the-wife-of.. Nahor was Milcah, the-daughter-of.. Haran, the-father-of.. milkāh' viçkāh. wa'-tĕhī sārai' oặqārāh' wa-aăvī Milcah. and-the-father-of Iscah. (30) But-2was Sarai barren; there-was not lāhh wālād'. wa'-yi'qa'h' te'ra'h aeth..aavrām bĕnōw wĕ-aeth.. 2to-her 1a-child. (31) And-2took ¹Terah Abram $l\bar{o}w_{T}$ ben..hārān' ben..běn $\bar{o}w$ wě-aēth sārai' ka'lāth $\bar{o}'w$ Lot the-son-of..Haran the-son-of..his-son, and — Sarai his-daughter-in-law, the-wife-of aavrām běnōw wa'-yētzěaū' ai'tām mē-aūr' kasdīm lā-le"keth his-son; and-they-went-forth with-them from-Ur-of the-Chaldees, kěna'oan wa'-yāvō'aū oad..'hārān' wa'-yē'shĕvū shām. into-the-land-of Canaan: and-they-came unto.. Haran,

English Version. 28 and Haran died before his father Terah. 30 she had no child.

wa'-yiheyu' yemei..the'ra'h 'hāmesh' shānīm' ū-māatha'yim shānāh' (32) And-3were 1the-days-of..2Terah 6five 7years 5and-4two-hundred [years]: wa'-yā'moth te'ra'h be-'hārān'. and-2died 1Terah in-Haran.

CHAP. XII.

Wa'-yō'amer yĕhōwāh' ael..aavrām le'k..lĕ'kā mē-aartzĕ'kā' ¹Jehovah (1) Now-2had-said unto-Abram, Get..[to-]thee out-of-thy-country, $\bar{\mathbf{u}}$ -mi'-m $\bar{\mathbf{o}}$ wladtě'k $\bar{\mathbf{a}}$ ' $\bar{\mathbf{u}}$ -mi'-b $\bar{\mathbf{e}}$ ith' $a\bar{\mathbf{a}}$ v $\bar{\mathbf{i}}$ ''k $\bar{\mathbf{a}}$ ael..hā-aā'retz ašsher and-from-thy-kindred, and-from-the-house-of thy-father, unto..the-land wĕ-aeoes'kā lĕ-gōwi gādōwl' wa-aăvāre'kĕ'kā' I-will-shew-thee: (2) and-I-will-make-of thee-[for-]u-2nation 1 great, and-I-will-bless-thee, wa-aăga'dĕlāh shĕme"kā we-hĕyēh bĕrā'kāh' wa-*a*ăvārĕ`kāh' and-make-2great thy-name; and-thou-shalt-be a-blessing: (3) and-I-will-bless ū-mĕqa'lel'kā' měvārá'kei''kā aāaōr' wĕ-nivrĕ'kū vĕ'kā kōl them-that-bless-thee, and-2him-that-curseth-thee 1curse; and-2shall-6be-blessed 1in-thee 3all mishpë'hoth ha-aadamah'. wa'-ye'le'k aavram ka-aasher' di'ber' (4) So-2departed 1Abram, as-[that] 2had-spoken 4the-families-of 5the-earth. yĕhōwāh' wa'-yē'le'k ai'tōw lōwt wĕ-aavrām and-²went 3with-him 'Lot: and-Abram was [the-son-of..] ³unto-him ¹Jehovah : 'hāmēsh' shānīm' we-shivoīm shānāh' be-tzeathow me-hāran'. ²and-¹seventy old [years] when-he-departed out-of-Haran. wa'-yi'qa'h' aavrām aeth..sārai' aishtōw we-aeth..lōwT

(5) And-2took Abram — Sarai his-wife, and — Lot the-so ben..aā'hīf' Sarai his-wife, and — Lot the-son-of..his-brother, wě-aeth..kol..rě'kūshām' aäsher rā'kā'shū wĕ-aeth..ha'-ne'phesh that they-had-acquired, and all..their-substance vě-'hārān' wa'-yētzĕaū' lā-le"keth aăsher..oāsū' *a*a'rĕtzāh that..they-had-gotten in-Haran: and-they-went-forth into-the-land-of to-go kěna'oan wa'-yāvō'aū aa'rětzāh kěnāoan. wa'-yaoăvōr' aavrām and-3they-came 1into-the-land-of 2Canaan. (6) And-2passed ¹Abram vad měqōwm shě'kem oad aēlōwn' mōwreh'. wĕ-ha'through-the-land unto the-place-of Shechem, unto the-plain-of Moreh. wa'-yērā'a yĕhōwāh' ael..aavrām wa'kěnaoaní aaz ba-aa'retz. Canaanite was then in-the-land. (7) And-2appeared 1Jehovah unto.. Abram,

English Version. Chap. xii. 2 from thy father's house, unto a land. 5 and all their substance that they had gathered. 6 place of Sichem.

^{*} So Targ. mēishōr, and David de Pomis mīshōwr; and Vulg. convallem: but Lxx. δρῦν, an oak, and Celsius, who is followed by Gesenius, the terebinth or turpentine tree.

yō'wmer lĕ-zaroă'kā ae'tēn aeth..hā-aā'retz ha'-zōath wa'-yi'ven Unto-thy-seed will-I-give — [the-]2land [the-]this: and-he-builded shām mizbēa'h lai-hōwāh' ha'-nireh' aēlāif'. wa'-yaotēq' mi'unto-Jehovah, who-appeared unto-him. (8) And-he-removed froman-altar mi'-qe'dem lĕ-vēith..aēl' wa'-yēr aāhŏlōh' shām hā-hā'rāh of-Beth..el, and-pitched thence ²a-[the-]mountain-¹unto on-the-east bēith..aēl' mi'-yām' wĕ-hā-oai' mi'-qe'dem wa'-yi'ven shām mizbēa'h having Beth..el on-the-west, and-[the-]Ai on-the-east; and-he-builded there lai-hōwāh' wa'-yiqrā'a bĕ-shēm yĕhōwāh'. wa'-yi'ça'o aavrām and-called upon-the-name-of Jehovah. (9) And-2journeyed Abram,

hālōw'k' wĕ-nāçō'wao ha'-ne'gĕbāh. going and-journeying 2the-3south-1toward.

Wa-yĕhī rāoāv' bā-aā'retz wa'-yē'red aavrām mitzra'yĕmāh
(10) And-there-was a-famine in-the-land: and-2went-down lAbram into-Egypt

lā-gūr' shām kī. kāvēd' hā-rāoāv' bā-aā'retz. wa-yĕhī to-sojourn there; for.. was-heavy the-famine in-the-land. (11) And-it-came-to-pass,

ka-aasher' hiqrīv lā-vo'wa mitzrā'yĕmāh wa'-yō'amer ael..sārai' when he-was-come-near to-enter into-Egypt, that-he-said unto..Sarai

aishtōw hi'nēh..nā'a yāda'otī kī ai'shāh yĕphath..maraeh' his-wife, Behold..now, I-know that ²a-woman ³fair-of..4aspect

aā't wĕ-hāyāh' kī..yiraū' aōthā'k' ha'-mitzrīm thou-art: (12) therefore-it-shall-come-to-pass, when. 2shall-see 3thee the-Egyptians,

wě-aāměrū' aishtōw zōath wě-hārěgū' aōthī' wě-aōthā'k' yě'ha'yū'. that-they-shall-say, 2His-wife 1this-is: and-they-will-kill me, but-2thee 1they-will-save-3alive.

aimrī..nā'a aă'hō'thī aā't lĕ-ma'oan yīrav..lī' va-(13) Say..I-pray-thee, ²my-sister ¹thou-art: [to-the-end-]that it-may-be-well..with-me for-

aavūre'k' we-'hayethah' naphshī biglale'k'. wa-yehī ke-vowa thy-sake; and shall-live my-soul because-of-thee. (14) And-it-came-to-pass, as-came

aavrām mitzrā'yĕmāh wa'-yiraū' ha'-mitzrīm aeth..hā-ai'shāh'
¹Abram into-Egypt, that-²beheld ¹the-Egyptians — the-woman

kī..yāphāh' hiwa mĕaōd. wa'-yiraū' aōthāhh' sārēi' pharoōh wa-that..3fair ¹she-was ²very. (15) Also-3saw ⁴her ¹the-princes-of ²Pharaoh, and-

yĕhalălū aōthāhh' ael..paroōh wa'-tu'qa'h' hā-ai'shāh' bēith commended her before..Pharaoh; and-2was-taken the-woman into the-house-of

paroōh. ū-lĕ-aavrām' hēitīv' ba-oăvūrāhh' wa-yĕhī..lō'w Pharaoh. (16) And-2Abram ¹he-entreated-3well for-her-sake: and-there-was..to-him

tzōan..ū-vāqār' wa-'hămōrīm' wa-oăvādīm' ū-shĕphā'hōth' wa-sheep..and-oxen, and-he-asses, and-men-servants, and-maid-servants, and-

aăthōnōth' ū-gĕma'līm'. wa-yĕna'ga'o yĕhōwāh' aeth..paroōh she-asses, and-camels. (17) And-2plagued 'Jehovah — Pharaoh

English Version. 9 going on still toward the south. 10 the famine was grievous. 11 a fair woman to look upon. 14 that, when Abram was come into Egpyt, the Egyptians. 16 and he had sheep and oxen, &c.

něgāoīm' gědōlīm' wě-aeth..bēithō'w oal..děvar' aesheth sārai 3with-5plagues 4great land..2his-house, because-of Sarai, the-wife-of avrām. wa'-yiqrā'a pharoōh le-avrām wa'-yō'amer mah..'zōath Abram. (18) And-2called Pharaoh [to-]Abram, and-said, What..is-this that oāsī'thā lā'māh lōa..hi'gad'tā 'lī kī aishtĕ'kā hiwa. 'lī why 3not..1didst-2thou-4tell [to-]me that 2thy-wife 1she-was? thou-hast done unto-me ? aāmar'tā aă'hō'thī hīwa wā-ae'qa'h' aōthāhh' lī lĕ-(19) Why saidst-thou, ²My-sister ¹she-is? so-I-might-have-taken ai'shāh wĕ-oa'tāh hi'nēh aishtĕ'kā qa'h wā-lē'k'. wa-yĕtzaf' wife: 2therefore,-1now, behold thy-wife, take-her, and-depart. (20) And-2commanded oālāif' paroōh aănāshīm' wa-yĕsha'lĕ'hū aōthō'w wĕ-aeth..aishtōw 4concerning-him Pharaoh 3his-men: and-they-sent-2away him, and wë-aeth..kol..aăsher..lōw. and - all..that..belonged-to-him.

CHAP. XIII.

) Wa'-yaoal' aavrām mi'-mitzra'yim hūa wĕ-aishtōw wĕ-'kol.. (1) And-went-up 'Abram out-of-Egypt, and-his-wife, he, and-all.. wĕ-lōwT oi'mōw ha'-ne'gĕbāh. wĕ-aavrām kāvēd' that..belonged-to-him, and-Lot with-him, 2the-3south-1into. (2) And-Abram was 2rich ba'-ke'çeph ū-va'-zāhāv'. wa'-yē'le'k lĕměaod ba'-migneh' and-in-gold. (3) And-he-went in-silver, in-cattle, ¹very, ma'çāoāif' mi'-ne'gev we-oad..beith..ael' oad..ha'-māqōwm' aasher.. his-journeys from-the-south, even-to..Beth-el, unto..the-place [which..] ba'-tě'hi'lāh bēin bēith..aēl' ū-vēin' hāhāyāh' shām *a*āhŏlōh' at-the-beginning, between Beth-el and-[between the-] 3had-been 1where 2his-tent ha'-mizbēa'h ael..měqōwm aăsher..oāsāh' oāi' shām bāwhich..he-had-made (4) unto-the-place-of the-altar, yĕhōwāh'. riashonāh' wa'-yiqrā'a shām aavrām bě-shēm and-3called ²Abram on-the-name-of 1there Jehovah. (5) Andgam..lě-lowt ha-hole'k' aeth..aavram hayah' tzoan..ū-vaqar' wealso..to-Lot. who-went with..Abram, was-there sheep..and-oxen aotham' ha-aa'retz la-she'veth ya'hdaf aōhālīm'. wě-lōa..nāsā'a (6) And-3not..2could-4bear 5them ¹the-land, to-dwell together: yā'kĕlū lā-she'veth ya'hdāf. kī..hāyāh' rĕ'kūshām' rāv wĕ-lōa 1their-substance great, so-that-2not 1they-could [to-]dwell together.

English Version. 19 take her, and go thy way. 20 and all that he had. Chap. xiii. 1 all that he had. 3 between Beth-el and Hai. 5 and Lot also, which went with Abram, had flocks, and herds, and tents. 6 and the land was not able to bear them, that they might dwell together.

and-to-thy-seed

miqnēh..aavrām' ū-vēin' wa-věhī..rīv' bēin rōoēi' (7) And-there-was..a-strife between the-herdmen-of the-cattle-of..Abram, and-[between] miqnēh..lōwт' wĕ-ha'-kĕnaoanī wĕ-ha'-pĕri'zī aāz the-herdmen-of the-cattle-of..I.ot. And-the-Canaanite and-the-Perizzite 2then yōshēv' bā-aā'retz. wa'-yō amer aavrām ael..lōwt aal..nāa thěhī in-the-land. (8) And-2said Abram unto..Lot, 2no..4I-pray-thee, 1let-there-be bēinī' ū-vēine"kā ū-vēin' rōoai' mĕrīvāh' between-me and-[between-]thee, and-between my-herdmen and-[between] 3strife kī..aanāshīm' aa'hīm aanā"henū. ha-loa 'kol..ha-aa'retz rōoeí kā we-are. (9) Is-not the-whole-[of..the]-land thy-herdmen; for..[men] ²brethren mē-oālāi' aim..ha'-sĕm $\bar{o}a$ l lĕphāneí kā hi'pāred $n\bar{a}a$ before-thee? Separate-thyself, I-pray-thee, from-me. If..thou-wilt-take-the-left-hand, wĕ-aēimi'nāh wĕ-aim..ha'-yāmīn' wě-aasměaīlāh. then-I-will-go-to-the-right; or-if..thou-depart-to-the-right-hand, then-I-will-go-to-the-left. wa'-yi'sāa..lōw'r' aeth..oēināif' wa'-yar'a aeth..kol..ki'kar' (10) And-2lifted-up..1Lot — his-eyes, and-beheld all..2plain-of yardēn' kī 'ku'lāhh mashqeh' liphnēi sha'hēth yĕhōwāh' aeth...
Jordan, that all-of-it was well-watered, before 2destroyed 11chough ²destroyed çĕdōm wĕ-aeth..oamōrāh' kĕ-gan..yĕhōwāh' kĕ-ae'retz mitzra'yim and — Gomorrah, (even as-the-garden-of.. Jehovah, like-the-land-of lōwт aēth kol..ki'kar' bōaă'kāh' tzōoar. wa'-yiv'har.. $l\bar{o}'w$ as-thou-comest-unto Zoar. (11) Then-2chose..3him ¹Lot all..2plain-of ha'-yardēn' wa'-yi'ça'o low't mi'-qe'dem wa'-yi'pārĕdū' aīsh the-3Jordan; and-2journeyed Lot east[-ward]: and-they-separated-themselves each man mē-oal' aavrām yāshav' bĕ-ae'retz..kĕnāoan wĕ-lōwr $a\bar{a}'h\bar{i}f'$. from-[near] his-brother. (12) Abram dwelt in-the-land-of.. Canaan, and-Lot yāshav' bĕ-oārēi' ha'-ki'kār wa'-yeaĕhal' oad..çĕdōm. dwelt in-the-cities-of the-plain, and-pitched-his-tent* toward...Sodom. rāoīm' wĕ-'ha' rāaīm' lai-hōwāh' mĕaōd. aanshei çedom Sodom were wicked, and-sinners before-Jehovah exceedingly. (14) Andhōwāh' $a\bar{\mathrm{a}}\mathrm{mar}'$ ael..aavrām aa'harēi hi'pāred..lōwt' mē-oi'm $\bar{o}'w$ after-that 2was-separated..1Lot from-[with-]him, Jehovah said unto..Abram, $s\bar{a}a$ $n\bar{a}a$ $o\bar{e}inei'k\bar{a}$ \bar{u} -re $a\bar{e}h'$ min...ha'- $m\bar{a}q\bar{o}wm'$ $a\check{a}sher...aa't\bar{a}h$ $sh\bar{a}m$ Lift-up now thine-eyes, and-look from..the-place in which..thou-art, wā-qē'dĕmāh wā-yā''māh tzāphō'nāh wā-ne'gĕbāh kī aeth.. northward, and-southward, and-eastward, and-westward: (15) for kol..hā-aā'retz aasher..aa'tāh rōaeh' le'kā ae'tene'nāh ū-le-zaroa'kā all..the-land which..thou seest, to-thee will-I-give-it,

English Version. 10 that it was well-watered every where. 11 and they separated themselves the one from the other. 14 from the place where thou art.

^{*} aāhal, probably a denominative from aōhel, a tent, signifies to pitch a tent, generally, and on the contrary, to remove a tent; and thus differs from nātāh, to spread out a tent, and nātao, to pitch or fix a tent by driving in the pins.

oad..oowlam'. wĕ-samtī aeth..zaroă'kā ka-oăphar' hā-aā'retz (16) And-I-will-make - thy-seed as-the-dust-of the-earth: for .. ever. aim..yū'kal' aīsh li-mnōwth aeth..oaphar' $h\bar{a}$ - $a\bar{a}'$ retz *a*ăsher if..2can [to-]number the-dust-of so-that la-man the-earth, then gam zaroă'kā vi'māneh'. qum hithha'le'k ba-aa'retz lĕ-3also 2thy-seed 1shall-4be-numbered. (17) Arise, walk through the-land, in-theū-lĕ-roʻhbāhh' kī lĕkā ae'tĕne''nāh. aorkāhh. wa'length-of-it, and-in-the-breadth-of-it: for ²unto-thee ¹I-will-give-it. aavrām wa'-yāvō'a wa'-yēshev bĕ-aēlōnēi' mamrēa removed-his-tent and-dwelt in-the-plains-of ¹Abram, and-came aăsher bě-'hevrown wa'-yiven..shām mizbēa'h lai-howāh.' and-built..there is in-Hebron. an-altar unto-Jehovah.

CHAP. XIV.

bī-mēi' aamrāphel' me'le'k..shinoār aaryōw'k ○ Wa-yĕhī (1) And-it-came-to-pass in-the-days-of Amraphel king-of..Shinar, Arioch me'le'k ae'lāçār' kĕdorlāoō'mer me'le'k oēilām' wĕ-thiduāl me'le'k Ellasar, Chedorlaomer king-of Elam. and-Tidal mil'hāmāh' aeth..be'rao me'le'k çĕdōm wĕ-aeth.. gōwyīm' oāsū' with..Bera king-of Sodom, and-with... (2) that-these-made war birsha'o me'le'k oămōrāh' shinaāv me'le'k aadmāh we-shemaēver king-of Gomorrah, Shinab king-of Admah, and-Shemeber me'le'k tzēvōwyim' ū-me'le'k hīa..tzooar. be'lao kol..aē'leh king-of Zeboim. and-the-king-of Bela. which...is-Zoar. (3) All..these yām ha'-me'la'h. ael..oēmeq 'hāvĕrū' ha'-si'dīm hūa ²sea 1the-3Siddim. which-is wcre-joined-together in..²vale-of shětēim-oesrēh shānāh' oāvĕdū' aeth..kĕdorlāoō'mer ū-shĕlōsh-Chedorlaomer, (4) Twelve years they served and-in-the-thiroesrēh' shānāh' mārā'dū. ū-vĕ-aarba'o-oesrēh shānāh' $b\bar{a}a$ teenth they-rebelled. (5) And-in-the-four-teenth year year came 'kĕdorlāoō'mer wĕ-ha'-mĕlā'kīm' aăsher ai'tōw wa'-va'k $\bar{\mathbf{u}}'$ aeth... Chedorlaomer, and-smote and-the-kings that were with-him, wě-aeth..ha'-zūzīm' bě-hām bě-oashtěroth-qarna'yim rěphā*a*īm' the Rephaim in-Ashteroth-karnaim the-Zuzim and we-aeth ha-aeimim' be-shaweh'-qiryatha'yim and — the-Emim in-Shaveh-kiriathaim, wĕ-aeth..ha-'hōrī' (6) and the-Horites

^{*} Probably the sons of Raphah, 2 Sam. xxi. 16, 18; a Canaanitish race of giants, who lived east of Jordan, from whom Og was descended, Deut. iii. 11.

bě-harěram sēoīr oad aēil-pāaran ašsher oal..ha'-mid-bār, wa'which is by..the-wilderness. (7) And Seir, unto El-paran, in-their-mount hiwa qādēsh' wa'-ya'kū yā'shuvū wa'-yāvō'aū ael..oēin-mishpāт which is Kadesh, to..En-mishpat, they-returned, and-came aeth..kol..sĕdēh ha-oămālēqī' wĕ-gam aeth..ha-aĕmōrī' ha'-yōshēv' - all..the-country-of the-Amalekites, and-also - the-Amorites, ū-me'le'k bě-'hatzătzōn-tāmār'. wa'-yētzē'a mele'k..çĕdōm (8) And-there-went-out the-king-of.. Sodom, and-the-king-of in-Hazezon-tamar. aadmāh ū-me'le'k tzevowyim' ū-me'le'k ū-me'le'k oămōrāh' and-the-king-of Zeboim, and the-king-of and-the-king-of Admah, Gomorrah, be'lao hiwa..tzōoar wa'-yaoar'kū' ai'tām mil'hāmāh' bě-oēmeg Bela, (the-same..is-Zoar;) and-they-joined* 2with-them ¹battle in-2vale-of aēth kĕdōrlāoō'mer me'le'k oēilām' wĕ-thidoāl me'le'k ha'-si'dīm Chedorlaomer the-king-of Elam, and-with-Tidal 1the-2Siddim, (9) with gōwyim' wĕ-aamrāphel' me'le'k shinoār wĕ-aaryōw'k me'le'k and-Amraphel king-of Shinar, and-Arioch king-of ae'lāçār' aarbāoāh' mělā'kīm' aeth..ha-'hămi'shāh. wĕ-oēmeq ha'with..[the-]five. (10) And-2vale-of 1thekings Ellasar; si'dīm beaĕrōth beaĕrōth 'hēmār' wa'-yānu'çū mele'k..çĕdōm wa-3Siddim had pits upon pits-of bitumen; and-4fled 1the-king-of..2Sodom wa'-yi'pĕlū..shā''māh wĕ-ha'-nishaārīm' he'rāh oămôrāh' and-fell..there; and-they-that-remained 2to-the-mountain king-of-Gomorrah, nāçū' wa'-yiq''hū aeth..kol..rĕ'kush' çĕdōm wa-oămōrāh' wĕ-aeth..
¹fled. (11) And-they-took — all..the-goods-of Sodom and-Gomorrah, and kol..ao'klām wa'-yēlē''kū. wa'-yiq'hū' aeth..lōwT wĕ-aeth.. all..their-victuals, and-went-their-way. (12) And-they-took — Lot, 4and wa'-yēlē"kū wĕ-hūa yōshēv' rë'kushōw ben..aă'hī *a*avrām 1the-son..of 2the-brother-of-3Abram, and-departed; for-he was dwelling wa'-yāvō'a ha'-pālīt' wa'-ya'gēd' lĕ-aavrām hāin-Sodom. (13) And-there-came one-that-had-escaped, and-told [it to-]-Abram thehā-*a*ĕmōrī' oivrī' wĕ-hūa shō'kēn' bĕ-aēlōnēi' mamrē*a* Hebrew; for-he was dwelling in-the-plains-of Mamre the-Amorite, brother-of aeshkol wa-aă'hī oānēr' wĕ-hēm baoălēi věrīth..aavram'. and-brother-of Aner: and-they were masters-of the-covenant-of.. Abram. wa'-yishma'o aavrām kī nishbāh *a*ā'hīf' wa'-yā'req aeth.. (14) When-2heard Abram that 2was-taken-captive his-brother, [then-]he-drew-out+

English Version. Chap. xiv. 10 was full of slime pits—kings of Sodom and Gomorrah. 12 Lot, Abram's brother's son (who dwelt in Sodom), and his goods, and departed. 13 for he dwelt in the plain of Mamre—these were confederate with Abram. 14 and when Abram heard—14 he armed his trained servants.

^{*} Properly, "arranged battle with them." † Or, "he caused to draw," (the sword, i. e. he armed them.) The Samaritan text has wa'-yā'deq, "he reviewed," from dūq in Chald. and Syr. to number, review. So Lxx. and Vulg. ηρίθμησε, numeravit.

'hănī'kāif' vělīdēi' vēithō'w shěmonah'-oasar' ū-shĕlōsh' his-trained-servants, born-of his-house, 4eigh-teen and-three wa'-yirdoph' oad..dan. wa'-ye'haleq' oaleihem' and-pursued them unto..Dan. (15) And-he-divided-himself against-them mēaōwth' ²hundred, wa-oăvādāif' wa'-ya'kēm' wa'-yirdĕphēm' la'yĕlāh hūa ¹he ²and-his-servants, and-smote-them, and-pursued-them 3by-night, unto.. 'hōwvāh' aăsher mi'-sĕmōal lĕ-da'māseq. wa'-yā'shev aēth. which is on-the-left-hand of-Damascus. (16) And-he-brought-back kol..hā-rě'kush' wě-gam aeth..lowt aā'hīf' ū-rě'kusho'w - 2Lot 3his-brother, 4and-his-goods, 1brought-again, and-also wĕ-gam aeth..ha'-nāshīm' wĕ-aeth..hā-oām'. wa'-yētzē'a and-2also — 1the-women, and — the-people. (17) And-3went-out the-king-of.. aa'hărēi shūvō'w li-qrāathō'w mē-ha'kōwth' çĕdōm to-meet-him, (after his-return from-smiting kčdorlāoo'mer wĕ-aeth..ha'-mĕlā'kīm' aasher ai'tow ael..oēmeg the-kings that were with-him,) at-the-valley-of and Chedorlaomer, ha'-me'le'k. shāwēh' hūa ū-malkī..tze'deq me'le'k oēmeq (18) And-Melchi..zedek Shaveh. which is the-vale-of the-king. king-of shālēm' hōwtzī'a lé'hem wā-yā'yin wĕ-hūa 'kōhēn' lĕ-aēl and-wine: and-he-was the-priest of-2God 1the-most-high. Salem brought-forth bread wa'-yō'amer bārū'k' wa-yĕvārĕ'kē'hū aavrām lĕ-aēl oelyōwn (19) And-he-blessed-him, and-said, Blessed-beAbram of-2God 1the-most-high, qōnēh' shāma'yim wā-aā'retz ũ-vārū'k' aēl..oelyōwn' aăsher... possessor-of the-heavens and-earth; (20) and-blessed be 2God. 1the-most-high, tzāreikā bĕ-yādékā wa'-yi'ten..lō'w maoasēr mi'-kōl. hath-delivered thine-enemies into thy-hand. And-he-gave.. | to-]him tithes wa'-yō'amer me'le'k..çčdōm ael..aavrām ten..lī ha'-ne'phesh wĕ-(21) And-3said 3the-king-of..2Sodom unto..Abram, Give..[to-]me the-persons, andhā-re'kush' qa'h..lā'k. wa'-yō'amer aavrām ael..me'le'k ²the-goods ¹take..³to-thyself. (22) And-²said ¹Abram to..the-king-of Sodom, yādī' ael..yěliōwāh' ael unto..Jehovah, 2God qōnēh' hări'mothī oelyōwn ²God I-have-lift-up mine-hand 1the-most-high, the-possessor-of shāma'yim wā-aā'retz aimmi-hūt wĕ-oad sĕrōwk... and-earth, (23) that-I-will-not †-take from-a-thread even-to a-2latchet.. na'oal wĕ-aim..ae'qa'h' mi'-kol..aăsher..lā'k wĕ-lōa 1shoe, and-that +-2not..1I-will-3take of-all..that-is..thine, that-2not 1thou-shouldest-3say,

English Version. 14 born in his own house. 17 after his return from the slaughter of C'hedorlaomer, and of the kings—the king's dale. 19 and 22 possessor of heaven. 23 take any thing that is thine, lest thou shouldest say.

^{*} Literally, " souls."

⁺ Literally, "if I take," &c. the form of imprecation being omitted; which is evident when the ellipsis is supplied, as 2 Sam. iii. 35. "Let God deal with me thus, and thus if," &c.

aănī heoëshar'tī aeth..aavrām biloādai' raq *a*ăsher aā'kĕlū' have-made-2rich, — ¹Abram. (24) save only that-which have-eaten wĕ-'hēleq hā-aănāshīm' ha'-nĕoārīm' aăsher hālě'kū' ai'tī the-young-men, and-the-portion-of the-men who went with-me, oānēr' aeshkol ū-mamrē'a hēm yiq'hū 'helqām. and-Mamre; they may-take Eshcol. their-portion. Aner,

CHAP, XV.

aa'har' ha'-dĕvārīm' hā-aē''leh hāyāh' dĕvar..yĕhōwāh' ael..aavrām [the-]2things [the-]1these, 3came* 1the-word-of..2Jehovah ba'-ma'hazeh' lēamōr' aal..tīrā'a aavrām aānokī' māgēn' lā'k saying, ²Not..¹fear, in-a-vision, Abram: I-amto-thee, sĕ'kārĕ'kā' harbēh mĕaōd. wa'-yō'amer aavrām aădōnāi yĕhōwih' and-thy-3reward 2great 1exceeding. (2) And-2said 1Abram, Jehovah † mah..ti'ten..lī we-aānō'kī' hōwlē'k' oărīrī' ū-ven.. what..wilt-thou-give..[to-]me, seeing-I childless. and-the-son-of.. go bēithī' hūa da'me'seq aĕlīoe'zer. wa'-yō'amer
(3) And-2said the-possession-of t my-house will be that Damascene Eliezer? avrām hēn lī $l\bar{o}a$ nāthá'tāh zārao wĕ-hi'nēh ven..bēithī' ¹Abram, Behold, to-me ²no ¹thou-hast-given seed: and-lo, the-son-of..my-house děvar..yĕhōwāh' aēlāif' $y\bar{o}wr\bar{e}sh'a\bar{o}th\bar{i}'$. we-hi'neh is heir to-me. (4) And-behold, the-word-of. Jehovah came unto-him, lōa yīrāshĕ'kā' zeh kī..aim' aăsher yētzē'a mi'-mēoei'kā 2that 3shall-come-forth 4out-of-thine-own-bowels 3Not 2shall-4be-thine-heir 1this; but yīrāshé'kā. wa'-yōwtzē'a aōthō'w ha-'hū'tzāh wa'-yō'amer 1he, 5shall-be-thine-heir. (5) And-he-brought-2forth 1him abroad, ha'bet..nāa ha'-shāma'yĕmāh ū-çĕphōr' ha'-kōw'kāvīm' aim..tū'kal' Look..now ²the-heavens-¹toward, and-tell the-stars, if..thou-be-able wa'-yō'amer aothām'. li-çpōr zaroé kā. $l\bar{o}w$ kōh yihĕyeh' And-he-said shall-2be to-number them. unto-him, So 1thy-seed. wĕ-heaĕmin' bai-hōwāh' wa'-ya'hshĕve'hā 'lōw tzědāgāh'. and-he-counted-it (6) And-he-believed in-Jehovah; to-him for righteousness.

English Version. 24 let them take their portion. Chap. xv. 1 I am thy shield. 2 and the steward of my house is this Eliezer of Damascus. 3 and, lo, one born in my house is mine heir. 5 look now toward heaven.

^{*} Literally, "was."

[†] The points usually attached to this word are those of aadonai, (except that a simple shewa is used under yūd), which the Jews are accustomed to read instead of it: hence when they occur together in the text, it is pointed with the vowels of aelohīm, which they then substitute for it; and our translators render God.

‡ i. e. the possessor of my house. So Simonis and Gesenius, regarding meshed as the same as meshe'k. The Vulgate renders, nearly with the common version, filius procuratoris domus meæ iste Damascus Eliezer; while the Lxx. has viò; Maoén, "son of Masek." § Literally, "shall inherit thee."

aănī yĕhōwāh' aăsher hōwtzēathī"kā mēwa'-yō'amer aēlāif' (7) And-he-said unto-him, Jehovah I-am that brought.thee $a\bar{u}r'$ kasdīm lā-theth lĕ'kā aeth..hā- $a\bar{a}'$ retz ha'-z $\bar{o}a$ th lĕ-rishtāhh. Ur-of the-Chaldees, to-give [to-]thee — [the-]2land [the-]this wa'-yō'amer aădōnāi' yĕhōwih' ba'-māh aēda'o kī aīrāshé'nāh. (8) And-he-said, Lord Jehovah, whereby shall-I-know that I-shall-inherit-it? wa'-yō'amer aēlāif' qĕ'hāh lī oeglāh meshu'le'sheth (9) And-he-said unto-him, Take [to-]me an-heifer of-three-years-old, and-a-she-goat meshu'le'sheth we-aa'yil meshu'lash wĕ-thōr wĕ-gōwzāl'. of-three-years-old, and-a-turtle-dove, and-a-young-pigeon. wa'-yi'qa'h.. $l\bar{o}'w$ aeth.. $kol..a\bar{e}'$ leh wa-yeva'ter aotham' ba'-tawe'k (10) And-he-took..unto-him — all..these, and-divided in-the-midst, them wa'-yi't $\bar{\mathrm{e}}\mathrm{n}'$ $a\bar{\mathrm{i}}\mathrm{sh..bithr}\bar{\mathrm{o}}'w$ li-qra $a\mathrm{th}'$ r $\bar{\mathrm{e}}\mathrm{o}\bar{\mathrm{e}}'\mathrm{h}\bar{\mathrm{u}}$ wĕ- $a\mathrm{eth..ha}$ '-tzi'p $\bar{\mathrm{o}}\mathrm{r}$ each..piece to-meet its-fellow; but hā-oa'yit oal..ha'-pĕgārīm' wa'lōa vāthār.' wa'-yē'red 2not 1he-divided. (11) When-2came-down 1the-fowls upon..the-carcases [then-] ya'shēv' aōthām' aavrām. wa-yĕhī ha'-she'mesh lā-vō'wa 2drove-4away t 3them 1Abram. (12) When-2was 1the-sun about to-go-down, [then-]athardēmāh' nāphĕlāh' oal..aavrām wĕ-hi'nēh aēimāh' 'hăshē'kā' upon..Abram; and-lo, deep-sleep a-horror of nophe'leth oalaif'. wa'-yō'amer lĕ-aavrām yādō'ao gĕdōlāh' upon-him. (13) And-he-said igreat unto-Abram, Knowing yiheyeh' zaroa'kā be-ae'retz kī..gēr' tēda'o lōa lāhem' thou-shalt-know that..3a-stranger 2shall-be 1thy-seed in-a-land that-is not wa-oăvādūm' aotham' aarba'o meaowth' shanah' wĕ-oi'nū and-shall-serve-them; and-they-shall-afflict them four hundred aeth..ha'-gōwi aăsher yaoăvō'dū dān aāno kī wewhom they-shall-serve, will-2judge II; (14)) and-also — that..nation, aa'hărēi..'kēn' yētzĕaū' bi-r'kush' gādōwl'. wĕ..aa'tāh tāvō'wa afterward shall-they-come-out with-2substance 1great. (15) And-thou shalt-go ael..aavothei"ka be-shalowm' ti'qāvēr' bě-sēivāh' тōwvāh'. thou-shalt-be-buried in-a-2old-age to thy-fathers in-peace; ¹good. yāshū'vū rěvīoī' hē''nāh kī lōa..shālēm' wě-dōwr (16) But-in the-2generation 1fourth they-shall-come-2again 1hither; for is-not..full hā-aĕmōrī' oad..hē''nāh. wa-yĕhī ha'-she'mesh bā'aāh 1the-iniquity-of 2the-Amorites 2to.. 1hither. (17) When-2was ¹the-sun

English Version. 10 and laid each piece one against another. 11 and when the fowls came down. 12 and when the sun was going down. 13 know of a surety. 16 for the iniquity of the Amorites is not yet full. 17 and it came to pass, that, when the sun went down.

^{*} More literally, "and gave a man his piece to meet his neighbour."

† Properly, "birds of prey;" thus distinguished from σοωph, fowls, whatever flies; and tzi'por, birds generally, but especially small birds, and particularly the sparrow.

† The Lxx. has συνεκάθισεν αὐτοῖς "Αβεαμ, "Abram sat down with them," reading, wa'-yēshev ai'tām, deriving it from yāshav, instead of shūv.

wa-oălārāh' hāyāh' wĕ-hi'nēh tha'nūr oāshān' wĕ-la'pīd aēsh [then-]behold, a-furnace-of smoke, and-2dark * and-a-torch-of lit-was. aăsher oāvar' bēin ha'-gĕzārīm' hā-aē''leh. $ba'-y\bar{o}wm'$ $ha-h\bar{u}a$ passed between [the-]2pieces [the-]1those. (18) In-3day 1that-2same, kārath' yĕhōwāh' aeth..aavrām bĕrīth lēamōr' lĕ-zaroă'kā nāthá'tī 4with..Abram 3a-covenant, saying, Unto-thy-seed have-I-given aeth..hā-aā'retz ha'-zōath mi'-něhar' mitzra'yim oad..ha'-nāhār' [the-]2land [the-]1this, from-the-river-of unto..the-2river Egypt aeth..ha'-qēinī' wĕ-aeth..ha'-qĕni'zī ha'-gādōl' nĕhar..pĕrāth [the-]Igreat, the-river[-of]..Euphrates: (19) — the-Kenites, and — the-Kenizzites, wĕ-aēth ha'-qadmōnī' wě-aeth..ha-hi'tī wě-aeth..ha'-pěri'zī (20) and — the-Hittites, and — the-Perizzites, and - the-Kadmonites, wĕ-aeth..hā-aĕmōrī' wě-aeth..hā-rěphāaīm' wĕ-aeth..ha'the-Rephaim, (21) and — the- Λ morites, and kĕnaoănī wĕ-aeth..ha'-girgāshī' wĕ-aeth..ha-yevūçī'. Canaanites, and -- the-Girgashites, and -- the-Jebusites.

CHAP. XVI.

Wĕ-sārai' aēsheth aavrām lōa yālĕdāh' $l\bar{o}w$ (1) Now-Sarai, the-wife-of Abram, 2not 1did-3bear-children to-him; and-to-her-belonged wa'-tō'amer sārai' shiph'hāh mitzrīth ū-shěmāhh' hāgār.' a-handmaid, an-Egyptian; and-her-name was Hagar. (2) And-2said ¹Sarai ael..aavrām hi'nēh..nā'a oatzāra'nī yĕhōwāh' mi'-le'deth bōa..nā'a unto.. Abram, Behold..now, 2hath-restrained-me 1Jehovah from-bearing: 2go-in.. 1I-pray-thee ael..shiph'hāthī' aūlai' ai'bāneh' mi'me''nāh wa'-yishma'o And-2hearkened it-may-be that I-may-‡ obtain-children by-her. unto..my-maid; wa'-ti'qa'h' *a*avrām lě-gōwl sārai'. sārai' aēsheth aavrām ¹Sarai, ²the-wife-of to-the-voice-of Sarai. (3) And-4took mi'-qetz oe'ser shanim' at-the-end-of the-ten years aeth..hagar' ha'-mitzrīth shiph'hathahh' ¹her-maid, ²the-Egyptian, lě-she'veth aavrām bě-ae'retz kěnāoan wa'-ti'tēn aōthāhh' lěof-the-dwelling-of Abram in-the-land-of Canaan, and-gave her to-

English Version. 17 a smoking furnace, and a burning lamp. Chap. xvi. 1 Now Sarai, Abram's wife, bare him no children: and she had a handmaid, whose name was Hagar. 3 after Abram had dwelt ten years in the land of Canaan.

^{*} Properly, "and there was thick darkness;" from the Arabic ghalata, to be thick, dense, and by transposition, gharila, to be very dark; and thus differs from 'hoshe'k, darkness of any description.

[†] Literally, " cut a covenant," δραια τέμνειν, icere fædus, a phraseology derived from the custom of dividing the victims, as above, on occasion of making a covenant.

[‡] Literally, "be built up by her:" so banā in Arabic, conj. 1. 11. and v111. signifies, to beget, bear, or have children.

avrām aīshāhh' lōw lĕ-ai'shāh'. wa'-yāvō'a ael..hāgār' wa'her-husband, to-be to-him for-a-wife. (4) And-he-went-in unto.. Hagar, and ta'har wa'-tērea kī hārā'thāh wa'-tēgal' she-conceived; and-when-she-saw she-had-conceived. [then-]2was-despised that gëvirtāhh bě-oēinei'hā. wa'-tōamer sārai' ael..aavrām 'hămāçī' Ther-mistress (5) And-2said ¹Sarai unto.. Abram, My-wrong* be in-her-eyes. shiph'hāthī' bĕ-'hēike''kā oālei'kā' aānō'kī' nāthá'tī wa'-tērea into-thy-bosom; and-when-she-saw upon-thee: Ţ have-given my-maid bě-oëinei'hā yishpōt yĕhōwāh' kī hārā'thāh wā-aēqal' that she-had-conceived, [then-]I-was-despised in-her-eyes: ²judge bēinī' ū-vēineíkā. wa'-yō'amer aavrām ael..sārai' hi'nēh between-me and-[between-]thee. (6) And-2said ¹Abram unto..Sarai, Behold, bĕ-yādē'k' shiph'hāthē'k' oăsī..lāhh' ha'-Tōw bĕ-oēinā'yi'k. in-thy-hand; thy-maid do..to-her that-which-is-good in-thine-eyes. is sārai' wa'-tivra'h' mi'-pānei'hā. wa'-yimtzāaāhh'
(7) And-3found-her wa'-tĕoa'nei'hā And-when-2afflicted-her 1Sarai, [then-]she-fled from-her-face. malaa'k' yĕhōwāh' oal..oēin ha'-ma'yim ba'-midbār oal..hā-oa'yin the-angel-of 2Jchovah by..a-fountain-of [the-]water in-the-wilderness, by..the-fountain bě-de're'k shūr. wa'-yōamar' hāgār' shiph'hath' sārai' aēi..mi'-zeh' in-the-way to Shur. (8) And-he-said, Hagar, maid-of Sarai, whence vāath wa'-tō'amer mi'-pěnēi sārai' wě-aā'nāh thēlē''kī ³From-the face-of camest-thou? and-whither wilt-thou-go? And-she-said, wa'-yō'amer lāhh malaa'k' yĕhōwāh' aānōkī' bōrá'hath. gĕvirtī (9) And-3said 4unto-her 1the-angel-of 2Jehovah, ²flee. iny-mistress shū'vī ael..gevirte'k we-hithoa'nī tá'hath yādei'hā. wa'-yō'amer to..thy-mistress, and-submit-thyself under her-hands. (10) And-3said lāhh malaa'k' yĕhōwāh' harbāh aarbeh' aeth..zaroē';
dunto-her 'the-angel-of '2Jehovah, Multiplying I-will-multiply -- thy-seed, aeth..zaroē'k wĕthatloa yi'çāphēr' mē-rov'. wa' yo'amer ²not 'it-shall-³be-numbered for-multitude. (11) And-³said lāhh malaa'k' *unto-her 1the-angel-of yĕhōwāh' hi'nā'k hārāh' wĕ-yōladt' bēn wĕ-qārāath' shĕmōw 'Jehovah, Behold-thou art with-child, and-shalt-bear a-son, and-shalt-call his-name l kī..shāma'o yĕhōwāh' oel..oonyē'k. because..²hath-hearkened 'Jehovah unto..thy-affliction yishmā*o*ē*a*l wĕ-hūa Ishmael; † unto..thy-affliction. (12) And-he yıhĕyeh' pe'rea aādām' yādō'w va'-kōl shall-be his-hand will-be against-every man, and-the-hand-of a-wild man; ‡

English Version. 3 to her husband Abram to be his wife. 10 I will multiply thy seed exceedingly. 11 because the Lord hath heard thy affliction.

^{*} That is, "the wrong I suffer:" see note on ch. iv. 25.

⁺ That is, "God shall hear."

[†] Properly, "a wild-ass man," pe'rea denoting the wild ass, or onager, now chiefly found in Tartary under the name of kulan, though also to be met with in the mountainous and desert parts of Persia, and other eastern countries. Comp. Job xxxix. 5, 6.

'kol..aehāif kōl wě-oal..pěnēi vishkon. $b\bar{o}w$ every man against-him; and-2in..the-presence-of ³all..his-brethren he-shall-dwell. shēm..yĕhōwāh' ha'-dōvēr' aēlei'hā aa'tāh $aar{\mathrm{e}}\mathrm{l}$ wa'-tiqrāa (13) And-she-called the-name-of..Jehovah that-spake unto-her, Thou God kī aāmerāh' ha-gam halom rāaī'thī aa'harei $r\bar{o}a\bar{i}'$. $rŏa\bar{1}$ she-said, — ²also 3here 1have-I-4looked after him-that-seeth-me? qārā'a la'-bĕaēr bĕaēr la-'hai' rōaī' hi'nēh oal..kēn (14) Wherefore one calleth [to-]the-well the-well of-life-of vision; † behold, it-is between. wa'-tēled hāgār' lĕ-aavrām bēn wa'gādēsh' ū-vēin' bāred. Kadesh and-[between] Bered. (15) And-2bare Hagar, [to-] Abram a-son; andyigrā'a aavrām shem..bĕnōw aăsher..yālĕdāh' hāgār' yishmāoēal'. Abram the-name-of..his-son, whom..2bare ¹Hagar, ben..shěmonīm' shānāh' we-shēsh shānīm' be-ledeth.. wĕ-aavrām when-2bare.. (16) And-Abram was [the-son-of..]eighty [years] and-six years, hāgār' aeth...yishmāoēal' lĕ-aavrām. Ishmael 1Hagar to-Abram.

CHAP. XVII.

aavrām ben..tishoīm shānāh' wĕ-thēshao shānīm' Wa-yĕhī (1) And-when-2was 1Abram [the-son-of..] ninety years old and-nine, wa'-yērā'a yĕhōwāh' ael..aavrām wa'-yō'amer aēlāif' [then-]²appeared ¹Jehovah and-said unto-him, I-am..2God to..Abram, hithha'lē'k lĕphānai' we-hĕyēh thāmīm'. wĕ-ae'tĕnāh before-me, and-be-thou perfect. (2) And-I-will-make 1the-Almighty: walk věrīthī' bēinī' ū-vēiné'kā we-aarbeh' aowthe'ka bimaod my-covenant between-me and-[between-]thee, and-I-will-multiply wa'-yi'pōl' aavrām oal..pānāif' meaod.wa-yěda'bēr $ai't\bar{o}w$ greatly. (3) And-2fell ¹Abram and-2talked 3with-him on..his-face: aělohīm' lēamor' aănī hi'nēh věrīthī' ai'tā'k wě-hāyī'thā saying, (4) As-for-me, behold, my-covenant is with-thee, and-thou-shalt-be le-aav hamown gowyim'. [for-]a-father-of a-multitude-of nations. wĕ-lōa..yi'qārē'a $o\bar{o}wd$ (5) Neither..shall-3be-called 2any-more aeth..shim'kā aavrām wĕ-hāyāh' shim'kā aavrāhām' kī aav... 1thy-name Abram; but-2shall-be 1thy-name Abraham; | for a-father-of..

English Version. 14 the well was called Beer-lahai-roi. 15 Abram called his son's name, which Hagar bore. 16 And Abram was fourscore and six years old. Chap. xvii. 2 and will multiply thee exceedingly.

^{*} Or, "Thou God of vision."

[†] That is, where one sees God and yet lives; or, as in the margin of the common version, "the well of him that liveth and seeth me."

‡ Evidently cognate with the Arabic shadīdon, mighty, violent.

§ Literally, "I." || From aāv, and probably the Arabic ruhāmon, numerous, copious.

gōwyim' nětha'tī"kā. wě-hiphrēthī' aōthě'kā' have-I-made-thee. (6) And-I-will-make-fruitful a-multitude-of nations ū-nětha'tī"kā lě-gōwyim' ū-mělā'kīm' mi'mě'kā $bim a \bar{o} d m \bar{e} a \bar{o} d$ ³eminently, and-I-will-make-²of-thee [for-] ¹nations, and-kings wa-hăqimōthī' aeth..bĕrīthī' bēinī' ū-vēiné'kā vētzē'aū. (7) And-I-will-establish — my-covenant between-me and-[between-]thee, zaroă'kā aa'hăreî'kā lĕ-dōrōthām' ũ-vēin' li-vrīth oōwlām' after-thee, in-their-generations, for-an-2covenant leverlasting.* and-[between] thy-seed ū-lě-zaroa'kā' aa'hărei'kā. li-heyowth le'ka lē-alōhīm' ²unto-thee [for-]¹a-God, and-to-thy-seed after-thee. (8) Andnātha'tī' lĕ'kā ū-lĕ-zaroă'kā' aa'hăreí'kā aēth ae'retz mĕgureí'kā — the-land-of thy-sojournings, I-will-give unto-thee, and-to-thy-seed after-thee, la-aă'hu'zath' oōwlām' wĕ-hāyī'thī kena'oan aeth kol..ae'retz all..the-land-of for-an-2possession † leverlasting; Canaan, and-I-will-be lāhem' lē-alōhīm'. wa'-yō'amer aĕlōhīm' ael..aavrāhām' wĕ-aa'tāh [for-]God. (9) And-2said 1God unto.. Abraham, 4Therefore-1thou aeth..berīthī' thishmor aa'tāh we-zaroa'kā aa'harei'kā le-dorothām'. -- ³my-covenant ²shalt-keep, thou, and-thy-seed after-thee, in-their-generations. bĕrīthī' *a*ăsher tishmĕrū bēinī' ū-vēinei'kem' zōath (10) This is my-covenant, which ye-shall-keep, between-me, and-[between-]you, andlā'kem' kol..zā'kār'. vēin' zaroa'kā aa'hărei'kā hi'mōwl [between] thy-seed after-thee; ‡4shall-be-circumcised 3among-you 1every..2man-child. aēth běsar oorlath'kem' wě-hāyāh' ū-němaltem' (11) And-ye-shall-circumcise — the-flesh-of your-foreskin; and-it-shall-be [for-]a-token-of bēinī' ū-vēinēi'kem'. ū-ven..shĕmōnath' yāmim' (12) And-a-son-of..eight days the-covenant betwixt-me and-[betwixt-]you. yĕlīd yi'mōwl lā'kem' kol..zā'kār' lě-dōrōthei`kem' every..man-child shall-be-circumcised among-you, in-your-generations; 2is-born ū-miqnath..ke'çeph mi'-kōl ben..nē'kār' aăsher lōa in-the-house, 40r-bought-[of..] with-money 60f-any [son-of..the-]7stranger, which is 9not yi'mōwl mi'-zaroă'kā hūa. hi'ınōwl ¹⁰of-thy-seed, ¹he-that. (13) Circumcised 6shall-be-circumcised 1he-that-is-born-[of] kaçpé'kā wĕ-hāyĕthāh' vĕrīthī' ū-miqnath' bēithě'kā' ²in-thy-house, ³and-he-that-is-bought-[of] ⁴with-thy-money: and-²shall-be ¹my-covenant bi-vsar'kem' li-vrīth oowlām'. zā'kār' aăsher wĕ-oārēl' in-your-flesh for-an-2covenant leverlasting.* (14) And-the-uncircumcised male,

English Version. 6 make thee exceeding fruitful. 13 must needs be circumcised. 14 and the uncircumcised man-child, whose flesh of his foreskin is not circumcised, that soul shall be cut off from his people.

^{*} Literally, "a covenant of eternity." † Literally, "a possession of eternity.' † More literally, "every male to be circumcised among you.' § Or, "son of foreignness," i. e. a foreigner; synonymous with zār, a stranger, foreigner; and gēr and gār, a sojourner, stranger, accola, advena; and tōwshav, a sojourner stranger inquitings. sojourner, stranger, inquilinus.

aeth..bĕsar' oorlāthō'w wĕ-ni'krĕthāh lōa..yi'mōwl' 2not.. will-3be-circumcised — in the-flesh-of his-foreskin, [then-]3shall-be-cut-off [the-]

ne'phesh ha-hi'wa mē-oa'mei'ha aeth..bĕrīthī' hēphar'. [the-]that from-his-people: -- 2my-covenant the-hath-broken.

Wa'-yō'amer aĕlōhīm' ael..aavrāhām' sārai' aishte'kā lōa... (15) And-2said ^{1}God unto.. Abraham, As for Sarai thy-wife, 2not..

thiqrā'a aeth..shěmāhh sārāi' kī sārāh' shěmāhh. ũ-1thou-shalt-3call her-name Sarai, but Sarah shall her-name be. (16) And-

vēra'ktī' aothāhh' wĕ-gam nathá'tī mi'mé'nāh lĕ'kā bēn I-will-bless her. and-4also ¹give 5of-her [to-]2thee 3a-son; yea-

vēra'ktī'hā wĕ-hāyĕthāh' lě-gōwyim' mal'kēi oa'mīm and-she-shall-be a mother of-nations;* I-will-bless-her. kings-of people

wa'-yi'pōl' aavrāhām' oal..pānāif' mi'mé'nāh yiheyū. wa'ishall-be. (17) Then-2fell ¹Abraham ²of-her upon..his-face, and-

wa'-yō'amer ha'-lĕ-ven' yitz'hāq' bě-li'bōw mēaāh..shānāh' ľaughed, and-said in-his-heart, — To-the-son-of a-hundred..years, ²a-son

wĕ-aim sārāh' hă-vath..tishoīm shānāh' vi'wālēd' ishall-3be-born? and — Sarah, -the-daughter-of..ninety years, shall she-bear?

aavrāhām' ael..hā-aĕlōhīm' lū yishmāoēal' yi'hĕyeh' wa'-yō'amer (18) And-2said unto..[the-]God, O-that ${}^{1}\mathbf{A}$ braham Ishmael might-live

wa'-yō'amer aĕlōhīm' aăvāl sārāh' aishtě kā lĕphāneí kā. (19) And-2said before-thee! ¹God, ⁶indeed ¹Sarah 2thy-wife

yōle'deth le'kā bēn wĕ-qārā'athā aeth..shĕmōw yitz'hāq wa-3shall-bear [to-]4thee 5a-son; and-thou-shalt-call — his-name Isaac : t

oōwlām' hăqimōthī' aeth..bĕrīthī' ai'tōw li-vrīth lě-zaroōw I-will-establish — my-covenant with-him for-an-2covenant 1everlasting, and-with-his-seed

ū-lĕ-yishmāoēal' shĕmaotī'kā' aa hărāif. hi'nēh bēra'k'tī after-him. (20) And as-for-Ishmael I-have-heard-thee; Behold, I-have-blessed

aōthō'w wĕ-hirbēithī' aōthō'w bimaōd $a\bar{\text{o}}\text{th}\bar{\text{o}}'w$ we-hiphreithi' ¹him, and-will-make-2fruitful and-will-multiply him

měaod shěnēim..oāsār' něsīaim' yowlīd' ü-nětha'tīf' princes shall-he-beget; and-I-will-make-him [for-]u-2nation greatly: twelve

 $g\bar{a}d\bar{o}wl'$. $a\bar{\mathrm{a}}\mathrm{q}\bar{\mathrm{i}}\mathrm{m}'$ aeth..yitz'hāq wĕ-aeth..bĕrīthī' *a*ăsher ^Igreat. (21) But — my-covenant will-I-establish with-Isaac,

le kā sārāh' la'-mōwoēd' ha'-zeh' ba'-shānāh' hā-aa he'retli. ²shall-bear ³unto-thee ¹Sarah at-²set-time [the-]¹this in-³year 1the-‡2next.

lĕ-da'bēr ai'tōw wa'-ya'oal aĕlōhīm' mē-oal' aavrāhām. (22) And-he-ceased to-speak with-him, and-2went-up God from-[near] Abraham.

English Version. 17 shall a child be born unto him that is an hundred years old? and shall Sarah, that is ninety years old, bear? 20 and will multiply him exceedingly. 22 and he left off talking.

^{*} Literally, "she shall become for nations." † That is, "laughter." ‡ Literally, "the shall become for nations." ‡ Literally, "the other."

wa'-yi'qa'h' aavrāhām' aeth..yishmāoēal' bĕnōw wĕ-aēth (23) And-2took Abraham Ishmael his-son. vělīdēi' vēithō'w wě-aēth kol..miqnath' kaçpow kol..zā'kār' born-[of] in his-house, and — all..that-were-bought-[of] with his-money, every..male bēith aavrāhām' wa'-yā'mol aeth..bĕsar' oorlāthām' among-the-men-of the-house-of Abraham, and-circumcised — the-flesh-of their-foreskin bě-oe'tzem ha'-yōwm' ha'-zeh' ka-aăsher' di'ber' ai'tōw aelōhīm'.
in-2self the-3same, as-[that] 2had-spoken 3with-him 1God. we-aavrāhām' ben..tishoīm' wā-thē'shao shānāh' bĕ-(24) And-Abraham was [the-son-of..]ninety ²and-nine 1years-old, whenběsar oorlāthō'w. wĕ-yishmāoēal' běnōw he-was-circumcised in the-flesh-of his-foreskin. (25) And-Ishmael his-son was ben..shĕlōsh-oesrēh' shānāh' bě-hi'mōlō'w aēth bĕsar years old, when-he-was-circumcised - in the-flesh-of [the-son-of..]thir-teen bě-oe'tzem ha'-yōwm' ha'-zeh' oorlatho'w. ni'mōwl aavrāhām' [the-]3same was2circumcised 1Abraham 1the-4day his-foreskin. (26) In-2self wě-'kol..aanshēi vēithō'w wě-vishmāoēal' běnōw and-Ishmael his-house, born-[of] in (27) and-all..the-men-of his-son; ben..nē'kār' ū-miqnath..ke'çeph $m\bar{ ext{e}}$ - $aar{ ext{e}}$ th' bāyith and-bought-[of..] with-money of-[with] the-[son-of..the-]stranger, the-house, ni'mō'lū ai'tōw. were-circumcised with-him.

CHAP. XVIII.

Wa'-yērā'a aēlāif' yĕhōwah' bĕ-aēlōnēi'
(1) And-appeared aunto-him Jehovah in-the-plains-of mamrēa wĕ-hūa and-he was Mamre: pe'tha'h..hā-aō'hel wa'kĕ-'hōm ha'-yōwm' yōshēv' in-the-door-of..the-tent about-the-heat-of the-day: (2) andsitting yi'sā'a oēināif' wa'-yar'a wĕ-hi'nēh shĕlōshāh' aĕnāshīm' ni'tzāvīm' he-lifted-up his-eyes and-looked, and-lo, three wa'-yā'rotz oālāif' $\mathbf{w}\mathbf{a}'-\mathbf{y}\mathbf{a}\mathbf{r}'a$ li-qrāathām' mi'-pe'tha'h to-meet-them by-him: and-when-he-saw them, [then-]he-ran from-the-door-of hā-aō'hel wa'-yishtá'hū *a*ā'rĕtzāh wa'-yōamar' aadonai' aim.. My-Lord, (3) and-said, and-bowed-himself toward-the-ground, nāa mātzā'athī 'hēn bě-oēinei'kā aal..nāathaoavor now I-have-found favour in-thine-eyes, 2not..4I-pray-thee, 1pass-3away from-[near] oavdé'kā mĕoaт..ma'yim wĕ-ra'hătzū yu'qa'h..nāa and-wash thy-servant: (4) let-4be-fetched..3I-pray-you la-litttle..2water,

English Version. 23 as God had said unto him. Chap. xviii. 1 and he sat in the tent door in the heat of the day. 3 found favour in thy sight.

raglēi'kem' wĕ-hi'shāoanū' ta'hath hā-oētz' wĕ-aeq'hāh phath... and-rest-yourselves under the-tree: (5) and-I-will-fetch a-morsel-of. vour-feet, lé'hem wĕ-çaoădū li'bĕ'kem' bread, and-stay your-heart;* *a*a'har' taoăvō'rū kī..oal..kēn after-that ye-shall-pass-on: for..therefore oăvartem' oal..oavdě'kem' wa'-yōamerū' kēn taoăseh' ka-aăsher' have-ye-passed unto..your-servant. And-they-said, So as-[that] di'bar'tā. wa-yemahēr aavrāhām' hā-aōhelāh' ael..sārāh' wa'-¹Abraham ²the-²tent¹into unto..Sarah, thou-hast-said. (6) And-2hastened yō'amer mahărī shĕlōsh çĕa
īm qe'ma'h çōleth lū'shī wa-oăsī Take-quickly three seahs t-of meal, even fine-meal, knead it, and-make ou'gōwth. wĕ-ael..ha'-bāqār' rātz aavrāhām' wa'-yi'qa'h' (7) And-3unto..4the-herd 2ran 1Abraham, and fetched a-young-one-of.. bāqār' ra'k wā-tōwv' wa'-yi'tēn' ael..ha'-na'oar wa-yĕmahēr the-herd, ** tender and-good, and-gave it unto..a-[the-]young-man; and-he-hasted la-oăsōwth aōthō'w. wa'-yi'qah' 'hemaāh wĕ-'hālāv' it. (8) And-he-took butter, ++ and-milk, and-the-young-one-of.. oāsāh' wa'-yi'tēn liphnēihem' wĕ-hūa... ha'-bāqār' aăsher he-had-dressed, and-set-it before-them; the-herd, which and-he.. oomed oaleihem ta'hath ha-oetz wa'-yoa'ke'lu. wa'-yoameru' under the-tree, and-they-did-eat. was-standing by-them (9) And-they-said $a\bar{\rm e}l\bar{\rm a}i{\rm f}'$ $a{\rm a'y\bar{e}h'}$ sārāh' $ai{\rm sht\acute{e}'k\bar{a}}$ wa'-yō' $a{\rm mer}$ hi'nēh vā- $a\bar{\rm o}'{\rm hel}$. unto-him, Where is Sarah thy-wife? And-he-said, Behold, in-the-tent. $a\bar{\mathrm{a}}\mathrm{sh}\bar{\mathrm{u}}\mathrm{v}'$ $a\bar{\mathrm{e}}\mathrm{le}\mathrm{i}'\mathrm{k}\bar{\mathrm{a}}$ wa'-yō'amer ${
m shar o}w{
m v}$ kā-oēth' 'ha'yāh' (I0) And-he-said, Returning I-will-return unto-thee according-to-the-time-of wĕ-hi'nēh..vēn' lĕ-sārāh' aishté'kā wĕ-sārāh' shōma'oath and,-lo,..a-son shall-be to-Sarah thy-wife. And-Sarah listening

English Version. 5 comfort ye your hearts—are ye come to your servant. 6 make ready quickly three measures of fine meal, knead it, and make cakes upon the hearth. 7 fetched a calf. 8 and the calf—and he stood by them. 10 I will certainly return—and, lo, Sarah thy wife shall have a son. And Sarah heard it in the tent-door, which was behind him.

† More literally, "hasten."

^{*} That is, refresh the stomach by taking food,—" refresh yourselves" by food.

[‡] A measure of capacity for things dry, equal to about two gallons and a half.

[§] In Chald. qĕma'h, qim'hāa, Syr. qam'hōa, (probably from qāma'h, in Rab. Heb. to grind,) corn reduced to powder by grinding, meal, flour. So Gr. ἄλευρου, from ἀλέω, to grind, and Eng. meal, from Ger. malen, to grind. In Arabic, qam'hon, denotes wheat, grain.

In Chald. çultaa, fine-flour, simila, from ça'leth, Chald. to sift meal, or Arab. salata, to scour, cleanse, make bare, peel off, whence sulton, barley, peeled barley. It also appears from 1 Kings, iv. 22, that qe'ma'h signifies the coarser meal, and çoleth, the finer flour.

[¶] Properly cakes baked under the ashes, ἐγκρυφίας, as Lxx. renders, from oug, to bake cakes in this manner; a mode still in use among the Orientals, especially when travelling; see Niebuhr, Descript. de l'Arabie, p. 46, and Harmer, vol. I. chap. iv. ob. 11.

** More literally, "a son of the herd."

†† Or, thick curdled milk, "butter milk," from the Arab. khamā, spissum et velut durum fuit lac. Butter is made in the East by putting the milk into a goat-skin turned inside out, and pressing an abeling it till the butter separates. See Sham's Travelle.

inside out, and pressing or shaking it till the butter separates. See Shaw's Travels, p. 168, and Harmer, vol. I. ch. iv. ob. 17, and on this passage, vol. II. ch. iv. ob. 48.

pe'tha'h hā-aō'hel wĕ-hūa aa'hărāif.' wĕ-aavrāhām' wĕ-sārāh' in-the-door-of the-tent; and-it was behind-him. (11) Now-Abraham and-Sarah were zĕqēnīm' bāaīm' ba'-yāmīm' 'hādal' li-hĕyōwth lĕ-sārāh' old, and advanced in-days; * and-it-ceased to-be with-Sarah 2the-manner-of wa'-titz'haq' sārāh' bĕ-qirbāhh lēamōr' aa'hărēi ka'-nāshīm'. ¹after-³women. (12) Therefore-²laughed ¹Sarah within-herself,† vělothí' hāyĕthāh..'lī' oednah' wa-adōnī' zāqēn'. I-am-become-old shall-there-be..2to-me 1pleasure, 3also-1my-lord 2being-old? (13) Andyō'amer yĕhōwāh' ael..aavrāhām' lā'māh'-'zeh tzā'hăqāh' sārāh' žsaid ¹Jehovah unto...Abraham, Wherefore ‡ did-2laugh lēamor' ha-aaph' *a*umnām $a\bar{\mathrm{e}}\mathrm{l}\bar{\mathrm{e}}\mathrm{d}'$ hăwa-aănī zāqan'tī. 3indeed 1shall-I-4bear a-child, since-I am-old? yi'pālē'a mēi-hōwāh' 2t00-hard 3for-Jehovah la'-mōwoēd' dāvār' *a*āshūv' lany-thing? At-the-time-appointed I-will-return unto-thee, kā-oēth' ha'yāh' ū-lĕ-sārāh' wa'-tĕ'ka'hēsh sārāh' bēn. according-to-the-time-of life, and-to-Sarah shall-be a-son. (15) Then-2denied yārē'aāh. $l\bar{o}a$ tzā'haq'tī kī wa'-yōamer' lōa kī And-he-said, ¹I-laughed; for she-was-afraid. saying, Nay; but wa'-yāqu'mū mi'-shām hā-aănāshīm' tzā'hāqt'. wa'thou-didst-laugh. (16) And-2rose-up ³from-thence 1the-men. yashqi'phū oal..pĕnēi çĕdōm wĕ-aavrāhām' hōlē'k oi'mām lĕ-looked on..the-face-of Sodom: and-Abraham was going with-them tosha'lë'hām. wai-hōwāh' *a*āmār' ha-mě'ka'çeh' bring-them-on-their-way. (17) And-Jehovah said, Shall-2hide mē-aavrāhām' aasher aanī ooseh' we-aavrāhām' hayo'w yiheyeh' that-which I do; (18) seeing-that-Abraham being gādōwl' wĕ-oātzūm' wĕ-nivrĕ'kū..vō'w gōwyēi' kōl for-a-3 nation great 2and-mighty, and-4shall-be-blessed..5in-him 1all 2the-nations-of $h\bar{a}$ - $a\bar{a}'$ retz. kī yĕdaotīf lĕ-maoan' aăsher yĕtza'weh' aeth... (19) For I-know-him, [to-the-end ||] 3the-earth? that he-will-command bānāif' wě-aeth..bēithô'w aa'hărāif wě-shāměrů de're'k his-children and — his-household after-him; and-they-shall-keep the-way-of yĕhōwāh' la-oăsowth tzedagah' ū-mishpat' le-ma'oan Jehovah, justice and-judgment; [to-the-end-]that 2may-bring věhowáh' oal..aavrāhām' aēth aasher..di'ber' oālāif'. ^IJehovah upon...Abraham — that-which..he-hath-spoken of-him.

English Version. 11 old, and well stricken in age. 12 After I am waxed old shall I have pleasure. 13 shall I of a surety bear a child, which am old. 14 and Sarah shall have a son. 16 towards Sodom: and Abraham went. 18 Abraham shall become a great and mighty nation.

<sup>More literally, "come into days," i. e. advanced in age or years.
More literally, "within her heart or mind." † More literally, "why is this that."
Literally, "to send them forward," προπέμπειν.</sup> ma'oan is properly a substantive, - purpose, object, end, from oanah, Arab. oanai, to have in view, propose.

çĕdōm wa-oămōrāh' yō'amer yĕhōwāh' zaoăqath' kī..rā''bāh Sodom 4and-Gomorrah 1because..5is-great, ¹Jehovah, 2the-cry-of wĕ-'ha'Tāathām' kī 'kāvĕdāh' mĕaōd aērĕdāh..nā'a wĕ-aeraeh' ¹because ³is-⁵grievous ⁴very; (21) I-will-go-down..now, and-see aēlai' ha'-kĕ-tzaoăgāthāhh' ha'-bā'aāh oāsū' kālāh' whether-3according-to-the-cry-of-it, 4which-is-come 5unto-me, 1they-have-done 2altogether; wa'-yiphnū' wě-aim..lōa aēdā'oāh. mi'-shām hā-aănāshīm' (22) And-2turned I-will-know. ³from-thence and-if..not, çĕdō'māh wĕ-aavrāhām' oōwdé'nū wa'-yēlĕ'kū' oōmēd' liphnēi toward-Sodom; but-Abraham 2yet-[he] 1was standing yĕhōwāh'. wa'-yi'gash' aavrāhām' wa'-yōamar' ha-aaph' ticpeh' Jehovah. (23) And-2drew-near Abraham, and-said, — ²Also wilt-thou-3destroy *a*ūlai' oim..rāshā'o. yēsh 'hămi'shīm tza'dīqim' tza'dīq the-righteous with..the-wicked? (24) Peradventure there-be fifty bě-thōw'k hā-oīr' ha-aaph' tiçpeh' wĕ-lōa..thi'sā'a la'-māqōwm' in-the-midst-of the-city: — 2also 1 wilt-thou-3 destroy and-not..spare [to-]the-place lĕ-ma'oan `hămi'shīm ha'-tza'dīqim' aăsher bĕ-qirbāhh. 1the-3righteous that are in-its-midst? (25) That-be-far* for-[the-sake-of] 2fifty mē-oăsōth' ka'-dāvār' ha'-zeh' lĕ-hāmīth' tza'dīq after-2manner [the-]1this, from-thee the-righteous with.. to-slay wĕ-hāyāh' 'ka'-tza'dīq kā-rāshā'o rāshā'o 'hāli'lāh 'lā'k. the-wicked: and-that-2should-be [as-]1the-righteous as-the-wicked, that-be-far from-thee.* hä-shōphēt' kol..hā-aā'retz lōa yaoăseh' mishpāt.

— 3the-Judge-of 4all..5the-earth 2not 1shall-6do right? † wa'-yō'amer (26) And-2said yĕhōwāh' aim..aemtzāa bi-çdōm 'hămi'shīm tza'dīqim' bĕ-thōw'k ⁱJehovah, If..I-find in-Sodom righteous in-the-midst-of fifty hā-oīr' wĕ-nāsā'athī lĕ-'kol..ha'-māqōwm' ba-oăvūrām'. wa'the-city, then-I-will-spare [to-]all..the-place for-their-sakes. (27) Andya'oan aavrāhām' wa'-yōamar' hi'nēh..nā'a hōwaal'tī žanswered ¹Abraham and-said, Behold..now, I-have-taken-upon-me ‡ toda'bēr ael..aădōnāi' wĕ-aānō'kī' oāphār' wā-aē'pher. and-I-am but dust unto..the-Lord, and-ashes: (28) Peradventure ya'hçĕrūn 'hămi'shīm ha'-tza'dīqim' hămi'shāh hă-thash'hīth 2of 4fifty there-shall-lack 3the-5righteous lfive : | --- wilt-thou-destroy ba-'hami'shah aeth..kol..ha-oir'. wa'-yo'amer loa aash'hith aim.. And-he-said, 7Not 6I-will-8destroy-it 11f.. 3for-lack-of-five — ¹all..²the-city?

English Version. 22 and the men turned their faces from thence—stood yet before the Lord. 24 fifty righteous within the city—that are therein. 26 within the city. 27 which am but dust and ashes.

^{*} Literally, "base, profane, be it to thee."
† "judgment, justice."

^{† &}quot;have undertaken, ventured." § Several of Kennicott's and De Rossi's MSS. read, yehowah', "Jehovah."

More literally, "Perhaps the fifty righteous shall lack five," i. e. five of the righteous shall be deficient.

aemtzāh shām aarbāoīm' wa-'hămi'shāh. wa'-yō'çeph oōwd 3there 5and-five. (29) And-he-added 4forty yet lĕ-da'bēr aēlāif' wa'-yōamar' aūlai' yi'mātzĕaūn' shām aarbāoīm'. unto-him, and-said, Peradventure there-shall-be-2found 3there wa'-yō'amer lōa aeoĕseh' ba-oăvūr hā-aarbāoīm'. wa'-yō'amer ²Not ¹I-will-³do it for-the-sake-of the-forty. (30) And-he-said unto-him,* la-adōnāi' aal..nāa ví har wa'-aăda'bē'rāh ²Not,..3I-pray-thee, ¹let-⁶be-kindled ⁴the-anger ⁵of-the-Lord,† and-I-will-speak: yi'mātzĕaūn' shām shĕlōshīm'. wa'-vō'amer Peradventure there-shall-be-2found 3there And-he-said, 1thirty. aim..aemtzāa shām shĕlōshīm'. wa'-vō'amer hi'nēh.. 11-will-3do it, if..I-find ²there (31) And-he-said, Behold.. ¹thirty. hōwaāl'tī lĕ-da'bēr ael..aădōnāi' *a*ūlai' nā'a yi'mātzěaūn' now, I-have-taken-upon-me to-speak unto..the-Lord : Peradventure there-shall-be-2found wa'-yō'amer $l\bar{o}a$ ash'h \bar{i} th shām oesrim. ba-oăvūr And-he-said, 2Not 1I-will-2destroy it for-the-sake-of 3there ¹twenty. wa'-yō'amer aal..nāayí'har la-adonāi' oesrīm'. (32) And-he-said, 2Not,..3I-pray-thee, 1let-6be-kindled 4the-anger 5of-the-Lord, aa'k..ha'-pa'oam yi'mātzĕ*a*ūn' *a*ūlai' wa-aăda'bĕrāh shām ²shall-be-found and-I-will-speak only..this-once: Peradventure 3there aash'hīth oăsārāh. $l\bar{o}a$ ba-oăvūr hā-oăsārāh'. wa'-yō'amer And-he-said, ²Not ¹I-will-³destroy it for-the-sake of yĕhōwāh' wa'-yē'le'k ka-aăsher' ki'lāh lĕ-da'bēr ael.. (33) And-2departed 1Jehovah he-had-finished speaking | as-soon-as avrāhām' wĕ-avrāhām' shāv li-mqōmō'w. and-Abraham returned unto-his-place.

CHAP. XIX.

Wa'-yā'vōaū shĕnēi ha'-malaā'kīm' çĕdō'māh bā-oe'rev wĕ-lōwT (1) And-4came 2two-[of] the-³angels ¶ to-Sodom at-even; yōshēv' bĕ-sha'oar..çĕdōm wa'-yara..lōwt' wa'-yā'qom li-qrāathām was sitting in-the-gate-of.. Sodom: when-2saw-them.. Lot, [then-]he-arose to-meet-them;

English Version. 29 and he spake unto him yet again—for forty's sake. 30 Oh let not the Lord be angry. 31 for twenty's sake. 32 Oh let not the Lord be angry, and I will speak yet but this once—for ten's sake. 33 and the Lord went his way, as soon as he had left communing with Abraham. Chap. xix. 1 and there came two angels—and Lot sat--and Lot seeing them, rose up.

The Vulgate adds, ad eum.

⁺ Three of Dr. Kennicott's codices read lai-howah', "to Jehovah."

[‡] Several MSS. read yēhōwāh', "Jehovah."

[§] One MS. (19 K.) reads lai-hōwāh', "of Jehovah." || Literally, "to speak."

¶ So Lxx. "Ηλθον δὲ οἱ δύο ἄγγελοι. It refers to those angels who departed from broken and lott him attached. Abraham and left him standing before Jehovah: see chap. xviii. 22.

wa'-yishta'hū aa'pa'yim aā'rĕtzāh wa'-yō'amer hi'neh' nāa..
and-he-bowed-himself with his face to-the-earth; (2) and-he-said, Behold now..

aădonai' çu'ru naa ael..beith oavde'kem' we-li'nu we-my-lords, turn-in, I-pray-you, into..the-house-of your-servant, and-tarry-all-night, and-

ra'hătzū raglēi'kem' we-hishkamtem' wa-hăla'ktem' le-darke'kem'. wash your-feet; and-ye-shall-rise-up-early, and-go on-your-ways.

wa'-yōamerū' 'lōa kī vā-re'hōwv' nālīn'. wa'-yiphtzar.. And-they-said, Nay; but 'lin-the-street 'lwe-will-abide-3all-night. (3) And-he-pressed..

 $b\bar{a}m'$ $m\bar{e}a\bar{o}d$ $wa'-y\bar{a}cu'r\bar{u}$ $a\bar{e}l\bar{a}if'$ $wa'-y\bar{a}v\bar{o}'a\bar{u}$ $ael..b\bar{e}ith\bar{o}'w$ upon-them greatly; and-they-turned-in unto-him, and-entered into..his-house:

wa'-ya'oas lā-hem' mishteh' ū-ma'tzōwth' aāphāh' wa'-yōa'kē'lū. and-he-made [to-]them a-feast,* and-2unleavened-bread + 'did-bake, and-they-did-eat.

Terem' yishkāvū' wĕ-aanshēi hā-oīr' aanshēi çĕdōm (4) ²Before ³they-lay-down ¹but-the-men-of the-city, even the men-of Sodom,

nāçá'bū oal..ha'-ba'yith mi'-na'oar wĕ-oad..zāqēn' kol..hā-compassed-2round [against..]1the-house, from-the-youth even-to..the-old-man, all..the-

oām' mi'-qātzeh' wa'-yiqrĕaū' ael.dōwr wa'-yō'amĕrū lōw aa'yēh' people from-every-quarter: (5) and-they-called unto-Lot, and-said-unto him, Where

hā-aănāshīm' aăsher..bā'aū aēlei'kā ha'-lā'yĕlāh hōwtzīaēm' aēlēi'nū are the-men who..came-in to-thee this-night? bring-them-out unto-us,

we-nedeoāh' aothām'. wa'-yetze'a aălehem' lowt ha'-pe'the'hāh that-we-may-know them. (6) And-2went-out 6unto-them 1Lot 4the-5door-3at,

we-ha'-de'leth çagar' aa'haraif' wa'-yoamar' aal..naa aa'hai and-2the-door t shut after-him, (7) and-said, 4Not..'I-pray-you, [2my-]brethren,

tārē'oū. hi'nēh..nā'a lī shĕtēi vānōwth' aăsher lōa..
3do-5so-wickedly. (8) Behold..now, there is to-me two-[of] daughters, who 2not..

yāděoū' aīsh aōwtzīaāh..nā'a aethhen' aălēi'kem' wa-oăsū lāhave-3known man; let-me-2bring-4out..1I-pray-you, 3them unto-you, and-do-ye to-

hen' ka'-Tōwv bĕ-oēinēi'kem' raq lā-aănāshīm' hā-aēl' aal..taoăsū them as-is-good in-your-eyes: only unto-2men [the-]1these 2not..1do

dāvār' kī..oal..kēn' bā'aū bĕ-tzēl qōrāthī'. wa'-yōamĕrū' any thing; for..therefore came-they under-the-shadow-of my-roof. (9) And-they-said,

gesh..hā'lĕāh wa'-yōamĕrū' hā-aehād' bāa..lā-gūr' wa'-Approach..further this way: and-they-said again, This-one fellow came-in..to-sojourn, and-

English Version. 1 bowed himself with his face toward the ground. 2 your servant's house. 4 both old and young. 8 Behold now, I have two daughters, which have — unto these men do nothing. 9 and they said, Stand back.

^{*} Properly, "a banquet, potation," $\pi \acute{o}\tau oc$, $\sigma v \mu \pi \acute{o}\sigma iov$, as Lxx. renders, from shāthāh, "to drink." The Easterns drink before eating, not after, as we do: see Harmer, vol. II. ch. iv. ob. 70.

[†] Rather, "unleavened cakes," from mātzatz, i. q. mātzāh, "to compress:" so on the other hand, our word leaven is from the French levain, which is derived from lever, "to raise up."

[‡] pe'tha'h denotes the "aperture, opening, or door-way," and de'leth, "the leaf of the door."

vishpot' shāphowt'. oa'tāh nāra'o lĕ'kā mē-hem'. wa'shall-he-judge judging?* Now will-we-deal-worse with-thee than-with-them. Andyiphtzĕrū' vā-aīsh' bĕ-lōwτ mĕaōd wa'-yi'gĕshū' li-shbōr ha'they-pressed ²upon-the-man, ³even-[upon-]Lot ¹sore, and-came-near wa'-yishlĕ'hū' hā-aănāshīm' aeth..yādām' wa'-yāvī'aū (10) But-2put-forth 1the-men - their-hand, and-brought aeth..lowr aăleihem' ha'-ba'yethah we-aeth..ha'-de'leth çaga'rū. ²the-³house-¹into, and 2the-door aăsher..pe'tha'h ha'-ba'yith hi'kū wč-aeth..hā-aănāshīm' ba'-3that-were..4at-the-door-of 5the-house 1they-smote with-(11) And — 2the-men çanwērīm' mi'-qāτōn' wĕ-oad..gādōwl' wa'-yil*a*ū′ li-mtzōa even-to..great; so-that-they-wearied-themselves from-small wa'-yōamĕrū' hā-aănāshīm' ael..lōwT ha'-pātha'h. $o\bar{o}d$ mī.. (12) And-2said 1the-men the-door. unto..Lot 3yet phoh 'hathan' ū-vanei'ka ū-venothei'ka we-kol lĕ'kā' 2is-there-4belonging-to-thee here? son-in-law, and-thy-sons, and-thy-daughters, aăsher..lĕ'kā bā-oīr' hōwtzē'a min..ha'-māqōwm' kī.. that..belongeth-to-thee in-the-city, bring them out-of..this-place: (13) for.. aăna'hnū' mash'hithīm' aeth..ha'-māqōwm' ha'-zeh' kī.. ²destroy [the-]²place we-will [the-]this, because... gādĕlāh' tzaoäqāthām' aeth..pĕnēi yĕhōwāh' sis-become-great the-cry-of-them before..the-face-of Jehovah; wa-yĕsha'lĕ'hē'nū and-2hath-sent-us yĕhōwāh' lĕ-sha'hăthāhh. wa'-y \bar{e} tz $\bar{e}'a$ lōwт wa-yĕda'bēr *a*el ^ïJehovah to-destroy-it. (14) And-went-out ¹Lot, and-spake unto lōqë'hēi vĕnōthāif' wa'-yō'amer qū'mū 'tzĕaū min.. 'hăthānāif' his-sons-in-law, who-had-taken t his-daughters, and-said, Up, get-ye-out ha'-māqōwm' ha'-zeh' kī..mash'hīth' yĕhōwāh' aeth..hā-oīr'.
[the-]²place [the-]'this; for..²will-destroy 'Jehovah — this-city. wa-[the-]this; for..2will-destroy this-city. But-'ki-mtza'hēg bě-ocinci' 'hăthānāif'. ū-'kěmō'w yehi ha'he-was as-one-that-mocked in-the-eyes-of his-sons-in-law. (15) And-when theshá'har oālāh' wa'-yāaī'tzū ha'-malaā'kīm' bĕ-lōwr lēamōr' qūm then-²hastened 'the-angels morning & arose, [on-]Lot, ▮ Λ rise, saying, qa'h aeth..aishtë'kā wë-aeth..shëtëi vënöthei'kā ha'-nimtzā*u*ōth' and — 2two-[of] 1thy-3daughters, which-are-here;¶ take — thy-wife,

Inglish Version. 9 and he will needs be a judge. 10 and pulled Lot into the house. 12 hast thou here any besides?—and whatever thou hast in the city. 13 because the cry of them is waxen great. 14 which married his daughters—but he seemed as one that mocked unto his sons-in-law.

[•] That is, "shall he always be a judge?" or "shall he always be judging us?"
† Or, "dazzlings, deceptions, or confusions of sight," from the Chald. canwer, "to # More literally, " the takers of his daughters." dazzle, blind."

Rather, the dawn, grey, gloom, or dusk of the morning; be qer denoting the morning, or morning-light. || Or, "the angels pressed on, (or were urgent with) Lot."

Literally, "are found;" but here used simply for "to be present." comp. ver. 14.

pen..ti'çāpheh' ba-oawon hā-oīr' wa'-yithmahmahh' wa'lest..thou-be-consumed in-the-iniquity-of the-city. (16) And-while-he-lingered,* [then-] ya'hazī'qū hā-aanāshīm' be-yadō'w ū-ve-yad..aishtō'w
laid-hold lthe-men upon-his-hand. and-upon-the-hand-of-his-w upon-his-hand, and-upon-the-hand-of..his-wife, and-uponyad' shĕtēi vĕnōthāif' bĕ-'hemlath' yĕhōwāh' oālāif' wa'the-hand-of 2two-[of] 1his-3daughters, through-the-mercy-of Jehovah being upon-him: andyōtziau'hū wa'-ya'ni'hu'hū mi-'hūtz lā-oīr.' wa-věhī they-brought-him-forth, and-set-him with-out [to-]the-city. (17) And-it-came-to-pass, 'kĕ-hōwtzīaām' aōthām' ha-'hūtzāh' wa'-yō'amer hi'mālēт' oal.. when-they-had-brought-2forth 1them that-he-said, abroad, Escape naphshé'kā aal..ta'bīt aa'hăreí'kā wĕ-aal..taoămōd bĕ-'kol..ha'-2not..1look thy-life; behind-thee, neither..stay-thou in-all..theki'kār ha-hā'rāh hi'mālēt' pen..ti'çāpheh'. wa'-yō'amer lōwt plain; † 3the-mountain-2to lest..thou-be-consumed. (18) And-2said Lot aălēhem' aal..nāaaădōnāi' hi'nēh..nā'a mātzā'a oavdě kā unto-them, Nay,..I-pray-thee, Lord: (19) behold..now, ²hath-found ¹thy-servant wa'-tagdēl 'haçdĕ'kā aăsher 'hēn bĕ-oēinei'kā' oāsī'thā in-thine-eyes, and-thou-hast-magnified thy-mercy, which thou-hast-shewed ‡ oi'mādī' lĕ-ha'hayowth aeth..naphshī wĕ-aāno'kī' loa aū'kal' le-- my-life; ²not unto-me, in-saving and-I [to-] hi'mālēt' hā-hā'rāh pen..tidbāqa'nī hā-rāoāh' wā-má'tī. hi'nēh.. escape 2the-3mountain-1to, lest..2take-me § 1some-[the-]evil, and-I-die. (20) Behold.. nā'a hā-oīr' ha'-zōath qĕrōvāh' lā-nūç' shā''māh wĕ-hiwa mitzoār now, [the-]2city [the-]1this is near to-flee [there-]unto, and-it-is a-little-one: ai'mālĕtāh' 'nāa shā''māh hă-lōa mitzoār ū-thĕ'hī' hi*wa* let-me-escape, I-pray-thee, thither, (-is-2not 3a-little-one ¹it ?) and-2shall-live naphshī. wa'-yō'amer aēlāif' hi'nēh nāsā'athī phānei'kā gam ¹my-soul. (21) And-he-said unto-him, See, I-have-accepted [the-face-of-]thee ⁴also la'-dāvār' ha'-zeh' lĕ-viltī hoph'kī aeth..hā-oīr′ aăsher ¹concerning-³thing [the-]²this, that-²not ¹I-will-³overthrow — this-city, for-the which mahēr hi'mālēr' shā''māh kī lōa aū'kal' lathou-hast-spoken. (22) Haste-thee, escape for 2not 1I-can [to-] thither;

English Version. 16 the Lord being merciful unto him. 18 Oh, not so, my Lord 19 grace in thy sight. 20 Oh, let me escape thither.

^{*} Perhaps from mah, what? to stay to ask questions, what? what? how? how? to stand shill-I-shal \bar{l} -I, as we say.

t ki'kar is probably for kirkar, from kūr, in Arab. kāra, to be round, and literally denotes a circle, circuit, surrounding country, or a level tract of country, surrounded by hills; and is hence used for a flat round cake of bread, Exod. xxv. 39. Jud. viii. 5; and for a cake of metal, a talent, 1 Kings ix. 14. Zec. v. 7. The distinction between other words usually rendered plain or valley, may be this: gai, a broad valley, plain; biqoāh, a valley, comb, or break between mountains; oēmeq, a low or deep valley; na'hal, a valley with a brook or torrent, as the word also signifies, called in Arabic wādī, and by us a bourn.

+ More literally, 15 this kindness which they heat done?

[#] More literally, "this kindness which thou hast done."

^{\$} Literally, "cleave to me."

oasowth davar oad..boa'ka sha'mah oal..ken qara'a thing till..thy-coming any thither: therefore one calleth the-name-of... hā-oīr tzowoar. ha'-she'mesh yātzā'a oal..hā-aā'retz wĕ-l $\bar{o}w$ T the-city Zoar. (23) The-sun had-gone-forth * upon..the-earth bāa tzōoărāh'. wai-hōwāh' himtīr oal..çĕdōm wĕ-oal.. entered into-Zoar. (24) Then-Jehovah rained upon..Sodom, and-upon.. oămorāh' gophrīth wā-aēsh mē-aēth' yĕhōwāh' min..ha'-shāmā'yim Gomorrah, brimstone and-fire from-[with] Jehovah out-of..the-heavens; wa'-yahaphō'k' aeth..he-oarīm' hā-aēl' wĕ-aēth kol..ha'-ki'kār (25) and-he-overthrew — [the-]2cities [the-]1those, and wě-aēth kol..yōshěvēi he-oārīm wě-tze'ma'h hā-aădāmāh'. all..the-inhahitants-of the-cities, and-that-which-grew t upon wa'-ta'bēт aishtowmē-aahărāif' wa'-tĕhī nětzīv (26) But-2looked-back 1his-wife from-behind-him, and-she-became wa'-yashkēm' aavrāhām' ba'-boqer ael..ha'-māgowm' (27) And-²gat-up-early ¹Abraham in-the-morning to..the-place in aeth..pěnēi yěhōwāh'. aăsher..oāmad shām wa'-yashqeph' [there] before..the-face-of which..he-stood Jehovah; (28) and-he-looked t oal--pěnēi wa-oămōrāh' wĕ-oal çĕdōm kol..pěnēi ae'retz Sodom and-Gomorrah, and-on all..the-face-of on..the-face-of the-land-of ha'-ki'kār wa'-yar'a wĕ-hi'nēh oālāh' qītōr' hā-aā'retz kĕ-qītōr' and-beheld, and-lo, 3went-up 1the-smoke-of 2the-country as-2smoke-of ha'-kivshān. wa-yĕhī bě-sha'hēth aĕlōhīm' aeth.. (29) And-it-came-to-pass, when-2destroyed ^{1}God 1the-3a-furnace. ha'-ki'kār wa'-yizkōr' aĕlōhīm' oārēi' aeth..aavrāhām' wathat-2remembered ^{1}God Abraham, the-cities-of the-plain, andaeth..lowT mi'-tow'k ha-haphē'kāh' ba-hapho'k věsha'la'h' Lot out-of-the-midst-of the-overthow, when-he-overthrew sent aeth..he-oārīm' aăsher..yāshav' bā-hēn' lōwт. wa'-yaoal' lowT 2which..4dwelt 'in-[them] 'Lot. (30) And-2went-up Lot mi'-tzōwoar wa'-yē'shev bā-hār' ū-shětēi věnōthāif' oi'mōw in-the-mountain, and-2two-[of] his-3daughters with-him; and-dwelt yārē'a lā-she'veth bĕ-tzōwoar wa'-yē'shev ba'-mĕoārāh' hūaand-he-dwelt in-Zoar: he-feared to-dwell in-a-cave.

English Version. 22 till thou be come thither: therefore the name of the city was called. 24 from the Lord out of heaven. 27 where he stood before the Lord. 28 toward Sodom and Gomorrah, and toward all the land.

That is, "the solar light had diffused itself over the earth:" she'mesh appears to denote properly the solar light, sunshine, as distinguished from 'ha'mah, the solar heat, and 'he'res, the solar orb. See Cant. vi. 10. Isa. xxiv. 23. xxx. 26. Jud. viii. 13. xiv. 18. Job ix. 7.

† Properly, "the sprout, shoot, or produce of the ground."

[†] hishqef is properly " to bend forward in order to see, look down, overlook; and hence differs from raah, to see, in any manner, ni'bar, to look, direct the eye, behold, regard, and shazaph, to look on, glance at.

wa'-tōamer ha'-bĕ'kīrāh' ael..ha'-tzĕoīrāh' vĕnōthāif'. ū-shětēi' and-2two-[of] 1his-3daughters. (31) And-2said 1the-first-born unto..the-younger, aēin bā-aā'retz lā-vō'wa oālēi'nū aāvī'nū zāgēn' wě-aīsh and-there-is-2a-man 1not Our-father is old. in-the-earth to-come-in kĕ-de're'k kol..hā-aā'retz lĕ'kāh nashqeh' aeth..aāvī'nū all..the-earth: (32) come, let-us-make-2drink — 1our-father after-the-manner-of oi'm $ar{ ext{o}}w$ ya'yin wĕ-nishkĕvāh ū-ně'ha'yeh' mē-aāvī'nū zārao. ^šwine, with-him, and-we-will-lie that-we-may-preserve 2of-our-father wa'-tashqei'nā ba'-la'yĕlāh aeth..aavihen' wa'ya'yin hūa (33) And-they-made-2drink — 1their-father [in-]2night 1that: 3wine andtāvō'a ha'-bĕ'kīrāh' wa'-tishkav' aeth..aāvī'hā wě-l $\bar{o}a$..y \bar{a} da'awith..her-father; and-2not..1he-perceived ²went-in ¹the-first-born, and-lay bě-shi'kvāhh ū-vě-qūmāhh'. wa-yĕhī mi'-mā'hŏrāth' when-she-lay-down, nor-when-she-arose. (34) And-it-came-to-pass on-the-morrow, wa'-tōamer ha'-bĕ'kīrāh' ael..ha'-tzĕoīrāh' hēn..shā'kav'tī ae'mesh that-2said 1the-first-born unto..the-younger, Behold..I-lay vesternight aeth..aāvī' nashqé'nū ya'yin gam..ha'-la'yĕlāh with..my-father: let-us-make-him-drink wine ²also..1this-night; and-go-thou-in, shi'kvī oi'mōw ū-nĕ'ha'yeh' mē-aāvī'nū zārao. wa'-tashqei'nā and-lie with-him, that-we-may-preserve 2 of-our-father 1 seed. (35) And-they-made-2 drink yāyin ba'-la'yĕlāh ha-hūa aeth..aăvīhen' gam wa'-tāqom ha'-[the-]4that — 1their-father ³wine : [in-]5night and-2arose 1thetzĕoīrāh' wa'-tishkav' oi'mōw wĕ-lōa..yāda'o bĕ-shi'kvāhh and-lay with-him; and-2not..1he-perceived when-she-lay-down, ū-vě-qumāhh'. wa'-tahărēi'nā shĕtēi věnowth..lowt' nor-when-she-arose. (36) Thus-were-4pregnant 1the-two-[of] 2daughters-of..3Lot aăvīhen'. wa'-tēled ha'-be'kīrāh' bēn wa'-tiqr $\bar{\mathbf{a}}a$ shěmow their-father. (37) And-2bare and-called 1the-first-born a-son, his-name mowaav'* $h\bar{u}a$ aăvī..mōwaāv' wĕ-ha'oad..ha'-yōwm'. Moab: the-same is the-father-of..the-Moabites unto..this-day. (38) And-thetzěoīrāh' gam..hi'wa yā'lĕdāh bēn wa'-tiqrāa shĕmōwben..oa'mī younger, ²also..¹she Ben..ammi:+ bare a-son, and-called his-name $h\bar{u}a$ *a*ăvī věnēi..oa'mōwn' oad..ha'-yōwm'. the-same is the-father-of the-children-of.. Ammon ‡

unto..this-day.

English Version. 36 Thus were both the daughters of Lot with child.

^{*} For mē-aav, ex patre.

t i. e. the son of my people.

[‡] i. e. of the people.

CHAP. XX.

Wa'-yi'ça'o mi'-shām aavrāhām' aa'rĕtzāh ha'-ne'gev (1) And-2journeyed 3from-thence 1Abraham toward-2country 1the-south, yē'shev bēin..qādēsh' ū-vēin' shūr wa'-yā'gar bi-grār. between.. Kadesh and-[between] Shur, and-sojourned in-Gerar. (2) Andyō'amer aavrāhām' ael..sārāh' aishtōw aă'hō'thī hiwa wa'-yishla'h' ¹Abraham of...Sarah his-wife, 2My-sister 1she-is: aăvīme'le'k me'le'k gĕrār wa'-yi'qa'h' aeth..sārāh'.

Abimelech 2king-of 3Gerar, and-took — Sarah. wa'-vāvō'a Sarah. (3) But-2came ačlohīm' ael..aăvīme'le'k ba-'hălowm ha'-lā'yĕlāh wa'-yō'amer to..Abimelech in-a-dream that-night, and-said hi'nĕ'kā oal..hā-ai'shāh' aasher..lāqa'h'tā we-hiwa mēth Behold-thou art-but a-dead-man, for..the-woman whom..thou-hast-taken; for-she-is wa-aŭvīme'le'k lōa qārav' bĕoú'lath bāoal. aēlei'hā wa'married to a-husband. (4) But-Abimelech 2not 1had-3come-near [unto-]her: and aŭdonāi' hă-gōwi gam..tza'dīq tahărōg yōamar' he-said, ²also..³a-righteous ¹wilt-thou-slay? (5) — ³not - 4nation Lord, t hūa aāmar..lī' wě-hīa..gam..hiwa aă'hō'thī hiwa 1said..4unto-me, 2My-sister 1she-is? and-she,..even..she-herself, said, $a\bar{a}h\bar{i}'$ bě-thom..lěvāvī' hũa ū-vě-niqyōn' ²My-brother ¹he-is: in the-integrity-of..my-heart, and-[in-the-]innocency-of my-hands, ‡ wa'-yōamer' aēlāif' hā-aĕlōhīm' ba-'hălōm oāsī'thī zōath. ³unto-him have-I-done this. (6) And-2said [the-]'God in-a-dream, gam *a*ānō'kī' Yea, I vě-thom..lěvāvě'kā' yāda'otī kī oāsī'thā [even I-]know, that 3in-the-integrity-of..4thy-heart 1thou-didst gam..aānō'kī' aōwthĕ'kā' mē-'hăтōwa §..lī' 'zōath wā-ae'hsō'k' for-I-3withheld leven..2I from-sinning..against-me: 2this; thee lōa..nĕtha'tī"kā li-ngōoa aēlei'hā. oal..kēn wě-oa'tāh hāshēv' ²not.. ¹suffered-1-thee to-touch [unto-]her. (7) ²Therefore-¹now, $a\bar{c}$ sheth..hā- $a\bar{i}$ sh' $k\bar{i}$..nāv $\bar{i}'a$ wĕ-yithpa'lēl baoad'kā wĕhūa and-he-shall-pray the-wife-of..the-man; for..²a-prophet 1he-is, for-thee, andwě-aim..aēině'kā' mēshīv' dao kī..mōwth thou-shalt-live: and-if..3not-1thou 2restore-her, know-thou that..dying thou-shalt-die,

English Version. Chap. xx. 3 in a dream by night—a man's wife. 6 for I also withheld thee. 7 restore the man his wife—that thou shalt surely die.

[•] i. c. a married woman, as the phrase also denotes both in Arabic and Syriac.
† Several MSS. read yehowah', "Jehovah."

t kaph properly denotes the palm or hollow of the hand, or sole of the foot; and is thus distinguished from yad, which means the whole hand, and aegrowph, the double hand, fist.

[§] The text is defectively me-'hatow; but several codices have correctly me-'hatowa.

wa'-yashkēm' aavīme'le'k ba'wĕ-'kol..aăsher..lā'k. and-all..that-are..thine. (8) Therefore-2rose-early 1Abimelech in-thethou. wa'-yiqrā'a lĕ-'kol..oăvādāif' wa-yĕda'bēr aeth..kol..ha'and-called [to-]all..his-servants, and-told morning, děvārīm' hā-aē''leh bě-aoznēihem' wa'-yīrěaū' hā-aănāshīm' měaōd. [the-]1these in-their-ears: and-2were-4afraid 1the-men aăvīme'le'k lĕ-aavrāhām' wa'-yō'amer lōwwa'-yiqrā'a ¹Abimelech [to-]Abraham, and-said unto-him, What ... (9) Then-2called ū-meh..'hāтā'athī lā'k 'ไล้'ท_{ี่}นั kī..hēvē'athā hast-thou-done unto-us? and-what..have-I-offended [against-]thee, that..thou-hast-brought oālai' wĕ-oal..mamla'ktī 'hăтāaāh' gĕdōlāh' maoasīm aasher ²deeds and-on..my-kingdom $a-2\sin$ ¹great? 4that wa'-yō'amer aăvīme'le'k ael.. oāsī'thā oi'mādī'. lōa..yēoāsū' 6not..5ought-7to-be-done 1thou-hast-done 3unto-me. (10) And-2said 1Abimelech unto.. aavrāhām' māh rāaī'thā kī oāsī'thā aeth..ha'-dāvār' ha'-zeh'. What sawest-thou, that thou-has-done — [the-]2thing [the-]1this? aāmar'tī raq aēin..yiraath' aĕlōhīm' aavrāhām' kī wa'-yō'amer (11) And-2said ¹Abraham, Because I-thought,* Surely ³is-not. ¹the-fear-of ba'-māqōwm' ha'-zeh' wa-hărāgū'nī oal..dĕvar' aishtī. [the-]this; and-they-will-slay-me for..the-sake-of my-wife. (12) Andgam..aomnāh aă'hōthī' $vath..a\bar{a}v\bar{i}'$ $hiwa\ aak\ l\bar{o}a$ yet..indeed she-is my-sister; 2the-daughter-of..3my-father 1she-is, but not the-daughter-of.. wa'-tĕhī..lī' lĕ-ai'shāh. wa-yĕhī ka-aăsher' my-mother; and-she-was..to-me for-a-wife. (13) And-it-came-to-pass, when $a\bar{\mathrm{o}}\mathrm{th}\bar{\mathrm{i}}'$ $a\bar{a}v\bar{i}'$ aĕlōhīm' mi'-bēith wā-aōmar' 1God ²caused-4to-wander 3me from-the-house-of my-father, that-I-said oi'mādī' ael..kol..ha'lāhh zeh 'haçdē'k *a*ăsher taoăsī thou-shalt-do unto-me; at..every..[the-] unto-her, This is thy-kindness which shā''māh $a\bar{\mathbf{a}}'\bar{\mathbf{h}}\bar{\mathbf{i}}'$ $m\bar{a}q\bar{o}wm'$ a $a\bar{s}her$ $n\bar{a}v\bar{o}'wa$ aimrī..lī' [which] 2we-shall-come ¹whither, say..of-me, ²My-brother ¹he-is. wa'-yi'qa'h' aăvīme'le'k tzōan ū-vāqār' wa-oăvādīm' ū-shĕphā'hōth' (14) And-2took 1Abimelech sheep, and-oxen, and-men-servants, and-women-servants, wa'-yi'tēn le-aavrāhām' wa'-yā'shev low aeth..sārāh' aishtow. and-gave them unto-Abraham, and restored [to-]him - Sarah his-wife. wa'-yō'amer aavīme'le'k hi'nēh aartzī lephānei'kā (15) And-2said Abimelech, Behold, my-land is before-thee: 2in-that-which-appeareth-good

English Version. 11 for my wife's sake. 12 and she became my wife. 13 my father's house—thy kindness which thou shalt shew unto me. 15 dwell where it pleaseth thee, marg. as is good in thine eyes.

^{*} Or, "I said;" the same word being employed to express both thought and speech; "speaking and thinking to a man of lively imagination, especially when he is alone, being the same thing, and frequently expressed by one word. Comp. $\phi \eta \mu i$ in Homer. Forster informs us of savages in the South Sea, who use the phrase to speak in the belly for to think."—Gesenius.

bě-oēineí kā ū-lĕ-sārāh' hi'nēh nāthá'tī shēv. *a*āmar' ¹dwell. (16) And-unto-Sarah Behold, he-said, in-thine-eyes I-have-given ke'çeph lĕ-aā'hī'k' hi'nēh hūa..lā'k' kĕçūth oēina'yim ae'leph 2a-thousand-pieces-of 3silver [to-]1thy-brother; behold,* he-is..to-thee a-covering-of the-eyes, lě-'kōl aăsher ai'tā'k wě-aēth kōl wě-nō'kā"hath. wa'-yithpa'lēl' unto-all that are with-thee, and-with all other: thus-she-was-reproved. (17) So-2 prayed aavrāhām' ael..hā-aĕlōhīm' wa'-yirpā'a aĕlōhīm' aeth..aăvīme'le'k unto..[the-]God: and-2healed 1God 'Abraham Abimelech, wě-aeth..aishtōw wě-aamhōthāif' wa'-yēlē'dū. kī..oātzōr and - his-wife, and-his-maid-servants; ‡ and-they-bare children. (18) For..2closing-up yĕhōwāh' bĕoad § kol..ré'hem lĕ-vēith aăvīme'le'k oātza**r'** 3had-closed-up 1Jehovah [round-about] every..womb of-the-house-of Abimelech, oal..děvar sārāh aesheth avrāhām. Sarah, the-wife-of

CHAP. XXI.

pāqad' aeth..sārāh' ka-aăsher' aāmar' Wai-hōwāh' wa'-(1) And-Jehovah Sarah as-[that] he-had-said, visited ya'oas yĕhōwāh' lĕ-sārāh' ka-aăsher' di'bēr. wa'-tahar' wa'-tēled 'IJehovah unto-Sarah as-[that] he-had-spoken. (2) For-2conceived 3and-bare sārāh' lĕ-aavrāhām' bēn li-zqunāif la'-mōwoēd' aăsher..di'ber' [to-] Abraham a-son in-his-old-age, at-the-set-time of which.. 2had-spoken 1Sarah aotho'w aavrāhām' aĕlōhīm'. aeth..shem..běnow wa'-yiqrā'a 3to-him ¹A braham ¹God. (3) And-2called — the-name-of..his-son yitz'hāq. ha'-n $\bar{o}w$ lad.. $\bar{l}\bar{o}'w$ aăsher.. $y\bar{a}$ lĕd \bar{a} h..' $\bar{l}\bar{o}'w$ sārāh' wa'that-was-born..unto-him, whom..2bare..3unto-him ¹Sarah, Isaac. (4) Andyā'mol aavrāhār ²circumcised Abraham ben..shemonath' *a*avrāhām' aeth..yitz'hāq běnōw ²Isaac his-son, being [the-son-of..]eight-[of] ka-aăsher' tzi'wāh aōthō'w aĕlōhīm'. wě-aavrāhām' as-[that] 2had-commanded 3him ¹God. (5) And-Abraham was shānāh' bĕ-hi'wāled ben..měaāth lowaēth yitz'hāq [the-son-of..]a-hundred[-of] years old, when-3was-born 4unto-him

† Or, "consuted," from ya'ka'h, i. q. Arabic, waja'ha, to be clear, evident, in Hiph. to make clear, evident, to shew, correct, reprove, consute.

i. e. laughter. see chap. xvii. 17, 19, and v. 6.

English Version. 18 for the Lord had fast closed up all the wombs.

^{*} Or, "it (the thousand pieces of silver) is to thee (to purchase) a covering of the eyes," i. e. a veil, that others, like me, may not be tempted by thy beauty.

[‡] aumuh appears strictly synonymous with shiph'hah, a maid-servant, female-slave; except that the latter, perhaps, properly means a domestic female servant, or household slave: the masculine is se'ved, a man-servant, male-slave; com. v. 14.

[§] This particle follows several verbs of closing, as sagar, 1 Sa. i. 1, and appears necessary for the construction, though it may be omitted in translation.

sārāh' tzĕ'hōq oā'sāh lī běnōw. wa'-tōamer aĕlōhīm' ¹Sarah, ⁴to-laugh ²hath-made [to-]³me ¹God so-that (6) And-2said 1his-son. kol..ha'-shōmē'oa yitz'haq..lī. wa'-tōamer mī will-laugh..with-me. (7) And-she-said, Who would-have-said * all..that-hear lĕ-aavrāhām' vānīm' sārāh' kī..yālad'tī hēinī'qāh unto-Abraham, that 3should-have-given-4suck 3children 1Sarah? for..I-have-born him a-son ha'-ye'led wa'-yi'gāmal' wa'-ya'oas wa'-yigdal' li-zqunāif. the-child, (8) And-2grew and-was-weaned: in-his-old-age. uavrāhām' mishteh' gādōwl' bĕ-yōwm hi'gāmēl' aeth..yitz'hāq. ¹great [on-]the-same-day that ²was-weaned ¹Abraham a-2feast aeth..ben..hāgār' ha'-mitzrīth aăsher..yālĕdāh' wa'-tērea sārāh' (9) And-2saw - the-son-of.. Hagar the-Egyptian, whom..she-had-borne ¹Sarah lĕ-aavrāhām' mĕtza'hēq wa'-tōamer lĕ-aavrāhām' gārēsh' hāmocking: (10) wherefore-she-said unto-Abraham, Cast-out [the-] unto-Abraham, aāmāh' ha'-zōaath wĕ-aeth..bĕnāhh kī lōa yīrash' ben.. and — her-son: for 5not 4shall-6be-heir 1the-son-of. 2bond-woman [the-]1this ha'-zōath oim..bĕnī oim..yitz'hāq. wa'-yē'rao [the-]3bond-woman [the-]2this with..my-son, even with..Isaac. (11) And-2was-4grievous $m\check{e}a\bar{o}d$ bě-*o*ēinēi' aavrāhām' oal-aowdoth' běnow. Ithe-thing ³very in-the-eyes-of Abraham because-of t his-son. wa'-yō'amer aĕlōhīm' ael..aavrāhām' aal..yēra'o bě-*o*ēnēí kā unto.. Abraham, ²Not.. let-it-³be-grievous (12) And-2said ^{1}God in-thine-eyes, kol aasher toamar aeleika oal..ha'-na'oar wĕ-oal..aămāthé'kā because-of..the-lad, and-because-of..thy-bond-woman; in-all that 2hath-said 3unto-thee sārāh' shemao be-qolāhh' kī ve-yitz'hāq yi'qārē'a le'kā zārao. Sarah, hearken unto-her-voice; for in-Isaac shall-be-called to-thee a-seed. wĕ-gam aeth..ben..hā-aāmāh' lě-gōwi aăsīmé'nū kī (13) And-also of — the-son-of..the-bond-woman [for-]²a-nation will-I-make, because zaroă kā wa'-yashkēm' aavrāhām' ba'-boqer wa'hūa. in-the-morning, and-²thy-seed 1he-is. (14) And-2rose-up-early ¹Abraham wĕ-'hēmath yi'qa'h..le'hem' ma'yim wa'-yi'tēn' ael..hāgār' took..bread and-gave unto...Hagar; and-a-bottle-of # water,

English Version. Chap. xxi. 11 in Abraham's sight. 12 grievous in thy sight—in Isaac shall thy seed be called.

^{*} aāmar is to say, dicere, whether audibly or not; dāvar, Pioel di'bēr, is to produce, or utter one's sentiments, speak audibly and intelligibly, discourse, loqui; and mi'lēl, perhaps, to utter articulate sounds, speak. aāmar differs from di'bēr especially in this, that it is almost uniformly followed by the words spoken, while di'bēr is not: hence they are often connected, as in Lev. i. 2.

[†] aowdowth is properly a noun, fem. pl. causes, but only used in the above connection—on account of, for the causes of.

[‡] A leathern-bottle: in Arabic hamiton denotes a leathern bottle, made of goat skin, without hair, used for churning, &c.: probably noad, and aow, were skin-bottles of smaller dimensions, perhaps made of a kid's skin. baqbūq is a bottle, flask, flaggon; nevel, an earthen-bottle, jug, or jar; and kad, a pitcher, bucket, pail. Compare Harmer, vol. I. ch. ii. ob. 34. and vol. II. ch. iv. ob. 61.

wĕ-aeth..ha'-ye'led wa-yĕsha'lĕ'he'hā wa'oal..shi`kmāhh and the-child,* (putting it on..her-shoulder,) and-sent-her-away: bě-midbar' běaēr-shāvao. wa'-tethao wa'-yi'klū' she-departed, and-wandered in-the-wilderness-of Beer-sheba. (15) And-2was-spent ha'-ma'yim min..ha-'hēmeth wa'-tashlē'k aeth..ha'-ye'led tá'hath out-of..the-bottle, and-she-cast 1the-water the-child wa'-tēle'k' wa'-tēshev lāhh aa'had' ha'-sī'him'. mi'-ne'ged the-shrubs. (16) And-she-went, and-sat-2down [to-]1her over-against him, har'hēq ki-mra'hawei-qe'sheth kĩ aāmĕrāh' aal..aeraeh' as-it-were-a-bow-shot: ‡ 2Not..1I-will-3look a-good-way-off,† for she-said, bě-mōwth ha'-yāled. wa'-tēshev mi'-ne'ged. wa'-ti'sāa aeth.. on-the-death-of the-child. And-she-sat over-against him, and-lifted-up wa'-yishma'o aĕlōhīm' aeth..qōwl ha'-naoar' qōlāhh' wa'-tēvk. her-voice, and-wept. (17) And-2heard ^{1}God - the-voice-of wa'-yiqrā'a malaa'k' aĕlōhīm' ael..hāgār' min..ha'-shāma'yim wa'and-3called 1the-angel-of 2 God to..Hagar out-of..the-heavens, mah..'lā'k hāgār' aal..tīrĕaī' kī..shāma'o aĕlöhīm' yō'amer lāhh unto-her, What..aileth-[to-]thee, Hagar? 2not..1fear; for..2hath-hearkened ha'-na'oar ba-aăsher' hūa..shām'. qū'mī ael..qowl unto..the-voice-of the-lad [in-that-place] ²he-is..¹where. (18) Arise, lift-up we-ha'hazī'qī aeth..yādē'k' bow aeth..ha'-na'oar $k\bar{1}..l\check{e}$ - $g\bar{0}wi'$ - 2in-thine-hand [on-]'him; for..[for-]3nation the-lad. and-hold wa'-yiphqa'h' aĕlōhīm' aeth..oēinei'hā aăsīmé'nū. ¹I-will-make-him. (19) And-2opened 1God běaēr māyim wa'-tēle'k wa'-těma'lēa aeth..ha-'hēmeth wa'-tērea - the-bottle with and-she-went, and filled and-she-saw a-well-of water; wa-yĕhī aĕlōhīm' aeth.. ma'yim wa'-tashq' aeth..ha'-nāoar. (20) And-2was and-gave-2drink 1the-lad. wa'-yigdāl wa'-yē'shev ba'-midbār wa-yehī and-lie-grew, and-dwelt in-the-wilderness, and-became us he-grew-up the-lad;

English Version. 15 the water was spent in the bottle. 16 let me not see the death. 17 out of heaven—God hath heard the voice. 20 and became an archer.

^{*} Or, "lad:" ye'led signifies a son, child, boy, natus, without any regard to age; na'oar, (v. 12) a child, boy, youth, lud; and oe'lem, a marriageable young man: in Syriac, oalem is to grow up, become marriageable, and ghali'ma in Arabic, coeundi cupidus fuit.

[†] har heq is properly the infinitive Hiph. of ra haq, to be removed, be at a distance, or far off; but here used adverbially for at a distance, far off.

[‡] More literally, "about the shot (or ranges) of a bow;" from τά háh, to shoot, dart, sipand. So Lxx. ώσει τόξε βολήν, and Vulgate, quantum potest arcus jacere, "as far as a bow can carry."

[§] midbar properly denotes an uncultivated and comparatively barren country, where cattle are driven to feed; from davar, i. q. Syriac dvar, and Arab. conj. ii. to loud, drive.

qa'shāth. wa'-yē'shev bĕ-midbar' pāarān' wa'-ti'qa'h..lōw an-archer.* (21) And-he-dwelt in-the-wilderness-of Paran: and-2took..[to-]³him

ai'mōw ai'shāh mē-ae'retz mitzrāyim.

his-mother a-wife out-of-the-land-of Egypt.

Wa-yĕhī bā-oēth' ha-hi'wa wa'-yō'amer aavīme'le'k ū-(22) And-it-came-to-pass at-2time [the-]¹that, that-5spake ¹Abimelech, 2and-

phī'kōl' sar..tzĕvāaō'w ael..aavrāhām' lēamōr' aĕlōhīm' oi'mĕ'kā Phichol 3the-chief-captain-of..4his-host, unto..Abraham, saying, God is with-thee

bë-'kōl aasher..aa'tāh oōseh' wĕ-oa'tāh hi'shā'vĕoāh 'lī vēin-all that..thou doest: (23) 2therefore-1now, swear unto-me 2by-

alōhīm' hē''nāh aim..tishqōr lī ū-lĕ-nīnī' ū-lĕ-God lhere that-2not..1thou-wilt-3deal-falsely+ with-me, nor-with-my-son,‡ nor-with-

ne'kdī' ka-'he'çed aäsher oāsī'thī oi'me'kā taoeseh' my-son's-son: § but-according-to-the-kindness that I-have-done unto-thee, thou-shalt-do

oi'mādī' wĕ-oim..hā-aā'retz aăsher garĕtāh..bāhh'. wa'unto-me, and-to..the-land ²which ³thou-hast-sojourned..¹in-[it]. (24) And-

yō'amer aavrāhām' aānō'kī' ai'shāvē'oa. wĕ-hōw'kï'a'h aavrāhām' aeth..
²said ¹Abraham, I will-swear. (25) And-²reproved ¹Abraham —

aăvīme'le'k oal..aōdōwth' bĕaēr ha'-ma'yim aăsher gāzĕlū' Abimelech because-of a-well-of [the-]water, which had-violently-taken-away

oavdēi aavīme'le'k. wa'-yō'amer aavīme'le'k lōa yāda'otī mī the-servants-of 2Abimelech. (26) And-2said 1Abimelech, 2not 1I-know who

oāsāh' aeth..ha'-dāvār' ha'-zeh' wĕ-gam..aa'tāh lōa..hi'gad'tā 'lī hath-done — [the-]thing [the-]thing; and-also..thou 2not..tdidst-3tell [to-]me,

we-gam aāno'kī' loa shāma'otī biltī ha'-yowm.' wa'-yi'qa'h' and-2also 'I 4not 3did-5hear of it, but to-day. (27) And-2took

aavrāhām' tzōan ū-vāqār' wa'-yi'tēn' la-aavīme'le'k wa'-yi'krethū'
Abraham sheep and-oxen, and-gave them unto-Abimelech; and-2made

shënëihem' bërith. wa'-ya'tzëv' aavrāhām' aeth..she'vao kivsoth both-of-them a-covenant. (28) And-2set lAbraham — seven ewe-lambs||-of

English Version. 23 the land wherein thou hast sojourned. 25 which Abimelech's servants had violently taken away. 26 I wot not who hath done—neither didst thou tell me, neither yet heard I of it.

^{*} Vulgate, factusque est juvenis sagittarius.

⁺ Literally, " if thou shalt lie."

[‡] nīn, (from nūn, to propagate, increase,) is properly offspring, posterity, proles, soboles; and thus differs from bēn, a son.

[§] Probably né'ked rather denotes posterity, remote offspring; so Vulg. progenies in Job xviii. 19. Isa. xiv. 22.; and Aquila in Job, ἔγγονοι, descendants. A grandson is usually expressed by ben..benōw, "son of his son," &c.

^{||} kivsāh is the feminine of ke'ves, in Arab. kabshon, a lomb of one year and upwards; which is thus distinguished from aa'yil, a ram of three years old and upwards; Tāleh, a young, tender, or sucking lamb; kar, a fat or pasture lamb; and seh a lamb or kid, and also one of the smaller cattle, a sheep or goat, the nomen unitatis of tzōan, small cattle, especially sheep, collectively, a flock of such; ra'hēl is a ewe, the feminine of aa'yil.

ha'-tzōan lĕva'dĕhen.' wa'-yō'amer aăvīme'le'k ael..aavrāhām' by-themselves. (29) And-2said ¹Abimelech the-flock unto .. A braham, hē'nāh she'vao kevāsoth' hā-ae'leh aasher māh hi'tzav'tā What mean [here] ²seven ³ewe-lambs [the-]¹these, which thou-hast-set lěva'dā'nāh. wa'-yō'amer [aavrāhām' *] kī aeth..she'vao kĕvāsōth' by-themselves? (30) And-2said ['Abraham,] For these — seven ewe-lambs mi'-yādī' baoavūr tiheyeh..'lī lĕ-oēdāh' kī shalt-thou-take of-my-hand, [so-]that they-may-be..2unto-me [for-]1a-witness, 'hāphar'tī aeth..ha'-bĕaēr ha'-zōath. oal..kēn qārā'a la'-māqōwm' I-have-digged — [the-]²well [the-]¹this. (31) Wherefore he-called [to-]²place ha-hūa běaēr-shāvao kī shām nishběoū shěnēihem'. wa'-[the-]1that Beer-sheba; † because there they-sware both-of-them. (32) Thusyi'krĕthū' vĕrīth bi-vaēr-shāvao wā'-yā'qom aăvīme'le'k a-covenant at-Beer-sheba: they-made then²-rose-up 'Abimelech, andphīˈkōl′ sar..tzevāao'w wa'-yāshu'vū ael..ae'retz pelishtīm. Phicol the-chief-captain-of..his-host, and-they-returned into..the-land-of the-Philistines. wa'-yi'ra'o [aavrāhām'] aē'shel bi-vaēr-shāvaa wa'-yiqrāa shām' (33) And-2planted [1 Abraham ‡] a-grove § in-Beer-sheba, be-shem yehowah' ael oolam'. wa'-ya'gor aavraham' be-on-the-name-of Jehovah, the-2God | everlasting. (34) And-2sojourned Abraham in-theue'retz pëlishtim yamim' ra'bim. land-of the-Philistines ²days ¹many.

CHAP. XXII.

Wa-yĕhī aa'har' ha'-dĕvārīm' hā-aē''leh wĕ-hā-aĕlōhīm'
(1) And-it-came-to-pass, after [the-]²things [the-]¹these, that-[the-]God
ni'çāh aeth..aavrāhām' wa'-yō'amer aēlāif' aavrāhām' wa'did-tempt ¶ — Abraham, and-said unto-him, Abraham: and-

English Version. 30 and he said. 34 in the Philistines' land.

^{*} So the Samaritan and Septuagint read.

t i. e. well of the oath.

[‡] So the Samaritan, Septuagint and Vulgate; and so it is supplied by our translators. § Gesenius considers aeshel the same as the Arabic aathlon, (v. Golium and Kor. 34. 15.) a species of tamarisk, (tamaris orientalis Linn.) which grows to the height of a middling sized tree, is prickly, and on the knots of the branches bears small yellowish brown berries of the size of a pea. Parkhurst by a comparison of 1 Sam. xxxi. 13. with 1 Chron. x. 12, where instead of aeshel, we have aelāh, infers that it denotes the oak; and so Theodotion in Sam. renders it $\delta\rho\tilde{v}_{\mathcal{L}}$. But the Lxx. render aelāh, by $\tau\epsilon\rho\epsilon\beta\iota\nu\theta_{\mathcal{L}}$, the turpentine tree, which is defended by Celsius, (Hierobot. P. I. pp. 34..38.) and embraced by Gesenius. Probably aeshel may not denote any particular kind of tree, but trees generally and collectively, and so a grove. So the Vulg. renders nemus, a grove; and the Chald. ailānāa, a tree; and in the Talmud aeshlēi ravra'bēi is equivalent to ailānowth gedowlowth, "great

^{||} ael properly signifies strong, mighty, and as an abstract noun, strength, power, and hence the strong One, Almighty; and therefore differs from aelowahh, pl. aelohim', which from the Arabic ala'ha, to fear, reverence, worship, denotes the object of fear, reverence, and worship, the adorable One, God.

¶ Properly, tried, put to the test.

wa'-yō'amer qa'h..nāa aeth..bin'kā aeth.. $v\bar{o}'a$ mer hi'n \bar{e}' n \bar{i} . Behold-here-I-am.* (2) And-he-said, Take..now - thy-son, yë'hīdë'kā' aăsher...aāhav'tā aeth...yitz'hāq wĕ-le'k..lĕ'kā ael...ae'retz thine-only-son, 2whom..3thou-lovest, — 1Isaac, and-get..[to-]thee into..2land-of thine-only-son, 2whom..3thou-lovest, ha'-mōri'yāh' wĕ-haoălē"hū shām lĕ-oōlāh' oal aa'had' and-offer-him there for-a-burnt-offering upon 1the-3Moriah; hārīm' aasher *a*ōmar' aēlei kā. wa'-vashkēm' aavrāhām' mountains of which I-will-tell [unto-]thee. (3) And-2rose-up-early ba'-boqer wa'-ya'havosh' aeth..'hamoro'w wa'-yi'qa'h' aeth..shenei and-took and-saddled in-the-morning, his-ass, t ai'tōw wĕ-aēth yitz'hāq bĕnōw wa-yĕva'qa'o nĕoārāif' oătzēi his-young-men with-him, and — Isaac his-son, and-clave the-wood-of wa'-yē'le'k ael..ha'-māq $\bar{\mathrm{o}}w$ m' aăsher.. oolah' wa'-yā'qōm and-went unto..the-place the-burnt-offering, and-rose-up, ba'-yōwm' ha'-shĕlīshī' wa'-yi'sā' $a\bar{\mathrm{a}}\mathrm{mar..l\bar{o}'}w$ hā-aĕlōhīm'. (4) ²On-5day 3the-4third 1then-7lifted-up 2had told..[to-]3him [the-]1God. aavrāhām' aeth..oēināif' wa'-yar'a aeth..ha'-māqōwm' mē-rā'hōq'.

6Abraham — his-eyes, and-saw — the-place afar-off. the-place - his-eyes, ael..nĕoārāif' shevū..la'kem' põh oim.. wa'-yō'amer aavrāhām' (5) And-2said ¹Abraham unto..his-young men, Abide-ye..[to-you] here ha-'hămōwr wa-aănī wĕ-ha'-na'oar nēlĕ'kāh' oad..kōh wĕyonder and-I the-ass: and-the-lad will-go andaălēi'kem'. nishta'häweh' wĕ-nāshūvāh' wa'-yi'qa'h' aavrāhām' (6) And-2took ¹Abraham worship, and-come-again to-you. aeth..oătzēi hā-oōlāh' oal...yitz'hāq běnōw wa'wa'-yā'sem - the-wood-of the-burnt-offering, and-laid-it upon..Isaac his-son; yi'qa'h' bĕ-yādō'w aeth..hā-aēsh' wĕ-aeth..ha'-maaă'ke'leth wa'-²in-his-hand - Ithe-fire, and — a-[the-]knife: andyēle'kū' shenēihem' ya'hdāf. wa'-yō'amer yitz'hāq ael..aavrāhām' they-went both-of-them together. (7) And-2spake ¹Isaac unto..Abraham wa' $a\bar{a}v\bar{i}t'$ wa'-yō'amer $a\bar{a}v\bar{i}'$ wa'-yō'amer hi'né'nī věnī and-said, My-father: and-he-said, Here-am-I,* my-son. Andyō'amer hi'nēh hā-aēsh' wĕ-hā-oētzīm' wĕ-aa'yēh' ha'-seh' lĕhe-said. Behold the-fire and-the-wood; but-where is the-lamb for-awa'-yō'amer aavrāhām' aĕlōhīm' yiraeh..'lōw ha'-seh' God will-provide..himself the-lamb burnt-offering? (8) And-2said ¹Abraham,

English Version. Chap. xxii. 3 wood for the burnt-offering. 8 My son, God will provide himself a lamb.

^{*} Literally, "Behold me."

[†] In Arabic 'himāron, properly the he-ass, probably so called from its reddish colour, from 'hama'ra to be red; whence it is also called in Spanish and Portuguese, burro and burrico: its feminine is aāthōwn,—she-ass.

wa'-yēlĕ'kū' shĕnēihem' ya'hdāf. lĕ-oōlāh' běnī wa'for-a-burnt-offering, my-son: so-they-went both-of-them together. (9) Andyāvo' $a\bar{u}$ $ael..ha'-m\bar{a}q\bar{o}wm'$ $a\bar{a}sher$ $a\bar{a}mar..l\bar{o}'w$ $h\bar{a}-a\bar{e}l\bar{o}h\bar{i}m'$ wa'of-which 2had-told..[to-]3him [the-]1God; to..the-place they-came shām aavrāhām' aeth..ha'-mizbēa'h wa'-yaoaro'k' aeth.. yi'ven - 3an-[the-]altar, ¹Abraham and-laid-2in-order hā-oētzīm' wa'-yaoaqod' aeth...yitz'hāq benow wa'-ya'sem aotho'w and-bound * Isaac his-son, oal..ha'-mizbēa'h mi'-ma'oal lā-oētzīm'. wa'-yishla'h' aavrāhām' [from-]upon [to-]the-wood. (10) And-2stretched-forth Abraham aeth..yādō'w wa'-yi'qa'h' aeth..ha'-maaä'ke'leth li-sh'hōт the-knife to-slay t běnōw. wa'-yiqrā'a aēlāif' malaa'k' yěhōwāh' min..ha'-shāma'yim his-son. (11) And-3called 4unto-him 1the-angel-of 2Jehovah out-of..[the-]heaven, wa'-yō'amer aavrāhām' aavrāhām' wa'-yō'amer hi'nē'nī. wa'-yō'amer Abraham, Abraham: and-he-said, Here-am-I.; (12) And-he-said, and-said, aal..tishla'h' yādĕ'kā' ael..ha'-na'oar wĕ-aal..ta'oas lōw mĕaū'māh ²Not..¹lay thine-hand upon..the-lad, neither..do-thou 2unto-him 1any-thing: kī oa'tāh yāda'otī kī..yĕrēa aĕlōhīm' aá'tāh wĕ-lōa 'hāsa'k'tā 1thou, \$ seeing-2not 1thou-hast-3withheld I-know that..2fearest 3God aeth..bin'kā aeth..ye'hīde'kā' mi'me'nī. wa'-yi'sā'a aavrāhām' (13) And-2lifted-up Abraham — thine-only-son, from-me. aeth..oenāif' wa'-yar'a we-hi'neh..aa'yil neaĕ'hāz ba'*a*a'har' and-looked, and-behold,..2a-ram behind-him his-eyes, caught in-a-

bě-qarnāif wa'-yē'le'k aavrāhām' wa'-yi'qa'h' aeth..hāçĕva'k' and-took and-2went ¹Abraham, by-his-horns;

aa'yil wa'-yaoălē'hū lĕ-oōlāh' wa'-yiqrā'a tá'hath běn $\bar{\mathbf{o}}w$. and-offered-him-up for-a-burnt-offering in-the-stead-of his-son. (14) And-2called

avrāhām' shēm..ha'-māqōwm' ha-hūa yĕhōwāh'-yiraeh' aŭsher the-name-of..[the-]2place [the-]1that, Jehovah-jireh | : as-[that]

yēaāmēr' ha'-yōwm' bĕ-har yĕhōwāh' yērāaeh'. wa'-yiqrā'a it-is-said to-this-day, In-the-mount-of Jehovah it-shall-be-seen. (15) And-scalled

^{*} Probably to bind round the body with cords; (whence oaqu'dim, striped, covered with rings or bands, ch. xxx.35.;) and thus differs from aaçar, to bind, confine with cords, chains, &c.; qashar, to bind, fetter; 'hi'bar, to bind, join; 'havash, to bind somewhat on, around, or about, bind up, close, cover, saddle; ai'lem, to bind, compress, as sheaves; and balam, to bind, confine, restrain the mouth as of a horse or mule with a bit or bridle.

[†] Properly, perhaps, to shed the blood, (see Exod. xxxiv. 25.) kill, slay, animals, particularly for sacrifice; and thus distinguished from zava'h, to slay, kill, sacrifice; harag, to kill, slay, generally, whether men or animals; Tava'h, to kill, slaughter animals; ratza'h, to kill, slay, murder; hemith, cause to die, put to death, slay; qaral, to cut off as by death, kill; ancaph, to take out of the way, kill, destroy; hi'kah, to smite, slay, kill by smiting; 'halal, to pierce through, slay with the sword.

† Literally, "Behold me." § Literall

[§] Literally, "thou art a fearer of (or fearing) God."

i. e. Jehovah will see or provide.

¶ Or, "it shall be provided;" or "in the mount Jehovah shall be seen:" so Lxx. 'Ev τῷ ὅρει Κύριος ἄφθη: and Vulgate, In monte Dominus videbit, reading yirach'.

malaa'k' yĕhōwāh' ael..aavrāhām' shēnīth' min..ha'-shāmā'yim unto..Abraham the-second-time out-of..the-heavens, nishba'otī něaum..yěhōwāh' kī ya'oan wa'-yō'amer bī By-myself have-I-sworn, saith..Jehovah *; for, because (16) and-said, aäsher oāsī'thī aeth..ha'-dāvār' ha'-zeh' wĕ-lōa 'hāsa'k'tā aeth.. [that] thou-hast-done — [the-]2thing [the-]1this, and-2not 1hast-3withheld kī..vārē'k' aavāre'ke'ka' we-harbāh bin'kā aeth..yĕ'hīdé'kā thy-son, — thine-only-son; (17) that..in-blessing I-will-bless-thee, and-in-multiplying aeth..zaroă'kā kĕ-'kōw'kĕvēi' ha'-shāma'yim wĕ-'kathe-heavens, thy-seed as-the-stars-of I-will-multiply 'hōwl aasher oal..sephath' ha'-yām' we-yirash' zaroa'kā aeth sand which is upon..the-shore-of the-sea; and-2shall-possess 1thy-seed sha'oar wĕ-hithbāră'kū' vĕ-zaroă'kā kōl aověvaiť (18) and-2shall-6be-blessed 1in-thy-seed 3all the-nations-of the-gate-of his-enemies: wa'-yā'shov hā-aā'retz oēgev aăsher shāma'otī bě-qōlī'. (19) So-2returned because [that] thou-hast-obeyed + [to-]my-voice. 5the-earth; aavrāhām' ael..nĕoārāif' wa'-yāqu'mū wa'-yēlĕ'kū' ya'hdāf ael.. unto..his-young-men; and-they-rose-up, and-went together běaēr-shāvao wa'-yē'shev aavrāhām' bi-vaēr-shāvao. Beer-sheba: and2dwelt ¹Abraham at-Beer-sheba.

Wa-yĕhī aa'hărēi ha'-dĕvārīm' hā-aē'leh wa'-yu'gad' [the-]2things [the-]1these, that-it-was-told (20) And-it-came-to-pass after lĕ-aavrāhām' lēamōr' hi'nēh yālĕdāh' milkāh gam..hi'wa bānīm' Behold, 4hath-5borne 1Milcah [to-]Abraham; ³also..²she saying, lĕ-nā'hōwr' aā'hī''kā aeth-oūtz be korow we-aeth..buz aā hīf weunto-2Nahor 1thy-brother; (21) — Uz his-first-born, and — Buz his-brother, andaeth..qěmūaēl′ aǎvī *a*ărām we-aeth..ke'sed we-aeth..hazow Kemuel the-father-of Aram, (22) and — Chesed, and we-aeth..pildash we-aeth..yidlaph we-aeth bethuael. u-vethuael Pildash, and — Jidlaph and — Bethuel. (23) And-Bethuel yālad' aeth..rivqālı shĕmōnāh' aē'leh yālĕdāh' milkāh lĕ-nā'hōwr' — Rebekah: ²eight ¹these ²did-bear ¹Milcah *a*ă'hī aavrāhām'. ū-phīlagshō'w ū-shemāhh' reaumāh' wa'-And-his-concubine, whose-name ‡ was Reumah, [then-] the-brother-of Abraham. tēled gam..hi'wa aeth..te'va'h wĕ-aeth..gá'ham wĕ-aeth..tá'hash 3also..1she Tebah, and — Gaham, and — Thahash. wĕ-aeth..maoa'kāh. Maachah.

¹⁵ out of heaven the second time. English Version. 17 sea shore, marg. lip,

²¹ Huz his first-born.

* More literally, "it is said by Jehovah," or, "it is an oracle of Jehovah;" nāaam signifying to affirm solemnly, pronounce of utter an oracle; and thus differs from aumar, simply

[†] Literally, "hearkened."

[‡] Literally, "and her name was."

CHAP. XXIII.

Wa'-yiheyu' 'ha'yei' sarah' meaah' shanah' we-oesrim shanah' (1) And-3was 'the-life-of* 2Sarah a-hundred [years] and-twenty [years] wĕ-she'vao shānīm' shĕnēi 'ha'yēi' sārāh'. wa'-tāmoth years: these were the-years-of the-life-of Sarah. (2) And-2died sārāh' bĕ-qiryath'-aarba'o hiwa 'hevrōwn' bĕ-ae'retz
'Sarah in-Kirjath-arba; † the-same-is Hebron in-the-land-of kĕnāoan wa'-yāvō'a aavrāhām' li-çpōd lĕ-sārāh' wĕ-li-vkōthāhh'. for-Sarah, and-to-weep-for-her. (3) And-Abraham to-mourn yā'qom aavrāhām' mē-oal'-pĕnēi' mēthō'w wa-yĕda'bēr ael..bĕnēi.. from-before t his-dead, and-spake unto..the-sons-of ²stood-up ¹Abraham 'hēth' lēamōr' gēr..wĕ-thōwshāv' aānō'kī' oi'mā'kem' tĕnū saying, (4) ²A-stranger..³and-a-sojourner ¹I-am with-you: give [to-]me aă'hu'zath..qe'ver oi'mā'kem' wĕ-aeqbĕrāh mēthī' mi'-lĕphānāi'. a-possession-of..a-burying-place with-you, that-I-may-bury my-dead out-of-my-sight. wa'-yaoănū' věnēi..'hēth' aeth..aavrāhām' lēamōr' (5) And-2answered 1the-children-of..Heth -- Abraham, saying unto-him, shemaoe'nu aadoni' nesia aelohim' aa'tah be-thow'ke'nu my-lord: ²a-prince-of ³God 1thou-art in-the-midst-of-us: in-themiv'har' qëvārēi'nū qëvōr aeth..mēthé'kā aīsh mi'mé'nū choice-of our-sepulchres bury — thy-dead: ²a-man ³of-us choice-of our-sepulchres bury mi'-qĕvōr - mēthé kā. givrōw lōa..yi'kleh' mi'mě'kā 5his-sepulchre 1not..4will-withhold 6from-thee, but-that-thou-mayest-bury | thy-dead. wa'-yā'qom aavrāhām' wa'-yishtá'hū lĕ-oam..hā-aā'retz (7) And stood-up 'Abraham, and-bowed-himself to-the-people-of..the-land, even to-thelēamor aim..yesh aeth... wa-yĕda'bēr ai'tām vnēi..'hēth'. children-of.. Heth. (8) And-he-communed with-them, saying, If..it-be naphshě'kem' li-qvor aeth..methī' mi'-lephānai' shemāou'nī that-I-should-bury — my-dead ¶ out-of-my-sight, § hear-me, your-mind ū-phigoū..lī' bĕ-oephrōwn ben..tzō'har wĕ-yi'ten..lī aeth.. and-entreat..for-me to-Ephron the-son-of..Zohar, (9) that-he-may-give..[to.]me měoārath' ha'-ma'kpēlāh' a asher..low a asher bi-qtzēh the-3Machpelah, which..belongeth-to-him, which is in-the-end-of his-field: ²cave-of

English Version. Chap. xxiii. 1 and Sarah was an hundred and seven and twenty years old. 6 a mighty prince among us—none of us shall withhold from thee. 9 cave of Machpelah which he hath.

More literally, "the lives of Sarah were;" 'ha'yim, being, with a few exceptions, always used in the plural to denote, simply, life.

† Or, "the city of Arba," as Lxx. and Vulgate render.

‡ Literally, "from upon the face of."

More literally, "from burying."

More literally, "If it be your desire (or soul) to bury my dead."

bě-'ke'ceph mālē'a yi'těné'nāh 'lī bě-thōw'kě'kem' la-aă'hu'zath.. 1the-full he-shall-give-it [to-]me, 3in-the-midst-of-you 1for-a-possession-ofwě-oephrown yoshev bě-thowk běnei. heth wa'-²a-burying-place. (10) And-Ephron was sitting in-the-midst-of the-children-of.. Heth; andyaoan' oephrōwn ha-'hi'tī aeth..aavrāhām' bĕ-aoznēi věnēi.. ²answered ¹Ephron 2the-Hittite — Abraham in-the-ears-of the-children-of.. $l\bar{e}am\bar{o}r'$ lōa..aădōnī' 'hēth' lĕ-'kōl bāaēi' shaoar..oīrō'w Heth, even of-all that-went-in at-the-gate-of..his-city, saying, (11) Nay..my-lord, shĕmāoē'nī ha'-sādeh' nāthá'tī lā'k wĕ-ha'-mĕoārāh' aăsher..bōw give-I [to-]thee, and-the-cave The-field that..is-therein. lĕ-oēinēi' věnēi..oa'mī' nětha'tī'hā nětha'tī'hā lā'k lĕkā [to-]2thee 1I-give-it; before-the-eyes-of the-sons-of..my-people give-I-it [to-]thee: qěvor methé kā wa'-yishtá hū aavrāhām' liphnēi thy-dead. (12) And-2bowed-down-himself Abraham before the-people-of..the $a\bar{a}'$ retz wa-yĕda'bēr ael..oephrōwn bĕ-aoznēi oam..hā-aā'retz (13) And-he-spake unto. Ephron, in-the-ears-of the-people-of. the-land, land. $l\bar{e}am\bar{o}r'$ aa'k $aim...aa't\bar{a}h$ lū shěmāoē'nī nāthá'tī But, if..thou-wilt-give-it, I-pray-thee, hear-me: I-will-give thee money qaʻh mi'mé'nī wĕ-aeqbĕrāh aeth..mēthī' ha'-sādeh' shā''māh. for the-field; take-it of-me, and-I-will-bury — my-dead there. oephrown aeth..aavrāhām' lēamor' low aădonī' wa'-ya'oan (14) And-2answered Ephron - Abraham, saying unto-him, (15) My-lord, ae'retz aarba'o mēaōth' sheqel..ke'çeph shěmāoē'nī hearken-unto-me: The-land is worth four shekels-of..silver; 3between-me hundred ū-vēině'kā' mah..hi'wa wĕ-aeth..mēthě'kā' qĕvōr. wa'-yishma'o 4and-[between-]thee 1what-is..2that? 2therefore — 3thy-dead 1bury. (16) And-2hearkened aavrāhām' ael..oephrōwn wa'-yishqōl' aavrāhām' lĕ-oephrōn aeth.. and-²weighed ¹Abraham unto..Ephron; ^{1}A braham to-Ephron ha'-ke'çeph ağsher di'ber' bĕ-aoznēi vĕnēi..'hēth' aarba'o mēaōwth' which he-had-named in-the-ears-of the-sons-of.. Heth, four she'qel ke'çeph oōvēr' la'-çō'hēr'. wa'-yā'qom **s**ĕdēh shekels-of silver, current money with-the-merchant. (17) And-8was-made-sure 1the-field-of oephrōwn

sādeh' wĕ-ha'-mĕoārāh' aŭsher..bōw wĕ-'kol..hā-oētz' aŭsher..ba'and-the-cave which-was..therein, and-all..the-trees that-were..in-the-

sādeh' aasher be-kol..gevulow savīv' le-aavrāham' lĕ-miqnāh field, which-were in-all..its-borders round-about), (18) unto-Abraham for-a-possession,

aăsher ba'-ma'kpēlāh' aăsher liphnēi mamrēa ha'-²Ephron, 3which was 4in-Machpelah, 5which-was 6before 7Mamre, (even-the-

English Version. 9 as much money as it is worth—a burying-place amongst you. 10 and Ephron dwelt among. 11 in the presence of the sons of my people. 10, 12, 13, and 16 in the audience of. 17 and the field of Ephron, which was in Machpelah, which was before Mamre, the field, and the cave which was therein, and all the trees that were in the field, that were in all the borders round about, were made sure.

lĕ-oēinēi′ věnēi..'hēth' bĕ-'kōl bā*a*ēi' shaoar..oīro'w. in-the-presence-of * the-children-of..Heth, before-all that-went-in at-the-gate-of..his-city. wĕ-aa'hărēi..'kēn' qāvar' aavrāhām' aeth..sārāh' aishtōw ael..mĕoārath' (19) And-after..this, ²buried ¹Abraham - Sarah his-wife in-the-cave-of sědēh ha'-ma'kpēlāh' oal..pěnēi mamrēa hi'wa 'hevrown bě-ae'retz ²field-of ¹the-³Machpelah, before t Mamre: the-same is Hebron in-the-land-of wa'-yā'qom ha'-sādeh' wĕ-ha'-mĕoārāh' aăsher..bōw kenāoan. ²and-the-cave (20) And-5were-made-sure 1the-field 3that-is..4therein, mē-aēth' běnēi..'hēth'. lě-aavrāhām' la-aă'hu'zath..qāver unto-Abraham for-a-possession-of..a-burying-place by — the-sons-of..Heth.

CHAP. XXIV.

Wĕ-aavrāhām' zāqēn' bāa ba'-yāmīm' wai-hōwāh' bēra'k was-old, und-advanced in-days: and-Jehovah had-blessed (1) And-Abraham aeth..aavrāhām' ba'-kōl. wa'-yō'amer aavrāhām' ael..oavdōw (2) And-2said ¹Abraham unto..his-²servant **A**braham in-all-things. beithow ha'-moshel' bě-'kol..aăsher..lōw 'eldest-of his-house, that-ruled over-all..that-belonged-to-him, Put,..I-pray-thee, yĕrē'kī' yādě kā' tá'hath wĕ-aashbīoă'kā' bai-hōwāh' (3) and-I-will-make-thee-swear by-Jehovah, thy-hand under my-thigh #; *a*ĕlōhēi' ha'-shāma'yim wē-alōhēi' hā-aā'retz aăsher lōa.. the-God-of the-heavens. and-the-God-of the-earth, that 2not.. thi'qa'h' ai'shāh li-vnī mi'-bĕnōwth ha'-kĕnaoănī *a*ăsher 1thou-shalt-3take a-wife unto-my-son of-the-daughters-of the-Canaanites 2whom ael..aartzī wĕ-ael.. aāno'kī' yōwshēv' bě-qirb $\bar{\mathbf{o}}w$ kī 'in-the-midst-of-[him]: (4) but 2unto..3my-country, 4and-to.. 4dwell mōwladtī' tēlē'k' wĕ-lāqa'htā' ai'shāh li-vnī lě-vitz'hāq. ¹thou-shalt-go my-kindred. and take a-wife unto-my-son [unto-]Isaac. wa'-yō'amer aelaif' ha-oe'ved aulai' loa..thoaveh' ha-ai'shah'
(5) And-2said 3unto-him 1the-servant, Peradventure 3not..2will-4be-willing 1the-woman lōa..thōaveh' hā-ai'shāh' aāshīv' lā-lé'keth aa'hărai ael..hā-aā'retz ha'-zōath he-hāshēv' [after-]me unto..[the-]2land [the-]1this:—in-bringing-back shall-I-bring-again aeth..bin'kā ael..hā-aā'retz aăsher..yātzā'athā mi'-shām. [that..]2thou-camest-out 'from-whence? unto..the-land thy-son

English Version 18 at the gates of his city. Chap. xxiv. 1 old, and well stricken in age, marg. gone into days. 2 all that he had. 3 the God of heaven.—among whom I dwell. 5 must I needs bring thy son again into the land from whence thou camest.

^{*} Literally, "in (or before) the eyes of." † Literally, "on the face of." † yare'k properly denotes the lower part of the hip, or upper part of the thigh, and also the loins, (Exod. i. 4); mothna'yim, the upper part of the hip, including the small of the back, loins, δσφυς, cora, Exod. xxviii. 42; on which the girdle is worn, ch. xxxvii. 34. 2 Kings iv. 29, ix. 1; or a burden borne, Isa. lxvi. 11; and the seat of pain in parturition, Isa. xxi. 3. Nah. ii. 11.

yō'amer aēlāif' aavrāhām' hi'shāmer lĕkā pen..tashīv' 3unto-him 1Abraham, Beware-thou [to-thee] that-2not.1thou-bring-5again yĕhōwāh' aĕlōhēi' ha'-shāma'yim aăsher aeth..běnī shā"māh. (7) Jehovah the-God-of 4thither. the-heavens. — ³my-son lĕqā'ha'nī mi'-bēith $a\bar{a}v\bar{i}'$ ū-mē-ae'retz mōwladti' wamy-father, and-from-the-land-of my-kindred, took-me from-the-house-of andaăsher' di'ber..lī wa-aăsher' nishbao..lī lēamōr' lĕ-zaroă'kā ae'tēn who spake..unto-me, and-who sware..unto-me, saying, Unto-thy-seed will-I-give aeth..hā-aā'retz ha'-zōath hūa yishla'h' malaā'kō'w lĕphānei'kā wĕ-[the-]2land [the-]1this; he shall-send his-angel before-thee; andmi'-shām. ai'shāh li-vnī wě-aim..lōw thōaveh' lāga'htā' a-wife unto-my-son from-thence. (8) And-if..3not 2will-4be-willing hā-ai'shāh' lā-lé'keth aa'hăreí'kā wĕ-ni'qī'thā mi'-shĕvuoāthī' to-follow ¹the-woman [after-]thee, then-thou-shalt-be-clear from-2my-oath zōath raq aeth..bĕnī lōa thāshēv' shā"māh. wa'-yā'sem hāonly — 3my-son 2not 1bring-5again 4thither. (9) And-²put oe'ved aeth..yādō'w tá'hath ye're'k aavrāhām' aădōnāif' wa'-— his-hand the-thigh-of Abraham under servant his-master, andha'-zeh'. wa'-yi'qa'h' hā-oe'ved vi'shā'vao lōw oal..ha'-dāvār' to-him concerning..[the-]2matter [the-]1that. (10) And-2took 1the-servant oasarah gema'līm mi'-gema'lēi aadonaif wa'-ye'le'k we-kol. camels. of-the-camels-of his-master, and-departed; (for-all.. aădōnāif' bĕ-yādō'w wa'-yā'qom wa'-yē'le'k ael..aăram' Tūvʻ the-goods*-of his-master were in-his-hand;) and-he-arose, and-went nahăra'yim ael..oīr nā'hōwr'. wa'-yavrē'k' ha'-gĕma'līm the-two-rivers,† unto..the-city-of Nahor. (11) And-he-made-2kneel-down mi-'hūtz lā-oīr' lĕael..běaēr ha'-māyim lě-oēth with-out [to-]the-city by..a-well-of [the-]water, at-the-time-of the-evening, at-thewa'-yōamar' yĕhōwāh' ha'-shōa avōth'. tzēath time-of the-going-forth-of the-women-who-draw-water. (12) And-he-said, O-Jehovah

re kūsh, what is acquired, substance, goods, possessions.

† That is, "the Euphrates and Tigris:" the Greek word Μεσοποταμία, adopted by the Vulgate and our translators is nearly of the same import, literally denoting "between the rivers," from μέσος, middle, midst, and ποταμός, a river, but points out neither the

country nor rivers intended.

English Version. 7 The Lord the God of heaven, which took me from my father's house. 10 unto Mesopotamia. 11 and he made his camels—even the time that women go out to draw water, marg. that women which draw water go forth. 12 O Lord God of my master.

^{*} $\tau \bar{u}v$ properly denotes goodness, what is good, goods in general; miqueh, what is purchased, a possession, but used only of cattle, which in nomadic tribes is the principal and almost only property, (so Gr. $\kappa \tau \tilde{\eta} \nu o c$, cattle, literally the same as $\kappa \tau \tilde{\eta} \mu a$, a possession); and re'kūsh, what is acquired, substance, goods, possessions.

[‡] Homer mentions the same custom of women being employed to draw water as prevailing among the Pheacians and Lestrigons. See Odyss. vii. 20, and, x. 105, 106; in the former of which passages $\Pi \alpha \rho \theta \epsilon \nu \iota \kappa \tilde{\eta} - \nu \epsilon \dot{\eta} \nu \iota \delta \iota$, $\kappa \dot{\alpha} \lambda \pi \iota \nu \dot{\epsilon} \chi o \dot{\nu} \sigma \eta$, "a youthful virgin bearing a pitcher," might serve as a description of Rebecca; and in the latter we find, agreeably to the simplicity of those times, even a king's daughter employed in the business of

aădoni' aavrāhām' haqrēh..nā'a lephanai' ha'the-God-of my-master Abraham, 2send-4good-speed, 1-pray-thee, [before-]2me thisyōwm' wa-oăsēh..'he'çed oim..aădōnī' aavrāhām'. hi'nēh aānō'kī' and-shew..kindness t unto..my-master Abraham. (13) Behold, 1 ni'tzāv oal..oein ha'-māyim ū-věnōwth' aanshēi hā-oīr′ here by..2well-of 1the-3water; and-the-daughters-of the-men-of the-city ha'-naoărāh yōtzĕaōth' li-shaōv wĕ-hāyāh' mayim to-draw water: (14) and-let-it-come-to-pass, that the-damsel ‡ *a*ăsher aomar' aēlei'hā ha'rī..nā'a 'ka'dē'k wĕ-aeshteh' 1to-[her], Let-down..2I-pray-thee, 1thy-pitcher, that-I-may-drink; 2whom ³I-shall-say wĕ-aāmĕrāh' shěthēh wĕ-gam..gĕma'leí'kā aashgeh' ¹I will-give-³drink: and-she-shall-say, Drink. and-4also..2thy-camels aothahh' hō'ka'h'tā lě-oavdě kā lě-vitz hāg let-the-same-be-she that thou-hast-appointed for-thy-servant [for-]Isaac; and-thereby kī..oāsī'thā 'he'çed oim..aădōnī'. shall-I-know that..thou-hast-shewed kindness unto..my-master. (15) And-it-came-to-pass,.. hū'a re'rem ki'lāh lĕda'bēr wĕ-hi'nēh rivqāh yōtzēath' *a*ăsher Rebekah came-out. before had-done speaking, that-behold, who aă'hī nā'hōwr' li-vthūaēl' ben..milkāh aesheth was-born to-Bethuel, son-of.. Milcah, the-wife-of Nahor, the-brother-of aavrāhām' wĕ-'ka'dāhh wĕ-ha'-naoărāh oal..shi'kmāhh. (16) And-the-damsel ‡ was [and-]with-her-pitcher upon..her-shoulder. Abraham. maraēh měaod běthūlāh' wě-aīsh loa yědaoahh' Tovath' wa'and-man 2not 1had-3known-her: and-²beautiful-of ³appearance ¹very, a-virgin, hā-oa'yĕnāh wa-tĕma'lēa 'ka'dāhh wa'-tāoal. she-went-down 2the-3well-1to, (17) Andher-pitcher, and-came-up. and-filled yā'rotz hā-oe'ved li-qrāathāhh' wa'-yō'amer hagmīaī'nī ³ran 1the-servant and-said. Let-me-2drink, 1I-pray-thee, to-meet-her, měoaт..ma'yim mi'-ka'dē'k. wa'-tōamer shěthēh *a*ădōnī' (18) And-she-said, a-little..water of-thy-pitcher. Drink, my-lord: wa'wa'-temaher wa'-tored ka'dahh oal..yadahh' wa'-tashqe'hu. and-she-hasted, and-let-down her-pitcher upon..her-hand, and-gave-him-drink. (19)Andtĕ'kal' li-gma'leí'kā lěhashqōthō'w wa'-tōamer gam ⁸Also ²for-thy-camels when-sho-had-done giving-him-drink, [then-]she-said,

drawing water. The same forms part of the employment of eastern females to this day. Dr. Shaw, (Travels, p. 421.) speaking of the occupation of the Moorish women in Barbary, says, "To finish the day, 'at the time of evening, even at the time that the women go out to draw water,' they are still to fit themselves with a pitcher or goat's-skin, and tying their sucking children behind them, trudge it in this manner two or three miles to fetch water." See Harmer, vol. II. ch. iv. ob. 62, and Parkhurst in shaaav.

English Version. 16 was very fair to look upon-neither had any man known her.

Literally, "cause it (the object of my journey) to meet (or come before) me this day."

† Literally, "act with kindness," or "exercise kindness with."

[‡] The textual reading in this, and several other instances, is na'oar, which probably by an idiom peculiar to the Pentateuch, denoted both a young man and a young woman. The Keri and Samaritan, however, have naoarah.

 $a \operatorname{esh} a \overline{a} \mathbf{v}$ aim..ki'lū lishtōth. wa'-tĕmahēr wa'oad (20) And-she-hasted, and-¹I-will-draw-water, until [that..]they-have-done drinking. ael..ha'-shōqeth wa'-tārotz oōwd ael..ha'-bĕaēr ka'dāhh again unto..the-well emptied her-pitcher into..the-trough, and-ran we-hā-aīsh' mishtāaēh' wa'-tishaav' lĕ-'kol..gĕma'lāif. li-shaōv for-all..his-camels. (21) And-the-man, and-drew to-draw-water. yĕhōwāh' darkōw lāhh ma'hărīsh lā-da'oath ha-hitzlīa'h to-know whether-2had-made-4prosperous 1Jehovah 3his-journey* at-her, held-his-peace, ka-aasher' ki'lū ha'-gema'līm lishtoth wa-yĕhī (22) And-it-came-to-pass, as-[that] ²had-done ¹the-camels wa'-yi'qa'h' hā-aīsh' zāhāv' ne'zem $mishq\bar{a}l\bar{o}'w$ be'qao that-2took half-a-shekel in-[its-]weight, and-1the-man a-nose-ring-of gold, zāhāv' mishqālām' shĕnēi tzĕmīdīm' oal..yādei'hā *o*ăsārāh' bracelets for..her-hands, of ten-shekels ²of-gold [in-their-]^Tweight, two-[of] aa't ha'gī'dī wa'-yō'amer bath..mī $nar{a}a$ lī hă-yēsh (23) and-said, The-daughter-of..whom art thou? tell 2I-pray-thee, [to-] me: wa'-tōamer aēlāif' bēith..aāvī'k' māqōwm' lā'nū lā-līn'. ²in-the-house-of..³thy-father ¹room for-us to-lodge-in? (24) And-she-said unto-him, bath..beth $\bar{u}a\bar{e}l'$ aāno"kī ben..milkāh aăsher yālĕdāh' lĕ-²The-daughter-of. ³Bethuel ¹I-am. the-son-of..Milcah, \mathbf{whom} she-bare untonā'hōwr'. wa'-tōamer aēlāif' gam..te'ven gam..miçpowa (25) 2Moreover-1she-said unto-him, There-is both..straw Nahor. and..provender gam..māqōwm' lā-lūn'. oi'mā'nū wa'-yi'qōd' (26) And-2bowed-down-his-head with-us, and..room to-lodge-in. hā-aīsh' wa'-yishta'hū bārū'k' laihōwāh'. wa'-yō'amer (27) And-he-said, and-worshipped 1the-man, [to-]Jehovah. Blessed be yĕhōwāh' aĕlōhēi' aĕdōnī' aavrāhām' aĕsher lōa..oāzav' the-God-of my-master Abraham, who 2not..1hath-3dismissed his-mercy wa-aămi'townā'ha'nī mē-oim' aădonī' $a\bar{a}n\bar{o}'k\bar{i}'$ ba'-de're'k and-his-truth from-[with] my-master: I-being ²led-me in-the-way, yĕhōwāh' wa'-tārotz ha'-naoărāh beith aă'hēi aădōnī'. Jehovah to-the-house-of the-brethren-of my-master. 1the-damsel (28) And-²ran wa'-ta'gēd $h\bar{a}$ - $a\bar{e}'$ 'leh. lĕ-vēith *u*i'māhh ka'-dĕvārīm' and-told [to-]them-of-the-house-of her-mother according-to-2things $a\bar{a}'h$ \bar{u} -shěm $\bar{o}'w$ $l\bar{a}v\bar{a}n'$ wa'-y \bar{a}' rotz $l\bar{a}v\bar{a}n'$ ū-lě-rivqāh' (29) And-there-was-to-Rebekah a-brother, and-his-name was Laban: and-2ran ael..hā-aīsh' ha-'hū'tzāh ael..hā-oā'yin. wa-yĕhī ki-4unto..5the-man 3out. unto..the-well. (30) And-it-came-to-pass, when-

English Version. 21 to wit whether the Lord. 22 a golden ear-ring of half a shekel weight, marg. a jewel for the forehead. 23 Whose daughter art thou? 25 We have both straw. 27 not left destitute my master of his mercy and his truth. 28 her mother's house these things. 29 and Rebekah had a brother.

^{*} Literally, "his way." † Or, "taken away," Vulgate, abstulit.

raōth aeth..ha'-ne'zem wĕ-aeth..ha'-tzĕmidīm' oal..yĕdēi aă'hōthō'w the-nose-ring, and the bracelets upon..the-hands-of his-sister. ū-kĕ-shomoō'w aeth..divrēi rivqāh aă'hōthō'w lēamōr' kōh..di'ber' and-when-he-heard — the-words-of Rebekah his-sister, saying, aēlai' hā-aīsh' wa'-yāvō'a ael..hā-aīsh' wĕ-hi'nēh oōmēd' oal..ha'-²unto-me ¹the-man, that-he-came unto..the-man; and-behold, he-stood gěma'līm oal..hā-oā'yin. wa'-yō'amer bōwa běrū'k (31) And-he-said, Come-in, thou-blessed-of Jehovah; lā''māh thaoamod ba-'hūtz we-aano'ki' pi'ni'thi ha'-ba'yith uwith-out? wherefore standest-thou for-I-have prepared the-house, andmāqōwm' la'-gĕma'līm. wa'-yāv $\ddot{o}'w$ hā- $a\ddot{i}$ sh' ha'-ba'yĕthāh (32) And-2came for-the-camels. 1the-man 2the-3house-1into: wa-yĕpha'ta'h' ha'-gĕma'līm wa'-yi'tēn te'ven ū-miçpo'wa la'and-he-ungirded the-camels, and-gave straw and-provender forgema'līm ū-ma'yim li-r'hōtz raglāif wĕ-raglēi hā-aănāshīm' and-water to-wash his-feet, and-the-feet-of the-men the-camels, *a*ăsher wa'-yūsām' ai'tōw. lĕphānāif' le-aĕ'kōl wa'with-him. (33) And-there-was-set meat before-him to-eat: wa'-yō'amer yō'amer lōa aō'kal' oad aim..di'bar'tī dĕvārāi'. he-said, 2Not 1I-will-3eat, until [that..]I-have-told mine-errand.* And-he-said, wa'-yōamar' oe'ved aavrāhām' aānō"kī. da'bēr. wai-(34) And-he-said, ²The-servant-of ³Abraham ¹I-am. Speak-on. (35) Andhowah' bera'k' aeth..aadoni' meaod wa'-yigdāl' Jehovah hath-blessed — my-master greatly; and-he-is-become-great; and-he-hath-given.. we-'ke'çeph we-zahav' wa-oavadim' ūtzōan ū-vāqār' and-men-servants, and-[to-]him flocks, and-herds, and-silver, and-gold, wa'-teled sārāh' wa-'hămōrīm'. shephā'hōth' ū-gěma'līm' and-camels, and-asses. (36) And-4bare ¹Sarah maid-servants, aesheth aadoni' ven la-adoni' aa'harei ziqnathahh' wa'-yi'ten.. ²the-wife-of ³my-master a-son to-my-master when she-was-old †: and-²hath-he-given.. wa'-yashbioē'nī aădonī' lēamor' $1\bar{0}'w$ aeth..kol..aăsher.. $1\bar{0}'w$. unto-him — all..that..belongeth..to-him. (37) And-2made-me-swear 1my-master, saying, ai'shāh li-vnī mi'-bĕnōwth ha'-kĕnaoanī aasher lōa..thi'qa'h' ²Not.. thou-shalt-³take a-wife to-my-son of-the-daughters-of the-Canaanites, ael..beith..aavī' aānō'kī' yōshēv' bĕ-aartzōw aim..lōa4dwell 'in-the-land-of-[him]: (38) but ‡ 2unto..the-house-of..3my-father we-ael..mishpa'htī we-laqa'hta' ai'shah li-vnī. 1thou-shalt-go, and-to..my-kindred, a-wife unto-my-son. (39) Andand-take

English Version. 30 when he saw the ear-ring and bracelets upon his sister's hands. 32 ungirded his camels. 36 all that he hath. 38 in whose land I dwell.

^{*} Or, " relation, history, narration," literally, words.

⁺ Literally, "after (or since) her old age."

[‡] Literally, "if..not."

aomar' ael..aădonī' *a*ulai lōa..thēlē'k' hā-ai'shāh' aa'hărāi. unto..my-master, Peradventure 3not..2will-4follow 1the-woman [after-]5me. wa'-yō'amer aēlāi' yĕhōwāh' aăsher..hithha'lak'tī lĕphānāif' yishla'h'
(40) And-he-said unto-me, Jehovah, ²whom..³I-walk ¹before-[him], will-send darké'kā wĕ-lāqa'htā' ai'shāh $\mathrm{mal}a\bar{\mathrm{a}}'\mathrm{k}\bar{\mathrm{o}}'w$ ai'tāk wĕ-hitzlīa'h thy-way; and-thou-shalt-take with-thee, his-angel and-prosper $a\bar{a}v\bar{i}'$ ū-mi'-bēith' $a\bar{a}z$ li-vnī mi'-mishpa'htī (41) thenof-my-kindred, and-of-the-house-of my-father: for-my-son mē-aālāthī' kī thavo'wa ael..mishpa'htī ti'nāqeh' shalt-thou-be-clear from-this-my-oath, to..my-kindred; when thou-comest andwĕ-hāyī'thī nāqī' mē-aālāthī'. lā'k wāaim..lōa yi'tĕnū if..2not 1they-will-3give [to]thee one, [then-]thou-shalt-be clear from-my-oath. (42) And $a\bar{a}v\bar{o}'a$ ha'-y $\bar{o}wm'$ ael..liā-oā'yin věhōwāh' wā-*a*ōmar' O-Jehovah I-came this-day unto..the-well, and-said, the-God-of aădonī' aavrāhām' aim..yesh'kā..nā'a matzlīa'h darkī *a*ăsher my-master Abraham, if..2thou..1now do-prosper* my-way which aānō'kī' hōlē'k' oālei'hā hi'nēh aānō'kī' ni'tzāv oal..oēin ha'-[upon-it]: (43) behold, stand by..2well-of 1themāyim wĕ-hāyāh' hā-oalmāh' ha'-yōtzēath' li-shaōv 3water; and-it-shall-come-to-pass, that-when the-virgin [who-]cometh-forth to-draw water, we-aamartī' aelei'ha hashqīnī..nā'a měoat..ma'yim mi'-ka'dē'k to-her, Give-me,-5to-drink..1I-pray-thee, 2a-little..3water 4of-thy-pitcher; and-I-sav wě-aāměrāh' aēlai' gam..aa'tāh shěthēh wě-gam li-gma'leí'kā Both..2thou and-2also (44) and-she-say to-me, ¹drink. 4for-thy-camels hīwa hā-ai'shāh' aasher..hō'kī'a'h yēhōwāh' ¹I-will-³draw: let the-same be the-woman whom..²hath-appointed-out ¹Jehovah for-the-son-of.. aădōnī'. aă'ka'leh' те'rem lĕda'bēr ael..li'bī - *a*ănī wĕmy-master. (45) ³I ²before 5speaking 6in..7mine-heart, land,-4had-done hi'nēh rivqāh yōtzēath' wĕ-'ka'dāh oal..shi'kmāhh wa'-tēred sbehold, Rebekah came-forth with-her-pitcher on..her-shoulder; and-she-went-down hā-oa'yĕnāh wa'-tishaāv wā-aōmar' aēlei'hā hashqī'nī ²the-well-¹unto, and-drew water: and-I-said unto-her, Let-me-drink, I-pray-thee. wa'-těmahēr wa'-tōwred ka'dāh mē-oālei'hā wa'-tōamer (46) And-she-made-haste, and-let-down her-pitcher from-[upon-]her shoulder, and-said, *a*ashqeh' shětheh wě-gam..gěma'leí'kā wā-aēsht' wĕ-gam and-4also..2thy-camels ¹I-will-give-3drink: so-I-drank; and-4also aōthāhh' wā-aōmar' ha'-gĕma'līm hishqā'thāh. $w\bar{a}$ -aeshaal' 1she-made-3drink. ²the-camels (47) And-I-asked her, and-said,

wa'-tōamer bath..bĕthūaēl'

And-she-said, The-daughter-of.. Bethuel, the-son-of..

aa't

The-daughter-of...whom art thou?

bath..mī

English Version. 47 Whose daughter art thou?

^{*} Literally, " if now thou art prospering."

nā'hōwr' aasher yāledāh..'lō'w milkāh wā-aasim' ha'-ne'zem oal.. whom ²bare..³unto-him ¹Milcah: and-I-put the-nose-ring* upon.. aa'pāh wĕ-ha'-tzĕmīdīm' oal..yādei'hā. $w\bar{a}$ -ae' $q\bar{o}$ d' her-nose, and-the-bracelets upon. her-hands. (48) And-I-bowed-down my-head, andaeshta'haweh' lai-howah' wa-aavare'k' aeth..yĕhōwāh' worshipped [to-]Jehovah, and-blessed Jehovah the-God-of aădōnī' aavrāhām' aasher hin'ha'nī be-de're'k aemeth lā-qa'hath had-led-me in-the-way-of truth Abraham, who my-master aeth..bath..aă'hī aădoni' li-vnow. we-oa'tāh aim..yesh'kem' - the-daughter-of..the-brother-of my-master unto-his-son. (49) And-now, oosīm' 'he'çed we-aĕmeth' aeth..aădonī' ha'gī'dū lī wĕ-aim..loa act t with-kindness and-truth with..my-master, tell [to-]me: ha'gī'dū lī wĕ-aephneh' oal..yāmīn' aōw oal..sĕmōal. wa'-ya'oan [to-]me; that-I-may-turn to..the-right-hand, or to..the-left. (50) Then-3answered lāvān' ū-věthūaēl' wa'-yōamerū' mē-yehowāh' yātzā'a ha'-dāvār' ³From-Jehovah ²proceedeth ¹the-thing: ¹Laban ²and-Bethuel and-said, nū'kal' lōa da'bēr aēlei"kā aōw...rōwv'. hi'nēh..rivqāh' rao we-1can (51) Behold..Rebekah speak unto-thee bad or..good. lĕphāneí'kā qa'h wā-lē'k' ū-thĕhī ai'shāh le-ven..aadoneikā is before-thee; take her, and-go, and-let-her-be a-wife to-the-son-of..thy-master, ka-aăsher' di'ber' yĕhōwāh'. wa-yĕhī ka-aăsher' shāma'o ²hath-spoken ¹Jehovah. (52) And-it-came-to-pass, that-when oe'vedaavrāhām' aeth..divrēihem' wa'-vishtá'hū ¹the-servant-of ²Abraham - their-words, [that-]he-worshipped, 2bowing-himself aa'rĕtzāh lai-hōwāh' wa'-yōwtzē'a hā-oe'ved kĕlēi..'ke'çeph ū-3to-the-earth [to-]'Jehovah. (53) And-2brought-forth 1the-servant jewels ‡-of..silver, and-'kĕlēi' zāhāv' ū-vĕgādīm' wa'-yi'tēn' lĕ-rivqāh ū-migdānōth' jewels-of gold, and-raiment, and-gave-them to-Rebekah: 2also-5precious-things || ū-migdanoth'

English Version. 47 and I put the ear-ring upon her face. 48 led me in the right way to take my master's brother's daughter. 49 if ye will deal kindly and truly. 51 and let her be thy master's son's wife.

[•] From this circumstance, as well as from the word being in the singular number, it is evident that, not an ear-ring, but a nose-ring, or jewel for the nose, is here intended; which is in universal use throughout all parts of Arabia and Persia, especially among young women; as is attested by Sir J. Chardin, Thevenot, D'Arvieux, Niebuhr, &c. See the note on ver. 22, in "The Comprehensive Bible," and Harmer, vol. IV. ch. xi. ob. 49, 94.

† More literally, "if ye are acting," or exercising.

‡ Rather, vessels, or utensils, okein, vasis, as the Lxx. and Vulgate render, and as our translators have in the marsin.

translators have in the margin. § Rather, garments, especially the outer garment, iuáriov, coat or cloak of the Orientals; corresponding to simlāh and an'de'reth: it is a piece of cloth nearly square, and several feet in length and breadth, (Dr. Shaw says six yards long and five or six feet broad, Travels, pp. 224, 225), which is wrapped round the body, or tied over the shoulders, like the plaid of the Highlanders. It thus differs from the kethoneth, the inner garment, close coat, xirwv, tunica, worn next the skin, and fitting close to the body, having arm-holes, and sometimes sleeves, and reaching below the knees, and that worn by women to the ancles.

me'ged and migdanoth' manifestly denote from their use, costly or precious things, or gifts, especially of nature; but of what kind these consisted, we have no means of deter-

wa'-yōa'kĕlū' wa'-yishtū' hūa nāthan' lĕ-aā'hī'hā ū-lĕ-ai'māhh'. 1he-gave 3to-her-brother 4and-to-her-mother. (54) And-they-did-eat and-drink, we-ha-anashim' aasher..oi'mow wa'-yali'nu wa'-yaqu'mu va'that-were..with-him, and-tarried-all-night: and-they-rose-up in-theboqer wa'-yo'amer sha'lĕ'hu'nī la-adonī'. wa'-yo'amer aā'hī'hā and-he-said, Send-me-away unto-my-master. (55) And-3said 1her-brother morning, we-ai'mahh teshev' ha'-naoarah <math>ai'ta'nu yamım' aow oasowr'²and-her-mother, Let-²abide ¹the-damsel with-us a few days, at-the-least ten; * wa'-yō'amer aălēihem' aal..teaa'hărū' tēlē'k'. $a\bar{\text{o}}\text{th}\bar{\text{i}}$ after-that she-shall-go. (56) And-he-said ³Not..¹hinder unto-them, ²me. sha'lĕ'hū'nī wĕ-aēlĕ'kāh' wai-hōwāh' hitzlīa'h darkī la-adōnī'. seeing-Jehovah hath-prospered my-way; send-me-away, that-I-may-go to-my-master. nigrāa la'-naoarāh we-nishaalāh wa'-yōamĕrū' aeth..pī'hā. (57) And-they-said, We-will-call [to-]the-damsel, and-enquire at..her-mouth. wa'-yiqrĕaū' lĕ-rivqāh wa'-yōamĕrū' aēlei'hā hă-thēlĕ'kī' oim.. (58) And-they-called [to-] Rebekah, and-said unto-her, - Wilt-thou-go with .. hā-aīsh' ha'-zeh' wa'-tōamer aēlē'k'. wa-yĕsha'lĕ'hū aeth.. [the-]2man [the-]1this? And-she-said, J-will-go. (59) And-they-sent-away rivqāh aă'hōthām' wĕ-aeth..mēniqtāhh' wĕ-aeth..oe'ved aavrāhām' and — her-nurse, Rebekah their-sister, and — the-servant-of Abraham, wě-aeth..aănāshāif'. wa-yĕvārĕ'kū' aeth..rivqāh wa'-yō'amĕrū (60) And-they-blessed - Rebekah, and — his-men. and-said lāhh aă'hōthē'nū aa't hăyī lě-aalphēi rěvāvāh' wa'unto-her, 2Our-sister 1thou-art, be-thou the mother of-thousands-of

yīrāsh' zaroē'k aēth sha'oar soneaaif'. wa'-tagom rivgah let-2possess 1thy-seed — the-gate-of those-who-hate-them. (61) And-2arose 1Rebekah,

wě-naoărothe'hā wa'-tirkav'nāh oal..ha'-gĕma'līm wa'-tēla'k'nāh and-her-damsels. upon..the-camels, and-they-rode and-followed

aa'harei ha-aish' wa'-yi'qa'h' ha-oe'ved aeth..rivqah wa'-yela'k'.
[after] the-man: and-2took 1the-servant — Rebekah, and-went-his-way.

la'hai'-rōaī' wĕ-h $\bar{\mathbf{u}}a$ wĕ-yitz'hāq bāa $\mathbf{b} \check{\mathbf{e}} a \bar{\mathbf{e}} \mathbf{r}$ $mi'-b\bar{o}wa$ (62) And-Isaac came from-the-way-of the-well-of Lahai-roi; § for-he

yōwshēv' bĕ-ae'retz ha'-ne'gev. wa'-yētzē'a yitzhāq lā-sū'a'h ¹the-south. (63) And-²went-out ¹Isaac to-meditate ¶ dwelt | in-2country

mining, see Deut. xxxiii. 13, 14, 15, 16. 2 Chron. xxi. 3, xxxii. 23. Ezr. i. 6. Cant. iv. 13, 16. vii. 13. Compare the Syriac magdoa, fructus aridus; and the Arabic, majdon, glory, honour, grandeur, splendour, and maju'da, to excel in glory, honour, or splendour.

* Or, "some days, if it were perhaps ten," i. e. about ten days. So Lxx. ἡμέρας

ώσεὶ δέκα, and Vulgate, saltem decem dies.

† More literally, "those hating him," i. e. his enemies; referring to ze'rao, seed, which is a noun singular masculine, though used collectively for offspring, children, descendants, posterity.

[‡] Literally, "the going in," or entrance. § See chap. xvi. 14.

|| Literally, "he was dwelling."

¶ So Vulgate, ad meditandum; or to talk, Lxx. άδολεσχῆσαι: comp. sĩa'h, Ps. lxvii. 13, 47. Prov. vi. 22. Others, to walk, wander, obambulare, i. q. Arabic sa'ha.

ba'-sādeh' li-phnōwth-oārev wa'-yi'sā'a oeinaif' wa'-var'a wein-the-field at-the-even-tide *; and-he-lifted-up his-eyes, and-saw. hi'nēh gĕma'līm bāaīm'. wa'-ti'sāa rivqāh aeth..oēinei'hā wa'the-camels were-coming. (64) And-2lifted-up 1Rebekah — her-eyes; tērea aeth...yitz'hāq wa'-ti'pol mē-oal' ha'-gāmāl'. wa'-tōamer ²she-saw — ³Isaac ¹when-4she-lighted off † the-camel. (65) For-she-had-said ael..hā-oe'ved mī..hā-aīsh' ha'-lāzeh' ha-hōlē'k' ba'-sādeh' liunto..the-servant, What..[the-]man is [the-]this that-walketh in-the-field $qr\bar{a}ath\bar{e}'n\bar{u}$. wa'-yō'amer $h\bar{a}$ -oe'ved $h\bar{u}a$ aădonī' wa'-ti'qa'h' And-2had-said ¹the-servant, It-is my-master: therefore-she-took a ha'-tzāoīph' wa'-tithkāç. wa-yĕça'pēr hā-oe'ved lĕ-yitz'hāq aēth [the-]veil, and-covered-herself. (66) And-2told 1the-servant [to-]Isaac kol..ha'-dĕvārīm' aăsher wa-yĕviae'hā oāsāh'. yitz'hāq hāall..[the-]things that he-had-done. (67) And-2brought-her ¹Isaac into-the*a*ō'hĕlāh sārāh' wa'-yi'qa'h' aeth..rivqāh wa'-tĕhī..lō'wai'm $\bar{o}w$ and-took - Rebekah, and-she-was..to-him Sarah his-mother, le-ai'shāh wa'-yeaehāve'hā wa'-yi'nā'hēm' yitz'hāq aa'hărēi for-a-wife; and-he-loved-her: and-2was-comforted ai'mōw. his-mother's death.

CHAP. XXV.

Wa'-yō'çeph wa'-yi'qa'h' ai'shāh ū-shemāhh' aavrāhām' (1) And-2added a-wife, and-her-name was ¹Abraham and-took wĕ-aeth..yoqshān wa'-teled lowaeth..zimrān qĕтūrāh'. [to-]him Zimran, (2) And-she-bare and — Keturah. we-aeth..medan we-aeth..midyan we-aeth..yishbaq we-aeth..shua'h. Medan, and — Midian, and — Ishbak, and yālad' aeth..shěvāa wĕ-aeth..dĕdān ū-věnēi' wĕ-yoqshān (3) And-Jokshan and — Dedan. And-the-sons-of Sheba, begat dědān hāyū' aa'shūrim' ū-lětūshim' ū-lěau'mīm'. ū-věnēi' Dedan and-Letushim, and-Leummim. (4) And-the-sons-of Asshurim, were

English Version. 67 and she became his wife. Chap. xxv. 1 then again Abraham took.

^{*} Literally, "at the turning of evening," i. e. at the approach of evening.

^{† &}quot;from upon." ‡ ha'-lazeh' corresponds to the Arabic, aa'ladhī; which, however, in that dialect is a relative.

[§] Probably from the Arabic dzaoa'fa, conj. ii. iii. iv. to double, and hence perhaps denotes the double veil, of which one part hangs down in front before the eyes, and the other part is thrown over the back. Eastern brides are usually veiled all over when presented to their husbands. See Harmer, vol. iv. ch. xi. ob. 29, and Russel, Description of Aleppo, vol. ii. p. 70.

midyān oēiphāh' wā-oē'pher wa-'hănō'k wa-aavīda'o we-aeldaoāh' and-Abidah, and-Epher, and-Hanoch, Ephah. Midian; wa'-yi'tēn' aavrāhām' aeth.. qĕтūrāh'. běněi kol..aē'leh All..these were the-children-of Keturah. (5) And-2gave ¹Abraham lě-yitz'hāq. wĕ-li-vnēi ha'-pīlagshīm' kol..aäsher.. $l\bar{o}w$ all..that..belonged-to-him unto-Isaac. (6) But-unto-the-sons-of the-concubines, lĕ-aavrāhām' aavrāhām' ma'tānōth' nāthan' *a*ăsher wato-Abraham 2gave ¹Abraham gifts, andwho-belonged yĕsha'lĕ'hēm mē-oal' yitz'hāq bĕnōw bĕ-oōwdé'nū 'hai qē'dĕmāh sent-them-away from-[near] Isaac his-son (while-he-yet lived) eastward, qe'dem. shěnēi..'ha'yēi' ael..ae'retz wĕ-aē'leh **y**ĕmēi the-days-of the-years-of..the-life-of unto..the-2country 1east. (7) And-these are shānāh' wĕ-shivoīm aavrāhām' aăsher.. hāi mě*a*ath which..he-lived. Abraham, a-hundred [years] and-seventy wa'-yigwa'o wa'-yā'moth wĕ-'hāmēsh' avrāhām' shānīm'. (8) And-2expired ³and-died ¹Abraham and-five years. wa'-yēaā'çeph bě-seivah' то̃wvāh′ zāgēn' wĕ-sāvē'ao 1good, an-old-man, and-full-of-years*; and-was-gathered in-a-2old-age wa'-yiqberū' aotho'w yitz'haq we-yishmaoeal' banaif' oa'māif. (9) And-4buried 5him ²Isaac ³and-1shmael his-people. ael..měoārath' ha'-ma'kpēlāh' ael..sĕdēh oephron ben..tzo har in..2cave-of 1the-3Machpelah, in..the-field-of Ephron the-son-of..Zohar ha'-sādeh' *a*ăsher..qānāh' ha-'hi'tī aŭsher oal..pĕnēi mamrēa which the-Hittite. is before t Mamre; (10) the-field which..2purchased mē-aēth' bĕnēi..'hēth' shā"māh aavrāhām' qu'bar' aavrāhām' was-2buried of-[with] the-sons-of..Heth: there aa'hărēi mōwth aavrāhām' wě-sārāh' aishtōw. wa-yehī his-wife. (11) And-it-came-to-pass, after the-death-of wa-yevāre'k aelohīm' aeth...yitz'hāq benow wa'-ye'shev yitz'hāq that-2blessed God — God — God ilsaac his-son: and-2dwelt lsaac

oim..bĕaēr la'hai-rōaī'. by..the-well Lahai-roi.

We-ae'leh toledoth' yishmaoeal' ben..aavraham'
(12) Now-these are the-generations-of Ishmael, the-son-of..Abraham, *a*ăsher the-son-of.. Abraham, whom yālĕdāh' hāgār' ha'-mitzrīth shiph'hath' sārāh' lě-aavrāhām'. 1Hagar 2the-Egyptian, 3the-handmaid-of 4Sarah, to-Abraham. wě- $a\bar{e}$ 'leh shěmōwth bi-shmotham' běnēi yishmāoēal' (13) And-these are the-names-of the-sons-of Ishmael, by-their-names,

English Version. 5 all that he had. 6 the concubines whom Abraham had. 7 an hundred and threescore and fifteen years. 8 then Abraham gave up the ghost, and died.

^{*} Satisfied or satiated with days or living, conviva satur, as Horace expresses it, and before him Lucretius, plenus vitæ conviva. So also Statius (Sylv.l. ii. v. 129) uses abire paratum, ac plenum vitæ, "prepared to depart, being full of life."
† Literally, "on the face of."

lĕ-thōlĕdōthām' bě'kor yishmāoēal' něvāyoth' wě-qēdar' according-to-their-generations: the-first-born-of Ishmael, Nebajoth; wě-aadběael ū-mivsām' ū-mishmā'o wě-dūmāh' ū-ma'sā'a 'hădar' and-Mibsam, (14) and-Mishma, and-Dumah, and-Massa, (15) Hadar,* we-thema'a yetur naphish' wa-qedemah' ae'leh hem (16) these Naphish, ${f and}$ - ${f Kedemah}$: and-Tema. Jetur, are t the-sons-of vishmāoēal' we-ae'leh shemothām' be-hatzreihem' ū-ve-tīrothām' and-these are their-names, by-their-towns, and-by-their-castles; ‡ shěnēim..oāsār' něsīaim' lĕ-au'mōthām'. wě-aē'leh princes according-to-their-nations. (17) And-these are the-years-of twelve vishmāoēal' měaath shānāh' ū-shěloshīm' shānāh' wě-'ha'vēi' the-life-of Ishmael. an-hundred [years] and-thirty [years] andshānīm' wa'-yig wa'o wa'-yā'moth wa'-yēaā'çeph she'vao and-he-expired seven and-died; and-was-gathered years: wa'-yishkenu' me-'hawilah' oad..shur aasher oal..penei oa'māif. (18) And-they-dwelt from-Ilavilah unto...Shur, that is before §his-people. oal..pĕnēi mitzra'yim bōaă'kāh' aa'shū'rāh 'kol..ae'hāif as-thou-goest toward-Assyria: and-2before..3the-face-of 4all..6his-brethren Egypt, nāphāl'. he-fell.

towledoth' yitz'haq ben..aavraham' aavraham' Wĕ-aē'leh the-generations-of Isaac, the-son-of..Abraham: (19) And-these-are wa-yĕhī yitz'hāq ben..aarbāoīm' shānāh' hōwlīd' aeth..yitz'hāq. (20) and -2 was Isaac: ¹Isaac begat [the-son-of..]forty years old bě-qa'htōw aeth..rivqāh bath..běthūaēl' hā-aăra'mī' mi'-pa'dan'-- Rebekah, 3the-daughter-of..4Bethuel 5the-Syrian *a*ărām $a\ddot{a}$ 'howth lavan' ha- $a\ddot{a}$ ra'mi low lĕ-ai'shāh. wa'-7the-sister-of ⁸Laban Aram, ¶ ^othe-Syrian, 1to[-him for-a-]2wife. (21) Andyeotar' yitz'hāq lai-hōwāh' lĕ-nō'ka'h aishtōw kī intreated 'Isaac [to-]Jehovah for his-wife, because oăgărāh' his-wife, because 2barren 1she-was:

English Version. 17 and he gave up the ghost and died. 18 and he died (marg. fell) in the presence of all his brethren.

^{*} The Samaritan, several MSS. and Septuagint read hadad, "Hadad," as in 1 Chron.

[†] Literally, "them," but here, as elsewhere, used for the substantive verb.

[†] Or, folds, or inclosures for cattle, or cottages with conveniences for cattle, or, perhaps, villages of moveable tents. The Arabic Tawaron is a sheep-fold, also the area of a house, or the ground which it covers, including the court: so also the Syriac Tyoroa, which occurs John x. 1, 16, for the Greek αὐλή.

§ Literally, "upon the face of."

[|] Or rather, perhaps, dwelt; so Lxx. κατψκησε, Chald. sherāo, and Syriac sherōa: com-

pare Judges vii. 12; and ch. xvi. 12, where shā'kan is used.

¶ ()r, "the plain (or field) of Syria," called also sedēh aŭrām, Hos. xii. 13; the northern part of Mesopotamia, the Mesopotamia Felix of Strabo, including that part from the mountains of Armenia to the river Chaboras, so called to distinguish it from the barren and uncultivated mountains of the same country.

yĕhōwāh' wa'-ta'har rivgāh aisht $\bar{\mathbf{o}}w$. wa'-yēoā'ther 15wand-2was-intreated 3of-him ¹Jehovah. and-3conceived ${}^{1}\mathrm{Rebe}$ kah ²his-wife. wa'-yithrōtzătzū' ha'-bānīm' bĕ-qirbāhh wa'-tōamer aim..kēn (22) And-2struggled-together 1the-children with-in-her; and-she-said, If..it-be-so. wa'-tē'lēk 'zeh $a\bar{a}n\bar{o}''k\bar{i}$ li-drōsh aeth..yĕhōwāh'. lā''māh And-she-went to-enquire-of 2thus $^{1}am-1$? why wa'-yō'amer yĕhōwāh' lāhh shĕnēi gōwyim' bĕ-viTnē'k ū-(23) And-2said 1Jehovah unto-her, Two-[of] nations are in-thy-womb. andunto-her, Two-[of] nations are in-thy-womb, andlĕau'mīm mi'-mēoa'yi'k yi'pārē'dū $\bar{\mathbf{u}}$ -lě $a\bar{\mathbf{o}}\mathbf{m}'$ 2from-thy-bowels 1shall-be-separated; and-the-one-people two-manner-of people mi'-laom yeaematz we-rav yaoavod than the other-people shall-be-stronger; and the elder shall-serve the-younger. yāmei'hā lā-le'deth thowmim' wĕ-hi'nēh wa'-vimlěaū' (24) And-4were-fulfilled 2her-days 3to-be-delivered 1when,-behold, there-were twins wa'-yētzē'a hā-riashōwn' aadmōwnī' ku'lōw bĕ-viтnāhh. (25) And-zcame-out the-first all-over[-him] in-her-womb. red, wĕ-aa'hărēi.. kě-aa'de'reth sēoār' wa'-yiqrĕaū' shĕmōw oēsāf'. like-a-garment-of hair; and-they-called his-name Esau.* (26) And-after.. yātzā'a aā'hīf' wĕ-yādō'w aō'he'zeth came-2out 1his-brother, and-his-hand took-hold ba-oăqēv 'kēn' on-the-heel-of Esau; wa'-yiqrā'a shemow yaoaqov we-yitz'haq ben..shi'shom shanah' his-name Jacob: † and-Isaac was the-son-of..sixty and-one-called wa'-yigdĕlū' ha'-nĕoārīm' wa-yĕhī oēsāf' bĕ-le'deth aōthām'. (27) And-2grew 1the-boys: when-she-bare them. and-2was ¹Esau aīsh yōdē'ao tza'yid aīsh sādeh' wĕ-yaoăqōv aīsh tām a-man skilful in-taking game, a-man-of the-field; but-Jacob was a-2man plain, wa'-yeaĕhav' yitz'hāq aeth..oēsāf'
(28) And-2loved ¹Isaac — Esau, yōshēv' aōhālīm'. dwelling in tents. Esau, because..hisbě-phīf wě-rivqāh aōhe'veth aeth..yaoăqōv. wa'tza'yid venison was in-his-mouth: but-Rebekah loved yā'zed yaaāqōv nāzīd' wa'-yāvō'a oēsāf' min..ha'-sādeh' wĕ-hūa¹Jacob pottage ||: and-²came ¹Esau from..the-field,

English Version. 25 like a hairy garment. 26 and his name was called—was threescore years old. 27 Esau was a cunning hunter. 28 because he did eat of his venison.

^{*} That is, hairy, covered with hair, as the Arabic anothai (which is merely a dialectical variation) denotes, from oathaa, to be hairy, be covered with long hair, whence also oathan, hairiness, pilositas. In Latin we have the correspondent name Hirtius, a consul with Pansa, who assisted Brutus when besieged at Mutina by Antony, and who is supposed to have written the eighth book of Cæsar's History of the Gallic wars, and also that of the Alexandrian and Spanish wars.

[†] That is, holding the heel, tripping-up, supplanting, chap. xxvii. 36.

‡ So Lxx. and Vulgate, ἄνθρωπος είδως κυνηγεῖν, vir gnarus venandi.

§ Or, simple, honest, upright, perfect, virtuous, Lxx. ἄπλαστος, Vulg. simplex.

[Or, boiled or prepared pottage. Lxx. "Ηψησε δὲ Ἰακωβ ἕψημα, Vulgate, Coxit autem Jacob pulmentum, Targum, ba'shēl tavshīlāa, literally "boiled a boiling."

wa'-yō'amer oēsāf' ael..yaoăqōv haloītē'nī nāa min.. oāyēph'. (30) and-2said ¹Esau to...Jacob, Feed-me, I-pray-thee, with... hā-aādōm' ha'-zeh' kī oāyēph' aano''ki hā-aādōm' [the-]3red-pottage [the-]1that; for ²faint [the-]2red, $^{1}\mathbf{I}$ -am: therefore one wa'-yō'amer yaoaqov mi'krah 'ka'gārāa..shěmōw aĕdōwm. calleth..his-name (31) And-2said Edom.* ¹Jacob, Sell [as-]2thisyōwm' aeth..bĕ'kōrāthĕ'kā' lī. wa'-vo'amer oesaf' hi'neh 3thy-birth-right [to-]1me. (32) And-2said ¹Esau, Behold, $a\bar{a}n\bar{o}'k\bar{i}'$ $h\bar{o}wl\bar{e}'k'$ $l\bar{a}$ -muth' wĕ-lā'māh..'zeh' lī bě'korah'. and-what..profit-shall-this 2do-to-me 1birth-right? to-die; going wa'-yō'amer yaoaqōv hi'shā'vĕoāh 'lī ka'-yōwm' wa'-yi'shāva'o (33) And-2said Jacob, Swear to-me [as-]this-day; and-he-sware wa'-yimkōr' aeth..bĕ'kōrāthō'w lĕ-yaoaqōv. wě-yaoăqōv unto-him: and-he-sold his-birth-right unto-Jacob. (34) Then-Jacob lé'hem ū-nězīd' oădāshīm' wa'-yō'a'kal lĕ-oēsāf' bread and-pottage-of lentiles †; [to-]Esau and-he-did-eat wa'-yā'qōm wa'-yēla'k' wa'-yi'vez oēsāf' aeth..ha'vēshť and-rose-up, and-went-his-way: thus-2despised 1Esau bě'kōrāh'. birthright.

CHAP. XXVI.

rāoāv' bā-aā'retz mi'levād' hā-rāoāv' hā-riashown' Wa-yĕhī (1) And-there-was a-famine in-the-land, beside [the-]2famine wa'-yē'le'k yitz'hāq ael.. aăsher hāyāh' bī-mēi' aavrāhām' And-²went in-the-days-of Abraham. ¹Isaac that aavīme'le'k mele'k..pělishtīm gĕrā'rāh. wa'-yērā'a aēlāif' (2) And-²appeared ³unto-him king-of..the-Philistines, unto-Gerar. Abimelech yĕhōwāh' wa'-yō'amer aal..tērēd' mitzra'yemāh she'kon bā-Jehovah. and-said, ²Not..¹go-³down into-Egypt; dwell in-thegūr aā'retz aăsher aēleí kā bā-aā'retz ha'*a*ōmar' I-shall-tell [unto-]thee: (3) sojourn in-²land [the-] land which

English Version. 30 that same red pottage—therefore was his name called.

^{*} That is, red.

[†] In Arabic oadas; so Lxx. $\phi \alpha \kappa \delta c$, and Vulgate lens; and Dr. Shaw, speaking of the productions of Barbary, (Travels, p. 140), says "Beans, lentiles, kidney beans, and garvanços are the chiefest of their pulse kind: beans, when boiled and strewed with oil and garlic are the principal food of persons of all distinctions; lentiles are dressed in the same manner with beans, dissolving easily into a mass, and making a pottage of a chocolate colour. This we find was the red pottage which Esau, from thence called Edom, exchanged for his birthright." See also Celsius, Hierobotan. P. ii. p. 104.

wě-aehěyeh' oi'mě'kā wa-aăvārě'kékā kī..lĕ'kā' ũ-lĕand-I-will-be with-thee and-will-bless-thee; for..unto-thee. and-unto-1this. hā-aēl' zaroă'kā' ae'tēn aeth..kol..hā-aărātzōth' wa-I-will-give all..[the-]2countries [the-]these; thy-seed, andaeth..ha'-shevuoāh aasher nishba'otī le-aavrāhām' hăqimāthī' I-will-perform which I-sware aeth..zaroa'kā kĕ-'kōw'kĕvēi' ha'wĕ-hirbēithī' aāvī"kā thy-father; (4) and-I-will-make-2to-multiply — 1thy-seed as-the-stars-of theshāma'yim wĕ-nātha'tī' lě-zaroa'kā aēth kol..hā-aărātzōth' unto-thy-seed all..[the-]2countries [the-] and-will-give heavens. gōwyēi' wĕ-hithbārĕ'kū' vě-zaroă'kā $a\bar{\rm e}{\rm l}'$ kōl hā-aā'retz 1these; and-2shall-6be-blessed ¹in-thy-seed ³all 4the-nations-of 5the-earth; aăsher..shāma'o avrāhām' bĕ-qōlī' wa'-yishmor' oēgev that..2obeyed ¹Abraham [to-]my-voice, and-kept (5) because mishmartī mitzwowthai' 'hu'qowthai' we-thowrothai' wa'-yē'shev my-commandments, my-statutes, (6) And-2dwelt and-my-laws. yitzhāq bi-grār wa'-yishaălū' ha'-māqōwm' lĕ-aishtōw *a*anshēi in-Gerar: (7) and-3asked 1the-men-of 2the-place him wa'-yō'amer a \ddot{a} 'h \ddot{o} 'th \ddot{i} h \ddot{i} wa k \ddot{i} $l\bar{\mathrm{e}}$ -a $m\bar{\mathrm{o}}$ r' $y\bar{a}r\bar{e}'a$ pen.. he-feared and-he-said, ²My-sister ¹she-is: for to-say, She-is-my-wife; lest... yahargu'nī aanshēi ha'-māqōwm' oal..rivqāh kī.. Tōwvath' ²the-place for.. Rebekah, because.. 2 beautiful-of said-he,-3should-kill-me 1the-men-of $a\bar{a}r\check{e}'k\bar{u}..l\bar{o}'w$ maraeh' hiwa. kī shām wa-yěhī ³appearance ¹she-was. (8) And-it-came-to-pass, when ²were-prolonged..³to-him 4there ha'-yāmīm' wa'-yashqēph' aavīme'le'k me'le'k pelishtīm $b\check{e}oad$ that-4looked-out ¹Abimelech ²king-of ³the-Philistines at a ha-'ha'lōwn' wa'-yar'a wĕ-hi'nēh yitz'hāq metza'hēq aēth rivqāh was sporting with [the-]window, and-saw, and-behold, Isaac Rebekah wa'-yiqrā'a aavīme'le'k le-yitz'hāq wa'-yō'amer aisht $\bar{o}w$. aa k (9) And-zcalled his-wife. ¹Abimelech [to-]Isaac, and-said, 2Of-a-surety hi'nēh aishte'kā hiwa we-aei'k aāmar'tā aă'hō'thī hiwa. wa'-¹behold, 4thy-wife 3she-is: and-how saidst-thou, ²My-sister ¹she-is? Andaēlāif' yitz'hāq oālei'hā. vo'amer pen..aāmūth' kī aāmar'tī ³unto-him ¹Isaac, Because Lest..I-die for-her. I-said. wa'-yō'amer aăvīme'le'k mah..'zōath oāsī'thā 'lā'nū ki-m'oaт (10) And-2said ¹Abimelech. What..is-this thou-hast-done unto-us? 4lightly * aa'had' hā-oām' aeth..aishté'kā shā'kav' wě-hēvēathā' 3might-5have-lien 1one-of 2the-people with..thy-wife, and-thou-shouldest-have-brought

English Version. Chap. xxvi. 4 as the stars of heaven. 7 because she was fair to look upon. 8 when he had been there a long time.

^{*} Or, within a little, almost.

wa-yĕtzaf' aavīme'le'k oālēi'nū aāshām'. aeth..kol..hā-oām' ¹guiltiness. (11) And-²charged ¹Abimelech - all..his-[the-]people, ²upon-us ha'-nōgē'ao bā-aīsh' ha'-zeh' lēamōr' ū-vě-aishtō'w **m**owth He-that-toucheth [on-]2man [the-]1this, saying, or-[on-]his-wife, in-dying, yūmāth'. wa'-yizra'o yitz'hāq bā-aā'retz ha-hi'wa shall-be-put-to-death. (12) Then-2sowed Isaac in-2land [the-]that, wa'andyimtzā'a ba'-shānāh' ha-hi'wa mēaāh' shĕoārīm' wa-yĕvāră'kē'hū in-2year 1the-same a-hundred measures: * and-2blessed-him yĕhōwāh' wa'-yigdal' hā-aïsh' wa'-yē'le'k hālōw'k' wĕ-gādēl'

Jehovah: (13) and-2waxed-great the-man, and-went going-on, and-grew-great, wa-yĕhī..lō'w oad kī..gādal' měaōd miqnēh..tzōan' ūuntil that..he-became-2great 1very: (14) for-there-was..to-him possession-of..flocks, and mıqnēh' vāqār' wa-∂ăvu'dāh ra'bāh wa-yĕqanaū aōthō'w and-²envied possession-of herds, and-a-2store-of-servants 1great: wĕ-'kol..ha'-bĕaērōth' aăsher 'hāphĕrū' oavdēi pělishtim. the-Philistines. (15) For-all..the-wells which 3had-digged 1the-servants-of *a*āvīf′ çi'těmūm bī-mēi' aavrāhām' aāvīf' pělishtim Abraham his-father, 2had-stopped-them-up 1the-Philistines, ²his-father, in-the-days-of wa-yema'leaum oaphar'. wa'-yo'amer aavime'le'k ael..yitz'haq le'k (16) And-2said and-filled-them with earth.+ ¹Abimelech, unto..Isaac, mē-oi'mā'nū mi'mé'nū kī..oātzam'tā meaod. wa'-vē'le'k from-[with-]us; for..thou-art-2mightier much. (17) And-departed ³than-we mi'-shām yitz'hāq wa'-yi'hān bĕ-na'hal..gĕrār and-pitched-his-tent in-the-valley-of..Gerar, 3thence and-dwelt shām. wa'-yā'shov yitz'hāq wa'-ya'hpōr' aeth..bĕaērōth' there. (18) And-returned 'Isaac and-digged - wells-of ha'-1theaavrāhām' aāvīf' ma'yim *a*ăsher 'hāphĕrū' bī-mēi' wathey-had-digged in-the-days-of Abraham his-father; foryĕça tĕmūm pělishtīm aa'hărēi mowth *a*avrāhām' wa'had-stopped-them-up the-Philistines the-death-of Abraham: andafter ka'-shēmoth' aasher..qara'a lahen' yıqrā'a lāhen' shēmōwth' he-called their ‡ after-the-names by which..2had-called [to-]3them wa'-ya'hpĕrū' oāvdēi..yitz'hāq' ba'-nā'hal wa'-yimtzĕaū.. ¹his-father. (19) And-³digged ¹the-servants-of.. ²Isaac in-the-valley, and-found.. shām' běaër ma'yim 'ha'yīm'. wa'-yārī'vū rōoēi' gěrār oım.. there a-well-of 2waters 1living. (20) And-3did-strive 1the-herdmen-of 2Gerar with...

English Version. 11 shall surely be put to death. 12 an hundred fold. 13 and went forward, and grew until he became very great. 14 for he had possession of flocks. 18 and Isaac digged again the wells of water.

^{*} That is, "a hundred fold: "so the Chald. sha'oar, from sheoar, to measure; in Heb. shaoar, to think, estimate, Prov. xxiii. 7, and in Arabic saoa'ra, to estimate, fix a price.

† Or, dust.

‡ Literally, "to them."

yitz'hāq lēamōr' lā'nū ha'-māyim wa'-yıqrā'a saying, ³Ours ²is ¹the-water: the-herdmen-of Isaac, and-he-called the-name-of.. thoa'sĕqū oi'mōw. wa'-ya'hpĕrū' bĕaēr they-strove with-him. (21) And-they-digged ²well ha'-bĕaēr oēseg kī hithoa'sĕgū oi'mōw. Esek; * because gam..oālei'hā wa'-yiqrā'a and-he-called aa'he'reth wa'-yārī'vū shěmāhh and-strove lanother, the-name-of-it sitnāh. wa'-yaotēq' mi-'shām wa'-ya'hpōr' bĕaēr aa'he'reth wĕ-Sitnah.† (22) And-he-removed from-thence, and-digged ²well ¹another; andwa'-yiqrā'a oālei'hā shěmāhh rë'hōvōwth' wa'and-he-called the-name-of-it 3not 2they-strove 1for-that: Rehoboth: # andyĕhōwāh' lā'nū oa'tāh hir'hīv kī ū-phārī'nū now 2hath-made-room 1Jehovah he-said, For for-us, and-we-shall-be-fruitful $v\bar{a}$ - $a\bar{a}'$ retz. wa'-ya'oal mi'-shām běaēr-shāvao. in-the-land. (23) And-he-went-up from-thence to-Beer-sheba. (24) Andyĕhōwāh' aēlāif' ba'-la'yĕlāh wa'vērā'a ha-hūa ²appeared 3unto-him ¹Jehovah [in-]2night 1the-same. andyō'amer aāno'kī' aĕlōhēi' aavrāhām' aāvī"kā the-God-of ²not..¹fear, said. I-am Abraham thy-father; ū-vēra'ktī'kā $k\bar{\imath}..a$ i'tĕ' $k\bar{a}'$ $a\bar{a}n\bar{o}''k\bar{i}$ wĕ-hirbēithī' aeth..zaroă kā for .. 2 with-thee and-will-bless-thee, $^{1}I-am$ and-multiply thy-seed. aavrāhām' wa'-vi'ven shām baoăvūr oavdī. mizbēa'h ¹my-servant. (25) And-he-built ²there for-the-sake-of ²Abraham ¹an-altar, yĕhōwāh' aāhŏlō'w bĕ-shēm wa'-yeт..shām' wa'-yiqrā'a and-pitched..2there upon-the-name-of Jehovah, ¹his-tent: and-called wa'-yi'krū..shām' wa-aăvīme'le'k oavdēi..yitz'hāq' běaēr. and-4digged..1there ²the-servants-of..3Isaac (26) Then-Abimelech a-well. hāla'k' aēlāif' mi'-gĕrār wa-aă'hu'zath' mē-rēoē'hū ū-phī'kōl' to-him from-Gerar, and-Ahuzzath one of-his-friends, and-Phichol went sar..tzevaao'w. wa'-yo'amer aălehem' the-chief-captain-of..his-army. (27) And-2said 3unto-them yitz'hāq ma'dūao ¹Isaac, wa'-tĕsha'lĕ'hū'nī bāathem' aēlāi' wĕ-aa'tem' sĕnēathem' aōthī' and-have-sent-me-away come-ye to-me, seeing-ye hate me, wa'-yōamĕrū' rāaō'w rāaīnū' kī..hāyāh' yĕhōwāh' mē-ai'tě'kem'. that..2was from-[with-]you? (28) And-they-said, Seeing we-saw bēinēi'nū nāa aālāh' bēinōwthē'nū oi'mā'k wa'-nōamer tĕhī with-thee: and-we-said, Let-there-be now an-oath even-betwixt-us betwixt-us, aim..taoăseh' wĕ-ni'krĕthāh věrīth oi'mā'k ū-vēiné'kā and-[betwixt-]thee, and-let-us-make a-covenant with-thee; (29) that-4no..1thou-2wilt-do § něgaoănū"kā rāoāh' wĕ-'ka-aăsher' ka-a \ddot{a} sher' \ddot{b} a oi'mā'nū ²not ¹we-have-³touched-thee, and-as[-that] [with-]3us as[-that] 5hurt,

^{*} That is, strife or contention. † That is, hatred. ‡ That is, room or enlargement. \$ Literally, "If thou shalt do," &c.

oi'mĕ'kā raq.. $\tau \bar{o}wv$ wa'-něsha'lē'hă'kā' bě-shāl $\bar{o}wm'$ we-have-done unto-thee nothing-but..good, and-have-sent-thee-away yĕhōwāh'. aa'tāh oa'tāh běrū'k wa'-ya'oas lähem' mishteh' Jehovah. (30) And-he-made [to-]them the-blessed-of thou art now $wa'-y\bar{o}a'k\check{e}l\bar{u}'$ $wa'-yisht\bar{u}'$. wa'-yashkī'mū wa'va'-boger and-drink. (31) And-they-rose-up-betimes iu-the-morning, andand-they-did-eat yi'shāvĕoū' aīsh lĕ-aā'hīf' wa-yĕsha'lĕ'hēm yitz'hāq wa'-yēlĕ'kū' each man to-his-brother: and-2sent-them-away ¹Isaac, and-they-departed $m\tilde{e}$ -ai't $\tilde{o}'w$ b \tilde{e} -sh \tilde{a} l $\tilde{o}w$ m'. ba'-yōwm' wa-yĕhī ha-hūa (32) And-it-came-to-pass [on-]2day from-[with-]him in-peace. the-same, oavdēi yitz'hāq wa'-ya'gi'dū ${
m l}ar{{
m o}}w = o{
m al..}aar{{
m o}}{
m d}ar{{
m o}}w{
m th}'$ wa'-yāvō'aũ 1the-servants-of 2lsaac, and-told [to-]him concerning ha'-bĕaēr aasher 'hāphā'rū wa'-yō'amĕrū $- l\bar{o}w$ mātzā'anū māyim. which they-had-digged, and-said unto-him, We-have-found water. aothahh' shivoah oal..ken shēm..hā-oīr' běaērwa'-yiqrā'a (33) And-he-called the-name-of..the-city Sheba: * therefore she'vao oad ha'-yōwm' ha'-zeh'. wa-yĕhī oēsāf′ ben..aarbāoīm′ [the-]²day [the-]¹this. (34) And-²was ¹Esau [the-son-of..]forty wa'-yi'qa'h' ai'shāh aeth..yĕhūdīth' shānāh' bath..bě*a*ērī' Judith when-he-took to-wife the-daughter-of.. Beeri ha-'hi'tī' wĕ-aeth..bāsĕmath' bath..aēilōn' ha-hi'tī' (35) whichthe-Hittite, and — Bashemath the-daughter-of.. Elon the-Hittite; tīheyei'nū morath rūa'h le-yitz'hāq ū-le-rivqāh'. and-to-Rebekah. a-bitterness-of spirit to-Isaac

CHAP. XXVII.

kī..zāqēn' yitz'hāq wa'-ti'khei'nā oēināif' Wa-yěhī (1) And-it-came-to-pass, that-when..2 was-old 1 Isaac, and-2were-dim his-eyes, wa'-yiqrā'a aeth..oēsāf' bĕnō'w ha'-gādōl' so-that-he-could-not-see, † [then-]he-called — Esau his-2son [the-] eldest, wa'-yō'amer aēlāif' bĕnī wa'-yō'amer aēlāif' hi'nē'nī. and-said unto-him, My-son: and-he-said unto-him, Behold,-here-am-I. wa'-yō'amer hi'nēh..nā'a zāqan'tī lōa yāda'otī yowm mowthi' I-am-old, ²not (2) And-he-said, Behold..now, ¹I-know the-day-of my-death: 'kēlei'kā telyĕ'kā wĕ-qashté'kā wĕwĕ-oa'tāh $s\bar{a}a..n\bar{a}'a$ (3) 2therefore-1 now take,...I-pray-thee, thy-weapons, thy-quiver and-thy-bow, andha'-sādeh' wĕ-tzū'dāh wa-oăsēh..lī 'lī tzāyid tzēa [to-]me some venison; (4) and-make..[to-]me to-the-field, and-takc ‡ go-out

English Version. 31 sware one to another.

^{*} That is, "an oath." † Literally, "from seeing." ‡ Literally, "hunt."

aāhav'tī wĕ-hāvī'aāh ka-aăsher' 'lī matoa'mim wĕ-aō'kē'lāh and-bring it to-me, that-I-may-eat; such-as I-love, savoury-meat, baoăvūr tĕvāre'kĕ'kā' naphshī bĕ-те'rem aāmūth'. wě-rivqāh ¹my-soul ²may-bless-thee before (5)And-Rebekah yitz'hāq ael..oēsāf' bĕnōw. shōma'oath bĕ-da'bēr wa'-yē'le'k when-2spake ¹Isaac to..Esau And-2went his-son. tza'yid lĕ-hāvī'a. ha'-sādeh' lā-tzūd' wĕ-rivqāh to-hunt for venison, and to-bring it. (6) And-Rebekah the-field ael..yaoaqov benahh leamor' hi'neh shama'otī aeth.. aāměrāh' unto..Jacob her-son, saying, Behold. I-heard spake aāvī"kā měda'bēr ael..oēsāf' aā'hī"kā lēamōr' hāvī'aāh 'lī speak * unto..Esau thy-brother, thy-father saying, (7) Bring [to-]me tza'yid wa-oăsēh..lī' maтoa'mīm wĕ-aō'kē'lāh wa-aăvāre'kĕ'kāh' venison, and-make..[to-]me savoury-meat, that I-may-eat, and-bless-thee liphnēi yĕhōwāh' liphnēi mōwthī. wĕ-oa'tāh věnī shěmao my-death. Jehovah. **b**efore (8) ²Therefore-¹now, my-son, aănī mětza'weh' aōthā'k'. bě-gōlī' la-aăsher' [to-]my-voice, according-to-that-which I command thee. (9) Go...now ael..ha'-tzōan wĕ-qa'h..lī mi'-shām shĕnēi gĕdāyēi' oi'zīm Tōvīm' to..the-flock, and-fetch..[to-]me from-thence two-[of] 2kids-of 3the-goats 1good; wĕ-aeoĕseh' aothām' maтoa'mīm lĕ-aāvī''kā ka-aăsher' aāhēv' and-I-will-make them savoury-meat for-thy-father, such-as he-loveth: wĕ-hēvēathā' lĕ-aāvī"kā wě-aā'kāl' baoăvur' *a*ăsher (10) and-thou-shalt-bring it to-thy-father, that-he-may-eat, and-[so] that wa'-yō'amer yaoăqōv ael.. liphnēi mowthow. věvāre kě ka he-may-bless-thee before his-death. (11) Ånd-2said oēsāf' $a\bar{\mathbf{a}}'\bar{\mathbf{h}}\bar{\mathbf{i}}'$ $s\bar{a}oir'$ wĕ- $a\bar{a}n\bar{o}'k\bar{i}'$ hēn rivgāh $a\bar{i}sh$ Rebekah his-mother, Behold, my-brother is-a-2man hairy, Esau yĕmu'shē'nī $a\bar{i}sh$ *a*ūlai' aāvī' wě-hāyī'thī ¹smooth: (12) ²peradventure ³will-feel-me ¹my-father, and-I-shall-be qĕlālāh' vě-oēināif' ki-mthaotēao wĕ-hēvēathī' oālai' wě- $l\bar{o}a$ ²upon-me in-his-eyes as-a-deceiver; and-I-shall-bring ¹a-curse, and-not věrā'kāh'. qilĕlāthĕ'kā' wa'-tō'amer $l\bar{o}w$ ai'm $\bar{\mathbf{o}}w$ oālai' a-blessing. (13) And-2said 3unto-him 1his-mother, Upon-me thy-curse, běnī aa'k shěmao bě-qōlī' wě-lē'k qa'h..lī. wa'-vē'le'k obey [to-]my-voice, and-go fetch..[to-]me them. (14) And-he-went, my-son only wa'-yi'qa'h' wa'-yāvē'a le-ai'mow wa'-ta'oas ai'mow matoa'mim and-brought them to-his-mother: and-2made 1his-mother savoury-meat, and-fetched. aāvīf'. wa'-ti'qa'h' ka-aăsher' aāhēv' rivqāh aeth..bigdēi (15) And- $\overline{2}$ took 1his-father. ¹Rebekah — ²garments-of ²loved

English Version. 12 and I shall seem to him as a deceiver. 15 Goodly raiment; marg. desirable.

^{*} Literally, "speaking."

oesāf' benāhh ha'-gādol' ha-'hamudoth aasher Esau 3her-5son [the-]4eldest 1the-beautiful,* which u ai'tāhh ba'-'the-beautiful,* which were with-her in-theaeth..yaoaqov benahh ha'-qatan' bāyi**th** wa'-talbēsh wĕand-put-them-upon Jacob her-2son [the-]1younger: (16) and-oal..yādāif' wĕ-oal upon..his-hands, 'helqath' tza'wāarāif' wa'-ti'tēn aeth..maтoa'mīm wĕ-aeth.. his-neck: (17) and-she-gave — the-savoury-meat, the-smooth-of bĕ-yad yaoăqōv ha'-lé'hem *a*ăsher oāsā'thāh běnāhh. she-had-prepared into-the-hand-of ²Jacob which 1her-son. the-bread, ael..aāvīf' wa'-yāv $\bar{0}'a$ wa'-y $\bar{o}'a$ mer $a\bar{a}v\bar{i}'$ wa'-yō'amer (18) And-he-came unto..his-father, and-said. My-father: and-he-said. wa'-yō'amer yaoăqōv ael..aāvīf' mī..aa'tāh' bĕnī. (19) And-2said 'Jacob unto..his-father, Here-am-I; † who..art-thou, my-son? aāno'kī' oēsāf' bě'koré'kā oāsī'thī ka-aăsher' di'bar'tā aēlāi' Esau thy-first-born; I-have-done according-as thou-badest [to-]me: shevāh we-ao'klāh mi'-tzeidī' baoavūr tevāra'ka'nī qūm..nā'a arise..I-pray-thee, and-eat of-my-venison, that ²may-bless-me wa'-yō'amer yitz'hāq ael..bĕnōw naphshé'kā. mah..'zeh' (20) And-2said 1thy-soul. unto..his-son, How-is..this that ¹Isaac mihar'tā běnī. wa'-yō'amer kī li-mtzōa higrāh to-find it, my-son? And-he-said, Because ³brought it thou-hast-hastened yitz'hāq ael.. yĕhōwāh' ¹Jehovah aĕlōheí'kā wa'-yō'amer lěphānāi'. ¹Isaac (21) And-2said thy-God before-me. gĕshāh..nā'a wa-aămushe kā ha-aa'tāh yaoaqov bění Come-near...I-pray-thee, that-I-may-feel-thee, whether-thou my-son, běnī oēsāf' aim..lōa. wa'-yi'gash' yaoaqov ael..yitz'haq zeh this be my-son Esau, or..not. (22) And-went-near Jacob aāvīf' wa-yemu'she'h \bar{u} wa'-y $\bar{o}'a$ mer ha'-q $\bar{o}l$ q $\bar{o}wl$ and-he-felt-him, and-said. The-voice is the-voice-of his-father; yĕdēi oesāf'. we-ha'-yada'yim wĕ-lōa hi'kīrō'w (23) And-2not 1he-discerned-him, because but-the hands are the-hands-of Esau. aā'hīf' sĕoirōth' wa-yĕvāră'kē'hū. hāyū' yādāif' **kīdēi**' oēsāf' were his-hands as-the-hands-of Esau his-brother hairy: so-he-blessed-him. oēsāf'. aā'nī. wa'-yō'amer aa'tāh zeh běnī wa'-yō'amer (24) And-he-said, Art-thou And-he said, I-am. then my-son Esau? wa'-yō'amer mi'-tzēid běnī 'lī wĕ-aō'kĕlāh' ha'gi'shāh (25) And-he-said, Bring-it-near and-I-will-eat of-the-venison-of my-son, to-me,

English Version. 20 how is it that thou hast found it so quickly. 21 whether thou he my very son. 24 art thou my very son.

^{*} From 'hamad, to desire, covet, take pleasure in; in Niph. to be lovely, desirable, pleasant, precious, costly: so Lxx. καλήν, and Vulg. bonis.

† Literally, "Behold me."

těvāre'kě'kā naphshī. wa'-ya'gesh.. $l\bar{o}'w$ wa'-[to-the-end-]that 2may-bless-thee 1my-soul. And-he-brought-it-near..to-him, andwa'-yāvē'a lõwya'yin wa'-yēsht'. wa'-yō'amer (26) And-3said vōa'kal' and-he-brought [to-]him wine, and-he-drank. he-did-eat: gĕshāh..nā'a ū-shăqāh..'lī' aāvīf' aēlāif' vitz'hāq běnī. ¹his-father. Come-near..now, and-kiss..[to-]me, my-son. 4unto-him wa'-yi'gash' wa'-yā'ra'h wa'-yi'shaq.. $l\bar{o}'w$ aeth..rēia'h and-kissed..[to-]him: (27) And-he-came-near, and-he-smelled - the-smell-of reallaaehběnī bĕgādāif' wa-yĕvāră'kē'hū wa'-yō'amer rēia'h and-blessed-him, and-said, the-smell-of my-son is his-raiment, See, sādeh' ašsher bērš'kō'w yĕhōwāh'
a-field which hath-blessed[-it] Jehovah: kĕ-rēia'h wĕ-vi'ten.. as-the-smell-of a-field (28) therefore-2give... hā-aĕlōhīm' mi'-tal' ha'-shāma'yim ū-mi-shma'nēi the-heavens, and-[of-]the-fatness-of the-[the-]1God of-the-dew-of [to-]3thee yaoavdū"kā oa'mīm wĕ $a\bar{\rm a}'{
m ret}{
m z}$ wĕ-rōv dāgān' wĕ-thīrōsh' (29) let-2 serve-thee 1 peoples, andand-wine:* and-plenty-of corn gĕvīr lĕ-aa'heí'kā wĕlĕ'kā hĕwēh yishta'hăwū lĕau'mīm 2bow-down 3to-thee inations: be lord over-thy-brethren, andvishta'hăwū lě'kā běnēi ai'mé'kā *a*ōrăreí kā let-3bow-down 4to-thee 1the-sons-of 2thy-mother: 2every-one-that-curseth-thee † 1cursed-be; ū-měvāră'keí'kā bārū'k'. wa-yĕhī ka-aăsher' and-2every-one-that-blesseth-thee ‡ 1blessed-be. (30) And-it-came-to-pass, yitz'hāq le-vārē'k' aeth..yaoăqov wa-yĕhī and-2was ²had-made-an-end ¹Isaac of-blessing Jacob, yātzō'a yātzā'a yaoaqōv mē-aēth' penēi yitz'hāq aāvīf' we-[in-going-out] 4gone-out 1Jacob from-[with] the-presence-of Isaac his-father, thatgam..hūaaā'hīf' oēsāf' $mi-tz\bar{e}id\bar{o}'w$. wa'-va'oas $b\bar{a}a$ (31) And-³had-made Esau his-brother ²also..¹he came-in from-his-hunting. lĕ-aāvīf' lĕ-aāvīf' matoa'mīm wa'-vave'awa'-yō'amer and-brought it unto-his-father, savoury-meat, and-said unto-his-father, yāqum' aāvī' wĕ-yōa'kal' mi'-tzēid bĕnōw baoavur' tĕvāra'ka''nī Let-2arise 1my-father, and-eat of-the-venison-of his-son, ²may-bless-me that yitz'hāq aāvīf' naphshé'kā. wa'-yō'amer mī..aā"tāh. 15w1thy-soul. (32) And-3said ²his-father, 4unto-him ¹Isaac Who-art..thou? wa'-yō'amer bin'kā bĕ'kōrĕ'kā' oēsāf'. wa'-ye'hĕrad' *a*ănī And-he-said, thy-son, thy-first-born, (33) And-2trembled I-am Esau.

English Version. 28 the dew of heaven. 29 let people serve thee.

^{*} Properly new wine, must, so called from its intoxicating quality, from yarash, to seize, possess, in Syriac mearithoa; thus distinguished from ya'yin, wine generally; 'he'mer, wine, perhaps more particularly red wine, from the Arab. 'hama'ra, to be red; me'zeg, me'se'k, and mimsa'k, mixed or spiced wine; and covea, a poetical name for wine.

[†] More literally, "those that curse thee." ‡ More literally, "those that bless thee;" which plural participles being united with singular participles have the distributive force assigned them by our translators.

'hărādāh' gĕdōlāh' oad..mĕaōd wa'-yō'amer vitz'hāq mī.. with a-2trembling ¹great [unto..]greatly, and-said. Who .. aēphō'wa $h\bar{u}a$ ha'-tzād..tza'yid wa'-yā'vēa lī wā-aō'kal' is-he that-hath-taken..venison, and-brought it to-me, and-I-have-eaten mi'-kōl bĕ-те'rem tāvō'wa wā-aăvāră'kē'hū gam..bārū'k' of-all before thou-camest, and-have-blessed-him? yea..and-2blessed ki-shmōao oēsāf' aeth..divrēi aāvīf' wa'-yitzoaq' yiheyeh'. - 5the-words-of 6his-father 1and-7he-cried he-shall-be. (34) When-heard Esau tzĕoāqāh' gĕdōlāh' ū-mārāh' oad..mĕaōd wa'-yō'amer lĕ-aāvīf' ¹great ²and-⁴bitter [unto..] ³exceeding, and said unto-his-father, with-a-5cry gam.. $a\bar{a}'n\bar{i}$ $a\bar{a}v\bar{i}'$. bāră'kē'nī wa'-yō'amer bāa aā'hī''kā bĕ-Bless-me, even 2also..1me, O-my-father! (35) And-he-said, 2Came 1thy-brother withmirmāh wa'-yi'qa'h' birqāthé'kā. subtlety, and-hath-taken-away thy-blessing. wa'-vō'amer (36) And-he-said, 2Not-4rightly qārā'a shemow yaoaqov wa'-yaoqeve'nī zeh phaoama'yim doth-3one-5call his-name* Jacob? for-he-hath-supplanted-me these two-times: aeth..be'korāthī' lāqā'h' we-hi'neh oa'tāh lāqa'h' bir'kāthī'. ²my-birth-right ¹he-took-away; and-behold, now he-hath-taken-away my-blessing. 'lī bĕrā'kāh'. wa'-yōamar' hă-lōa..aātzal'tā wa'-ya'oan - 2not.. hast-thou-3reserved 5for-me 4a-blessing? And-he-said, (37) And-2answered yitz'hāq wa'-yō'amer lĕ-oēsāf' hēn gĕvīr samtīf lā'k Isaac and-said unto-Esau, Behold, lord I-have-placed-him over-thee, wĕ-aeth..kol..ae'hāif nāthá'tī $1\bar{\mathbf{o}}w$ la-oăvādīm' wĕ-dāgān' wĕ-— all..his-brethren have-I-given to-him for-servants; and-with-corn andaepho'wa mah aeoeseh' benī.

what 2shall-I-do, my-son? çĕma'ktīf ū-lĕ'kāh' thīrōsh' have-I-sustained-him: and-4unto-thee wa'-yō'amer oēsāf' ael..aāvīf' ha-vărā'kāh' aa'hath' hi*wa*..lĕˈkā ²but · one ¹is-there ‡..to-thee, (38) And-9said ¹Esau unto..his-father, — ³Blessing $a\bar{a}v\bar{i}'$. gam.. $a\bar{a}'n\bar{1}$ $a\bar{a}v\bar{1}'$.

²also..¹me, O-my-father! $a\bar{a}v\bar{i}'$ bāră'kē'nī wa'-yi'sā'aAnd-2lifted-up bless-me, even my-father? $a\bar{a}v\bar{i}f'$ wa' $q\bar{o}l\bar{o}'w$ wa'-y $\bar{e}vk'$. wa'-ya'oan yitz'h $\bar{a}q$ ¹Isaac ²his-father andhis-voice, and-wept. (39) And-3answered yīhĕyeh' mi-shma'nēi aēlāif' hā-aā'retz yō'amer hi'nēh 2shall-be 3of-the-fatness-of 4the-earth unto-him. Behold, mowshavé'ka ū-mi'-ral' ha'-shama'yim wě-oal.. mē-oāl' (40) and-by.. thy-dwelling, and-of-the-dew-of from-above; the-heavens

English Version. 33 Who? where is he that hath taken (marg. hunted) venison. 36 is not he rightly named Jacob? 37 I have made him thy lord. 38 hast thou but one blessing? 39 of the dew of heaven.

^{*} More literally, " Is it not so that one calleth his name?"

[†] That is, "a supplanter." ‡ Literally, "she," agreeing with the feminine noun bĕrā'kāh'; but here used for the substantive verb.

'harbe'kā thi'heyeh' we-aeth..aā'hī''kā taoavod wě-hāvāh' thy-sword shalt-thou-live, and — 2thy-brother 1shalt-serve: and-it-shall-come-to-pass, tārīd' ū-phāraqtā' ka-aăsher' ou'lōw mē-oal' thou-shalt-have-the-dominion, that-thou-shalt-break his-yoke from-off wa'-yistom' oesaf' aeth..yaoaqov tza'wāré'kā. oal..ha'-(41) And-2hated ¹Esau thy-neck. because-of..theběrā'kāh' aăsher bēră'kō'w aāvīf' wa'-yō'amer oēsāf' bĕ-li'bōw wherewith ²blessed-him ¹his-father: and-2said ¹Esau blessing $a\bar{a}v\bar{\imath}'$ yigrĕvū $a\bar{\mathrm{e}}\mathrm{vel}$ we-aahargah aeth..yaoaqov yěmēi Are-at-hand 1the-days-of 2mourning 3for-my-father, then-will-I-slay lĕ-rivqāh aeth..dívrēi oēsāf' běnāhh aā'hī'. wa'-yu'gad' ¹my-brother. (42) And-⁶were-told ⁷to-Rebekah ¹these — words-of ²Esau wa'-tishla'h' wa'-tiqrāa lĕ-yaoăqōv bĕnāhh ha'-qāтān' ha'-gādōl' [the-]4elder: [to-]Jacob her-2son [the-]1younger, and-she-sent and-called aēlāif' oēsāf' wa'-tō'amer hi'nēh aāhī"kā mithna'hēm and-said unto-him. ²Esau 4doth-comfort-himself, Behold. ¹thy-brother, lĕ'kā wě-oa'tāh věnī lě-horgé kā. shěmao ³as-touching-thee, purposing to-kill-thee. (43) Therefore-1now, my-son, wĕ-qūm bĕra'h..lĕ'kā ael..lāvān' aā'hī' 'hārā'nāh [to-]my-voice; and-arise, flee-thou..[to-thee] to..Laban my-brother, yāmīm' aă'hādīm' wě-vāshavtā' oi'mōw oad aăsher..tāshūv' ²days [that..]3turn-away (44) and-tarry ^{1}a -few, with-him until aaph..aāhī"kā mi'mĕ'kā 'hămath aā'hī''kā oad..shūv 1the-fury-of 2thy-brother; (45) until..3turn-away 1the-anger-of..2thy-brother from-thee, wě-shā'ka'h' aēth aăsher..oāsī'thā 'lōw wĕ-shāla'htī' that-which-thou-hast-done to-him: then-I-will-send, and-he-forget andwhy should-I-be-deprived-2of gam..shĕnēi'kem' lĕqa'htī"kā mi'-shām lāmāh' aeshkal' from-thence: wa'-tōamer rivqāh ael..yitz'hāq qatztī vĕ-'ha'yai' \mathbf{v} owm \mathbf{a} e'hād. lone? (46) And-2said 1Rebekah to. Isaac, I-am-weary of-my-life mi'-pěnēi běnōwth 'hēth aim..lōqē'a'h yaoaqōv ai'shāh dedaughters-of Heth: if..²take 'Jacob a-wife mi'because-of the-daughters-of Heth: of-theběn \bar{o} wth...'hēth' kā- $a\bar{e}$ ''leh mi'-benowth ha-aa'retz la''mah daughters-of..Heth, such-as-these which-are of-the-daughters-of the-land, Ίī `ha'yīm'. wa'-yiqrā'a yitz'hāq (*Chap. xxvIII. 1) And-2called shall-2do-[to-]me ^{1}my -life? wa-yĕvāre'k $a\bar{o}$ th $\bar{o}'w$ wa-yĕtza'w \bar{e}' h \bar{u} wa'-y $\bar{o}'a$ mer ael..yaoăqōv [unto..]Jacob, and-blessed him, and-charged-him, and-said loa..thi'qa'h' ai'shāh mi'-bĕnowth kĕnāoan qūm lē'k unto-him, 2Not..1thou-shalt-3take a-wife of-the-daughters-of Canaan. (2) Arise, go

^{*} The intimate connection between the preceding chapter and this, certainly requires that there should have been no division.

bēi'thāh pa'de'nāh-aărām věthūaēl' *a*ăvī ai'mé'kā to-the-house-of the-father-of to-Padan-aram, Bethuel thy-mother; andga'h..lĕ'kā mi'-shām ai'shāh mi'-běnōwth lāvān' *a*ă'hĩ take...[to-]thee 2from-thence ¹a-wife of-the-daughters-of Laban the-brother-of ai'mé'kā. wĕ-aēl sha'dai' věvārē'k' aōthě'kā' wě-yaphrě'kā thy-mother. (3) And-God Almighty thee, and-make-thee-fruitful, bless wĕ-hāyī'thā li-qhal' wĕ-yarbé'kā oa'mīm wě-vi'ten.. and-multiply-thee, that-thou-mayest-be [for-]a-multitude-of people; * (4) and-give.. aeth..birkath' aavrāhām' lĕkā ū-lě-zaroă kā' ai'tā'k - the-blessing-of Abraham, [to-]thee, to-thee. and-to-thy-seed with-thee. aeth..ae'retz megurei'kā aasher..nāthan' aelohīm' lĕ-rishtĕ'kā that-thou-mayest-inherit + - the-land-of thy-sojournings, which..2gave wa'-yishla'h' yitz'hāq aeth..yaoăqov wa'-yē'le'k lě-aavrāhām'. (5) And-2sent-away ¹Isaac Jacob: to-Abraham. pa'de'nāh-aărām ael..lāvān' ben..běthūaēl' hā-aăra'mī' unto..Laban, to-Padan-aram, son-of..Bethuel the-Syrian, the-brother-of yaoaqov we-oesaf'. wa'-yar'a oēsāf' rivqāh $a\bar{e}m$ Rebekah. the-mother-of Jacob and-Esau. (6) When-2saw ¹Esau vēra'k' yitz'hāq aeth..yaoaqov we-shi'la'h' aotho'w pa'de'nāh-aarām Jacob, and-sent-2away ¹him to-Padan-aram, lā-qa'hath..lōw mi-shām ai'shāh bĕ-vāră'kō'w aōthō'w wa-yětzaf' to-take..[to-]him ²from-thence ¹a-wife; ²that-as-he-blessed ³him ¹and-⁴he-gave-⁵a-charge oālāif' lē*a*mōr' lōa..thi'qa'h' ai'shāh mi'-běnōwth kěnāoan [upon-]⁵him, saying, ²Not..¹thou-shalt-³take a-wife of-the-daughters-of ael..aāvīf′ wa'-yishma'o ya*o*ăqōv we-ael..ai'mow wa'-ye'le'k¹Jacob [to..]his-father and-[to..]his-mother, and-was-gone (7) and-that-2 obeyed oēsāf' kī rāoowth' běnōwth pa'de'nāh-aărām wa'-yar'a (8) and-2seeing that 3were-evil 1the-daughters-of ¹Esau to-Padan-aram; yitz'hāq aāvīf' wa'-yē'le'k oēsāf' ael.. bě-oēinēi' kěnāoan (9) then-went Esau unto.. his-father; in-the-eyes-of Isaac yishmāoēal' wa'-yi'qa'h' aeth...ma'hălath' bath..yishmāoēal' Ishmael, 4Mahalath 5the-daughter-of..6Ishmael, 7son-of.. and-took něvāyōwth' oal..nāshāif' lōw *a*avrāhām' aă hōwth ¹⁰Nebajoth, 'unto..2his-wives 3that-belonged-to-him, *Abraham, 9the-sister-of lĕ-ai'shāh. to-be-his-wife.

Wa'-yētzē'a yaoaqov mi'-beaer-shavao wa'-ye'le'k 'hara'nah.

(10) And-went out 'Jacob from-Beer-sheba, and-went toward-Haran.

English Version. 9 unto the wives which he had.

^{*} Literally, " an assembly for congregation) of peoples."

⁺ Literally, " for thy inheriting."

ba'-mā $q\bar{o}w$ m' wa'-yā'len shām wa'-yiphga'o (11) And-he-lighted upon-a-certain-place, and-tarried-2all-night 1there, because..2was-set ha'-she'mesh wa'-yi'qa'h' mē-aavnēi' ha'-māgōwm' wa'-yā'sem and-he-took of-the-stones-of 1the-sun; that-place, and-put-them měraa šshothaif' wa'-yishkav' ba'-māq $\bar{o}w$ m' ha-h $\bar{u}a$. wa'and-lay-down ³to-sleep in-²place [the-]that. (12) Andfor-his-pillows, ya'hălōm' wĕ-hi'nēh çu'lām mu'tzāv aa'rĕtzāh wĕ-roashō'w ma'gīao and-behold u-ladder set-up on-the-earth, and-the-top-of-it ha'-shāmā'yĕmāh wĕ-hi'nēh malaă'kēí aĕlōhīm' oōlīm' wĕ-yōrĕdīm' 2the-3heavens-1to: ${f and} ext{-behold} \quad the ext{-angels-of}$ God ascending and-descending wě-hi'nēh yĕhōwāh' ni'tzāv oālāif' $b\bar{o}w$. wa'-y $\bar{o}a$ mar' a \bar{a} \bar{n} \bar{i} (13) And,-behold, Jehovah stood above-it, and-said. I-am on-it. yitz'hāq hāvěhowah' aĕlohēi' aavraham' aavi"ka wē-alōhēi' the-God-of Abraham thy-father, and-the-God-of theaăsher aa'tāh shō'kēv' $a\bar{a}'retz$ oālei'hā lĕ'kā ae'tĕné'nāh ū-lĕ-²which 4liest 'on[-it], to-thee will-I-give-it, and-tozaroé'kā zaroă kā wě-hāyāh' ka-oăphar' hā-aā'retz ūthy-seed; (14) and-2shall-be 1thy-seed as-the-dust-of the-earth; andphāratztā' phāratztā' yā''māh wā-qē'dĕmāh wĕ-tzāphō'nāh wā-neg'bāh thou-shalt-spread-abroad to-the-west, and-to-the-east, and-to-the-north, and-to-the-south: wĕ-nivrĕ'kū vě'kā kol..mishpě'hōth hā-aădāmāh' ū-vě-zaroé'kā. and-3shall-7be-blessed 1in-thee 4all..5the-families-of 6the-earth ²and-in-thy-seed. wě-hi'nēh aānō'kī' oi'mā'k ū-shĕmartī"kā bĕ-'kōl aăsher..tēlē'k' (15) And-behold, I-am with-thee, and-will-keep-thee in-all places whither..thou-goest, wa-hăshivōthī''kā ael..hā-aădāmāh' ha'-zōath kī lōa into..[the-]2land [the-]this; for 2not I-will-3leave-thee, and-will-bring-thee-again oad-aăsher-aim..oāsī'thī aēth aäsher..di'bar'tī lā'k. wa'-- that-which..I-have-spoken to-thee of. until [-that..] I-have-done yīqatz' yaoaqov mi'-shenatho'w wa'-yo'amer aa'ken' yesh yehowah' out-of-his-sleep, and-he-said, Surely ¹Jacob ba'-māqōwm' ha'-zeh' wĕ-aānō'kī' lōa yādā'otī. wa'-yīrā'a in- 2 place [the-] 1 this; and-I 2 not 1 knew-it. (17) And-he-was-afraid, wa'-yō'amer mah..'nōwrā'a ha'-māqōwm' ha'-zeh' aēin [the-]1this! 2none-other 1this-is How..dreadful is [the-]²place and-said. kī-aim..bēith aĕlōhīm' wĕ-zeh sha'oar ha'-shāmā'yim. but..the-house-of God, and-this is the-gate-of the-heavens. (18) Andyashkēm' yaoaqov ba'-boqer wa'-yi'qa'lı' aeth..ha-ae'ven aasher.. rose-up-early Jacob in-the-morning, and-took the-stone that.. měraa a shothaif wa'-ya'sem a othahh ma'tzevah wa'and-set-²up forfor his-pillows, 1it he-had-put and-

English Version. 12 reached to heaven. 13 the land whereon thou liest. 17 the gate of heaven.

yi'tzōq' she'men oal..roashāhh'. wa'-yiqrā'a aeth..shēm..ha'upon..the-top-of-it. (19) And-he-called — the-name-of [..the-] māgōwm' ha-hūa bēith..aēl' wĕ-aūlām' lūz shēm..hā-oīr' [the-]1that Beth..el: * but-3was-called-4Luz 1the-name-of..2that-city at-thewa'-yi'dar' yaoaqov ne'der lēamor' aim...yiheyeh'
(20) And-2vowed 'Jacob a-vow, saying, If..2will-be riashonāh'. first. aĕlōhīm' oi'mādī' ū-shĕmārá'nī ba'-de're'k ha'-zeh' aăsher aānō'kī' 1God with-me, and-will-keep-me in-2way [the-]1this that wĕ-nāthan..lī' lé'hem le-aë kol ū-ve'ged hōwlē'k' li-lbōsh and-raiment and-will-give..[to-]me bread to-eat, to-put-on, vě-shālōwm' ael..beith aāvī' wĕ-shavtī wě-hāyāh' (21) so-that-I-come-again ³in-peace ¹to..the-house-of ²my-father; then-shall-2be we-ha-ae'ven ha'-zoath aasher..sam'tī yěhōwāh' lī lē-alōhīm' to-me for-a-God: (22) and-[the-]2stone [the-]1this, which..I-have-set ma'tzēvāh' yiheyeh' beith aelohīm' we-'kol aasher shall-be the-house-of God: and-of-all that thou-shalt-give..to-me oa'sēr aăoa'sĕré'nu lā'k. in-giving-the-tenth, I-will-give-the-tenth unto-thee.

CHAP. XXIX.

Wa'-yi'sā'a yaoaqov raglaif wa'-ye'le'k aa'retzah (1) And-2lifted-up 1Jacob his-feet, and-came into-the-land-of the-children-of.. we-hi'neh veaer ba'-sadeh' we-hi'neh.. qe'dem. wa'-yar'a (2) And-he-looked, and,-behold, a well in-the-field, and,-lo,.. shěloshāh' oedrci..tzōan' rovětzīm' oalei'ha kī min..ha'shām' flocks-of..sheep by-it; for out-of..[the-] there lying hā-oădārīm' wĕ-hā-ae'ven ha-hi'*wa* bĕaēr yashqū and-a-[the-]2stone [the-]that they-watered the-flocks : we-neaecphū..shā''māh 'kol..hā-oădārīm' ha'-bĕaēr. upon..the-mouth-of the-well. (3) And-2were-5gathered..1thither 3all..4the-flocks: wĕ-gālălū' aeth-hā-ae'ven mē-oal' pī ha'-bĕaēr wĕ-hishqū and-they-rolled — the-stone from[-upon] the-mouth-of the-well, and-watered aeth..ha'-tzōan wĕ-hēshī'vū aeth..hā-ae'ven ha'-běaēr oal..pī the-sheep, and-put-2again the-stone upon..the-mouth-of wa'-yō'amer lāhem' yaoaqov aa'hai mē-aa'yın li-mqōmāhh.' ¹Jacob, My-brethren, in its-place. (4) And-2said 3unto-them

English Version. 22 shall the LORD be my God — I will surely give the tenth unto thee.

[•] That is, " the house of God."

wa'-yoameru' me-'haran' aana'h'nu. aa'tem'. wa'-yō'amer And-they-said, Of-Haran (5) And-he-said are-we. are-ye? ben..nā'hōwr'. lāhem' ha-yĕdaotem' aeth..lāvān' wa'-yōamĕrū' - Laban the-son-of.. Nahor? And-they-said, unto-them, — Know-ye lāhem' wa'-yō'amer hă-shālōwm' yādā'onū. $l\bar{o}w.$ We-know him. (6) And-he-said unto-them, Is-there peace * to-him? $sh\bar{a}l\bar{o}wm'$ wĕ-hi'nēh rā'hēl' wa'-yōaměrū' bi'tōw bāuāh' There-is peace* to-him; and,-behold, Rachel his-daughter cometh And-they-said, $h\bar{e}n \quad o\bar{o}wd$ oim..ha'-tzōan. · wa'-yō'amer ha'-yōwm' $g\bar{a}d\bar{o}wl'$ with..the-sheep. (7) And-he-said, Lo, 1the-day-is ²yet ³great, † lōa..oēth' hēaāçēph' ha'-miqneh' hashqu ha'-tzōan neither..is-it-time that 2should-be-gathered-together 1the-cattle: water-ye ū-lě'kū' rěoū. wa'-yōamĕrū' lōa nū'kal' oad aăsher yēaāçĕphū' (8) And-they-said, 2Not 1we-can, until [that] 3be-gathered-together and-go and feed them. kol..hā-oădārīm' wĕ-gālălū' aeth..hā-ae'ven mē-oal' and-till-they-roll — the-stone 'all..2the-flocks, from-[upon] the-mouth-of theběaēr wě-hishqī'nū ha'-tzōan. oōwdé'nū měda'bēr oi'mām then-we-water (9) ²While-he-yet ³spake 4with-them the-sheep. wě-rā'hēl' bāaāh' oim..ha'-tzōan aăsher lĕ-aāvī'hā kī rōoāh' with..the-sheep which belonged to-her-father; for 2kept-them ¹and,-Rachel came ka-aăsher' rāaāh' yaoăqov aeth..rā'hēl' hiwa. wa-yĕhī ¹Jacob 2saw 1she. (10) And-it-came-to-pass, when aă'hī ai'mōw wĕ-aeth..tzōan lāvān' the-daughter-of.. Laban, the-brother-of his-mother, and - the-sheep-of Laban the-brother-of ai'mōw wa'-yi'gash' yaoaqōv wa'-ya'gel aeth..hā-ae'ven his-mother, that-2went-near 'Jacob, and-rolled — the-stone from[-upon] ha'-bĕaēr wa'-yashq' aeth..tzōan lāvān' aăhī ai'm $\bar{0}w$. $\mathbf{p}\bar{\mathbf{i}}$ the-mouth-of the-well, and-watered — the-flock-of Laban the-brother-of his-mother. wa'-yi'shaq' yaoaqov le-ra'hel' wa'-yi'sa'a aeth..qolo'w wa'-yevk'.

(11) And-2kissed Jacob [to-]Rachel, and-lifted-up — his-voice, and-wept. wa'-ya'gēd' yaoăqōv lĕ-rā'hēl' kī aă'hī aāvī'hā hūa wĕ-'kī (12) And-2told ¹Jacob [to-]Rachel that ²the-brother-of ³her-father ¹he-was, and-that ven..rivqāh hūa wa'-tārotz wa'-ta'gēd lĕ-aāvī'hā. wa-²the-son-of. ³Rebekah ¹he-was: and-she-ran and-told [it to-]her-father. (13) And-'ki-shmōao lāvān' aeth..shēmao yaoaqov ben..aa'hothō'w it-came-to-pass, when-2heard Laban — the-tidings ‡-of Jacob the-son-of..his-sister, wa'-yā'rotz li-qrāathō'w wa-yĕ'ha'beq..lōw wa-yĕna'sheq..lōwand-embraced..[to-]him, and-kissed..[to-]him, that-he-ran to-meet-him, and-

English Version. Chap. xxix. 6 and they said, He is well. 7 it is yet high day; marg. yet the day is great. 9 came with her father's sheep.

^{*} Or, prosperity, or health, integritas.
† Compare the French grand jour.
† Literally, "hearing."

wa-yĕça'pēr \mathbf{v} ěv $\mathbf{\bar{u}}$ a $\mathbf{\bar{e}}$ 'h $\mathbf{\bar{u}}$ ael.. \mathbf{b} eith $\mathbf{\bar{o}}$ ' \mathbf{w} . lĕ-lāvān' aēth kol..ha'-And-he-told to..his-house. brought-him [to-]Laban all..[the-] dĕvārīm' hā-aē''leh. wa'-vō'amer low lavan' aa'k oatzmī [the-]these. (14) And-2said 3to-him 1Laban, Surely 2my-bone aā''tāh. wa'-yē'shev oi'mōw 'hōdesh yāmīm'. wa'-thou-art. And-he-abode with-him a-month-of days.* (15) Andū-věsārī' and-my-flesh thou-art. lāvān' lě-yaoaqov ha-ki..aahi' aa'tāh waunto-Jacob, — Because..2my-brother 1thou-art, 2thereforeha'gī'dāh 'hi'nām 'lī oăvadta'nī mah..maskurté kā. 1shouldest-thou-3serve-me for-nought? [to-]me, what..shall-thy-wages-be? tell shětēi vānōwth' shēm ha'-gědōlāh' lēaāh' wěū-lĕ-lāvān' (16) And-to-Laban were two [-of] daughters: the-name-of the-elder was Leah, and-therā'hēl'. wĕ-oēinēi' lēaāh' ha'-qĕтa'nāh the-younger was Rachel. (17) And-the-eyes-of Leah were tender; † yĕphath..tōaar wīphath' wĕ-rā'hēl' hāyĕthāh' beautiful-of..form but-Rachel and-beautiful-of was wa'-yeaëhav' yaoaqov aeth..ra'hel' wa'-yo'amer aeoevod'ka she'vao (18) And-2loved Jacob - Rachel; and-said, I-will-serve-thee # seven shānīm' bĕ-rā'hēl' bi'tĕ'kā ha'-qĕтa'nāh. wa'-yō'amer lāvān' for-Rachel thy-2daughter [the-]1younger. (19) And-2said 1Laban, It-is years TŌWV ti'tī aothahh' lā'k mi'-ti'tī aothahh' lě-aish to-thee than-that-I-should-give to-2man better that I-give her her wa'-yaoavod' yaoaqov be-ra'hel' she'vao aa'hēr shevāh oi'mādī'. lanother: abide (20) And-2served Jacob for-Rachel with-me. kĕ-yāmīm' aă'hādīm' bĕshānīm' wa'-yihĕyū' vě-oēināif' and-they-were as-2days 1a-few 4years: in-his-eyes but wa'-yō'amer yaoăqōv aothahh'. aahăvāthō'w to-her. (21) And-2said ¹Jacob his-love he-had unto..Laban, hāvāh' yāmāi' wĕ-aāvō'waāh aēlei'hā. aeth..aishtī kī mālě*a*ū' ²are-fulfilled ¹my-days, that-I-may-go-in Give-me - my-wife, for wa'-yeaĕçōph' lāvān' aeth..kol..aanshēi ha'-māqōwm' wa'-(22) And-2gathered-together Laban — all..the-men-of the-place, andvā-oe'rev wa'-yi'qa'h' aeth... ya'oas mishteh'. wa-yĕhī made (23) And-it-came-to-pass in-the-evening, that-he-took

English Version. 16 and Laban had two daughters. 17 Leah was tender eyed; but Rachel was beautiful and well favoured. 20 and they seemed unto him but a few days, for the love he had to her.

That is, "a whole month."

[†] Or, soft, delicate, as the word signifies, and as some would render; but compare what appears to be its opposite yepheh..oena'yim, "having beautiful eyes." 1 Sam. xvii. 42.

† The practice of giving dowries for, or purchasing wives, still obtains in the East; and when the bridegroom has no property, it is usual for him to serve the father for her: see the notes in "The Comprehensive Bible" on this passage, and ch. xxxiv. 12. and Burder's Oriental Literature, vol. i. no. 78.

lēaāh' vi'tōw wa'-yāvē'a aōthāhh' aēlāif' wa'-yāvō'a aēlei'hā. his-daughter, and-brought and-he-went-in unto-her.* her to-him; lāhh aeth..zilpāh shiph'hāthō'w lĕ-lēaāh' wa'-yi'tēn' lāvān' (24) And-2gave Laban [unto-her] — 4Zilpah ⁵his-maid shiph'hāh. wa-yĕhī va'-bōqer wĕ-hi'nēh.. vi'tōw ²his-daughter, ⁶for-an-handmaid. (25) And-it-came-to-pass, ²in-the-morning ¹that-³behold. hi'wa lēaāh' wa'-yō'amer ael..lāvān' māh..zōath' oāsī'thā and-he-said to..Laban, What..is-this thou-hast-done unto-me? oi'mā'k wĕ-lā"māh hă-lōa vĕ-rā'hēl' oāvad'tī - 2not 5for-Rachel 1did-I-3serve 4with-thee? 2then-1wherefore hast-thou-beguiled-me? wa'-yō'amer lāvān' lōa..yēoāseh' 'kēn bi-mqōwmē'nū lā-thēth'
(26) And-2said Laban, 2Not..1it-must-3be-5done 4so in-our-place, to-give ha'-tzĕoīrāh' liphnēi ha'-bĕ'kīrāh'. shevu'ao zoath $ma'l\bar{e}a$ the-first-born. (27) Fulfil her week \[-\text{of} \] the-younger wě-ni'těnāh lě'kā gam..aeth..zōath ba-oăvōdāh' aăsher ta*o*ăvōd and-we-will-give [to-]thee 2also — 1this, for-the-service which thou-shalt-serve oi'mādī' oōwd shevao..shānīm' aă'hērōwth'. wa'-ya'oas yaoăqōv (28) And-2did 1other. with-me seven..2years yet shevu'ao zōath wa'-yi'ten..lō'w aeth..rā'hēl' wa-yĕma'lēakēn this]: and-he-gave..[to-]him - Rachel and-fulfilled her week[-of wa'-yi'tēn' lāvān' lĕ-rā'hēl' low le-ai'shah. bi'tōw (29) And-2gave ¹Laban to-Rachel his-daughter his-daughter [to-him] to-wife. aeth..bilhāh shiph'hāthō'w lāhh lĕ-shiph'hāh. wa'-y \bar{a} v $\bar{o}'a$ his-handmaid, to-be to-her for-a-maid. (30) And-he-went-in gam ael..rā'hēl' wa'-yeaĕhav' gam..aeth..rā'hēl' mi'-lē $a\bar{a}h'$ wa'and-he-loved also - Rachel more-than-Leah, andunto..Rachel, yaoavod' oi'mow oowd shevao..shanim' aa'herowth'. wa'-yar'aseven..2years 1other. (31) And-3saw with-him yet lēaāh' wa'-yiphta'h' aeth..ra'hmāhh wĕyĕhōwāh' kī..sĕnūaāh' ²Jehovah ⁵Leah ¹when-⁷he-opened — 4that..6was-hated her-womb: butrā'hēl' oăqārāh'. wa'-ta'har $l\bar{e}a\bar{a}h'$ wa'-t $\bar{e}led$ $b\bar{e}n$ wa'-tigrā*a* Rachel was barren. (32) And-2conceived 1Leah, and-bare a-son; and-she-called shemow reauven' kī aāmerāh' kī..rāaāh' yehowāh' be-oonyī his-name Reuben: † for she-said, Surely..2hath-looked 'Jehovah upon-my-affliction; oa'tāh yeaĕhāva'nī $a\bar{i}sh\bar{i}'$. wa'-ta'har oōwd wa'-²will-love-me ¹my-husband. (33) And-she-conceived again, and- 1 now tēled bēn wa'-tōamer kī..shāma'o yĕhōwāh' kī..sĕnūaāh' aānö"kī bare a-son; and-said, Because..2hath-heard 1Jehovah that..2hated ¹I. was,

English Version. 29 to be her maid.

^{*} The deceit of Laban was the more easy because the bride was introduced closely veiled to the bridegroom; in which way many are deceived. See a passage cited from Olearius, in Burder's Oriental Literature, vol. i. no. 80.

[†] That is, "See a son."

wa'-vi'ten..li' gam..aeth..zeh' wa'-tiqrāa 4therefore-3he-hath-5given..[to-]6me 8also — 7this-son: and-she called his-name wa'-ta'har wa'-tēled $o\bar{o}wd$ wa'-tōamer shimoown. bēn Simeon.* (34) And-she-conceived again, and-bare a-son; and-said. oa'tāh ha'-pa'oam yi'lāweh' aīshī' aēlai' kī..yālad'tī lōw will-2be-joined 1my-husband unto-me, because..I-have-born [to-]him this-time sheloshah' vanim' oal..ken qaraa..shemo'w lewi'. sons: therefore one called..his-name Levi.+ (35) And-she-conceived $o\bar{o}wd$ wa'-tēled wa'-tōamer ha'-pa'oam bēn aōwdeh' again, and-bare a-son: and-she-said, will-I-praise Now yĕhōwāh' oal..kēn qārĕaāh' shĕmōw yĕhūdāh' wa'-taoamōd therefore she-called his-name Judah : ‡ and-she-ceased le'deth. bearing.

CHAP. XXX.

Wa'-tērea rā'hēl' kī lōa yālĕdāh' lĕ-yaoăqōv wa'-tĕqa'nēa (1) And-3saw 2Rachel 4that 7no-children 5she-bare [to-]6Jacob 1when-9envied rā'hēl' ba-aă'hōthāhh' wa'-tōamer ael..yaoăqōv hāvāh..'lī' vānīm' •Rachel [on-]her-sister; and-said unto..Jacob, Give..[to-]me children, wě-aim..aa'yin mēthāh' aānō"kī. wa'-yi'har..*a*aph' yaoăqōv (2) And-3was-kindled..1the-anger-of ιĮ. bě-rā'hēl' wa'-yō'amer hă-thá'hath aĕlōhīm' aānō''kī aăsher..māna'o against-Rachel: and-he-said, - 21n-the-place-of God 1am-I, who..hath-withheld hi'nēh aămāthī' phčrī..vā' ren. wa'-tōamer vilhāh mi'me'k from-thee the-fruit-of..the-womb? (3) And-she-said, Behold my-maid Bilhah, boa aclei'ha we-theled oal..birkai we-ai'baneh gam..aano'kī' go-in unto-her; and-she-shall-bear upon..my-knees, || that-2may-4have-children \ 3also..1I aeth..bilhāh shiph'hāthāhh' wa'-ti'ten.. $l\bar{0}w$ lĕmi'mé'nāh. (4) And-she-gave..[to-]him' — Bilhah her-hand-maid toby-her. ai'shāh wa'-yāvō'a aēlei'hā yaoaqōv. wa'-ta'har bilhāh wa'-tēled and-went-in sunto-her Jacob. (5) And-conceived Bilhah, wa'-tōamer rā'hēl' dāná'nī aĕlōhīm' wĕ-gam lě-yaoăqov ben. a-son. (6) And-2said 1Rachel, 2Hath-judged-me 1God, wa'-yi'ten..lī' bēn oal..kēn qārĕaāh' shĕmōw bĕ-qōlī' 'hath-'heard [to-]my-voice, and-hath-given..[to-]me a-son: therefore called-she his-name

English Version. 34 therefore was his name called Levi. 35 and left bearing, marg. stood from bearing. Chap. xxx. 2 Am I in God's stead.

^{*} That is, "bearing." † That is, "joined." ‡ That is, "praise." § Literally, "and if not."

Or, lap, as τὰ γούνατα in Greek frequently denotes in similar phrases.

dān. wa'-ta'har oōwd wa'-tēled bilhāh shiph'hath' rā'hēl' bēn Dan.* (7) And-4conceived 5 again, 6 and-bare 1 Bilhah, 2 the-maid-of 3 Rachel, 9 son shēnī' lĕ-yaoăqōv. wa'-tōamer rā'hēl' naphtūlēi' o %a-second [to-]⁷Jacob. (8) And-²said ¹Rachel, With-the-wrestlings-of aĕlōhīm' God t niphtal'tī oim..aă'hōthī' gam..yā'kō'ltī nave-I-wrestled with..my-sister, and..-have-prevailed: wa'-tiqr $\bar{\mathbf{a}}a$ shěm $\bar{\mathbf{o}}w$ and-she-called his-name naphtālī'. wa'-tērea lēaāh' kī oāmedāh' mi'-le'deth wa'-ti'qa'h Naphtali.; (9) When-2saw Leah that she-had-left [from-]bearing, [then-]she-took aeth..zilpāh shiph'hāthāhh' wa'-ti'tēn aōthāhh' lĕ-yaoăqōv lĕ-ai'shāh. her-maid, and-gave her [to-]Jacob wa'-tēled zilpāh ship'hath' lēaāh' lĕ-yaoăqōv bēn. wa'-tōamer (10) And-4bare ¹Zilpah, ²the-maid-of ³Leah, [to-]Jacob a-son. (11) And-²said $l\bar{e}a\bar{a}h'$ $b\bar{a}a$ $g\bar{a}d$ wa'-tiq $r\bar{a}a$ $aeth...shem\bar{o}w$ gād. wa'-tēled ¹Leah, ²Cometh ¹a-troop: § and-she-called Gad. (12) And-4bare — his-name shēnī' lĕ-yaoăqōv. zilpāh shiph'hath' lēaāh' bēn wa'- $t\bar{o}a$ mer ¹Zilpah ²the-maid-of 3 Leah 6a -second [to-]5Jacob. 7son (13) And-2said ai'shĕrū'nī bānōwth' wa'-tiqrāa aeth.. leaāh' bě-aoshrī kī ¹Leah, Happy-am-I,¶ for ²will-call-me-blessed ¹the-daughters: and-she-called shĕmōw aāshēr'. wa'-yē'le'k rĕaūvēn' bīmēi' qětzīr.. hi'Tīm' Asher.** (14) And-2went Reuben in-the-days-of 2harvest[-of..] wheat; wa'-yimtzā'a dūdāaīm' ba'-sādeh' wa'-yāvē'a aōthām' ael..lēaāh' and-found and-brought mandrakes †† in-the-field, them unto..2Leah ai'm $\bar{\mathbf{o}}w$. $r\bar{a}'h\bar{e}l'$ $ael..l\bar{e}a\bar{a}h'$ $ten\bar{i}..n\bar{a}'a$ wa'-tōamer ¹his-mother. Then-2said ¹Rachel to..Leah, Give..2I-pray-thee, [to-]1me of-thedūdāaēi' bĕnē'k. lāhh wa'-tōamer mandrakes-of thy-son. (15) And-she-said unto-her, — Is it a-small-matter gam , aeth..aīshī' we-lāqa'hath ga'htē'k aeth.. - my-husband? and-wouldest-thou-take-away $t\bar{h}at$ thou-hast-taken běnī wa'-tōamer rā'hēl' lā'kēn' yishkav' 1the-mandrakes-of 2my-son? And-2said ¹Rachel, Therefore

he-shall-lie

^{*} That is, "judging."
† That is, "with great wrestlings," as expressed in the text of the authorized version.
‡ That is, "my wrestling."

[§] Or, "good fortune comes:" such is the Keri, and several MSS.; but the Kethiv is bagad, or as it should probably be pointed, be-gad, with good fortune, fortunately, happily:

so Lxx. ἐν τύχη, and Vulgate, feliciter.

|| That is, "a troop," or "company," i. q. gĕdūd; or fortune, prosperity, same as the Arabic ja'don, from ja'da, to be fortunate, prosperous.

|| Literally, "in my happiness," or "prosperity."

** That is, "happy," or blessed."

†† So the Lxx. and Vulgate μανδραγόρα, mandragoro, and other ancient versions;—a plant with a turnip-shaped root, white and reddish flowers, inclining to purple, and reddish fruit of the size of small applies and of a most agreeable odour. (Comp. Cont. viii. 12). The of the size of small apples, and of a most agreeable odour. (Comp. Cant. vii. 13.) The fruit ripens from May to July; and is thought, in the East, even in the present day, to promote amorous desires, and help conception. The form of the word in the singular was probably dudai, amatorius, from dud, i. q. Arab. wa'da, to love. See "The Comprehensive Bible" in loco, and the Travels of Hasselquist, Maundrell, and the Abbe Mariti.

ha'-la'yĕlāh tá'hath dūdāaēi' vĕnē'k. wa'-yāvō'a yaoăqōv min.. for the-mandrakes-of thy-son. (16) And-2came ¹Jacob ha'-sādeh' bā-oe'rev wa'-tētzē'a lēaāh' li-qrāathō'w wa'-tōamer in-the-evening, and-2went-out Leah to-meet-him. and-said, kī sā'kōr' sĕ'kartī"kā *a*ēlai′ tāvo'wa bě-dūdāaēi' běnī. ²Unto-me ¹thou-must-come-in; for hiring I-have-hired-thee with-the-mandrakes-of my-son. wa'-yishkav' oi'māhh ba'-la'yĕlāh hūa. wa'-yishma'o aĕlōhīm' with-her [on-]²night ¹that. (17) And-²hearkened And-he-lay ael..lēaāh' wa'-ta'har wa'-tēled lĕ-yaoăqōv bēn 'hămīshī'. wa'unto..Leah, and-she-conceived, and-bare [to-]Jacob the-2son ¹fifth. (18) Andtōamer lēaāh' nāthan' aĕlōhīm' sĕ'kārī' aasher..natha'tī ¹Leah, ²Hath-given-me ¹God my-hire, because..I-have-given shiph'hāthī' lě-aīshī' wa'-tiqrāa shěm $\bar{o}w$ yi'sās'kār'. wa'-ta'har my-maiden to-my-husband: and-she-called his-name Issachar.* (19) And-2conceived $o\bar{o}w$ d lē $a\bar{a}h'$ wa'-tēled ben..shi'shī lĕ-ya $o\bar{a}q\bar{o}v$. wa'-t $\bar{o}a$ mer lē $a\bar{a}h'$ and-bare 3son..2the-sixth [to-]1Jacob. (20) And-2seid ³again ¹Leah, zěváda'nī aĕlōhīm' aōthī' ze'ved Tōwv ha'-pa'oam ²Hath-endowed ¹God me with-a-2dowry 1good; now will-2dwell-with-me kī..yālad'tī $l\bar{o}w$ shi'shāh vānīm' wa'-tiqrāa aeth.. 1my-husband, because...l-have-borne [to-]him six sons: and-she-called yālĕdāh' bath wa'-tiqrāa aeth.. shěmōw zěvulūn. wě-aa'har' Zebulunt. (21) And-afterwards she-bare a-daughter, and-called shemāhh dīnāh'. wa'-yizkor' aelohīm' aeth..rā'hēl' wa'-yishma'o and-2hearkened Dinah. (22) And-2remembered God - Rachel, aēlei'hā aĕlōhīm' wa'-yiphta'h' aeth..ra'hmāhh. wa'-tāhar - her-womb. (23) And-she-conceived, and-¹God, and-opened bēn wa'-tōamer aāçaph' aĕlōhīm' aeth..'herpāthī' wa'tēled and-said, 2Hath-taken-away 1God a-son; — my-reproach: (24) andaeth..shěmōw yōwçēph' lēamōr' yōçēph' yĕhōwāh' lī tigrā*a* ²Shall-add she-called — his-name Joseph, \$ saying, wa-yĕhī rā'hēl' bēn aa'hēr. ka-aäsher' yālĕdāh' ³had-borne 2son 1another. (25) And-it-came-to-pass, when ¹Rachel yōwçēph' wa'-yō'amer yaoaqōv ael..lavan' sha'lĕ'hē'nī wĕ-aēlĕ'kāh' that-2said Jacob unto..Laban, Send-me-away, that-I-may-go Joseph, těnāh aeth..nāshai we-aeth.. ael..měqōwmī' ū-lě-aartzī'. unto..mine-own-place, and-to-my-country. (26) Give-me — my-wives wě-aēlē"kāh kī aothě ka' bāhēn' yĕlādai' aăsher oāvad'tī and-let-me-go: my-children, 2whom for ³I-have-served 4thee ¹for-[them],

English Version. 16 surely I have hired thee. 24 called his name Joseph; and said.

That is, "a hire." Simonis (Anal. Lect. Masoreth. p. 5.) conjectures, that the consonants of the Kethiv should be pointed yi'sāsā'kār', and that a constant Keri is to be understood for the present vowel points, namely yi'sā'kār'.
† That is, "dwelling."

[§] That is, "adding," or "shall add," or "addition ‡ That is, "judgment."

aa'tāh yāda'otā aeth..oăvōdāthī' aăsher oăvadtī"kā wa'-yō'amer which I-have-done-thee. my-service (27) And-2said mātzā'athī 'nēn bě-oēineí kā aēlāif' aim..nāa lāvān' I-have-found favour in-thine-eyes, tarry: ²If..¹I-pray-thee, 3unto-him ¹Laban, yĕhōwāh' wa-yĕvārā'kē'nī bi-glālé kā. ni'hash'tī for I-have-learned-by-experience* that-2hath-blessed-me ¹Jehovah for-thy-sake. wa'-yōamar' noqvāh sĕ'kārĕ'kā' oālai' wĕ-ae'tē'nāh. wa'-yō'amer (28) And-he-said, Appoint 2thy-wages [to-]1me, and-1-will-give-it. (29) And-he-said aēlāif' aa'tāh yādā'otā aēth-aasher oavadtī"kā we-aeth-aasher.. unto-him, Thou knowest how † I-have-served-thee, and hāyāh' miqně'kā ai'tī. měoaт aăsher..hāyāh' lĕ'kā kī with-me. (30) For it was little 1thy-cattle which..was lĕphānai' wa'-yiphrōtz' lā-rōv' wa-yĕvāre'k yĕhōwāh' before-I-came, and-it-is-now-increased unto-a-multitude; and-2hath-blessed māthai' aeoĕseh' gam..aānō'kī' lĕ-raglī wĕ-oa'tāh since-my-coming: and-now, when-shall wa'-yō'amer lĕ-vēithī'. wa'-vō'amer māh ae'ten..lā'k ³for-mine-own-house? (31) And-he-said, What shall-I-give..[to-]thee? And-2said yaoăqōv ¹Jacob, lōa..thi'ten..lī' měaū'māh aim..taoăseh..'lī ha'-²Not.. thou-shalt-³give.. [to-]me any-thing: if.. thou-wilt-do.. for-me [the-] dāvār' ha'-zeh' aāshū'vāh aeroeh' tzōanĕ'kā' aeshmōr. [the-]1this, I-will-return and-feed and 2thy-flock ¹keep: (32) I-will-pass bĕ-'kol..tzōanĕ'kā' ha'-yōwm' hāçēr' mi'-shām kol..seh' nāqōd' wĕthrough-all..thy-flock to-day, removing from-thence all..the-3cattle 1speckled 2and тālū'a wĕ-'kol..seh..'hūm ba'-kĕsāvīm' wĕ-тālū'a wĕ-nāqōd' bāspotted, and-all..2cattle..1the-brown among-the-sheep, and-the-spotted and-speckled amongwĕ-hāyāh' sĕ'kārī'. wĕ-oānĕthāh..bī' tzidqāthī' bĕthe-goats: and-of-such-shall-be my-hire. (33) So-shall-2answer..3for-me 1my-righteousness inyōwm-mā'hār' kī..thāvō'wa oal..sĕ'kārī' lĕ-phānei'kā kōl aăsher.. when..it-shall-come for..my-hire before-thy-face: every-one aeine'nū' nāqod' wĕ-тālū'a bā-oi'zīm' wě-'hūm ba'-kĕsāvīm' is-not-[it] speckled and-spotted and-brown among-the-goats, among-the-sheep, gānūv' wa'-yō'amer lāvān' $h\bar{u}a$ $ai't\bar{\iota}$. hēn 2shall-be-counted-3stolen 1that with-me. (34) And-2said 1Laban, Behold, I-would wa'-yā'çar ba'-yōwm' ha-hūa aeth.. věhī 'ki-dvāré'kā. it-might-be according-to-thy-word. (35) And-he-removed [in-]²day [the-]¹that

English Version. 30 For it was little which thou hadst. 31 I will again feed and keep thy flock.

^{*} nā'hash is properly to augur by the appearance of serpents; and hence to perceive, discover, find out, generally. See Bochart, Hieroz. I. p. 21.

† More literally, "with what." ‡ Literally "to thee." § Literally, "before me."

| Literally, "at my foot," or track, i.e. behind or after me.

| Literally, "on the day-morrow."

wě-ha'-rěluaīm wě-aēth kol..hāha'-těyāshīm' hā-oăqu'dīm' and-[the-]spotted, the-he-goats that-were-ring-straked and oi'zīm' ha'-nĕqu'dōwth wĕ-ha'-Tĕluaōth kõl aăsher..lāvān' she-goats that-were-speckled and-[the-]spotted, and-every-one that..had-some-white bow wĕ-'kol..'hūm ba'-kĕsāvīm' wa'-yi'tēn' bě-yad..bānāif'. and-gave-them into-the-hand-of..his-sons. in-it, and-all..the-brown among-the-sheep, wa'-ya'sem de're'k shĕlōsheth yāmīm' bēinō'w ū-vēin' vaoagov (36) And-he-set a-journey-of days betwixt-himself and-[betwixt] Jacob: three wě-yaoăqov rooch' lavan' ha'-nowtharoth'. aeth..tzōan and-Jacob the-flocks-of that-remained.* (37) Andfed Laban yi'qa'h..lō'w yaoăqōv ma'qal' livneh' la'h wĕ-lūz wě-oarmōwn žtook..[to-]3him 1Jacob rods-of 2poplar 1green, tand-of-the-hazel t and-chestnut-tree; wa-yĕpha'tzēl' bāhen' pĕtzālōwth' lĕvānōwth' ma'hsōph ha'-lāvān' 3in-them ²strakes 1white, and made-2appear 1 the-white aäsher oal...ha'-maql $\bar{o}w$ th. wa'-ya'tz $\bar{e}g'$ aeth...ha'-maql $\bar{o}w$ th aäsher (38) And-he-set in..the-rods. the-rods, bā-rěhātīm' bě-shiqăthōwth ha'-māyim aăsher tāvō'anā pi'tzēl 4in-6troughs-of he-had-pilled, ³in-the-gutters, 5the-7water. ha'-tzōan li-shtōwth lĕ-nō'ka'h ha'-tzōan wa'-yē'ham'nāh 11to-drink, 1before ²the-flocks, that-they-should-conceive when-9the-flocks wa'-ye'hĕmū' voaān' $li-sht\bar{o}wth$. ha'-tzōan ael..ha'-maqlōwth (39) And-2conceived ¹the-flocks before...the-rods, to-drink. they-came wa'-tēlād'nā oăqu'dīm něqu'dīm ū-Těluaīm'. wěha'-tzō*a*n and-brought-forth [the-]cattle ring-straked, speckled, and-spotted. (40) Andyaoăqov wa'-yiten' ha'-tzōan ha'-kësāvīm' hiphrī**d** pěněi ²did-separate ¹Jacob, and-set the-faces-of the-flocks 3the-lambs wĕ-'kol..'hūm bě-tzō*a*n lāvān' wa'-yā'sheth ael..oāgōd' toward..the-ring-straked, and-all..the-brown in-the-flocks-of Laban; and-he-put lĕva'dōw wĕ-lōa shāthām' oal..tzōan lāvān'. oădārīm' by-themselves, and-2not 1put-them unto..the-cattle-of Laban. his-own ¶ flocks

English Version. 36 three days' journey—the rest of Laban's flocks. 38 in the gutters in the watering-troughs.

^{*} The Samaritan text here inserts the vision which Jacob relates in Chap. xxxi. 11-13, though it is not acknowledged by any version, or MS. yet collated.

[†] Rather, " fresh poplar," λεύκη, as Lxx. render in Hos. iv. 13, and populus (ulha), "white poplar," as the Vulg. has here, so called from the whiteness of its leaves, bark, and wood: but the Lxx. and Arabic version here have styrax, the storax tree, as the Arabic

[‡] Or, "the almond tree," as lūzon and lūzaton in Arabic, and lūzoa in Syriac signify, and as Jerome and the Persic translator have; and Jonathan in Num. xvii. 23, and the Samaritan version in Gen. xliii. 11, have lūzīn' for sheqedim' "almonds." § Rather, "the plane tree," the Oriental maple, the platanus orientalis of Linneus; as Lxx. and Vulgate render here, and the latter also in Ezek. xxxi. 8. See Celsius, Hierobot.

T. I. p. 513.

More literally, "making bare."

Literally, "to him," i. e. the flocks belonging to him.

bě-'kol..ya'hēm ha'-tzōan ha'-měqu'shārōwth' wĕ-hāvāh' (41) And-it-came-to-pass, whensoever *..4did-conceive 1the-3cattle the-]2stronger, we-sam yaoaqov aeth..ha'-maqlowth le-oeinei' ha'-tzōan bā-¹Jacob the-rods before-the-eyes-of the-cattle inlĕ-ya'hmé'nāh ba'-maqlōwth. ū-vĕ-haoătīph rĕhārīm' ha'the-gutters, that-they-might-conceive among-the-rods. (42) But-when-2were-feeble 1thewe-hayah' ha-oatuphim' le-lavan' we-ha'tzō*u*n yāsīm' $1\bar{o}a$ so-2were 1the-feebler Laban's cattle, 2not 1he-put-them-3in: wa'-yiphrōtz' hā-aīsh' mĕaōd mĕaōd waqëshurim lë-yaoaqov. Jacob's. (43) And-2increased ¹the-man very greatly; andyěhī..lō'w ra'bōwth tzōan ū-shephā'hōwth' wa-oăvādīm' there-was..to him and-men-ser ants. ²cattle ¹much. and-maid-servants. ū-gema'līm' wa-'hamorīm'. and-camels, and-asses.

CHAP. XXXI.

Wa'-yishma'o aeth..divrēi venēi..lavan' leamor' Iāqa'h' (1) And-he-heard — the-words-of the-sons-of.. Laban, saying, 2Hath-taken-away yaoaqov aeth kol..aasher le-aavī'nū $ar{ ext{u}}$ - $ar{ ext{me}}$ - $areve{ ext{a}}$ sher' lě-aāvī'nū Jacob all..that was our-father's; and-of-that-which was our-father's aēth kol..ha'-kāvōd' ha'-zeh'. oāsāh' wa'-yar'a yaoăqōv all..[the-]2glory [the-]1this. (2) And-2beheld ¹Jacob he-hath-gotten lāvān' wĕ-hi'nēh aēiné'nū oi'm $\bar{o}w$ aeth..pěnēi $ki-thm\bar{o}wl$ and-behold, it-was-not toward-him - the-countenance-of Laban, as-yesterday wa'-yō'amer yĕhōwāh' ael..yaoăqōv shūv shilshōwm. ael.. and-the-day-before. † (3) And-2said ¹Jehovah unto..Jacob, Return unto..theaavowthei ka ū-lě-mōwladté kā wě-aehěyeh' ae'retz and-I-will-be with-thee. thy-fathers, and-to-thy-kindred; wa'-yishla'h' yaoăq \bar{o} v wa'-yiqr $\bar{a}'a$ lĕ-r \bar{a} 'h \bar{e} l' \bar{u} -lĕ-l $\bar{e}a\bar{a}$ h' ha'-s \bar{a} d \bar{e} h ¹Jacob and-called [to-]Rachel and-[to-]Leah to the-field, wa'-yō'amer lāhen' rōaeh' aānō'kī' ael..tzōanō'w (5) and-said unto-them, ²See ¹I — the-countenance-of unto..his-flock; aēlai' kī..aēiné'nū ki-thmōl shilshōm aăvī'ken' wethat..it-is-not toward-me as-yesterday, and-the-day-before; t but-theyour-father, $a\bar{a}v\bar{i}'$ hāyāh' oi'mādī'. wĕ-aa'tē'nāh yĕdaoten' alōhēi' hath-been with-me. (6) And-ye God-of my-father know,

English Version. 43 increased exceedingly, and had much cattle.

^{*} Literally, "in (or at) all," time understood: so Lxx. $\dot{\epsilon}\nu \tau \tilde{\varphi} \kappa \alpha \iota \rho \tilde{\psi}$, Vulgate, quando primo tempore.

[†] That is, heretofore, or as before, as in the text of the authorized version.

bě-'kol..kō'hī' aeth..aăvī'ken'. kĩ oāvad'tī wa-aăvī ken that with-all..my-power I-have-served your-father. (7) And-your-father bī wĕ-he'hĕliph' aeth..maskurtī oăse'reth mōnīm' wĕhath-deceived me, and-changed my-wages loa..něthano'w aĕlohim' lě-hara'o oi'madi'. aim..kōh yōamar' ³not..²suffered-him 1God to-hurt [with-]me. (8) If..2thus něqu'dīm yihěyeh' së hāré kā wě-yālědů 'kol..ha'-tzōan něqu'dīm The-speckled shall-be thy-wages; then-3bare ¹all..²the-cattle yihĕyeh' sĕ'kāré'kā wĕ-yālĕdū' wĕ-aim..kōh yōamar' oăqu'dīm and-if..2thus the-said, The-ring-straked shall-be thy-hire; then-3bare 'kol..ha'-tzōan oặqu'dīm. wa'-ya'tzēl' aĕlōhīm' aeth..miqnēh ¹all..²the-cattle ring-straked. (9) Thus-thath-taken-away God - the-cattle-of aŭvī'kem' wa'-yi'ten..lī'. bě-oeth wa-yĕhī your-father, and-given-them..to-me. (10) And-it-came-to-pass, at-the-time that 2 conceived wā-ae'sā'a oēinai' $w\bar{a}$ - $a\bar{e}'rea$ ba-'hălōwm wĕ-hi'nēh that-I-lifted-up mine-eyes, the-cattle. and-saw in-a-dream, and-behold. hā-oa'tudīm' hā-oōlīm' oal..ha'-tzōan oăqu'dīm něqu'dīm ūwhich-leaped upon..the-cattle were ring-straked, speckled, věru'dīm'. wa'-yō'amer aēlai' malaa'k' hā-aĕlōhīm' ba-'hălōwm grisled.t (11) And-4said 5unto-me 2angel-of 1the-3God in-the-dream, yaoăqōv. wā-aōmar hi'nēnī'. wa'-yō'amer sāa..nā'a oēinei'kā Jacob. And-I-said, Here-am-I. (12) And-he-said, Lift-up..now thine-eyes, ū-rěaēh' kol..hā-oa'tudīm' hā-oōlīm' oal..ha'-tzōan oăqu'dīm and-see. all..the-rams * which-leap upon..the-cattle are ring-straked, rāaī'thī aēth kol..aasher' lāvān' ooseh něqu'dīm ū-věru'dīm' kī speckled, all..that and-grisled: † for I-have-seen Laban doeth aānō'kī' hā-aēl' bēith..aēl' māsha'h'tā 'shām 'lā'k. *a*ăsher [that place] 2thou-anointedst 1where (13) I-am the-God-of Beth..el, unto-thee. 'lī ma'tzēvāh' *a*ăsher nādar'tā shām ne'der *o*a'tāh and [that place] 2thou-vowedst 4unto-me 1where 3a-vow: min..hā-aā'retz ha'-zōath wĕ-shūv ael..ae'retz mōwladté'kā. get-thee-out from..[the-]2land [the-]1this, and-return unto..the-land-of thy-kindred. rā'hēl' wĕ-lēaāh' wa'-tōamar'nāh lōw wa'-ta'oan (14) And-3answered 1Rachel 2and-Leah and-said unto-him, - Is there yet aāvī'nū. wĕ-na'hălāh' bě-vēith lānū' 'hēleq our-father? (15) — 2 Not lany-portion in-the-house-of ²or-inheritance no'kri'yowth' ne'hshav'nu low ki me'kara'nu wa'-yo'a'kal gam.. ¹are-we-3counted 4of-him? for he-hath-sold-us, and-hath-devoured even.. 5strangers

English Version. Chap. xxxi. 11 and the angel of God spake unto me in a dream, saying, Jacob. 15 and hath quite devoured also our money.

^{*} Or, "he-goats."

t The word grisled, spotted with white on a dark ground, from the old French gresle, now grêle, "hail," perfectly corresponds with the original beru'dim, from barad, hail.

 $a\bar{\mathbf{a}}'k\bar{\mathbf{o}}wl'$ $a\mathrm{eth..kacp\bar{e}'n\bar{u}.}$ $k\bar{\imath}$ 'kol..h $\bar{\mathbf{a}}$ - $o\bar{\mathbf{o}}$ 'sher $a\check{\mathbf{a}}$ sher hi'tzīl all..the-riches (16) For which ²hath-taken to-devour our-money. lā'nū hūa ū-lĕ-vānēi'nū wĕ-oa'tāh kōl aělōhīm' mē-aāvī'nū ²ours * ¹that-is, and-our-children's: ²then-¹now, from-our-father, wa'-yā'qom ya*o*ăqōv aělohim aeleíka oasch. $a\bar{\mathrm{a}}\mathrm{mar}'$ *a*ăsher (17) Then-2rose-up ¹Jacob, ²hath-said ^{1}God unto-thee. $\mathbf{do.}$ aeth..bānāif' wĕ-aeth..nāshāif'
— his-sons and — his-wives oal..ha'-gěma'līm wa'-yi's $\bar{a}'a$ his-sons and — his-wives upon..[the-]camels; aeth..kol..miqnē'hū wĕ-aeth..kol..rĕ'kushōw aăsher wa'-yinhag' (18) and-he-carried-away + all..his-cattle, and all..his-goods, which rā'kāsh' miqnēh qinyānō'w aasher rakash' be-pha'dan'-aarām he-had-gotten, the-cattle-of his-getting, which he-had-gotten in-Padan-aram, lā-vō'wa ael..yitz'hāq aāvīf' for-to-go to..Isaac his-father *a*a'rĕtzāh kěnāoan. wĕ-lāvān' his-father in-the-land-of Canaan. (19) And-Laban hāla'k' li-gzōz aeth..tzōanō'w wa'-tignōv rā'hēl' aeth..ha'-tĕrāphīm' to-shear — his-sheep: and-2had-stolen 1Rachel the-images ‡ wa'-yignōv' yaoaqōv aeth..lēv lāvān' lě-aāvī'hā. aăsher (20) And-2stole ¹Jacob were her-father's. - the-heart-of & Laban $h\bar{a}$ -aăra'mī' oal..bĕlī hi'gīd $l\bar{o}w$ $k\bar{i}$ $v\bar{o}$ rē'a'h $h\bar{u}a$. wa'-yivra'h' the-Syrian, because..3not 1he-told [to-]2him that 2fled (21) So-he-fled, $h\bar{u}a$ wĕ-'kol..aăsher.. $l\bar{o}w$ wa'-yā'qom wa'-yaoăv \bar{o} r' aeth..ha'-n \bar{a} h \bar{a} r' he and-all..that..belonged-to-him; and-he-rose-up, and-passed-over wa'-yā'sem aeth..pānāif' har ha'-giloād. wa'-yu'gad' lě-- his-face toward 2mount[-of] 1the-3Gilead. (22) And-it-was-told [to-] lāvān' ba'-yōwm' ha'-shĕlīshī' kī vāra'h' yaoaqōv. wa'-yi'qa'h' on-2day ¹the-third, that ²was-fled ¹Jacob. (23) And-he-took aeth..ae'hāif wa'-yirdoph' aa'haraif de're'k shivoath' oi'mōw his-brethren with-him, and-pursued after-him a-journey-of wa'-yadbēq' $a\bar{o}$ th $\bar{o}'w$ bĕ-har ha'-giloād. yāmīm' wa'-yavo'ain-2mount-of the-3Gilead. and-he-overtook (24) And-2came him aělōhīm' ael..lāvān' hā-aăra'mī' ba-'hălōm ha'-lā'yĕlāh wa'-yō'amer ¹God to..Laban the-Syrian in-a-dream that-night,

English Version. 16 now then, whatsoever God hath said. 20 and Jacob stole away unawares, marg. the heart of Laban—in that he told him not. 21 so he fled with all that he had. 23 seven days' journey; and they overtook. 24 a dream by night.

^{*} Literally, "to (or for) us and to our children." † Rather, "he led (or drove) away."

[‡] Probably a kind of penates, or household gods, which appear from 1 Sam. xix. 13, 16, to have had a human form, as large as life; and which were used by the superstitious as domestic oracles, (Ezek. xxi. 26. Zec. x. 2.); probably so called from the Syriac traph, percontari, inquirere.

[§] That is, "deceived," the heart, in Hebrew, not only denoting the affections, but also the understanding. So Homer employs the Greek κλέπτειν in the following verse :— Πάρφασις, ητ' ΈΚΛΕΨΕ ΝΟΌΝ πύκα περ φρονεόντων.

Alluring speech, that steals the wisest minds.—Iliad, ξ . 217.

[‡] That is, the Euphrates, so called by way of eminence.

hi'shāmer le'kā pen..těda'bēr oim..yaoăqov mi'-Tōwy unto-him, Take-heed [to-thee] that-2not..1thou-speak to..Jacob from-good lāvān' aeth..yaoaqov. wa'-ya'sēg' oad..rāo. we-yaoagōv (25) Then-2 overtook 1Laban to..bad. Now-Jacob aeth..aāhŏlō'w bā-hār' wĕ-lāvān' tāqa'o tāqa'o aeth..ae'hāif had-pitched * -in-the-mount: and-Laban 2pitched 1with..his-brethren his-tent wa'-yō'amer lāvān' lĕ-yaoăqōv bĕ-har ha'-giloād. meh in-2mount-of 1the-3Gilead. (26) And-2said Laban to-Jacob, What oasi'tha wa'-tignov aeth..levavi' wa'-tĕnahēg hast-thou-done, that-thou-hast-stolen — my-heart, and-carried-away běnothai ki-shvuyowth harev. lā''māh na'hbē'athā my-daughters, as-captives taken with-the-sword? (27) Wherefore didst-thou-hide-thyself † wa'-tignōv aothi' wě-lōa..hi'gad'tā li-vrōa'h Ίī waand-2not..1didst-3tell [to-]me, and-deceive to-flee-away, me; bě-sim'hāh ū-vě-shirīm' bě-thoph ū-vě-'ki'nowr' *a*ăsha'lē'hă'kā' I-might-have-sent-thee-away with-mirth, and-with-songs, with-tabret, and-with-harp; § nĕтashta'nī lĕ-na'shēq lĕ-vānāi' wĕ-li-vnōthāi' oa'tāh (28) and-2not 1hast-3suffered-me to-kiss [to-]my-sons and-[to-]my-daughters? 2now yādī' la-oăsōwth hiçkal'tā oăs $\bar{o}w$. yesh..lĕ-aēl 1thou-hast-3done-foolishly in so doing. (29) It-is..in-the-power-of my-hand aavī'kem' ae'mesh oi'mā'kem' rāo wē-alōhēi *a*āmar' aēlai' hurt: but-the-God-of your-father ³yesternight [with-]you ¹spake ²unto-me, lĕ'kā mi'-da'bēr lēamōr' hi'shāmer oim..yaoăqōv mi'-Tōwv Take-thou-heed [to-thee] that-thou-speak-not | to..Jacob from-good wĕ-oa'tāh hālō'k' hāla'k'tā oad..rāo. kī..ni'kçōph' because..longing ¶ (30) And-now, though going thou-wouldst-go, to..bad. aāvī"kā lā"māh ni'kçaph'tāh lě-vēith gānav'tā after-the-house-of thy-father, yet wherefore hast-thou-stolen thou-longedst wa'-yō'amer lĕ-lāvān' aĕlōhāi'. wa'-ya'oan yaoăqōv kī ¹Jacob my-gods? (31) And-2answered and-said to-Laban,

English Version. 26 that thou hast stolen away unawares to me. 27 wherefore didst thou flee away secretly, and steal away from me. 29 either good or bad. 30 though thou wouldest needs begone, because thou sore longedst after thy father's house.

• Literally, " struck his tent," i. e. by driving in the tent pins.

† The Greek λανθώνω, to be hidden, unknown, is used in a similar manner with a participle, as in Heb. xiii. 2, "ελαθον τινες ξενίσαντες άγγέλως, " some having entertained angels, did not know it," i. e. some have entertained angels unawares.

‡ Called in Arabic diffion or duffon, whence the Spanish adduffa, the tympanum of the ancients, and nearly the same as our tambourine; being a broad wooden hoop, with a skin stretched over it, and round metallic plates on the border: it is held in the air with one hand and beat upon with the other. See Russell's Nat. Hist. of Aleppo, p. 94; Niebuhr, Voyage de l'Arabie, Tom. 1. p. 146; and Shaw's Travels, pp. 202, 203.

§ In Arabic ki'naraton, Greek κινύρα, a harp, lute, played on with the hand, (1 Sam.

xvi. 23, xviii. 10, xix. 9.) though Josephus, (Ant. 1. vii. (or x.) c. 12, § 3.) describes it as

having ten strings, and played on with a plectrum.

|| Literally, "from speaking."

Recaph, as the kindred Arabic word kasa'fa, is properly to be white, pale, whence is derived ke'ceph, silver; and hence to be pale or wan, from desire or guilt, to long for, desire.

pen..tigzol vārē'athī kī aāmar'tā aeth..benowthei'ka I-was-afraid: for I-said, Peradventure..thou-wouldest-take-by-force thy-daughters oim aasher timtzāa aeth..aĕlōheí'kā lōa yi'hĕyeh from-[with-]me. (32) With whomsoever thou-findest thy-gods, 2not 1let-him-3live: ha'ker…lĕ'kā ${f mar ah}$ oi'mādī' wĕ-qa'h..lā'k. aa'hē'nū ne'ged our-brethren discern-thou..2thine 1what-is with-me, and-take-it..to-thee. yaoăqōv kī rā'hēl' gĕnāvā'tham. wa'-yāvō'awĕ-lōa..yāda'o ¹Jacob that Rachel had-stolen-them. For-3not..2knew (33) And-2went lāvān' bĕ-aōhel..yaoäqōv' ū-vĕ-aō'hel lēaāh' ū-vĕ-aō'hel shĕtēi Laban into-the-tent-of...Jacob, and-into-the-tent-of Leah, and-into-the-tents-of 2two[-of] hā-aămāhōth' wĕ-lōa $m\bar{a}tz\bar{a}'a$. wa'-yētzē'a mē-aō'hel lēaāh 1the-3maid-servants; but-2not 1he-found-them. Then-went-he-out of-the-tent-of Leah, bě-aōhel rā'hēl'. wĕ-rā'hēl' lāqĕ'hāh' aeth..ha'wa'-yavo'ainto-the-tent-of Rachel. (34) Now-Rachel had-taken and-entered těrāphīm' wa'-těsimēm' bě-'kar ha'-gāmāl' wa'-tē'shev oălēihem'. and-put-them in-the-furniture*-of the-camel, and-sat images, upon-them. wa-yĕma'shēsh lāvān' aeth..kol..hā-aō'hel wĕ-lōa mātzā'a. all..the-tent, but-2not 1found-them. (35) And-¹Laban — And-2searched + aal..yí'har tō'amer ael..aāvī'hā bě-oēinēi' aădōnī' kī lōwa she-said to..her-father, 2Not..1let-3anger-be-kindled in-the-eyes-of my-lord because 2not aūkal' lā-qūm' mi'-pānei'kā kī..de're'k nāshīm' lī.
II-can [to-]rise-up at-thy-presence; for..the-custom-of women is upon-me. wa-Andyĕ'ha'pēs wĕ-lōa mātzā'a aeth..ha'-tĕrāphīm'. wa'-yi'har he-searched, tbut-2not 1found the-images. (36) And-3was-kindled 1the-anger wa'-yā'rev bĕ-lāvān' wa'-ya'oan yaoăqōv wa'-yō'amer lě-yaoăgōv and-he-chode with-Laban: and-2answered 1Jacob ²of-Jacob, and-said mah 'ha'rāathī' kī lĕ-lāvān' dālaq'tā mah..pishoī What-is..my-trespass? what-is to-Laban, my-sin, that thou-hast-so-hotly-pursued aeth..kol..kēlai mah..'mātzā'athā aa hărāi. kī..mi'shash'tā after-me? (37) Whereas..thou-hast-searched — all..my-stuff, what..hast-thou-found mi'-kōl kĕlēi..vēithé'kā sīm kōh ne'ged aa'hai wĕ-aa'hei'kā thy-household-stuff? § set it here before my-brethren and-thy-brethren, wě-yōw'kī"hū zeh oesrīm shānāh' bēin shěnēi'nū. aānō'kī' that-they-may-judge betwixt (38) This us-both. twenty years have-I-been

³⁵ let it not displease my lord that I cannot rise up before thee. English Version. 36 and Jacob was wroth, and chode.

^{*} The word kar, in Arabic kūron and qa'ron, from kūra, to he round, properly denotes a large round pannier or hamper, somewhat like a cradle, with a back, sides, and head, like a great chair, and covered with cloth, placed one on each side of a camel for a person, especially women to ride in. See the note in "The Comprehensive Bible," Harmer, vol. i. p. 445, and Calmet.

[†] Properly, to feel, grope, search by feeling.

‡ Perhaps by stripping: compare the Chald. 'hăfaç, fodere, effodere, scrutari, pervestigare, and the Arab. 'kafa'sa, to overthrow, &c.

§ More literally, "the utensils (or furniture) of thy house."

oi'mā'k rĕ'hēlei'kā wĕ-oi'zei'kā $l\bar{o}a$ shi'kē'lū wě-aēilēi' with-thee; thy-ewes and-thy-she-goats 2not 1have-3cast-their-young, and-the-rams-of tzōanĕ'kā' lōa aā'kāltī'. Těrēphāh' lōa..hēvē'athī 2not 1have-I-3eaten. (39) That-which-was-torn of-beasts 2not..1I-brought thy-flock aēlei'kā aānō'kī' aă'ha'τé'nāh mi'-yādī' těvaqshé'nāh bare-the-loss-of-it; of-my-hand didst-thou-require-it, whether unto-thee; Ι gěnuvthī yōwm ū-gĕnuvthī' lā'yĕlāh. hāvī'thī va'-vowm' by or-stolen by night. (40) Thus I-was; we-qe'ra'h ba'-la'yelah wa'-ti'dad' shenathi' *a*ă'kāla'nī 'hōrev by-night; † and-2departed; ²consumed-me ¹the-drought, and-the-frost mē-oēināi'. zeh..'lī oesrīm shānāh' bě-vēithé kā from-mine-eyes. (41) Thus..3have-been-to-me 1twenty 2years in-thy-house; oăvadtī"kā aarbao..oesrēh shānāh' bi-shtēi věnothei'kā wě-shēsh I-served-thee four-teen for-2two[-of] 1thy-3daughters, years bě-tzōané'kā wa'-ta'hălēph aeth..maskurtī shānīm' oăse'reth for-thy-cattle: and-thou-hast-changed — my-wages years aĕlōhēi' lūlei' $a\bar{a}v\bar{i}'$ monīm'. aĕlōhēi' aavrāhām' ū-(42) Except the-God-of my-father, the-God-of Abraham, and-thephá'had yitz'hāq hāyāh' lī kī oa'tāh rēiqām' shi'la'htā'nī. Isaac, had-been with-me, surely 2now 3empty 1thou-hadst-sent-me-away. wĕ-aeth..yĕgīao ka'pai' aeth..oonyī rā*a*āh' aĕlōhīm' -- 3mine-affliction 4and -- the-labour-of 5my-hands 2hath-seen ¹God. andwa'-ya'oan lāvān' wa'-yō'amer ael..yaoăqōv $y\bar{o}'w'ka'h$ aāmesh. rebuked thee yesternight. (43) And-2answered Laban and-said unto...Jacob, ha'-banowth' benothai' we-ha'-banim' bānai' wĕ-ha'-tzōan These \(\)-daughters are my-daughters, and-\(\)\these-children are my-children, and-\(\)\these-cattle tzōanī' wĕ-'kōl aăsher..aa'tāh rōaeh' lī..hū'a wĕ-li-vnōthai' seest 2mine..[it-]1is: and-[unto-]4my-daughters are my-cattle, and-all that..thou lā-*a*ē''leh māh..aeoĕseh′ ha'-yōwm' li-vnēihen' *a*äsher aōw ³unto-these ²this-day, unto-their-children what..can-I-do which or

English Version. 41 Thus have I been twenty years.

Tired nature's sweet restorer, balmy sleep,

Swift on his downy pinions flies from woe, And lights on lids unsullied with a tear.

^{*} More literally, I missed it, forfeited it, or suffered for it.

t "In the Lower Asia," says Sir J. Chardin, as cited by Harmer, (vol. i. ch. i. ob. 32.) in particular, the day is always hot; and as soon as the sun is fifteen degrees above the horizon, no cold is felt in the depth of winter itself. On the contrary, in the height of summer, the nights are as cold as at Paris in the month of March..... have travelled in Arabia and Mesopotamia, (the theatre of the adventures of Jacob) both in winter and in summer, and have found the truth of what the Patriarch said, 'that he was scorched with heat in the day, and stiffened with cold in the night.'

[‡] Rather, fied or flitted away: compare the opening of "Young's Night Thoughts," in which, —

[§] Literally, "the;" but the article is not unfrequently used for the demonstrative pronoun, as in ha'-yowm', "this day," ha'-pa'oam, "this time."

we-oa'tāh le'kāh ni'krethāh verīth aanī wavālā'dū. they-have-borne? (44) Therefore-1now, come-thou, let-us-make a-covenant, I bēinī' aā''tāh wĕ-hāyāh' lě-oēd ū-vēiné kā. wa'-vi'qa'h' and-let-it-be for-a-witness between-me and-[between-]thee. (45) Ånd-2took yaoaqov aaven wa-yerime'hu ma'tzevah'. wa'-yō'amer yaoăqōv a-stone, and-set-it-up for-a-pillar. (46) And-2said liq Tū a a vānīm' wa'-yiq'hū' a a vānīm' wa'-yao a sū..gāl' lĕ-ae'hāif unto-his-brethren, Gather stones: and-they-took and-made..a-heap: * stones, shām oal..ha'-gāl. wa'-yiqrāa..lō'w lāvān' yĕgarwa'-yō'a'kĕlū there upon..the-heap. (47) And-2called..[to-]3it Laban, Jegarand-they-did-eat sāhădūthā'a wa'-yō'amer wě-yaoăqōv $q\bar{a}'r\bar{a}a l\bar{o}w$ galoēd. (48) And-2said called [to-]it, Galeed.‡ sahadutha: † but-Jacob lāvān' ha'-gal' ha'-zeh' bēinī' ū-vēině'kā' ha'-yōwm' $o\bar{\mathbf{e}}\mathbf{d}$ Laban, [The-] heap [the-] this is a-witness between-me and-[between-] thee this-day: oal..kēn qārāa..shěmō'w galoēd wĕ-ha'-mitzpāh ağsher aāmar' therefore one-calleth..the-name-of-it Galeed; (49) and-[the-]Mizpah, because he-said, bēinī' ū-vēiné kā yı'tzeph yĕhōwāh' kī ni'çāthēr' 'Jehovah between-me and-[between-]thee, when we-are-absent || each man aim..těoa'neh' aeth..bĕnōthai' me-reoe'hū. (50) If..thou-shall-afflict from-his-neighbour. - my-daughters, or-if.. oal..bĕnōthai′ oi'mā'nū rěaēh ti'qa'h' nāshim' $a\bar{\mathrm{e}}\mathrm{in}$ $a\bar{\mathrm{i}}\mathrm{sh}$ thou-shalt-take other wives beside..my-daughters, man is with-us; no aĕlōhīm' $o\bar{e}d$ bēinī' ū-vēiné kā. wa'-yō'amer and-|betwixt-]thee. (51) And-2said witness betwixt-me lāvān' lĕ-yaoagov hi'nēh ha'-gal' ha'-zeh' wĕ-hi'nēh ha'to-Jacob, Behold [the-]2heap [the-]this, and-behold thisma'tzēvāh' aasher yārī'thī bēinī' ū-vēiné kā oēd. I-have cast ¶ betwixt-me and-[betwixt-]thee; (52) Witness pillar,

English Version. 48 therefore was the name of it called Galeed; 49 and Mizpah; for he said—one from another.

ha'-gal' ha'-zeh' wĕ-oēdāh' ha'-ma'tzēvāh' aim..aā'nī lōa..aeoĕvōr' [the-]2heap-be [the-]1this, and-2witness 1this-pillar-be, that.. I 2not.. will-3pass-over

^{*} Properly a round heap or circle, perhaps like the Druidical remains in this, and other countries; which usually consist of irregular circles of large stones, with a principal one in the centre, corresponding to the stone set up as a pillar by Jacob, and the heap of stones collected by his brethren. See the note in "The Comprehensive Bible," and Fragments to Calmet, nos. 156, 735, 736.

[†] That is, "the heap of witness," which is pure Chaldee or Syriac, and the most ancient specimen which we possess of those languages; from which we may infer that they were nearly coeval with the Hebrew.

[†] That is, "the heap of witness," in pure Hebrew. It is added in the Vulgate, uterque justa proprietatem linguæ suæ, "each according to the idiom of his own tongue;" which was perhaps originally a marginal note added by Jerome.

[§] That is, a beacon or watch-tower.

^{||} Literally, "are hidden."

[¶] Two Hebrew and one Samaritan MS. read yārī'thā, "thou hast cast (or set) up;" agreeably to what we read in ver. 45. The Samaritan text has yaraatha, which was probably intended to convey the same sense.

aēlei'kā aeth..ha'-gal' ha'-zeh' wĕ-aim..aá'tāh lōa..thaoavōr' aēlai' — [the-]5heap [the-]4this, and-that..thou 2not..1shalt-3pass-over 9unto-me aeth..ha'-gal' ha'-zeh' we-aeth..ha'-ma'tzevah' ha'-zoath le-raoah'. [the-]5heap [the-]4this 6and — [the-]8pillar [the-]7this, for-harm. avrāhām' wē-alōhēi' nā'hōwr' yishpĕтū vēinēi'nū aĕlōhēi' and-the-God-of (53) The-God-of Abraham, Nahor, ³judge 4betwixt-us wa'-yi'shāva'o yaoaqov be-pha'had aĕlōhēi' aăvīhem'. aāvīf' 1the-God-of 2their-father.* And-2sware ¹Jacob by-the-fear-of his-father wa'-yizba'h' yaoăqov ze've'h (54) Then-2offered 1Jacob sacrifice t bā-hār' wa'-yiqrā'a yitz'hāq. ¹Jacob sacrifice t upon-the-mount, le-aĕ'kol..lā'hem wa'-yō'a'kĕlū lé'hem lĕ-ae'hāif wa'-yālī'nū to-eat..bread; ‡ and-they-did-eat [to-]his-brethren bread, and-tarried-all-night wa'-yashkēm' lāvān' ba'-bōger bā-hār'. wa-yĕna'shēq in-the-mount. (55 §) And-4rose-up-learly 3Laban 2in-the-morning, lĕ-vānāif' wĕ-li-vnōwthāif' wa-yĕvāre'k aethhem' wa'-yē'le'k wa'-[to-]his-sons and-[to-]his-daughters, and-blessed them. and-2departed 3andyā'shov lāvān' li-mqōmō'w. returned 'Laban unto-his-place.

CHAP. XXXII.

Wĕ-yaoaqov hāla'k' lĕ-darkow wa'-yiphgĕoū..vo'w malaa'kēi and-3met..[to-]4him 1the-angels-of (1) And-Jacob went on-his-way, ka-aăsher' rāaām' yaoăqōv wa'-yō'amer ma'hănēh *a*ėlohim'. (2) And-the-said ²Jacob ³saw-them, ²The-host-of 1when aëlohīm' zeh wa'-yiqrā'a shēm..ha'-māqowm' ha-hūa ma'hănāyim.
God 'this-is: and-he-called the-name-of..[the-]2place [the-]that Mahanaim. wa'-yishla'h' yaoaqov malaa'kīm' lephanaif' ael..oesaf' aa'hīf' $(3 \, \P) \, \text{And-}^{2} \text{sent}$ 1.Jacob before-him to.. Esau his-brother, messengers wa-yĕtzaf' aěd $ar{ ext{o}}w$ m. aotham' aa rětzāh sēoīr' sĕdēh unto-the-land-of Seir, the-country**-of Edom. (4) And-he-commanded lēamor' koh thoamerun la-adoni' le-oesaf' koh aamar' oavde'ka Thus shall-ye-speak unto-my-lord [to-]Esau; 4Thus 3saith gar'tī wā-aē'har' oad..oā''tāh yaoaqov oim..lāvān' "Jacob, ²With..Laban ¹I-have-sojourned, and-stayed there until..now:

^{*} Several MSS. have uāvī'kem', "your father," which is probably the genuine reading, as Terah was certainly an idolater: see Josh. xxiv. 2.

[†] Or, "killed beasts." ‡ Or, food generally: in Arabic la'hmon denotes, more especially, flesh.

This verse is the first of the succeeding chapter in the Hebrew Bible.

That is, "two hosts."

This verse is the commencement of a new section in the Hebrew Scriptures; thence called wa'-yishla'h'.

Literally, "a field," but used for a country, territory, like the Latin ager.

shōwr wa-'hămōwr tzōan wĕ-oe'ved wě-shiph'hāh and-asses, flocks, and-men-servants, and-women-servants: there-is..to-me oxen,* wā-aeshlĕ'hāh' lĕ-ha'gīd la - $a\mathrm{d\bar{o}n\bar{i}'}$ li-mtzōa..'hēn' bě-oēineí kā. to-tell [to-]my-lord, and-I-have-sent to-find..favour in-thine-eyes ha'-malaā'kīm' ael..yaoaqov lēamor' wa'-yāshu'vū bā'anū ael.. (6) And-returned 1the-messengers We-came to..Jacob, saying, aā'hī"kā ael..oēsāf' wĕ-gam hōlē'k' li-qrāathě'kā' wě-aarbao... and-four.. [to..]Esau, and-also he-cometh to-meet-thee, thy-brother mēaōwth' aīsh oi'mōw. wa'-yīrā'a yaoaqov mĕaod wa'-yē'tzer men with-him. (7) Then-2was-4afraid Jacob 3greatly low wa'-ya'hatz aeth..ha-oam' aasher..ai'tow [to-him]: and-he-divided — the-people that-was..with-him, wĕ-aeth..ha'and — thetzōan wĕ-aeth..ha'-bāqār' wĕ-ha'-gĕma'līm li-shnēi ma'hănōwth and — [the-]herds, and-the-camels, into-two-[of] aim..yāvo'wa oēsāf' ael..ha'-ma'hăneh' hā-aa'hath' wa'-y $\bar{o}'a$ mer If..ºcome ¹Esau to..the-2company [the-]'one, (8) and-said, wĕ-hi'kā'hū wĕ-hāyāh′ ha'-ma'hăneh' ha'-nishaār li-phlēiтāh'. then-3shall-be 1the-other-company 2which-is-left 4for-an-escape, and-smite-it, wa'-yōamer' yaoaqōv aĕlōhēi' aāvī' aavrāhām' wē-alōhēi' (9) Ånd-2said O-God-of my-father Abraham, ¹Jacob, and-God-of my-father yitz'hāq yĕhōwāh' aēlai' hā-aōmēr' shūv lě-aartzěkā ũ-lĕ-Ĭsaac. Jehovah who-saidst unto-me, Return unto-thy-country, and-tomowladtě ka wě-a ei tívah oi'mā'k qāтōn'tī mi'-kōl thy-kindred, and-I-will-deal-well with-thee: (10) I-am-less than-all $o\bar{a}s\bar{i}'th\bar{a}$ 'hăçādīm' ū-mi'-kol..hā-aĕmeth' aăsher aeth..oavdé kā and-than-all..the-truth, which thou-hast-shewed † unto..thy-servant; mercies. ha'-zeh' aeth..ha'-yardēn' wĕ-oa'tāh kī vě-maglī oāvar'tī with-my-staff I-passed-over [the-]1this; — [the-]2Jordan for li-shnēi ma'hănōwth. ha'tzīlē'nī nāa I-am-become [for-]two[-of] (11) Deliver-me, I-pray-thee, from-thebands. vad' oēsāf' kī yārē'a aānō'kī' aōthō'w pen.. $a\bar{\mathbf{a}}'h\bar{\mathbf{i}}'$ mi'-yad' hand-of my-brother, from-the-hand-of Esau: for 2 fear him, lest.. yāvō'wa wĕ-hi'ká'nī wĕ-aa'tāh $a\bar{\mathrm{e}}\mathrm{m}$ oal..bānīm'. he-will-come and-smite-me, and the-mother with ‡..the-children. (12) And-thou hēitēv' aeiTiv' oi'mā'k wĕ-samtī aeth..zaroă'kā aāmar'tā In-doing-good, I-will-do-2good [to-]thee, and-make saidst,

English Version. Chap. xxxii. 5 and I have oxen—that I may find grace in thy sight. 8 then the other company which is left shall escape. 12 I will surely do thee good.

^{*} The word showr properly denotes an or, or animal of the ox kind, without regard to age or sex, and is the nomen unitatis of the collective noun baqar, though it is here used collectively like the other nomina unitatis, 'hamowr, oe'ved, and shiph'hah.

[†] Literally, "thou hast done," or exercised.
‡ L

[‡] Literally, "upon."

aăsher loa...yi'çāphēr' mē-rov'. kĕ-'hōwl ha'-yām' which 2not..1can-3be-numbered for-multitude. (13) Andas-the-sand-of the-sea, ba'-la'yĕlāh ha-hūa wa'-yi'qa'h' vā'len shām $\min..ha'-b\bar{a}a$ [on-]2night he-lodged there that-same; and-took of..that-which-came min'hāh lĕ-oēsāf' aā'hīf' vě-yādō'w oi'zīm māatha'vim his-brother; (14) 2she-goats 1two-hundred, to-his-hand a-present for-Esau ū-thĕyāshīm' oesrīm rĕ'hēlīm' māatha'yim wě-aēilīm' 1two-hundred, and-2he-goats ²ewes and-2rams ¹twenty, gema'līm mēinīqowth' ū-venēihem' sheloshīm' pārowth' aarbāoīm' ²milch * 4with-their-colts † 1thirty, aăthonoth' ū-phārīm' oăsārāh' oesrīm wa-oayārim oasārāh'. and-2foals and-2bulls t ²she-asses Itwenty, bĕ-yad..oăvādāif' wa'-yi'tēn' oēder oēder lěva'dōw (16) And-he-delivered them into-the-hand-of..his-servants, drove by drove wa'-yō'amer ael..oavadaif' oivrū lĕphānai' wĕ-re'wa'h unto..his-servants, Pass-over before-me, and-2a-space wa-yetzaf' aeth..ha-riashown' oēder ū-vēin' oēder. bēin betwixt drove and-[betwixt] drove. (17) And-he-commanded — the-foremost, lēamor' kī yiphgāshe'kā' ocsāf' aā'hī' ū-she'aēle'kā' lēamor' ³meeteth-thee ¹Esau ²my-brother, and-asketh-thee, saying, When lĕ-mī..aá'tāh wĕ-aā'nāh thēlē'k' ū-lĕ-mī aē''leh lĕphāneí'kā. Whose..art-thou? and-whither goest-thou? and-whose are these lě-oavdě'kā lě-yaoăgov min'hāh wě-aāmartā' hiwa (18) then-thou-shalt-say, They-are [to-]thy-servant ²a-present Jacob's; lě-oēsāf' wě-hi'nēh gam..hūa aa'hărē'nū. shělū'hāh' la-adonī' unto-my-lord [unto-] Esau: and-behold, also..he-is gam aeth..ha'-shēnī' gam aeth..ha'-shĕlīshī' gam wa-yĕtzaf' (19) And-2he-commanded 1so — the-second, and aeth..kol..ha-hōlĕ'kīm' aa'hărēi hā-oădārīm' lēamōr' ka'-dāvār' all..that-followed the-droves, On-2manner [after] saying, ha'-zeh' těda'běrūn ael..oēsāf' bě-mōtzaa'kem' aōthō'w. wa-[the-]this shall-ye-speak unto.. Esau, when-ye-find him. gam hi'nēh oavdě'kā yaoăqov aa'hărēi'nū. kī..aāmar' moreover, Behold, thy-servant Jacob is behind-us. For..he-said,

say-ye

English Version. 16 every drove by themselves.

^{*} Literally," giving suck" or milk. These were particularly valuable: for among the Arabs they constitute a principal part of their riches; and, as Pliny remarks, "The shecamel gives milk continually, not ceasing, even when with young; which when mixed with three parts of water, affords the most pleasant and wholesome beverage." Cameli lac habent, donec iterum gravescant, suavissimumque hoc existimatur, ad unam mensuram tribus aquæ additis. Hist. Nat. lib. xi. cap. 41. Altogether it was a most princely present.

[†] Literally, sons, children, young ones.

‡ par is properly a young bull, juvencus, and pārāh, a young cow, heifer, juvenca; but older than oe'gel, fem. oeglah, a calf, male and female, vitulus, vitula; and therefore differs from showr, and we'leph or aa'luph, an animal of the beeve kind of any age or sex, and bagar, beeves collectively.

aă'ka'pĕrāh phānāif' ba'-min'hāh ha-hōlé'keth lĕphānāi' wĕ-I-will-appease [the-face-of-]him with-the-present that-goeth before-me, andaa'hărēi..'kēn' aeraeh' phānāif' aūlai' phānāi'. yi'sāa his-face; peradventure he-will-accept [the-face-]of-me. I-will-see oal..pānāif' ha'-min'hāh $we-h\bar{u}a$ wa'-taoăvor lān ba'-(21) So-went-2 over 1the-present before..[the-face-of-]him: and-himself lodged [in-] layĕlāh..ha-hū'a ba'-ma'hăneh'. wa'-yā'qom ba'-la'yĕlāh hūa in-the-company. (22) And-he-rose-up [in-]²night 2night..[the-]that wa'-yi'qa'h' aeth..shetei nashaif' we-aeth..shetei shiph'hothaif' - 2two[-of] 1his-3wives, and - 2two[-of] 1his-3women-servants wě-aeth..aa'had'-oāsār' yělādāif' wa'-yaoăvōr' aēth maoavar' ya'bōq. ¹his-³sons, and-passed-over — the-ford-of wa'-yi'qā'hēm' wa'-yaoavirēm' aeth..ha'-nā'hal wa'-yaoavēr' (23) And-he-took-them, and-caused-them-to-pass-over — the-brook,* and-sent-over wa'-yi'wāthēr' yaoăqōv lĕva'dōw wa'-4) And-2was-left Jacob alone; andaeth..aăsher..low. (24) And-2was-left - that-which-belonged..to-him. oălōwth ha'-shā'har. yēaāvēq' $a\bar{i}sh$ oi'mōw wa'oad there-wrestled a-man with-him until the-ascending-of the-morning. (25) Andyar'a kī lōa yā'kōl' lōw wa'-yi'ga'o be-kaph..

2he-saw 3that 5not 4he-prevailed 6against-him 1when-7he-touched [on-]the-hollow-of.. yā'kōl' kaph..ye're'k yaoăqōv bĕ-hēaāvĕqō'w věrē köw wa'-tēqao his-thigh: and-4was-out-of-joint 1the-hollow-of..2the-thigh-of 3Jacob, as-he-wrestled $oi'm\bar{o}w$. wa'-yō'amer sha'lĕ'hē'nī kī oālāh' ha'-shā'har. with-him. (26) And-he-said, Let-me-go,† for ²ascendeth 1the-morning. wa'-yō'amer lōa aăsha'lē'hă'kā' kī-aim..bēra'ktā'nī. wa'-yō'amer ²Not ¹I-will-³let-thee-go,‡ except..thou-bless-me. (27) And-he-said aēlāif' wa'-yō'amer yaoăqōv. mah..'shěmé'kā $wa'-v\bar{o}'amer$ unto-him, (28) And-he-said, What..is-thy-name? And-he-said, Jacob. $l\bar{o}a$ yaoăqōv yēaāmēr' shim'kā kī-aim..yisrāaēl' kī.. $o\bar{o}wd$ 3No ²shall-be-called 5Jacob ¹thy-name, but..Israel: \$ 4more sārī'thā wa'oim..aĕlōhīm' wĕ-oim..aănāshīm' wa'-tū'kāl'. as-a-prince-hast-thou-power | with..God and-with..men, and-hast-prevailed. (29) And-

English Version. 23 the ford Jabbok. 23 and sent them over the brook—that he had. 26 for the day breaketh.

^{*} ná hal properly denotes a torrent or temporary stream, χείμαρρος, common in eastern countries, which is formed by the rain or snow from the mountains, and many of which run only in the winter, and are dried up in the summer; and it is thus distinguished from $a\bar{a}ph\bar{a}q$, a stream, brook; mī'kal, a small brook, from the Arab. makala, to have little water, 2 Sam. xvii. 20; pe'leg, a division, or artificial stream of water, formed for the purpose of irrigation; yeaor, yeaowr, and aowr, a stream, river, canal, from the Egyptian yaro, in Sahidic yero, and hence used almost exclusively of the Nile; shi'boleth, a current or stream of water; yāvāl, yūvāl, and aūvāl, a stream, river, water-course, marsh; nāhār, a stream, river, particularly a large river, and especially the Euphrates.

† Literally, "send me away."

‡ Literally, "I will not send thee away."

§ That is, "a prince of God," or "a wrestler with God."

|| Or, "thou hast wrestled," as the Arabic sharā denotes.

wa'-yō'amer ha'gīdāh..'nā'a shĕmé'kā. vishaal' vaoăgōv wa'asked-him ¹Jacob, and-said, Tell-me..I-pray-thee, thy-name. Andvõ'amer lā''māh zeh tishaw' li-shmī. wa-yĕvāre'k $u\bar{o}$ th $\bar{o}'w$ Wherefore is it that thou-dost-ask after-my-name? And-he-blessed he-said, $\mathbf{w}\mathbf{a}'$ - $\mathbf{y}\mathbf{i}\mathbf{q}\mathbf{r}\mathbf{\bar{a}}'a$ shām. yaoăqōv shēm ha'-mägōwm' pěnīaēľ (30) And-2called ¹Jacob there. the-name-of the-place Peniel:* pānīm' ael..pānīm' wa'-ti'nātzēl' naphshī. aĕlōhīm' kī..rāaī'thī to..face, and-2is-preserved † for..I-have-seen face God īmy-life. wa'-yizra'h..lōw ha'-she'mesh ka-aăsher' oāvar' aeth..pĕnūaēl' (31) And-5rose..6upon him ¹as[-that] ²he-passed-over — 4the-su**n** oal..kēn lōa..yōa'kĕlū wě-hūa tzölē'ao oal..yěrē'kō'w. věnēi.. upon..his-thigh. (32) Therefore 4not..3eat 1the-children-of... halted ha'-nāsheh' aăsher yisrā*a*ēl′aeth..gīd oal..kaph' ha'-yārē'k' Israel of — the sinew which-shrank, which is upon..the-hollow-of the-thigh, oad ha'-yōwm' ha'-zeh' kī nāga'o bě-'kaph..ye're'k [the-]2day [the-]1this: because he-touched [on-]the-hollow-of..the-thigh-of yaoăgōv bĕ-gīd ha'-nāsheh'. in-the-sinew that-shrank.

CHAP. XXXIII.

Wa'-yi'sā'a yaoaqov oēināif' wa'-yar'a we-hi'neh oesāf' bāa (1) And-2lifted-up 'Jacob his-eyes, and-looked, and,-behold, Esau came, wa'-yá'hatz aeth..ha-yĕlādīm' wě-oi'mōw aarba'o mēaōwth' aīsh. And-he-divided the-children and-with-him four hundred men. oal..lēaāh' wĕ-oal..rā'hēl' wĕ-oal shĕtēi ha'-shĕphā'hōwth'. and-unto..Rachel, and-unto 2two-[of] 1the-3handmaids. yā'sem aeth..ha'-shephā'howth' we-aeth..yaldeihen' rīashonāh' we-he-put — the-handmaids and — their-children foremost, andwīlādei'hā aa'hăronîm' wĕ-aeth..rā'hēl' aeth..lēaāh' we-aeth.. and-her-children after. and — Rachel Leah yōwçēph' aa'hărōnīm'. wĕ-hūa oāvar' liphnēihem' wa'-yishtá'hū Joseph hindermost. (3) And-he passed over aa'rĕtzāh she'vao pĕoāmīm' wa'oad..gishtōw oad..aā'hīf'. to-the-ground until..he-came-near to..his-brother. (4) Andseven times, yā'rotz wa-yĕ'ha'bĕqē'hū wa'-yi'pōl' oēsāf' li-qrāathō'w oal.. ∛ran ¹Esau and-fell to-meet-him, and-embraced him, on..

^{*} That is, " the face of God." It is remarkable that Strabo mentions a place, and a cape or head-land, on the coast of Syria, called προσώπον Θεοῦ, " the face of God," Geog. lib. xvi. cap. 2, § 15, 18. + Rather, "delivered, saved, or escaped.

tza'wārāif' wa'-yi'shāqē'hū wa'-yivkū'. wa'-yi'sā'a aeth..oēināif' and-kissed-him: and-they-wept. (5) And-he-lifted-up — his-eyes, his-neck. wa'-yar'a aeth..ha'-nāshīm' wĕ-aeth..ha-yĕlādīm' wa'-yō'amer and — the-children; and-said, the-women aē''leh lā'k. wa'-yōamar' ha-yĕlādīm' aăsher..'hānan' The-children whom...2hath-graciously-given these with-thee? And-he-said, aeth..oavdé'kā. wa'-ti'gash'nā ha'-shephā'hōwth' he''nāh we-(6) Then-2came-near 1the-handmaidens, thy-servant. andyaldeihen' wa'-tishta'hăwei'nā. wa'-ti'gash' gam..lēaāh' (7) And-4came-near their-children, and-they-bowed-themselves. wa'-yishta'hawu' we-aa'har' ni'gash' yowgeph' we-and-bowed-themselves: and-after came-2near 1Joseph andwīlādēi'ha 3with-her-children, and-bowed-themselves: and-after rā'hēl' wa'-yishta'hăwū'. $m\bar{i}$ lĕ'kā kol..ha'wa'-yō'amer Rachel, and-they-bowed-themselves. (8) And-he-said, What is to-thee 'all..[the-] ma'hăneh' ha'-zeh' aăsher pāgāsh'tī. wa'-yō'amer [the-]2this And-he-said, These-are towhich mtzōa..'hēn' bě-oēinēi aădonī. wa'-yō'amer oēsāf' yesh..lī (9) And-2said 1Esau, There-is..to-me find..grace in-the-eyes-of my-lord. lĕ'kā aăsher..lā'k. wa'-yō'amer yaoaqōv rāv aā'hī' yĕhī lĕ'kā aăsher..lā'k. enough, my-brother; be that to-thee that-is..thine. (10) And-2said mātzā'athī 'nēn bě-oēineíkā wě-lāqahtā' aim..nāaNay..I-pray-thee, if..now I-have-found in-thine-eyes, then-receive grace min'hāthī' mi'-yādī' kī oal..kēn rāaī'thī phānei'kā ki-raoth at-my-hand: for therefore I-have-seen thy-face, as-though-I-had-seen my-present wa'-tirtzē'nī. aĕlōhīm' pěnēi qa'h..nāa aeth.. God, and-thou-wast-pleased-with-me. (11) Take,..I-pray-thee, the-face-of bir'kāthī' aäsher huvāath lā'k kī..'ha'na'nī is-brought [to-]thee; because..2hath-dealt-graciously-with-me my-blessing that *a*ĕlōhīm' wĕ-'kī yesh..lī..'kōl'. wa'-yiphtzar.. $b\bar{o}'w$ there-is..to-me..all things. And-he-urged..[it on-]him, ¹God. and-because wa'-yō'amer wa'-yi'qā'h'. wě-nēlē"kāh niçoāh and-he-took it. (12) And-he-said, Let-us-take-our-journey, and-let-us-go, aēlě'kāh' lě-negdé'kā. aēlāif' aădonī' wa'-yō'amer unto-him, My-lord I-will-go before-thee. (13) And-he-said knoweth kī..ha-yĕlādīm' ra'kīm wĕ-ha'-tzōan wĕ-ha'-bāqār' that..the-children are tender, and-the-flocks and-[the-]herds with-young are oalai ū-děphāqūm' yōwm ae'hād wā-mē'thū kol..ha'-with-me: and-if-men-should-overdrive-them 2day 1one, [then-]3will-die 1all..2thetzōan. yaoăvor..nāa aădonī' liphnēi oavdow wa-aănī (14) Let-³pass-over..²I-pray-thee, ¹my-lord flock. before his-servant: and-I

English Version. 8 in the sight of my lord. 9 I have enough, my brother. 10 found grace in thy sight — and because I have enough; marg. all things.

aethnahālāh lĕai'Tī lĕ-re'gel ha'-mĕlāa'kāh' aăsher..lĕphānai' ū-will-lead-on softly, according-to-the-pace-of the-cattle that-are..before-me, and-lĕ-re'gel ha-yĕlādīm' oad aăsher..aāvō'a ael..aădōnī' sēoī'rāh. according-to-the-pace-of the-children, until [that..]I-come unto..my-lord unto-Seir. wa'-yō'amer oēsāf' aa'tzīgāh..'nā'a oi'mĕ'kā min..hā-oām aăsher (15) And-²said ¹Esau, Let-me-²leave t..¹now with-thee some of..the-folk that are ai'tī. wa'-yō'amer lā'māh 'zeh aemtzāa..'hēn' bĕ-oēinēi' aădōnī'. with-me. And-he-said, Wherefore is this !‡ let-me-find..grace in-the-eyes-of my-lord. wa'-vāshāv' ba'-vōwm' ha-hūa oēsāf' lĕ-darkōw sēoī'rāh wĕ-

wa'-yāshāv' ba'-yōwm' ha-hūa oēsāf' lĕ-darkōw sēoī'rāh. wĕ(16) So-²returned [in-]⁴day [the-]³that ¹Esau on-his-way unto-Seir. (17) And-

yaoaqov naça'o çu'ko'thah wa'-yi'ven low bayith ū-le-miqne'hū Jacob journeyed to-Succoth, and-built [to-]him a-house, and-3for-his-cattle

oāsāh' çu'kōth oal..kēn qārā'a shēm..ha'-māqōwm' çu'kōwth.

Imade booths: therefore one calleth the-name-of..the-place Succoth.

Wa'-yāvō'a yaoaqōv shālēm' oīr she'kem aasher be-ae'retz (18) And-2came Jacob to Shalem, || a-city-of Shechem, which is in-the-land-of

kěna'oan bě-vōaō'w mi'-pa'dan'-aărām wa-yi'han aeth..pěnēi Canaan, when-he-came from-Padan-aram; and-pitched-his-tent — before

hā-oīr'. wa'-yi'qen aeth..'helqath' ha'-sādeh' aasher nā tāh.. the-city. (19) And-he-bought — a-parcel-of a-[the-]field, [in that place] the-had-spread..

shām' aāholo'w mi'-yad' běnēi..'hămowr' aavī shě'kem běwhere his-tent, at-the-hand-of the-children-of..Hamor, the-father-of Shechem, for-

mēaāh' qĕsītāh'. wa'-ya'tzev..shām' mizbēa'h wa'-yiqrāa..lō'w a-hundred pieces-of-money.¶ (20) And-he-erected..there an-altar, and-called..[to-]it

aēl-aĕlōhēi'-yisrāaēl' El-elohe-Israel. **

English Version. 14 according as the cattle that goeth before me and the children be able to endure, marg. according to the foot of the work, &c. and according to the foot of the children. 15 find grace in the sight of my lord. 17 the name of the place is called.

^{*} mělāu'kāh' properly denotes business, work, labour; and hence goods, substance, res alicujus, and particularly cattle, 1 Sam. xv. 9, as miqneh, properly possession, also denotes.

[†] Or, set, place, or appoint.

† That is, "What needeth it?" as in the text of the authorized version: Vulgate, non est necesse.

§ That is, "booths."

^{||} Or rather, perhaps, "Jacob came safe (uninjured, integer, or in peace) to the city of Shechem:" see ch. xxxiv. 21. Nah. i. 12.

[¶] Or lambs, as the ancient versions and the margin have, by which was probably intended o coin, (comp. Ac. vii. 16) which might be so called from its being stamped with the figure of a lamb. According to Rabbi Akiba, a certain coin bore this name in Africa, in comparatively modern times. (See Bochart, Hieroz. tom. i. 3. c. 43.) It is certain that in many countries the coin has had its name from a similar circumstance. Thus the Athenians had a coin called $\beta o \tilde{v}_{\varsigma}$, an ox, because it was stamped with the figure of an ox: hence the saying in Æschylus,

Τὰ δ'ἀλλὰ σιγῶ, βοῦς ἐπὶ γλῶττης μέγας Βέβηκεν. Αgam. v. 36.

[&]quot;I must be silent concerning other matters: a great or walks upon my tongue," to signify a person who had received a bribe for secrecy.

nify a person who had received a bribe for secrecy.

That is, "God the God of Israel," or, "the Strong One (Almighty) the God of Israel," Vulgate, fortissimum Deum Israel.

CHAP. XXXIV.

bath..lēaāh' aăsher yālĕdāh' lĕ-yaoăqov $\mathbf{W}\mathbf{a}$ '-tetze'a dīnāh' (1) And-7went-out ¹Dinah ²the-daughter-of.. ³Leah, ⁴whom ⁵she-bare 6unto-Jacob, bi-vnōwth hā-aā'retz. wa'-yar'a aōthāhh' shĕ'kem [on-]the-daughters-of the-land. (2) And-8saw 9her ²Shechem hā-aā'retz wa'-yi'qa'h' ben. hamowr ha-hi'wī něsī*a* aōthāhh' 3the-son-of..4Hamor 5the-Hivite, 6prince-of 7the-country, 1when-10he-took wa'-yishkav' aōthāhh' wa-yĕoa'ne'hā. wa'-tidbaq' naphshōw and-humbled-her. (3) And-2clave and-lay with-her, bě-dīnāh' bath..yaoaqov wa'-yeaĕhav' aeth..ha'-naoărāh unto-Dinah and-he-loved the-daughter-of..Jacob, the-damsel. ha'-naoărāh. wa'-yō'amer shĕ'kem ael.. wa-yĕda'bēr oal..lev to-the..heart-of * the-damsel. (4) And-2spake and-spake ¹Shechem unto... 'hămōwr aāvīf' lēamōr' qa'h..lī aeth..ha'-yaldāh ha'-zōath lĕ-¹his-father, saying, Get..[to-]me — [the-]²damsel [the-]this towĕ-yaoăgōv shāma'o kī Ti'mēa aeth..dīnāh' ai'shāh. that he-had-defiled — Dinah his-daughter: (5) And-Jacob heard ū-vānāif' hāyū' aeth..miqnē'hū ba'-sādeh' wĕ-he'hĕrīsh yaoăqōv with..his-cattle in-the-field; and-2held-his-peace now-his-sons were wa'-yētzē'a 'hămōwr aavī..shĕ'kem' ael..yaoaqōv oad..bōaām'. until..they-were-come. (6) And-went-out Hamor 2the-father-of..3Shechem unto..Jacob lĕ-da'bēr ai'tōw. ū-věnēi' yaoăqōv $b\bar{a}'a\bar{u}$ min..ha'-sādeh' with-him. (7) And-the sons-of Jacob came-out of..the-field to-commune kĕ-shomoām wa'-yithoa'tzĕvū' hā-aănāshīm' wa'-yi'har when-they-heard-it: and-2were-grieved ¹the-men, and-2was-kindled their-wrath $m\breve{e}a\bar{o}d$ kī něvālāh' oāsāh' vě-yisrāaēl' li-shkav' aeth.. 1he-had-wrought against-Israel,† ²folly greatly, because in-lying with.. bath..yaoaqov we-ken loa yēoāseh'. wa-yĕda'bēr 'hămōwr the-daughter-of...Jacob; for-4so 2not 1it-ought-3to-be-done. (8) And-2communed ai'tām lēamōr' shĕ'kem bĕnī 'hāshĕqāh' naphshō $oldsymbol{w}$ bĕ-vi'tĕ'kem' with-them, saying, ³Shechem ²my-son 4longeth 1the-soul-of-[him] for-your-daughter: aothahh' le-ai'shāh. we-hith'ha'tenū aothā'nū $n\bar{a}a$ $1\bar{o}w$ to-wife. (9) And-make-ye-marriages with-us, ²give ¹I-pray-you [to-]him her ti'tĕnū..lā'nū wĕ-aeth..bĕnōthei'nū tiq'hū lā'kem'. běnothēi'kem' and — 2our-daughters and-2your-daughters ¹give..³unto-us, 1take

English Version. Chap. xxxiv. 7 and they were very wroth, because he had wrought folly in Israel-which thing ought not to be done.

^{*} This expression seems to imply not only to speak kindly, as in the text of the common version, but also to the satisfaction of a person.

† That is, "against Jacob:" so the preposition beith frequently signifies.

wě-ai'tā'nū tēshē'vū wě-hā-aā'retz tihĕyeh' liphnēi'kem' shĕvū (10) And-2with-us 1ye-shall-dwell: and-the-land shall-be before-thee; ū-çĕ'hārū'hā wĕ-hēaā'hăzū' bāhh. wa'-yō'amer shĕ'kem and-trade-ye-therein, and-get-you-possessions therein. (11) And-2said wĕ-ael..aa'hei'hā ael..aāvī'hā aemtzäa..'hēn' bĕ-oēinēi'kem' waunto..her-father and-unto..her-brethren. Let-me-find..grace in-your-eyes, aăsher' tōamerū' aēlāi' ae'tēn. harbū oālai' $m\check{e}a\bar{o}d$ mõhar ūye-shall-say unto-me I-will-give. (12) Increase to-me greatly dowry ma'tān' wĕ-ae'tĕnāh ka-aăsher' tōamĕrū' aēlāi' ū-thĕnū..lī' aeth.. and-I-will-give according-as ye-shall-say unto-me: but-give..[to-]me ha'-naoarāh le-ai'shāh. wa'-yaoanū' venēi...yaoaqov' aeth...she'kem' to-wife. (13) And-Janswered 1the-sons-of..2Jacob we-aeth..'hamowr aavīf' be-mirmah wa-yeda'be'rū aasher and — Hamor his-father with-deceit, and-spake, because he-had-defiled aēth dīnāh' aă'hōthām' wa'-yōamerū' aăleihem' lōa nū'kal' latheir-sister, (14) and-said unto-them, ²Not ¹we-can ha'-dāvār' ha'-zeh' lā-thēth' aeth..aă'hōthē'nū lĕ-aīsh oăsōwth [the-]2thing [the-]1this, to-give - our-sister *a*ăsher..lōw oorlāh kī..'herpāh' hiwa lā'nū aa'k..bĕ-zōath who-hath..[to-him] a-foreskin; for..2a-reproach 'that-were unto-us: (15) but..in-this nēaowth' lā'kem' aim tiheyū 'kāmo'nū lě-hi'mol will-we-consent unto-you: If ye-will-be as-we are, that-3be-circumcised 2of-you wĕ-nāthá'nū aeth..bĕnōthēi'nū lā'kem' wĕ-aeth.. kol..zā'kār' (16) then-will-we-give - our-daughters unto-you, and běnothēi'kem' ni'qa'h..lā'nū wĕ-yāshav'nū ai'tĕ'kem' wĕ-hāyī'nū ²your-daughters ¹we-will-take..³to-us, and-we-will-dwell with-you, and-we-will-become wĕ-aim..lōa thishmĕoū aēlēi'nū lĕ-oam *a*e'hād. lĕ-hi'mōwl (17) But-if..2not 1ye-will-3hearken unto-us, to-be-circumcised, [for-]2people lone. wĕ-lāqa'h'nū aeth..bi'tē'nū wĕ-hālā'k'nū. wa'-yītěvū' - our-daughter, and-we-will-be-gone. (18) And-2were-good then-will-we-take ū-vĕ-oēinēi' shě'kem bĕ-oēinēi' 'hamōwr divrēihem' and-in-the-eyes-of Shechem, the-son-of.. Hamor, 1their-words in-the-eyes-of ha'-dāvār' wĕ-lōa..aē'har' ha'-na'oar la-oăsōwth hămōwr. the-thing, (19) And-3not..2deferred 1the-young-man to-do Hamor. 'hāphētz' bĕ-vath..yaoaqov wĕ-hūa ni kbād because he-had-delight in-the-daughter-of..Jacob: and-he was 2honourable 1more 2than-all wa'-yāvō'a 'hămōwr ū-shĕ'kem' běnōw aāvīf'. 3his-son ²and-Shechem (20) And-came ¹Hamor the-house-of his-father.

English Version. 12 ask me never so much dowry and gift. 13 answered Shechem and Hamor deceitfully, and said. 14 and they said unto them—to give our sister to one that is uncircumcised. 18 and their words pleased Hamor, and Shechem, Hamor's son.

wa-yĕda'bĕrū ael..aanshēi ael..sha'oar oīrām' oīrām' and-communed with..the-men-of their-city, unto..the-gate-of their-city, saying, hā-aănāshīm' hā-aē''leh shělēmīm' hēm ai'tā'nū wě-vēshěvů' (21) [The-]2men [the-]1these 2peaceable lare with-us; therefore-let-them-dwell vā-aā'retz wĕ-yiç'hărū aōthāhh' wĕ-hā-aā'retz hi'nēh ra'hăvath.. in-the-land, and-trade therein: for-the-land, behold, it-is wide[-of].. yāda'yim liphnēihem' aeth..bĕnōthām' ni'qa'h..lā'nū lĕ-nāshīm' on-both-hands* before-them; — 2their-daughters ¹let-us-take..³to-us wĕ-aeth..bĕnōthēi'nū ni'tēn lāhem'. aa'k..bĕ-zōath yēaō'thū and — 3our-daughters 1let-us-give [to-]2them. (22) Only..in-this will-2consent hā-aănāshīm' lā-she'veth ai'tā'nū li-heyowth le-oam ae'hād for-to-dwell with-us. to-be [for-]2people 3unto-us 1the-men. kol..zā'kār' ka-aăsher' hēm bĕ-hi'mōwl lā'nū In-the-circumcising-of 2among-us 1every..male, as[-that] they are-circumcised. miqnēhem' wĕ-qinyānām' wĕ-'kol..bĕhemtām hă-lōwa (23) Their-cattle, and-their-substance, and-every. beast-of-theirs, — shall-2not-be 3ours lāhem' hēm. aa'k nēaō'wthāh wĕ-yēshĕvū' ai'tā'nū. 1they? only unto-them, and-they-will-dwell let-us-consent with-us. ael..'hamowr we-ael..she'kem' benow vishměoū' kol..yōtzĕaēi' ⁶hearkened 1unto..2Hamor ³and-unto..⁴Shechem 5his-son all..that-went-out-of sha'oar $o\bar{\mathbf{i}}\mathbf{r}\bar{\mathbf{o}}'\mathbf{w}$ wa'-yi'mō'lū kol..zā'kār' kol..yōtzĕaēi' sha'oar the-gate-of his-city; and-3was-circumcised levery..2male, all..that-went-out-of the-gate-of $o\bar{i}r\bar{o}'w$. va'-yōwm' ha'-shĕlīshī' bi-hĕyōwthām' wa-yehi his-city. (25) And-it-came-to-pass on-2day 1the-third, when-they-were kōaavīm' wa'-yiq'hū' shenei věněi..yaoaqov shimoown wě-lewi 1two-of that-8took ²the-sons-of..³Jacob, 4Simeon 'harbōw wa'-yāvō'aū oal..hā-oīr' be'ta'h *a*ă hēi dīnāh' $a\bar{i}sh$ 6the-brethren-of 7Dinah, each-man his-sword, and-came upon..the-city wa'-yahargū' kol..zā'kār'. wĕ-aeth..'hămōwr wĕ-aeth..shĕ'kem' all..the-males. (26) And — ²Hamor běnow hāregu' le-phī..'hā'rev wa'-yiq'hu' aeth..dīnāh' mi'-bēith his-son they-slew with-the-edget-of..the-sword, and-took — Dinah out-of-the-house-of běnēi yaoaqov ba'aū oal..ha-'halalīm' shě'kem wa'-yētzē' $a\bar{u}$. and-went-out. (27) The-sons-of Jacob Shechem, upon..the-slain, came wa'-yāvō''zū aă'hōwthām'. hā-oīr' *a*ăsher Ti'měaū aeth.. their-sister. because they-had-defiled and-spoiled the-city, (28) wĕ-aeth..bĕqārām' wě-aeth..'hămōrēihem' tzōanām' wě-aēth ³and — their-oxen, 4and their-asses... 5and ²Their-sheep,

English Version. 21 for the land, behold, it is large enough for them. 22 only herein will the men consent—if every male among us be circumcised. 23 shall not their cattle, and their substance, and every beast of theirs, be ours?

^{*} Or, sides, i. e. spacious.

[†] Literally, "mouth."

bā-oīr' wĕ-aeth..aăsher' *a*ăsher ba'-sādeh' lāgā"hū wěthat-which-was 6in-the-city, 7and — that-which-was 6in-the-ofield, 1they-took, aeth..kol..'hēilām' wĕ-aeth..kol..тa'pām we-aeth..nesheihem' all..their-wealth, and - all..their-little-ones. their-wives wa'-yāvo''zū wĕ-aēth kol..aăsher' ba'-bāyith. shāvū' wa'took-they-captive, and-spoiled even all..that was in-the-house. (30) Andoă'kartem' vo'amer yaoaqov ael..shimoown we-ael..lewi' aothi' to..Simeon and-[to..]Levi, Ye-have-troubled me lĕ-havaīshē'nī bĕ-yōshēv' hā-aā'retz ba'-kĕnaoănī ũto-make-me-to-stink among-the-inhabitants-of the-land, among-the-Canaanites, andva'-pĕri'zī' wa-aănī měthěi-micpar wĕ-neaeç-[then-]they-shall-gather-[among-]the-Perizzites: and-I being few-in-number,* wĕ-hi'kū'nī we-nishmadtī phũ oālai' aănī ũthemselves-together against-me, and-slay-me; and-I-shall-be-destroyed, andwa'-yō'amĕrū' vēithī'. ha-'k-zōwnāh' yaoăseh' aeth.. (31) And-they-said, — As-with-u-harlot should-he-deal my-house. 3with.. aä howthe'nu. 3our-sister?

CHAP. XXXV.

Wa'-yō'amer aĕlōhīm' ael..yaoăqōv qūm oălēh vēith..aēl' go-up to Beth .. el, (1) And-2said 1God unto..Jacob, Arise, andshev..shām wa-oăsēh..shām' mizbēa'h lā-aēl' ha'-niraeh' dwell..there: and-make..there an-altar unto-God, that-appeared oësāf' 'aā'hī''kā. bĕ-vor'hă'kā wa'-yō'amer yaoagōv mi'-pěnēi when-thou-fleddest from-the-face-of Esau thy-brother. (2) Then-2said ael..bēithō'w wĕ-ael kol..aäsher' oi'mow hasi'rū aeth..aĕlohēi' all..that were with-him, Put-away the-gods-of unto..his-household. and-to wĕ-ha'hălī'phū ha'-nē'kār' aasher be-tho'ke'kem' we-hi'Taharū that are the-stranger in-your-midst, and-be-clean. and-change wĕ-naoăleh' bēith..aēl' wě simlöthēi'kem' we-naqu'mah to Beth .. el; and-(3) and-let-us-arise, and-go-up your-garments:

English Version. Chap. xxxv. 2 the strange gods that are among you.

methim', sing. in Æthiop.met, vir, pecul. maritus, is synonymous with aish, which also signifies men of higher rank, when opposed to aadam, man, mankind, homo, collectively men, and also men of inferior rank: for which, in the poetical books aenosh, from aanash', to be sick, infirm, is employed in the singular, the plural aanashim' being used for aishim: ge'ver, a man, as distinguished from a woman or child by his superior strength, vir, from gavar', to be strong, is also almost exclusively confined to poetry.

^{*} Literally, "men of number," i. e. easily numbered,

^{——} Populus numerabilis, utpote parvus. Horat. Art. Poet. v. 206.

aeoĕseh..'shām mizbēa'h lā-aēl' hā-oōneh' aothī' bě-vōwm unto-God, who-answered I-will-make..there an-altar me in-the-day-of tzārāthī' wa-yĕhī oi'mādī' aăsher hālā'k'tī. ba'-de're'k wa'and-was which my-distress, with-me in-the-way ha'-në'k \bar{a} r' a \bar{a} sher bĕyi'těnū' ael..yaoăqov aeth kol..aelohei' they-gave all..the-gods-of the-stranger we-aeth..ha'-nezāmīm' aasher be-aozneihem' wa'-yitmon' vādām' their-hand, and — all-the-ear-rings which were in-their-ears; aōthām' yaoaqov ta'hath hā-aēlāh' aasher oim..she'kem'. wa'under the-oak * which was by.. Shechem. (5) Andvi'çā'oū wa-yĕhī 'hi'tath' aĕlōhīm' oal..he-oārīm' *a*ăsher they-journeyed: and-3was 1the-terror-of 2God upon..the-cities that-were çĕvīvōwthēihem' wě- $l\bar{o}a$ rāděphū' aa'hărēi běnēi yaoaqov. round-about-them, and-2not 1they-did-3pursue after the sons-of Jacob. yaoăqōv lū'zāh aăsher bĕ-ae'retz $\mathbf{w}\mathbf{a}'-\mathbf{y}\mathbf{\bar{a}}\mathbf{v}\mathbf{\bar{o}}'a$ kěna'oan hiwa (6) So-2came ¹Jacob to-Luz, which is in-the-land-of wĕ-'kol..hā-oām' beith..ael' $h\bar{u}a$ aäsher..oi'm $\bar{o}w$. Beth..el, he and-all..the-people that-were..with-him. (7) And-he-built shām mizbēa'h wa'-yiqrā'a la'-māq $\bar{o}w$ m' $a\bar{e}$ l-b \bar{e} ith.. $a\bar{e}$ l' and-called an-altar, [to-]the-place El-beth..el:† because aēlāif' hā-aĕlōhīm' bĕ-vor'hōw mi'-pĕnēi nıglū aā'hīf'. ²appeared ‡ ³unto-him [the-] God when-he-fled from-the-face-of his-brother. (8) Buttāmoth dĕvōrāh' mēine'qeth rivqāh wa'-ti'qāvēr' mi'-tá'hath lĕ-¹Deborah ²the-nurse-of ³Rebekah, and-she-was-buried [from-]beneath [to-] vēith..aēl' tá'hath hā-aa'lōwn' wa'-yiqrā'a shĕmōw aa'lōwn-bā'kūth'. Beth..el. under an [the-]oak: therefore-one-calleth its-name Wa'-yērā'a aĕlōhīm' ael..yaoăqōv oōwd bĕ-vōaō'w mi'-pa'dan'unto..Jacob again, when-he-came out-of-Padan-(9) And-2appeared God

Wa'-yērā'a aĕlōhīm' ael..yaoăqōv oōwd bĕ-vōaō'w mi'-pa'dan'-(9) And-²appeared ¹God unto..Jacob again, when-he-came out-of-Padan-aărām wa-yĕvāre'k aōthō'w. wa'-yō'amer..lō'w aĕlōhīm' shim'kā aram, and-blessed him. (10) And-²said..³unto-him ¹God, Thy-name is

English Version. 4 all the strange gods — all their ear-rings. 8 and the name of it was called.

^{*} Rather the terebinth or turpentine-tree, $\tau \epsilon \rho \epsilon \beta \iota \nu \theta o g$, terebinthus, as Lxx. and Vulgate render, and as Celsius and others contend; the oak being expressed by aa'lāh and aa'lōwn, which latter is distinguished from aēlāh', Isa. vi. 13. The terebinth is a common tree in Palestine, grows to a considerable height, and attains to a very great age; has evergreen leaves like those of the olive; flowers like those of the vine, growing in bunches, and purple; a ruddy, purple, clustering fruit, of the size of a juniper berry, very juicy, with a seed the size of a grape-stone. See Mariti, Travels, vol. ii. p. 114, and "The Comprehensive Bible," Isa. vi. 13.

[†] That is, "the God of Beth-el;" but the first $a\bar{e}l$ is omitted in one of De Rossi's MSS. and is not acknowledged by the Lxx. Vulgate, Syriac, and some copies of the Arabic; which renders it more consistent with the parallel passages.

[‡] Or, "was revealed," or "revealed himself."

^{\$} That is, " the oak of weeping."

v loa..yi'qare'a shim'ka oowd yaoaqov ki-aim..yisraael'
³not..²shall-⁴be-called ¹thy-name any-more Jacob, but..Israel yaoăqov loa..yi'qārē'a yiheyeh' sheme'kā wa'-yiqrā'a aeth..shemow yisrāael'. wa'-yoamer' shall-be thy-name: and-he-called — his-name Israel. (11) And-2said sha'dai' pěrēh aĕlōhīm' *a*ănī aēl ū-rĕvēh' $l\tilde{o}w$ God Almighty: be-fruitful and-multiply; a-nation, ¹God. I-am ³unto-him gowyim' yiheyeh' mi'me'kā ū-melā'kīm' me-'halatzei'ka ũ-qěhaľ and a-company of nations, shall-be of-thee; and-kings 2out-of-thy-loins we-aeth..ha-aa'retz aasher nāthá'tī lě-aavrāhām' vētzē'aū. ishall-come: (12) and — the-land which I-gave [to-]Abraham ū-lĕ-yitz'hāq lĕ'kā ae'tĕné'nāh ū-lĕ-zaroă'kā'aa'hăreí'kā ae'tēn I-will-give-it, and-[to-]Isaac, to-thee and-to-thy-seed after-thee will-I-give wa'-ya'oal mē-oālāif' aĕlōhīm' ba'-māqōwm' aeth..hā-aā'retz. (13) And-went-up 3from-[near-]him 1God, the-land. wa'-ya'tzēv' yaoaqov ma'tzēvāh' ba'ai'tōw. aăsher..di'ber' ¹Jacob (14) And-2set-up where..he-talked with-him. a-pillar in-thema'tze'veth aaven wa'-ya'çe'k' māqōwm' aasher..di'ber' ai'tōw where..he-talked with-him, even-a-pillar-of stone; and-he-poured oālei'hā ne'çe'k wa'-yi'tzōq' oālei'hā shāmen wa'-yiqrā'a ²thereon (15) and-2called 2thereon ¹a-drink-offering, and-he-poured ¹oil: ha'-māqōwm' a asher di'ber' yaoaqov aeth..shem

"Jacob — the-name-of ai'tōw in-which 2spake 3with him [there] the-place *a*ĕlōhīm' bēith..aēl'. wa'-yiçoū' mi'-bēith-aēl' wa-yĕhī... ²God. (16) And they journeyed from Beth-el; and there was.. Beth.el. oōwd' kivrath..hā-aā'retz lā-vō'wa aephrā'thāh wa'-tēled rā'hēl' to-Ephrath: and-2travailed 1Rachel, but a-little-piece-of *..[the-]ground to-come bĕ-lidtāhh. wa'-tĕqash wa-yěhī vě-haqshōthāhh' and-she-had-hard [in-her-]labour. (17) And-it-came-to-pass, when-she-was-2hard bě-lidtāhh wa'-tōamer lāhh ha-měya'le'deth aal..tīrěaī' kī..gam.. 'in-[her-]3labour, that-2said 3unto-her 1the-midwife, ²Not...¹fear; for..²also... zeh' lā'k bēn. wa-yĕhī bě-tzēath naphshāhh kī 1this-is 4to-thee 3u-son. (18) And-it-came-to-pass, as-2was-in-departing 1her-soul, (for $m\bar{e}'th\bar{a}h$ wa'-tiq $r\bar{a}a$ shem $\bar{o}w$ ben.. $a\bar{o}wn\bar{i}'$ we- $a\bar{a}v\bar{i}f'$ gārā*a*..lō'w that-she-called but-his-father called..[to-]him she-died,) his-name Ben..oni: t

English Version. 15 the place where God spake with him. 17 Fear not; thou shalt have this son also.

^{*} Or rather, perhaps, "a good piece" of ground, or some distance, from kāvar, to be great, numerous. The Lxx. adds in chap. xlviii. 7, iπποδρόμος, cursus equi, a common measure among the Arabians, about an hour's journey, or nearly equal to a French mile. The Chaldee version has kerūv..aaroāa, aratio terræ, from kerav, aravit, and hence jugerum, as much as a yoke of oxen will plough in a day, being 246 feet in length, and 120 feet in breadth. According to the best modern accounts, Rachel's tomb appears to have been half way between Jerusalem and Bethlehem, or about three miles from the latter. See Hasselquist, p. 143, Maundrell, Journey, March 31, and Buckingham, Travels in Palestine, p. 316.

[†] That is, "the son of my sorrow."

vinyāmīn'. wa'-tāmoth rā'hēl' wa'-ti'qāvēr' bĕ-de're'k aephrā'thāh Benjamin.* (19) And-2died 1Rachel, and-was-buried in-the-way hiwa bēith-lā'hem. wa'-ya'tzēv' yaoaqov ma'tzēvāh' oal..qevurāwhich is Beth-lehem. (20) And-2set ¹Jacob a-pillar qëvurath..rā'hēl' oad..ha'-yōwm'. wa'thāhh' hiwa ma'tze'veth the-pillar-of the-grave-of..Rachel unto..this-day. (21) Andthat is yi'ça'o yisrāaēl' wa'-yēt' aāhölōh' mē-hā'lĕaāh lĕ-migdal..oēder.
²journeyed ¹Israel, and-spread his-tent ¹Israel, and ¹Isra bi-shkon yisrāael' ba-aa'retz ha-hi'wa wa'wa-yĕhī in-2land [the-]1that, (22) And-it-came-to-pass, when-2dwelt ¹Israel yē'le'k rĕaūvēn' wa'-yishkav' aeth..bilhāh pīle'gesh *a*āvīf' wa'with..Bilhah the-concubine-of his-father: and-¹Reuben, and-lay yishma'o yisrāaēl'. ¹Israel.‡

Wa'-yiheyū' venēi..yaoaqov' shenēim-oasar' běnēi lēaāh' the-sons-of..2Jacob twelve: (23) the-sons-of Leah; bě kowr yao a qov rě a ūvēn' wě-shimo own wě-lēwī' wīhūdāh' ²the-first-born-of Jacob, Reuben, and-Simeon, and-Levi. and-Judah wĕ-yi'sās'kār' ū-zĕvulūn' f' ū-zevulūn' benei ra'hel' yowçeph' ū-vinyamin' and-Zebulun: (24) the-sons-of Rachel; Joseph, and-Benjamin: and-Issachar, ū-vĕnēi' vilhāh shiph'hath' rā'hēl' dān wě-naphtālī' (25) and-the-sons-of Bilhah, the-hand-maid-of Rachel; Dan, and-Naphtali: zilpāh shiph'hath' lēaāh' gād wĕ-aāshēr' ū-věnēi' (26) and-the-sons-of Zilpah, the-hand-maid-of Leah; Gad, and-Asher: yaoaqov aasher yu'lad..low be-pha'dan'-aaram. the-sons-of Jacob, were-born..to-him in-Padan-aram. (27) Andwho yāvo'a yaoaqov ael..yitz'hāq aāvīf' qiryath' hāmamrēa ¹Jacob unto..Isaac his-father, unto-Mamre, unto 2city-of aarba'o hiwa hevrown aasher..gor..sham aavraham we-yitzhaq. which is Hebron, [in-that-place..] 4sojourned.. 1 where 2Abraham wa'-yiheyu' yemei yitz'haq meaath shanah' u-shemonim' shanah'.
(28) And-3were 1the-days-of 2Isaac a-hundred [years] and-fourscore years. wa'-yigwa'o yitz'hāq wa'-yā'māth wa'-yēaā'çeph ael..oa'māif zāqēn' (29) And-2expired 1Isaac, anď-died, and-was-gathered unto..his-people, being old yāmīm' wa'-yiqberū' aothow oesaf' we-yaoaqov banaif'. ū-seva'o and-4buried ²Esau and-full-of days: 5him ³and-Jacob

English Version. 29 and Isaac gave up the ghost, and died.

^{*} That is "the son of the right hand."

t Or, "tower of the flock," as it is rendered in Micah. iv. 8.

[‡] In the text there is a break left in this verse, with a circle referring to a Masoretic note in the margin, which states that pěçāqāa vě-aemtzao, pāçūq, "there is a hiatus in the middle of the verse." This hiatus the Lxx. thus supplies, καὶ πονηρὸν ἐφάνη ἐναντίον αὐτοῦ, "and it appeared evil in his sight."

CHAP. XXXVI.

Wĕ-aē'leh oēsāf' hūa toledowth' aĕdōwm. oesaf (1) Now-these are the-generations-of Esau, who is Edom. (2) Esau aeth..nāshāif' lāga'h' mi'-běnōwth kĕnāoan aeth..oādāh' his-wives of-the-daughters-of Canaan; Adah * ha-'hi'tī wĕ-aeth..aāhŏlīvāmāh' bath..aēilōwn' bath..oanah the-daughter-of.. Elon the-Hittite, and — Aholibamah † the-daughter-of..Anah, ha-hi'wī wĕ-aeth..bāsĕmath' bath..tzivoown bath.. the-daughter-of ‡.. Zibeon the-Hivite; (3) and — Bashemath \$ the-daughter-of.. yishmāoēal' aă'hōwth nĕvāyōwth'. wa'-tēled oādāh' lĕ-oēsāf' sister-of Nebajoth. (4) And-2bare 1Adah to-Esau yālĕdāh' aeth.aĕlīphāz' ū-vāsěmath' aeth..rĕoūaēl' wĕand-Bashemath Eliphaz; bare Reuel; (5) andyālĕdāh' aeth..yĕoūsh wĕ-aeth..yaolām *u*āhŏlīvā**māh'** wĕ-aeth.. Aholibamah bare Jeush. and ---Jaalam, běnēi oēsāf' aăsher yu'ledū..low be-ae'retz qōra'h aē'leh Korah: these are the-sons-of Esau, who were-born..unto-him in-the-land-of wa'-yi'qa'h' oēsāf' kĕnāoan. aeth..na'shaif wĕ-aeth..bānāif' (6) And-2took his-wives, and — his-sons. Canaan. ¹Esau we-aeth..benothaif' we-aeth..kol..naphshowth' beithow we-aeth.. and — his-daughters, and all..the-persons-of his-house, and miqnē'hū wĕ-aeth..kol..bĕhemtōw wĕ-aēth kol..qinyānō'w aăsher and all..his-beasts, all..his-substance, rā'kash' bĕ-ae'retz kĕnāoan wa'-yē'le'k ael..ae'retz mı'-penei into..the-country || from-the-face-of he-had-got in-the-land-of Canaan; and-went aā'hīf' kī..hāyāh' rĕ'kūshām' rāv mi'-she'veth yaoăqōv his-brother: (7) for..2were their-riches more than-that-they-might-dwell ya'hdāf wĕ-lōa yā'kĕlāh' ae'retz mĕgūrēihem' lā-sēath' aōthām' ³could ¹the-land of ²their-sojournings [to-]bear together; and-inot mi'-pěnēi miqnēihem'. wa'-yē'shev oēsāf' bĕ-har sēoīr' oēsāf' because-of their-cattle. (8) Thus-dwelt Esau in-mount Seir: Esau

English Version. 7 and the land wherein they were strangers could not bear them.

^{*} Called Bashemath, chap. xxvi. 34. † Called Judith, chap. xxvi. 34. † We should probably adopt the reading of the Samaritan, which has ben, "Son-of Zibeon," both here and in ver. 14. with which the Lxx. (and Syriac in ver. 2.) agrees; agreeably to what is said in verse 24, and which Houbigant and Kennicott contend to be genuine.

[§] Called Mahalath, chap. xxviii. 9.

| The Samaritan has me-ae'retz kena'oan, "from the land of Canaan," agreeably to the Lxx. ἐκ τῆς γῆς Χανάαν. One MS. has ael..ae'retz aa'he'reth, "to another land," which is the reading of the Vulgate, in alteram regionem.

| Literally, "too numerous from dwelling."

tōlĕdōwth' oēsāf' wĕ-aē'leh aăvī $h\bar{u}a \ aed\bar{o}wm.$ (9) And-these are the-generations-of Esau the-father-of Edom Edom. aē'leh shemowth benei..oesaf' aeliphaz' bě-har sēoīr' ben.. (10) these are the-names-of the-sons-of.. Esau; Eliphaz the-son-of.. in-mount Seir: oēsāf' rĕoūaēl' ben..bāsĕmath' aesheth oesaf'. oādāh' aesheth the-wife-of the-son-of.. Bashemath the-wife-of Esau, Reuel wa'-yihĕyū' běnēi aĕlīphāz' tēimān' aōwmār' tzěphow wě-(11) And-3were 1the-sons-of ²Eliphaz Teman, Omar, we-thimna'o hāyethāh' phīle'gesh le-aelīphaz' gaotām ū-qěnaz'. Ğatam, and-Kenaz. (12) And-Timna was concubine ben..oësāf' wa'-tēled le-aĕlīphaz' aeth..oămālēq' aē'leh běnēi the-son-of.. Esau; and-she-bare to-Eliphaz Amalek: these were the-sons-of oādāh' aēsheth oēsāf'. wĕ-aē'leh běnēi rěoūaēl' ná hath the-wife-of (13) And-these are the-sons-of Esau. Reuel; Nahath, Adah, wā-ze'ra'h sha'māh ū-mi'zāh' *a*ē'leh hāyū' běnēi vāsemath' and-Mizzah: and-Zerah, Shammah. these were the-sons-of Bashemath, oēsāf'. wě-aē'leh hāyū' běnēi aāhŏlīvāmāh' aesheth (14) And-these were the-sons-of Aholibamah, the-daughter-of.. the-wife-of bath..tzivoown aesheth oesaf' wa'-teled le-oesaf' aeth.. Anah, the-daughter*-of..Zibeon, the-wife-of Esau: and-she-bare to-Esau $a\bar{\mathrm{e}}'\mathrm{leh}$ yĕoūsh wĕ-aeth..yaolām wĕ-aeth..qōra'h. aa'lūphēi' Korah. Jaalam, and — (15) These were oēsāf' věnēi..oēsāf' běnēi *a*ĕlīphaz' bě'kōwr aa'lūph the-first-born-son-of the-sons-of.. Esau: the-sons-of Eliphaz, Esau; tēimān' aa'lūph aōwmār' aa'lūph tzĕphōw aa'lūph qĕnaz aa'lūph Zepho, Kenaz, (16) duke Teman, Omar, duke duke qōra'h aa'lūph gaotām aa'lūph oămālēq' aē'leh aa'lūphēi' Korah,‡ Gatam, and duke Amalek: these are the-dukes-that-came-of bě-ae'retz aĕdōwm aē'leh oādāh'. aĕlīphaz' běněi Eliphaz (17) Andin-the-land-of Edom; these were the-sons-of Adah. aē'leh bĕnēi ben..oēsāf' rěoūaēľ aa'lūph ná'hath aa'lūph the-sons-of duke Reuel, the-son-of.. Esau; ze'ra'h aa'l \bar{u} ph sha'm \bar{a} h aa'l \bar{u} ph mi'z \bar{a} h $a\bar{e}$ 'leh *a*a'lūphēi' Shammah, duke Mizzah: these are the-dukes-that-came-of bě-ae'retz aĕdōwm aē'leh rěoūaēľ bĕnēi vāsĕmath' in-the-land-of Edom; these are the-sons-of Bashemath, the-wife-of oēsāf'. we-ae'lehaāhŏlīvāmāh' aesheth běnēi oēsāf' (18) And-these Esau. are the-sons-of Aholibamah. the-wife-of Esau;

GENESIS.

* The Samaritan and Lxx. have ben, "son-of;" see note on ver. 2.
† That is, leaders from the Latin dux, a leader, chief, from duco, to lead, guide, exactly

corresponding with aa'lūph, from aālaph, to lead, guide.

‡ As Eliphaz the son of Esau had but six sons, (ver. 11, 12); and as Korah was the son of Esau, (not of Eliphaz, ver. 5, 14), by Aholibamah; it is probable that we should omit "duke Korah," with the Samaritan text and version.

duke

aa'lūph yĕoūsh aa'lūph yaolām aa'lūph qōra'h aē'leh Jaalam, duke Korah: these were the-dukes-that-came-of duke *a*āhŏlīvāmāh′ bath..oanah aesheth oesaf'. aē'leh věnēi.. the-daughter-of.. Anah, the-wife-of Esau. (19) These-are the-sons-of.. Aholibamah, oēsāf' wĕ-aē'leh aa'lūphēihem' hūa aĕdōwm.

1who-is 2Edom. ³and-these-are ⁴their-dukes, Esau. věnēi..sēoīr' ha-'hōrī' yōshěvēi' hā-aā'retz lowtān' wě-(20) These are the-sons-of. Seir the-Horite, who-inhabited the-land; shōwvāl' wĕ-tzivoōwn wa-oănāh wĕ-dishōwn' wĕ-aētzer wĕand-Zibeon, and-Anah, (21) and-Dishon, Shobal, and-Ezer. dīshān' aē'leh aa'lūphēi' ha-'hōrī' bĕnēi sēoīr' bĕ-ae'retz the-dukes-of the-Horites, the-children-of Seir, in-the-land-of Dishan: these are aěd $\bar{o}w$ m. wa'-yihěy \bar{u}' věn \bar{e} i..l $\bar{o}w$ $\bar{\tau}$ an' 'h \bar{o} r \bar{i}' wě-h \bar{e} im \bar{a} m' wa-aa'h $\bar{o}w$ th Edom. (22) And-3were 1the-children-of..2Lotau Hori and-Hemam: * and-the-sister-of timnāo. wĕ-aē'leh běnēi $sh\bar{o}wv\bar{a}l'$ lōwTān' oalwān' Timna. (23) And-3were-these 1the-children-of 2Shobal; māná'hath wĕ-oēivāl' shĕphōw wĕ-aōwnām'. wĕ-aē'leh vĕnēi.. Shepho,† and-Onam. (24) And-these are the-sons-of.. Manahath, and-Ebal, tzivoown' we-aa'yah' wa-oanah hua oanah aasher matza'a aeth.. both \(\frac{1}{2} - A \) and \(A \) and \(\text{this was that } A \) Anah \(\text{that } \) ha'-yēmim' ba'-midbār bi-roōthō'w aeth..ha-'hămōrīm' lĕ-tzivoōwn the-mules § in-the-wilderness, as-he-fed the-asses of-Zibeon wĕ-aē'leh vĕnēi..oănāh' dishōn' wĕ-aāhŏlīvāmāh' aāvīf'. his-father. (25) And-3were-these the-children-of..2 Anah; Dishon, and-Aholibamah wĕ-aē'leh bĕnēi dīshān' 'hemdān wĕ-aeshbath..oanah. the-daughter-of.. Anah. (26) And-these are the-children-of Dishon; Hemdan, bān wĕ-yithrān ū-'kĕrān'. aē'leh bĕnēi..aē'tzer bilhān wĕand-Ithran, and-Cheran. (27) These the-children-of.. Ezer-are; Bilhan, andaē'leh věnēi..dīshān' oūtz wa-aărān. zaoăwān wa-oăqān. and-Akan. (29) These the-children-of..2Dishan-are; Uz, Zaavan, ha-'hōrī' aa'lūph lōwtān' aa'lūph aē'leh aa'lūphēi' (29) These are the-dukes-that-came-of the-Horites; duke Lotan,

^{*} Four codices have howmam', as in 1 Chron. i. 39.

[†] Four MSS. have shëphi, as in 1 Chron. i. 40.

[‡] The Samaritan and several MSS. omit the waf; as do also the Lxx. and Vulgate. § So Jonathan, Kimchi, and Jarchi, and the Rabbins generally, and also the Arabic and Veneto-Greek versions, interpret this word; with which opinion Dr. A. Clarke coincides, and thinks it probable that from this Anah or Eneh, the Enetæ derived at least their fabulous origin, whom Homer (Iliad, ii. v. 852.) mentions as famous for their race of wild mules. The Samaritan text has ha-aeimim', and the Samaritan version oam aeimaaei,
"the Emim," a gigantic and warlike people bordering on the Horites, (ch. xiv. 15.); and
so also Aquila and Symmachus have τοῦς Ἰαμειμ, and Onkelos, gi'bara'yāa, "giants;"
for which interpretation Bochart strenously contends, (Hieroz. lib. ii. cap. 12.) The Syriac
version has mayoa, "waters," probably reading with one MS. ma'yim. Jerome renders it
aquas calidas, "warm springs," according to whom yemim' continued to have this signification in Punic; and if this interpretation be correct, perhaps those of Callirrhoë may be meant, which were in the country spoken of.

oănāh aa'lūph dishon' aa'lūph tzivoōwn aa'lūph Anah, (30) duke Dishon, Shobal. duke Zibeon. duke ha-'hōrī' aa'lūph aētzer aa'lūph dīshān' aē'leh aa'lūphēi' duke Dishan: these are the-dukes-that-came-of the-Horites, lě-aa'luphēihem' bě-ae'retz sēoīr'. among-their-dukes in-the-land-of

Wě- $a\bar{e}$ 'leh ha'-mělā'kīm' aăsher mālě'kū' bě-ae'retz in-the-land-of (31) And-these are the-kings that reigned Edom. wa'-yimlō'k' liphnēi mělo'k..me'le'k li-vnēi visrāaēl' there-reigned..any-king over-the-children-of Israel. (32) And-4reigned $be-a\check{e}d\bar{o}wm$ be'laoben..bĕoōwr wĕ-shēm dinhāvāh'. oīrō'w ¹Bela 2the-son-of..3Beor: and-the-name-of his-city was Dinhabah. yōwvāv' wa'-yā'moth bālao wa'-yimlō'k' ta'htāif ben..ze'ra'h (33) And-2died 2the-son-of..3Zerah ¹Bela, and-5reigned 6in-his-stead Jobab wa'-yā'moth yöwvāv' wa'-yimlö'k' mi'-botzrāh. ta'htāif "¡Jobab, 4of-Bozrah. (34) And-2died and-freigned 7in-his-stead wa'-yā'moth 'hushām wa'-'hushām mē-ae'retz ha'-tēimānī'. 3the-5Temani. 2of-4land-of (35) And-2died ¹Husham, yimlo'k' ta'htāif hădad ben..bĕdad' ha'-ma'keh' aeth..midyān ereigned 9in-his-stead 1Hadad 2the-son-of..3Bedad, 4who-smote 5Midian wa'-yā'moth (36) And-2died $m\bar{o}wa\bar{a}v'$ wĕ-shēm oīrō'w oăwīth. 6in-the-field-of 7Moab: and-the-name-of his-city was Avith. hădad wa'-yimlō'k' ta'htāif samlāh mi'-masrēqāh'. wa'-yā'moth ¹Hadad, and-³reigned ⁴in-his-stead ¹Samlah ²of-Masrekah. (37) And-2died samlāh wa'-yimlō'k' ta'htāif shāaūl' mē-re'hovowth' ha'-nāhār'. ¹Samlah, ²of-Rehoboth and-4reigned 51n-his-stead ¹Saul 3by-the-river. wa'-yā'moth shāaūl' wa'-yimlō'k' ta'htāif ba'oal-'hānān' ben.. (38) And-2died ¹Saul, 2the-son-of.. and-4reigned 5in-his-stead ¹Baal-hanan oa kbowr. wa'-yāmāth' ba'oal-'hānān' ben..oa'kbōwr wa'-³Achbor. (39) And-4died ¹Baal-hanan 2the-son-of..3Achbor, andpāoū' yimlō'k' ta'htāif hădar wĕ-shēm $oar{ ext{r}}ar{ ext{o}}'oldsymbol{w}$ wĕ-shēm 3in-his-stead 1Hadar: * and-the-name-of his-city was Pau; and-the-name-of aishtōw měhēiтavaēl' bath..matrēd bath mēi-zāhāv'. his-wife Mehetabel, was the-daughter-of.. Matred, the-daughter-of Me-zahab. wĕ-aē'leh oēsāf' shěmowth lĕaa'lūphēi' the-dukes-that-came-of (40) And-these are the-names-of Esau, according-tomishpe hotham' li-mqomotham' bi-shmotham' *a*a'lūph timnāo their-families. after-their-places, duke by-their-names; Timna,

English Version. 30 that came of Hori.

^{*} Five Samaritan and three Hebrew MSS. have hadad, as in 1 Chron. i. 50. One MS (535 of De Rossi) adds ben..bedad, "the son of Bedad," with which the Lxx. agrees.

aa'lūph oalwāh aa'lūph yĕthēth aa'lūph aāhŏlīvāmāh' aa'lūph Alvah, duke Jetheth, (41) duke Aholibamah, aēlāh' aa'lūph pīnon' aa'lūph qĕnaz aa'lūph tēimān' aa'lūph Pinon, (42) duke Kenaz, duke mivtzār aa'luph magdiael' aa'luph oiram' ae'leh aa'lūphēi' Mibzar, (43) duke Magdiel. duke Iram: these are the-dukes-of aěd $\bar{\mathrm{o}}w$ m lě-mōshěvōthām' bě-ae'retz aă'hu'zāthām' hūa oēsāf' Edom. according-to-their-habitations in-the-land-of their-possession: he *a*ăvī aědowm. the-father-of Edom.

CHAP. XXXVII.

Wa'-ye'shev yaoaqov be-ae'retz megūrei' aavif' be-ae'retz

(1) And-2dwelt 'Jacob in-the-land-of the-sojournings-of his-father, in-the-land-of n. $a\bar{e}$ 'leh $t\bar{o}$ lĕ $d\bar{o}w$ th' yaoăq $\bar{o}v$.

(2) These-are the-generations-of Jacob. yōwçēph' kěnāoan. Joseph, being [the-son-of..] shevao..oesreh shanah' hayah' rooeh' aeth..ae'haif ba'-tzoan weyears old, was feeding 2with..his-brethren [with-]1the-flock; andseven..teen vilhāh wĕ-aeth..bĕnēi zilpāh nĕshēi hūa na'oar aeth..běnēi and-with..the-sons-of Zilpah, the-wives-of 1the-lad with..the-sons-of Bilhah, aāvīf' wa'-yāvē'a yōwçēph' aeth..di'bāthām' rāoāh' ael..aăvīhem'. his-father: and-2brought 1Joseph -- 3their-5report 4evil unto.. their-father.* we-yisraael' aahav' aeth..yowçeph' mi'-kol..banaif' (3) And-Israel loved — Joseph more-than-all..his-children, because..2the-son-of.. zegu'nīm' hūa lōw we-oā'sāh lōwkěthoneth pa'çīm. the-was this: and-he-made [to-]him a-coat-of many colours. (4) Andyiraū' ae'hāif kī..aōthō'w aāhav' aavīhem' mi'-kol..ae'hāif 3saw 2his-brethren 4that..7him 6loved 3their-father 6more-than-all..9his-brethren 1when,-

^{*} The common version reads "HIS father;" but this is an error (probably typographical) as neither MS. edition, nor version, authorizes it.

[†] So Lxx. ποικίλον, and Vulgate polymitum, perhaps from the Samaritan peçaç, conspersit; or pieces, i. e. made of pieces, stripes, or threads of various colours. Jonathan and the Jerusalem Targum have pargoudāa, a kind of toga prætexta; the Syriac pedyothoa, which Castell renders fimbriæ, manicæ vestis, "a flounced garment, or one with sleeves," χειριδωτὸς, (probably from the Chald. paç, the palm of the hand, or sole of the foot,) as Aquila and Symmachus render here, and Lxx. in 2 Sam. xiii. 18, 19; and Josephus (Ant. Jud. lib. vii. cap. 8, § 1.) describes it as a loose outer coat, with sleeves, tied at the hands, which hung down to the ancles, and was worn by virgins and persons of rank over the common tunic. (See Schroeder, De Vest. Mulier. p. 237.) Rauwolf, however, (Travels, part i. p. 89.) says, "that Turks of rank at Aleppo dress their sons, when they are a little grown, and can walk, in loose coats of a fine texture, in which various colours are woven, and which looks very handsome." See also the note in "The Comprehensive Bible."

yisně $a\bar{\mathbf{u}}'a\bar{\mathbf{o}}$ thō'w wě-lōa yā'kěl $\bar{\mathbf{u}}'$ da'běrōw lě-shālōm'. wa'-ya'hălōm' and-2not 1could speak-4unto-him* 3peaceably. (5) And-2dreamed him, $y\bar{o}w$ ç \bar{e} ph' 'hăl $\bar{o}w$ m wa'-ya'g \bar{e} d' lĕ-ae'hāif wa'-y $\bar{o}w$ çi'ph \bar{u} $o\bar{o}w$ d and-he-told it [to-]his-brethren; and-they-added sěnōa aōthō'w. wa'-yō'amer aălēihem' shimoū..nā'a ha-'hălōwm (6) And-he-said unto-them, Hear,..1-pray-you, [the-]2dream to-hate him. wĕ-hi'nēh aăna'h'nū mĕaa'lĕmīm 'hālām'tī. ha'-zeh' aăsher which I-have-dreamed: (7) for,-behold, [the-]'this we were ha'-sādeh' wĕ-hi'nēh qā'māh aălu'māthī' bě-thow'k aălu'mīm in-[the-midst-of] the-field, and,-lo, ¹my-sheaf, we-gam..ni'tzā'vāh we-hi'neh theçu'bei'nah aalu'mothei'kem' wa'and-also..stood-upright; and,-behold, 2stood-round-about 1your-sheaves, andwa'-yōamĕrū' lōw ae'hāif tishta'hawei'na la-aalu'mathi.' hă-(8) And-2said 3to-him 1his-brethren, to-my-sheaf. made-obeisance ‡ mālōʻk′ timlō'k oālēi'nū aim..māshōwl' timshōl bā'nū wa'shalt-thou-rule over-us? In-reigning shalt-thou-reign over-us? or..in-ruling yōwçi'phū oōwd sĕnōa aōthō'w oal..'hălōmōthāif' wĕ-oal..dĕvārāif'. they-added yet for..his-dreams, to-hate him and-for..his-words. wa'-ya'hălōm' oōwd 'hălōwm aa'hēr wa-yĕça'pēr aōthō'w lĕ-(9) And-he-dreamed yet 2 dream lanother, and-told [to-]hiswa'-yō'amer hi'nēh 'hālam'tī 'hălōwm oōwd ae hāif wě-hi'nēh Behold, I-have-dreamed a-dream brethren, and-said. more; and,-behold, wĕ-ha'-yārē'a'h wĕ-aa'had'-oāsār' kōw'kāvīm' ha'-she'mesh and-the-moon, and-the-eleven the-sun, stars, wa-yĕça'pēr ael..aāvīf' wĕ-ael..ae'hāif mishta'hăwim lī. wa'made-obeisance to-me. (10) And-he-told it to..his-father, and-to..his-brethren: and $aar{ ext{a}}ar{ ext{v}}ar{ ext{i}}'$ wa'-y $ar{ ext{o}}'a$ mer $ar{ ext{low}}$ m $ar{ ext{h}}$ ha-'h $ar{ ext{a}}ar{ ext{low}}$ m ha'-zeh' yigoar..bō'w ²rebuked..3him ¹his-father, and-said unto-him, What is [the-]2dream 'hālām'tā hǎ-vōwa nāvō'wa aǎnī wě-ai'mě'kā wĕthou-hast-dreamed? — In-coming, shall-4come ¹I, ²and-thy-mother, ³andaa'hei'kā lĕ-hishta'hăwōth lĕ'kā aā'rĕtzāh. wa-yĕqanaū..v $\bar{\circ}'w$ thy-brethren, to-bow-down-ourselves to-thee to-the-earth? (11) And-2envied..him

English Version. Chap. xxxvii. 5 and they hated him yet the more. 8 shalt thou indeed reign over us? or shalt thou indeed have dominion over us? and they hated him yet the more. 10 shall I and thy mother and thy brethren indeed come.

^{*} For da'bēr $a\bar{e}l\bar{a}if'$, $l\bar{o}w$, $oi'm\bar{o}w$, or $ai't\bar{o}w$, the particles which usually precede the person spoken to or with. Compare $\lambda \acute{e}\gamma \epsilon \iota \nu \dot{a}$, to say to, or of any one.

[†] Literally, "with peace."

† Properly, "prostrated themselves," the manner customary in all the East of testifying respect to kings and princes, by falling on the knee, and stooping till the forehead touches the ground, which approaches very nearly to adoration, for which the same word is frequently employed. Hence it is said, in the History of Nadir Shah, as translated by Sir W. Jones, (b. i. c. 18,) "As Nadir approached, they bowed their heads for shame, and touched the earth with the forehead of humiliation."

wĕ-aāvīf' ae'hāif shāmar' aeth..ha'-dāvār'. wa'-yēlĕ'kū' his-brethren; but-his-father observed the-saying. (12) Ånd-2went ae'haif li-roowth aeth..tzoan aavihem' bi-sh'kem'. wa'-yō'amer - the-flock-of their-father in-Shechem. (13) And-2said ¹his-brethren to-feed yisrāaēl' ael..yowçēph' hă-lowa aa'hei'kā rooim' bi-sh'kem'. - 2Not 3thy-brethren 1do-4feed the-flock in-Shechem? unto...Joseph, le'kāh we-aeshlā'ha'kā' aăleihem'. wa'-yō'amer $l\bar{o}w$ and-I-will-send-thee And-he-said unto-him, Here-am-I.* unto-them. $l\bar{o}w$ $le'k..n\bar{a}a$ wa'-yō'amer rěaēh aeth..shĕlōwm aa'hei'kā (14) And-he-said to-him, Go,..I-pray-thee, see-to — the welfare-of thy-brethren. wě-aeth..shělōwm ha'-tzōan wa-hăshivē'nī dāvār'. wa'-yishlā'hē'hū and — the-welfare-of the-flocks; and-bring-3again-1me 2word. So-he-sent-him-out mē-oē'meq 'hevrōwn wa'-yāvō'a she'ke'māh. wa'-yimtzāaē'hū of-the-vale-of Hebron, and-he-came to-Shechem. (15) And-2found-him thōoeh' ba'-sādeh' wa'-yishaālē'hū wĕ-hi'nēh ¹a-certain-man, and,-behold, he-was wandering in-the-field: and-2asked-him aīsh' lēamor' mah..těva'qēsh. wa'-yō'amer aeth..aa'hai' aānō'kī' saying, What..seekest-thou? (16) And-he-said, — 3My-brethren měva'qēsh ha'gīdāh..'nā'a lī aēiphōh' hēm rōoīm'. tell..2I-pray-thee, [to-]1me, where they feed their-flocks. (17) Andnāçĕoū' mi'-zeh' kī shāma'otī yō'amer hā-aīsh' 1the-man, They-are-departed hence; † I-heard for them wa'-yē'le'k yōwçēph' aa'har' ae'hāif wa'nēlě'kāh' dōthā'yĕnāh. And-2went to-Dothan. ¹Joseph after his-brethren, and-Let-us-go yimtzāaēm' bě-dōthān'. wa'-yir $a\bar{\mathrm{u}}'$ aōthō'w mē-rā'hōq' found-them in-Dothan. (18) And-when-they-saw him yiqrav' ũ-vĕ-те'rem aălēihem' wa'-yithna'kĕlū' $a\bar{\text{o}}$ th $\bar{\text{o}}'w$ la-[then-]they-conspired against-him toeven-before he-came-near unto-them, ael..aā'hīf' hi'nēh hămīthō'w. wa'-yōamĕrū' $a\bar{i}sh$ slay-him. (19) And-they-said each-man to..his-brother, Behold, 2master-of ha-'hălōmōwth' ha'-lāzeh' bāa. wĕ-oa'tāh lĕ'kū wĕ-nahargē'hū [the-]this cometh. (20) Therefore, 2now, 1come, and-let-us-slay-him, ha'yāh' wě-nashli'kē'hū bě-aa'had' ha'-bōrōwth' wě-aāmār'nū and-cast-him into-one-of the-pits; § and-we-will-say,

English Version. 14 see whether it be well with thy brethren, and well with the flocks, marg. see the peace of thy brethren, &c. 19 And they said one to another. 20 and cast him into some pit.

^{*} Literally, "Behold me."

[†] Literally, "from this," ha'-maqowm', place, understood.
† That is, "a dreamer," as in the text of the common version; ba'oal denoting one who passesses, or is otherwise connected with, the thing signified by the noun with which it is

[§] bowr denotes especially a cistern or reservoir, dug in the ground, in which the rain water is collected, (Deut. vi. 11.) of which there are many in Judea and Arabia. See Rauwolf, book i. p. 188.

rāoāh' aă'kālā'thĕhū wĕ-niraeh' mah..yihĕyū 'hălōmōthāif' hath-devoured-him: and-we-shall-see what..will-become-of

wa'-yishma'o rĕaūvēn' wa'-ya'tzilē'hū mi'-yādām' wa'-yō'amei (21) And-2heard-it 1Reuben, and-he-delivered-him out-of-their-hand;

wa'-yō'amer aălēhem' rĕaūvēn' aal. lōa na'ké'nū-nāphesh. let-us-kill-him.* (22) And-2said ³unto-them ¹Reuben,

tishpe'hū..dam' hashlī''kū aotho'w ael..ha'-bowr ha'-zeh' aashei shed..3blood. cast him into..[the-]2pit [the-]1this

ba'-midbar we-yad aal..tishle'hū..vō'w le-ma'oan ha'tzī in-the-wilderness, and-3hand ²no..¹lay..⁴upon-him ; [to-the-end-]that he-might-ric

la-hăshīvō'w ael..aāvīf'. aöthö'w mi'-yādām' wa-yěhi out-of-their-hand, to-deliver-him-2again 1to..his-father. (23) And-it-came-to-pass

ka-aăsher..bāa yōwçēph' ael..ae'hāif wa'-yaphshī'rū aeth..yōwçēph' Joseph unto..his-brethren, that-they-stripped — Joseph out of when..2was-come

aeth..ku'tontōw aeth..kĕthōneth ha'-pa'çīm aăsher oālāif' - his..coat-of [the-]many-colours that was on-him; (24) and-- his-coat,

yi'qā'hu'hū wa'-yashli'kū aotho'w ha'-bo'rāh wě-ha'-b $\bar{\mathbf{o}}w$ r they-took-him, him $^{2}a-[\text{the-}]\text{pit-}^{1}\text{into}:$ and-cast and-the-pit was

aēin bow māyim. wa'-yēshěvū' le-aĕ'kol..le'hem' rēq empty, there was no 2in-it 1water. (25) And-they-sat-down to-eat..bread:

wa'-yisaū' oēinēihem' wa'-yiraū' wĕ-hi'nēh aōrĕ'hath' yishmĕoēalīm' and-they-lifted-up their-eyes and-looked, and,-behold, a-company-of †

bāaāh' mi'-giloād ū-gĕma'lēihem' nōsĕaīm' nĕ'kōath ū-tzĕrī' wāfrom-Gilead, with-their-camels spicery, and-balm, andbearing

lōτ' hōwlĕ'kīm' lĕ-hōwrīd' mitzrā'yĕmāh. wa'-yō'amer yĕhūdāh' myrrh, || going to-carry-it-down to-Egypt. (26) And-2said

ael..ae'hāif mah..be'tzao kī nahārōg aeth..aā'hī'nū wĕ-'ki'çī'nū unto..his-brethren, What..profit is it if we-slay — our-brother, and-conceal

aeth..dāmō'w. lĕ'kū wĕ-nimkĕré'nū la'-yishmĕoēalīm' wĕ-yādē'nū his-blood? (27) Come, and-let-us-sell-him to-the-Ishmeelites, and-3our-hand

‡ So Vulgate, aromata; Lxx. Θυμίαματα, incense; Saad. siliqua; Syriac, resen; Samaritan, balsam; Aquila, στύραξ, storax, which is followed by Bochart. In Arabic,

nakauton, i. q. nakaoton, gummi tragacanthæ, "gum dragant."

§ Or, resin, or gum, generally, from the Arabic dzarai, to flow, distil: so Lxx. and Vulgate, ρητίνη, resina. The opobalsamum, or juice of the balsam bush, according to Josephus, (Ant. l. viii. c. 6. § 6.) was first introduced into Judea by the queen of Sheba.

^{*} Literally, "let us not smite him as to his life," that is, "smite him dead," non cædamus illum quoad vitam.

[†] Properly, "a company of travellers," from aāra'h, to go, travel, composed of different tribes, though chiefly Ishmeelites, (ver. 28), travelling together for their mutual safety; called in Persian kārwān, "a caravan," from kār, business, commerce, and wān, a keeper,

Or rather, as De Dieu, Junius, Celsius, and others render, ladanum, in Arabic ladanon, Greek, $\lambda \tilde{\eta} \delta o \nu$, $\lambda \dot{\eta} \delta a \nu o \nu$, Latin, ledum, ladanum, a fragrant gum which distils on the leaves of the cistus tree. The Lxx. and Vulgate have ξάκτη, stacte, the purest kind of myrrh, but which is expressed in Heb. by nāτāph. The Syriac and Chaldee have pistachio nuts, and the Arabic, chestnuts.

aal..těhī..vō'wkī..aā'hī'nū vesāre'nū wa'-yishmĕoū hūa. 2not..1let-4be..upon-him; for..2our-brother 3and-our-flesh 1he-is. And-2were-content + wa'-yaoavrū' aănāshīm' midyānīm' çō'hărīm' wa'his-brethren. (28) Then-there-passed-by [men] Midianites, merchantmen; andyimshě'kū' wa'-yaoălū' aeth..yōwçēph' min..ha'-bōwr wa'-yimkĕrū' they-drew and-lifted-up Joseph out-of..the-pit, and-sold aeth..yowçeph' la'-yishmeoealim' bě-oesrīm kāçeph wa'-Joseph to-the-Ishmeelites for-twenty-pieces-of silver: andyāvī'aū aeth..yōwçēph' mitzrā'yĕmāh. wa'-yā'shov rĕaūvēn they-brought — Joseph into-Egypt. (29) And-2returned ¹Reuben ael..ha'-bōwr wě-hi'nēh aēin..yōwçēph' ba'-bōwr wa'-yiqra'o and,-behold, ²not...¹Joseph was in-the-pit; unto..the-pit; wa'-yā'shov ael..ae'hāif' wa'-yōamar' ha'aeth..běgādāif'. (30) And-he-returned unto..his-brethren, his-clothes. and-said, ye'led aēinė'nū wa-aănī aā'nāh aănī..vā'a. wa'-yiq'hū' aeth.. (31) And-they-took and-I, whither shall-I..go? kěthoneth yowçeph' wa'-yish'hătū' sĕoīr oi'zīm wa'-yirbělū Joseph, and-killed the-coat-of a-kid **t-of** the-goats, and-dipped aeth..ha'-ku'tōneth ba'-dām wa-yĕsha'lĕ'hū aeth..kĕthōneth (32) and-they-sent the-coat in-the-blood; ha'-pa'çīm wa'-yāvī'aū ael..aăvīhem' wa'-yōamĕrū' zōath 1the-3many-colours, and-they-brought it to..their-father; and-said. This bin'kā hiwa aim..low. ha'ker..nāa ha'-kĕthōneth mātzā'anū whether-2the-coat-of 3thy-son lit-be have-we-found: know \cdots..now wa'-ya'kīrāhh' wa'-yō'amer kěthōneth 'ha'yāh' rāoāh' běnī (33) And-he-knew-it, and-said, It-is the-coat-of my son; ²beast *a*ă'kālā'thěhū Tōraph' yōwçēph. wa'-yiqra'o Tāroph hath-devoured-him: 2in-rending-to-pieces 3is-rent-in-pieces | Joseph. (34) And-2rent | yaoăqov simlothāif' wa'-yā'sem saq bě-mothnāif wa'-yithaa'bēl sackcloth upon-his-loins, his-clothes, and-put wa'-yāqumū' 'kol..bānāif' wĕ-'kol.. oal..běnōw yāmīm' ra'bīm. ¹many. ¹all..²his-sons for..his-son ²days (35) And-5rose-up

English Version. 33 Joseph is without doubt rent in pieces.

^{*} The Samaritan has ū-vēsārē'nū, " and our flesh," with which the Lxx. and Vulgate agree.

[†] Literally, heard, or hearkened, low, to him, understood: the Vulgate has sermonibus illius, "to his words."

[‡] Properly, a buck, or he-goat, synonymous with ta'yish,—literally, the rough or hairy one, so called from its shaggy hair; so Greek, τράγος, a he-goat, from τραχύς, rough; and Latin hircus, "a he-goat," from hirtus, "rough." The fem. is sĕοīrāh, and oēz, a she-goat; which latter is also used as the name of the species: a kid is gĕdī.

[§] Properly, to perceive, know again, acknowledge, noscere, agnoscere, different from yadao, to know, understand, scire; and bin or bun, to distinguish, discern, understand, dignoscere, dijudicare.

[|] Taraph is to tear in pieces, ravin, properly as wild animals; qurao, to rend, tear in pieces, particularly clothes, as a sign of mourning.

behothaif' le-na'hamow wa-yemaaen' le-hithna'hem wa'-yo'amer 4his-daughters to-comfort-him; but-he-refused to-be-comforted; ael..bĕnī aāvēl' $k\bar{\imath}..a\bar{e}r\bar{e}d'$ shĕaō'lāh. wa'-yevk' aotho'wFor..I-will-go-down 2unto..3my-son 4mourning 1into-the-grave.* Thus-²wept ³for-him wĕ-ha'-mĕdānīm' mā'kĕrū' aothōw ael..mitzrāyim lě-¹his-father. (36) And-the-Midianites sold him † into.. Egypt, untophowTiphar' çĕriç parooh sar ha'-Ta'bā'hīr Potiphar, an-officer-of ‡ Pharaoh, and-captain-of the-guard.§ ha'-та'bā'hīm'.

CHAP. XXXVIII.

Wa-yĕhī bā-oēth' ha-hi'wa wa'-yē'red yĕhūdāh' mē-aēth' (1) And-it-came-to-pass at-2time [the-]that, that-2went-down Judah from[-with] ae hāif wa'-yēt' oad..aīsh oădu'lāmī' ū-shěmōw his-brethren, and-turned-in to..a-certain-man, an-Adullamite; and-his-name was Hirah. wa'-yara..shām' yĕhūdāh' bath..aīsh kěnaoănī 1Judah (2) And-2saw..3there the-daughter-of..a-certain-man, a-Canaanite; andshūao wa'-yi'qā'he'hā wa'-yāvō'a aēlei'hā. shěm $\bar{\mathrm{o}}'w$ wa'and-he-took-her, and-went-in his-name was Shuah; unto-her. (3) Andwa'-tēled bēn wa'-yiqrā'a aeth..shěm $\bar{o}w$ oër. wa'she-conceived, and-bare a-son; and-he-called | - his-name oowd wa'-teled ben wa'-tiqraa aeth..shemow aownan'. and-bare a-son; and-she-called — his-name she-conceived again, wa'-tōçeph $o\bar{\mathbf{o}}w\mathbf{d}$ wa'-tēled bēn wa'-tiqrāa aeth..shemow (5) And-she-added again to-conceive, and-bare a-son; and-[she-]called wĕ-hāyāh' vi-'kzīv bĕ-lidtāhh aōthō'w. wa'-yi'qa'h' shēlāh'. (6) Änd-2took at-Chezib, when-she-bare Shelah: and-he-was

The Samaritan has aeth..yowçeph', "Joseph," with which the Lxx. and Vulgate

agree.

English Version. Chap. xxxviii. 1 to a certain Adullamite, whose name was Hirah. 2 a daughter of a certain Canaanite, whose name was Shuah. 5 and she yet again conceived.

^{*} Rather, hades, or the invisible state, $\ddot{u}\delta\eta c$, infernum, as Lxx. and Vulgate render; for it is evident that Jacob could not expect to go to his son into the grave, when he thought he had been devoured by a wild beast. A grave or sepulchre is expressed by qe'ver or qevurah, from qavar, to cover, bury.

[‡] çārīç, from the Arabic sari'sa, impotens esse ad venerem, properly denotes a eunuch; but as they were, as they still are, in the East, employed particularly as keepers of the harem, and were frequently advanced to the highest offices in the state, it hence came to denote a chamberlain, or courtier, generally.

[§] ra'bā'h, from rāva'h, to slaughter, properly denotes a slaughter-man, butcher; and hence a cook, (1 Sam. ix. 23, 24,) and an executioner, or one who inflicts capital punishment, which task in the East devolved on the body guards of the king. Hence Potiphar, the captain of the guard, was also the king's chief executioner, like the Captain Pasha of the Ottoman Porte.

 $[\]parallel$ The Samaritan has wa'-tiqrāa, " and she called;" as in ver. 4 and 5.

věhūdāh' ai'shāh lĕ-oēr bě kowro'w ū-shěmāhh' tāmār'. a-wife for-Er his-first-born; and-her-name Tamar. bě-oēinēi' yĕhōwāh' oer be kowr yehudah rao wa-vĕhī wa-(7) And-4was ¹Er, ²the-first-born-of ³Judah, evil in-the-eyes-of andyĕmithē'hū yĕhōwāh'. wa'-yō'amer yĕhūdāh' lĕ-aōwnān' $b\bar{o}a$ slew-him ¹Jehovah. (8) And-2said ¹Judah unto-Onan, Go-in aā'hī''kā ael..aesheth wĕ-ya'bēm aōthāhh' wě-hāgēm' ze'rao unto..the-wife-of and-marry * thy-brother, her, and-raise-up seed wa'-yēdao aōwnān' kī lōa lōw yiheyeh' ha'-zārao lĕ-aā'hī''kā. (9) And-2knew Onan that 3not 5his 5should-4be to-thy-brother. aim..bāaael..aesheth aā'hīf' wĕ-hāyāh' wĕ-shi'hēth and-it-came-to-pass, when..he-went-in unto..the-wife-of his-brother, that-he-spilled †-it aa'rĕtzāh lĕ-viltī něthon..ze'rao lĕ-aā'hīf'. wa'-ye'rao on-the-ground, lest-that he-should-give..seed to-his-brother. (10) And-3was-evil aasher oasah' wa'-ya'meth gam..aotho'w. bě-oēinēi' yéhōwāh' 4in-the-eyes-of 5Jehovah the-thing-which 2he-did: wherefore-he-slew wa'-yō'amer yĕhūdāh' lĕ-thāmār' ka'lāthō'w shĕvī *a*almānāh' (11) Then-said his-daughter-in-law, Remain Judah to-Tamar oad..yigdal' shēlāh' vĕnī kī aāmar' vēith..aāvī'k' the-house-of..thy-father, till..3be-grown 1Shelah 2my-son: for he-said, Lest-peradventure.. yāmūth' gam..hūa kĕ-ae'hāif. wa'-tēle'k tāmār' wa'-tēshev ¹Tamar 'and-dwelt in ³also... as-his-brethren did. And-2went aāvī'hā. wa'-yirbū' **b**ēith ha'-yāmīm' wa'-tāmoth her-father. (12) And-3were-multiplied 2the-days the-house-of aēsheth..yĕhūdāh' wa'-yi'nā"hem yĕhūdāh' wa'bath..shūao 4the-daughter-of..5Shuah, 6the-wife-of..7Judah; and-2was-comforted ¹Judah. wĕ-'hīrāh' oal..gōzězēi' tzōanö'w hūa rēoē'hū va'oal hāunto..the-shearers-of and-Hirah his-friend his-sheep, he thewa'-yu'gad' lĕ-thāmār' lēamōr' hi'nēh oădū'lāmī' timnā'thāh. (13) And-it-was-told [to-] Tamar, to-Timnath. saying, Behold, Adullamito, 'hāmī'k' oōleh' thimnā'thāh lā-gōz' tzōanō'w. wa'-tācar' to-shear his-sheep. (14) And-she-put-off thy-father-in-law goeth-up to-Timnath

English Version. 6 whose name was Tamar. 7 wicked in the sight of the Lord. 12 and went up unto his sheep-shearers to Timnath, he and his friend Hirah the Adullamite.

[&]quot;yi'bem is a denominative from yāvām', a levir, or husband's brother, and signifies, to perform the duty of a levir or husband's brother, by marrying his wife; and thus differs from baoal, to marry, take a wife, which is also expressed by laqa'h ai'shāh. Among modern eastern nations, this custom, which was certainly anterior to the law of Moses, still prevails; as among the Circassians, (see Olearius, Travels, lib. vii. May 20, 1638. p. 310.), Druses, and Arabians, Volney, Voyage en Syrie, tom, ii. p. 64, Niebuhr, Descript. de l'Arabie, p. 61.

[†] Literally, corrupted, destroyed: compare the use of the synonymous Syriac word 'hval, in 1 Co. vi. 9, where m'havlea is put for the Greek $\mu a \lambda a \kappa o$, effeminate persons, catamites.

aalmenūthāhh' me-oalei'ha wa'-te'kaç' ba'-tzaoīph' wa'bigdēi the-garments-of her-widowhood from-[upon-]her, and-covered-her with-a-veil, * andtithoa'lāph wa'-tēshev bĕ-phé'hath oēina'yim aăsher oal..de're'k in-the-gate-of Enajim, † which is by..the-way wrapped-herself, and-sat timnā'thāh kī rāaăthāh' kī..gādal' shē'lāh wĕ-hiwa lōa..ni'tĕnāh' she-saw that..2was-grown 1Shelah, and-she ²not..¹was-³given yĕhūdāh' wa'-ya'hshĕve'hā $l\bar{o}w$ $l\check{e}$ - $a\dot{i}$ 'shāh. wa'-yirae'hā unto-him to-wife. (15) When-2saw-her ¹Judah, [then-]he-thought-her to be [for-] zōwnāh' kī 'ki'çĕthāh pānei'hā. wa'-yēt' aēlei'hā a-harlot; because she-had-covered her-face. (16) And-he-turned unto-her wa'-y \bar{e} \mathbf{T}' $a\bar{e}$ lei'h \bar{a} de're'k wa'-yō'amer hāvāh..'nā'a aāvō'wa aēla'yi'k kī lōa yāda'o Go-to..I-pray-thee, let-me-come-in unto-thee; (for 2not 1he-knew way, kī 'ka'lāthō'w hiwa. wa'- $t\bar{o}a$ mer mah..ti'ten..lī that 2his-daughter-in-law 1she-was.) And-she-said, What..wilt-thou-give..[to-]me, that wa'-yō'amer aānō'kī' aăsha'la'h' thāvō'wa aēlāi'. thou-mayest-come-in unto-me? (17) And-he-said, will-send-thee a-kid-of.. min..ha'-tzōan. wa'-tōamer aim..ti'tēn oērāvōwn' oi'zīm' And-she-said, — Wilt-thou-give me the-goats from..the-flock. a-pledge, wa'-yō'amer oad..shol'hé'kā. māh hā-oērāvown' aăsher till..thou-send it? (18) And-he-said, What [is the-]pledge [that] ae'ten..lā'k. 'hōthāmĕ'kā' wa'-tōamer ū-phěthīle kā shall-I-give..[to-]thee? And-she-said, Thy-signet,‡ and-thy-bracelets,\$ wa'-yi'ten..lāhh' wa'-yāvō'a ū-ma'тĕ'kā' aăsher bě-yādé kā. in-thine-hand. And-he-gave-it..[to-]her, and-came-in and-thy-staff that is $a\bar{e}lei'h\bar{a}$ wa'-ta'har $l\bar{o}w$. wa'-tā'qom wa'-tēle'k wa'-tāçor unto-her; and-she-conceived by-him. (19) And-she-arose, and-went-away, and-laid-by mē-oālei'hā wa'-tilbash' bigdēi tzěoīphāhh' aalměnūthāhh'. from-[upon-]her, and-put-on the-garments-of her-widowhood. wa'-yishla'h' yĕhūdāh' aeth..gĕdī (20) And-2sent 'Judah — the-kid-of hā-oi'zīm' bě-vad rēoē'hū

English Version. 14 and she put her widow's garments off from her—and sat in an open place, marg. the door of eyes, or of Enajim. 20 and Judah sent the kid by the hand of his friend.

the-goats

by-the-hand-of

his-friend

^{*} Probably the double veil, (see on chap. xxiv. 65.); and thus distinguished from maçweh and lowr, a covering, veil, which is also expressed by keçûth oëina'yim, a "covering for the eyes;" tza'māh, a veil, probably a thin transparent veil, Cant. iv. 1. Isa. xlvii. 2, where it is rendered locks: rādīd', rendered veil, Cant. v. 7. Isa. iii. 23, denotes a large thin upper garment worn by women, and thrown over their clothes when they go out; and mirpá hath, also rendered veil, Ru. iii. 15. Isa. iii. 22, is probably a wide loose garment

[†] So Lxx. πρὸς τᾶις πύλαις Αίνὰν: compare ver. 21, and Josh. xv. 34.

[‡] Properly a seal-ring, which we learn from Jer. xxii. 24. was, occasionally at least,

[§] Rather, (as pathil' denotes a thread, string, Num. xix. 15. Jud. xvi. 9.) the cord, ribbon, or collar, from which the seal-ring was suspended, as the Arabs still wear it. So Lxx. δρμίσκον, and Aquila and Symmachus, σρέπτον. The usual word for a bracelet is tzāmīd', ch. xxiv. 22, 47.

lā-qá'hath hā-oērāvown' mi'-yad' hā-ai'shāh' to-receive his [the-]pledge from-the-hand-of the-woman: hā-oădu'lāmī' the-Adullamite, netzāaāhh'. wa'-yishaal' aeth..aanshēi meqomāhh' he-found-her. (21) Then-he-asked — the-men-of that [her-]place, wĕ-lōa mĕtzāaāhh'. měgomāhh' but-2not lēamor' aa'yēh' ha'-qĕdēshāh' hiwa vā-oēina'yim oal..ha'-dāre'k. the-harlot * that was Where in-Enajim, by..the-way-side? saying, wa'-voamĕrū' loa..hāyĕthāh' vā-zeh' qĕdēshāh'. wa'-yā'shāv ²No.. there-was 4in-this-place And-they-said, 3harlot. (22) And-he-returned ael..yĕhūdāh' wa'-yō'amer lōa mĕtzāthī'hā wĕ-gam aanshēi ha'-to..Judah, and-said, 2Not 1I-can-3find-her; and-also the-men-of themāqōwm' aāmĕrū' lōa..hāyĕthāh' vā-zeh' gĕdēshāh'. wa'that 2no.. there-was 4in-this-place 3harlot. said, (23) Andyō'amer yĕhūdāh' pen nihěyeh' lā-vūz' hi'nēh ti'qa'h..lāhh 'Judah, Let-her-take-it..to-her, lest we-become [for-]a-contempt: behold, shāla'h'tī ha'-gĕdī ha'-zeh' wĕ-aa'tāh lōa mĕtzāathāhh'. [the-]2kid [the-]1this, and-thou 2not 1hast-3found-her. (24) Andkě-mishlosh 'hodashīm' yĕhī wa'-yu'gad' līhūdāh' about-three months after, that-it-was-told [to-]Judah, it-came-to-pass, zāněthāh' tāmār' ka'lāthé'kā wĕ-gam lē*a*mōr' hi'nēh ³Hath-played-the-harlot ¹Tamar ²thy-daughter-in-law; and-also, saying, behold, wa'-yō'amer yĕhūdāh' hōwtzīaū'hā wĕli-znūnīm'. she-is-with-child by-whoredom. Bring-her-forth, and-'Judah, hiwa mūtzēath' we-hīa shāle'hāh' ael..'hāmī'hā thi'sārēph'. let-her-be-burnt. (25) 2She-was 3brought-forth 1when,-4she sent to..her-father-in-law, aăsher..aē'leh low aano'ki' hārāh' lēamōr' lě-aīsh By-the-man, 2whom..3these-belonged 1to-[him], ²I ¹am-³with-child: andsaying, ha'ker..nāa lĕ-mī ha-'hōthe'meth wě-ha'-pěthīlīm' tōamer 3and-[the-]4bracelets, Discern..I-pray-thee, whose ²the-signet, yĕhūdāh' wa'wĕ-ha'-ma'reh' hā-aē''leh. wa'-ya'kēr' [the-]these-are. (26) And-2acknowledged-them ¹Judah. ⁵and-[the-|staff andtzāděgāh' mi'mé'nī kī..oal..kēn' lōa..nětha'tī'hā yō'amer She-hath-been-2righteous 1more-3than-I; because..that 2not... I-gave-her lĕ-shēlāh' věnī. wě-lōa yāçaph' oōwd lě-daotāhh. And-2not to-Shelah my-son.t again (27) Andto-know-her. bě-oēth lidtāhh wě-hi'nēh thěaōwmīm' bě-viтnāhh. wait-came-to-pass in-the-time-of her-travail, that-behold, twins were in-her-womb. (28) And-

English Version. 25 by the man whose these are. 27 and he knew her again no more.

Literally, "one consecrated," i. e. by prostitution to the worship of some impure goddess, a common harlot being expressed by zownah', ver. 15. See Strabo, lib. viii. Herodotus, lib. i. 150, "Comprehensive Bible" in loco, and Parkhurst in qadash.

[†] In the East-Indies, among the Garrows, in failure of brothers, widows may lawfully marry the father; and it is not improbable that Tamar, in this instance, only acted according to custom. See Asiatic Researches, vol. iii. p. 35 the note in "The Comprehensive Bible," and Fragments to Calmet, nos. 83, 125.

wa'-yiten..yād' wa'-ti'qa'h' věhī vé-lidtāhh hait-came-to-pass, when-she-travailed, that-the-one-put-out..his-hand: and-2took měya'le'deth wa'-tiqshōr oal..yādō'w shānī' lēamōr' zeh yātzā'a and-bound upon. his-hand a-scarlet-thread, saying, This came-out midwife kĕ-mēshīv' $v\bar{a}d\bar{o}'w$ wě-hi'nēh riashonāh'. wa-yĕhī (29) And-it-came-to-pass, as-he-drew-back his-hand, that-behold. first. mah..pāratz'tā aā'hīf' oāleí'kā yātzā'a wa'-tōamer ²came-out ¹his-brother: ²upon-thee and-she-said, How..hast-thou-broken-forth? phāretz wa'-yiqrā'a shēmow this-breach-be: therefore-one-called his-name wĕ-aa'har' yātzā'a shěmow paretz. wě-aa'har' yatza'a his-name Pharez.* (30) And-afterward came-out aā'hīf' aăsher $oal..y\bar{a}d\bar{o}'w$ ha'-sh $\bar{a}n\bar{i}'$ wa'-yiqrā'a shem $\bar{o}w$ that had ²upon.. ³his-hand ¹the-scarlet-thread: and-one-called his-name zāra'h. Zarah.t

CHAP. XXXIX.

Wĕ-yōwçēph' hūrad' mitzrā'yĕmāh wa'-yiqnē'hū pōwtīphar' (1) And-Joseph was-brought-down to-Egypt; and-7bought-him ¹Potiphar. paroōh sar ha'-та'bā'hīm' aīsh mitzrī mi'-yad' ha'-²an-officer-of ³Pharaoh, ⁴captain-of ⁵the-guard, [a-man] ⁶an-Egyptian, of-the-hand-of theyishmĕoēalīm' aăsher hōwridu'hū shā'māh. wa-yĕhī yĕhōwāh' who had-brought-him-down thither. (2) And-2was aeth..yowçeph' wa-yehi aish matzlia'h wa-yehi be-veith aadonaif' and-he-was a-2man 1 prosperous; and-he-was in-the-house-of his-master wa'-yar'a aădōnāif' kī yĕhōwāh' ai'tōwha'-mitzrī'. the-Egyptian. (3) And-2saw ¹his-master that Jehovah was with-him, and-that-³all aăsher..hūa oōseh' yĕhōwāh' matzlīa'h bĕ-yādō'w. wa'-yimtzā'a ¹Jehovah ²made-⁷to-prosper in-his-hand. (4) And-2found yōwçēph' 'hēn bē-oēināif' wa-yĕshāreth aōthō'w wa'-yaphqidē'hū and-he-servedJoseph him: and-he-made-him-overseer favour in-his-eyes,‡ oal..bēithō'w wĕ-'kol..yesh..lōw nāthan' bĕ-yādō'w. wa-yehī over..his-house, and-all..that \(\)-was..his he-put into-his-hand. (5) And-it-came-to-pass aōthō'w bĕ-vēithō'w wĕ-oal kol..aăsher' hiphqid from-the-time that he-had-made-2 overseer 1 him in-his-house, and-over

§ The Samaritan supplies ašsher, "that:" so Lxx. and Vulgate, πάντα ὅσα ἦν αὐτῷ,

universa quæ ei.

English Version. 29 therefore his name was called. 30 and his name was called. Chap. xxxix. 4 found grace in his sight—and all that he had he put into his hand. 5 all that he had.

^{*} That is, "a breach." † That is, "a rising," or "breaking forth." † The Samaritan has, bĕ-oēinēi' aădōnāif', "in the eyes of his master;" agreeably to the Lxx. and Vulgate, κὶ, εὐρεν Ἰωσὴφ χάριν ἐναντίον τοῦ κυρίε αὐτοῦ, invenitque Joseph gratiam coram domino suo.

yesh..low wa-yevare'k yehowah' aeth..beith ha'-mitzrī bi-glal ¹Jehovah - the-house-of the-Egyptian for-the-sake-of that-2blessed was..his. yōwçēph' wa-yĕhī birkath' yĕhōwāh' bĕ-'kol..aăsher yesh..lōw ba'-Joseph; and-3was 1the-blessing-of 2 Jehovah ba'yith ū-va'-sādeh'. wa'-yaoazov' kol..aasher..low be-yad yowçeph' the-house, and-in-the-field. (6) And-he-left all..that-was..his in-the-hand-of Joseph; ai'tōw měaū'māh kī-aim..ha'-lé'hem aasher..hūa wĕ-lōa..yāda'o save..the-bread which..he and-2not..1he-knew 2that-was-with-him 1any-thing, wa-yĕhī yōwçēph' yĕphēh thōaar wīphēh' $a\bar{o}w'k\bar{e}l'$ ¹Joseph beautiful-of form, and-beautiful-of countenance. did-eat. aa'har' ha'-devarīm' ha-ae''leh wa'-ti'sāa aesheth... wa-věhī [the-]2things [the-]1these, that-3cast 1the-wife-of.. (7) And-it-came-to-pass after aădonāif' aeth..oēinei'hā ael..yowçeph' wa'-toamer shi'kvāh oi'mī. upon...Joseph; and-she-said, ²his-master - her-eyes with-me. wa-yemāaen' wa'-yo'amer ael..aesheth aadonaif' hen aadoni' loa... and-said unto..the-wife-of his-master, Behold, my-master 2not.. yāda'o ai'tī mah..ba'-bāyith wĕ-'kōl aăsher..yesh..lōw nāthan' bĕ-1knoweth 2with-me 1what-is..3in-the-house, and-2all 3that..4is..5his 1he-hath-committed toaēinė'nū gādowl' ba'-ba'yith ha'-zeh' mi'me'nī wĕ-loa... my-hand: (9) there-is none greater in-2house [the-]¹this than-I; mi'mé'nī měaū'māh kī-aim..aōwthā'k' ba-aäsher' hath-he-kept-back ²from-me lany-thing but..thee, aa't..aishtōw wĕ-aēi'k aeoĕseh' hā-rāoāh' ha'-gĕdōlāh' ha'-zōath thou-art..his-wife: 2then-1how can-I-do [the-]3wickedness [the-]2great [the-]'this, we-'hātā'athī lē-alōhīm'. kĕ-da'bĕrāhh wa-yěhī ael.. against-God? (10) And-it-came-to-pass, as-she-spake and-sin yōwçēph' yōwm yōwm wĕ-loa..shāma'o aēlei'hā li-shkav' aetzlāhh day by day, that-2not..1he-hearkened unto-her, to-lie kĕ-ha'-yōwm' ha'-zeh' wa'li-heyowth oi'mahh. wa-yěhì with-her. (11) And-it-came-to-pass about-[the-]2time [the-]1this, thator to-be yāv $\ddot{o}'a$ [y $\ddot{o}w$ ç \ddot{e} ph'] ha'-bā'y \ddot{e} thāh la-o \ddot{a} s $\ddot{o}w$ th m \ddot{e} laa'kt $\ddot{o}w$ w \ddot{e} - $a\ddot{e}$ in ['Joseph] † 4the-5house-3into his-business; and-there-was-no to-do aīsh mē-aanshēi' ha'-ba'yith shām ba-bāyith. wa'-tithpěsē'hū with-in. ‡ (12) And-she-caught-him of-the-men-of the-house there bě-vigdow leamor shi kvah oi mi wa'-yao azov bigdow bě-yadahh with-me: and-he-left his-garment in-her-hand, by-his-garment, saying, Lie

English Version. 5 upon all that he had. 6 all that he had—and he knew not ought he had—and Joseph was a goodly person, and well-favoured. 8 my master wotteth not what is with me—all that he hath. 11 and there was none of the men of the house.

^{*} Or, "near (or by the side of) her."

[†] So the Samaritan, Septuagint, and Vulgate read.

[‡] Literally, " in the house," opposed to hā-hū'tzāh, " without."

wa'-yā'noç wa'-yētzē'a ha-'hū'tzāh. wa-yĕhī ki-raōwthāhh' out.* (13) And-it-came-to-pass, when-she-saw and-got-him and-fled, kī..oāzav' bigdōw bĕ-yādāhh' wa'-yānoç ha-'hū'tzāh wa'-tiqrāa that..he-had-left his-garment in-her-hand, and-was-fled forth, (14) that-she-called vēithāhh' wa'-tōamer lāhem' lēamōr' rĕaū l**ĕ-***a*anshēi unto-the-men-of her-house, and-spake unto-them, saying, See, he-hath-brought-in aīsh oivrī lĕ-tzá'heq bā'nū bāa aēlai' li-shkav' oi'mī ²unto-us [a-man] ¹a-Hebrew to-mock ¹[at-]us: he-came-in unto-me to-lie wā-aeqrā'a bĕ-qōwl gādōwl' wa-yĕhī 'kĕ-shōmoōw kī.. and-I-cried with-a-2voice great: (15) and..it-came-to-pass, when-he-heard that.. hărīmō'thī qōwlī' wā-aeqrā'a wa'-yaoăzōv' bīgdō'w aetzlī I-lifted-up my-voice and-cried, that-he-left his-garment with-me, yā'noç wa'-yētzē'a ha-'hū'tzāh. wa'-ta'na'h' bi $\operatorname{gd}\bar{\operatorname{o}}w$ aetzl $\bar{\operatorname{a}}$ hh out. (16) And-she-laid-up his-garment and-got-him oad..bōwa aădōnāif' ael..bēithō'w. wa'-tĕda'bēr aēlāif' until..2came ¹his-lord to..his-house. (17) And-she-spake unto-him according-to děvārīm' hā-aē''leh lēamōr' $b\bar{a}a$ aēlai' hā-oe'ved hā-oivrī' [the-]these, saying, Came-in sunto-me the-servant [the-]2Hebrew, aăsher..hēvē'athā 'lā'nū lĕ-tzá'heq bī wa-yĕhī 4whom..5thou-hast-brought 6unto-us, 9to-mock [at-]me: (18) and-it-came-to-pass, ashărīmī' qōwlī' wā-aeqrā'a wa'-yaoazōv' bigdōw aetzlī wa'-yā'noç that-he-left his-garment with-me, I-lifted-up my-voice, and-cried, aădonāif' wa-yĕhī 'ki-shmōao ha-'hū'tzāh. (19) And-it-came-to-pass, when-2heard ¹his-master - the-words-of aishtow aasher di'berah aelaif' leamor' ka'-devarim' ha-ae''leh she-spake unto-him, saying, According-to-2things [the-]these which aa'p $\bar{0}w$. wa'-yi'qa'h' oā'sāh lī oavdé'kā wa'-yí'har *a*ădōnēi' ²to-me ¹thy-servant, that-²was-kindled ¹his-wrath. (20) And-³took 1the-master-of yōwçēph' aōthō'w wa'-yi'tĕnē'hū ael..bēith ha'-çōhar and-put-him into..2house-of 1the-3confinement, † the-place aăsher..aăsīrēi' ha'-me'le'k aăsūrīm' wa-yehī..shām' be-veith ha'in-which...the-prisoners-of the-king were bound: and-he-was..there in-2house-of 1theçōhar. wa-yĕhī yĕhōwāh' aeth..yōwçēph' wa'-yēτ' aēlāif' ³confinement. (21) But-²was ¹Jehovah with..Joseph, and-extended ²unto-him 'hāçed wa'-yi'tēn' 'hi'nōw bĕ-oēinēi' sar bēith..ha'-çō'har. ¹kindness, and-gave 'favour-¹him t in-the-eyes-of the-chief-of 'house-of..¹the-3confinement.

English Version. 16 until his lord came home. 19 saying, After this manner did thy servant. 20 put him into the prison, a place where the king's prisoners were bound: and he was there in the prison. 21 in the sight of the keeper of the prison.

^{*} Literally, " to the outside," i. e. of the house; into the street, fields, &c.

[†] From çāhar, i. q. çā'har, to surround, close in, munivit; whence a castle, fortress, tower, as the Syriac ç'horthoa, munimentum, arx, turris, palatium. The Samaritan text has ca'har, probably by way of explanation. Others, "the round house," from the form of the building: or, "the watch (or guard) house," from the Arabic saha'ra, to watch, guard.

‡ For wa'-yi'tēn' low 'hēn.

wa'-vi'tēn' bēith..ha'-çō'har sar bě-vad..vowceph' (22) And-5committed 1the-chief-of 3house-of..2the-4confinement into..the-hand-of..Joseph kol..hā-aăsīrim' aăsher bě-vēith ha'-çōhar wĕ-aēth all..the-prisoners that were in-2house-of 1the-3confinement; kol..aăsher oosīm' shām hūa hāyāh' ooseh'. aēin sar whatsoever they-did * there, he was the-doer of-it. (23) 6Not 1the-chief-of bēith..ha'-çō'har rōaeh' aeth..kol..mĕaū'māh bě-vādo'w 3house-of..2the-4confinement 5looked to..any..thing that was under-his-hand; ba-aăsher' yĕhōwāh' yĕhōwāh' ai't $\bar{\mathbf{o}}$ \boldsymbol{w} wa-aăsher..hūa oōseh' because Jehovah was with-him, and-that-which †..he did, matzlīa'h. made-it-to-prosper.

CHAP. XL.

Wa-yĕhī aa'har' ha'-devarīm' ha-ae''leh ˈhāτĕaū' (1) And-it-came-to-pass after [the-]2things [the-]1these, that 5had-offended mashqeh mele'k..mitzra'yim we-ha-aopheh' la-aadoneihem' 1the-butler +-of 2the-king-of..3Egypt, 4and-his-[the-]baker [against-]their-lord [against-] parooh oal shenei çarıçaif' mitzrāyim. wa'-yiqtzōph' me'le'k Pharaoh against two-of his-officers, the-king-of (2) And-2was-wroth Egypt. ha'-mashqim we-oal hā-aōwphīm'. wa'sar sar against the-chief-of the butlers, and against the chief-of the bakers. (3) Andbě-mishmar' ha'-та'bā'hīm' vi'tēn' aōthām' beith sar he-put in-the-house-of the-captain-of in-ward the-guard, ha'-çōhar měqōwm aăsher yōwçēph' aāçūr' shām. into..2house-of 1the-3confinement, the-place in-which Joseph was confined § [there.] ha'-та'bā'hīm' aeth..yōwçēph' ai'tām' wa'-yiphqod sar (4) And-3charged | 1the-captain-of with-them, ²the-guard Joseph wa-yëshāreth aothām' wa'-yiheyū' yāmīm' be-mishmār. wa'and-they-continued a-season ¶ in-ward. and-he-served (5) And-

English Version. 22 And the keeper of the prison committed to Joseph's hand all the prisoners that were in the prison. 23 the keeper of the prison looked not. Chap. xl. 3 into the prison, the place where Joseph was bound.

More literally, "all that they were doing."

t The Samaritan and three MSS. have we-'kol..aasher', " and all that," agreeably to the Vulgate, et omnia opera.

‡ Rather, "cup-bearer," the saqī of the Orientals.

[&]amp; Joseph, it would appear, had his personal liberty, (see ver. 3, 6, and ch. xxxix. 22, 23.); and therefore ançar, which is properly to bind, must here denote to confine, imprison, without binding: compare chap. xlii. 16. 2 Kings xvii. 4. xxiii. 33.

^{||} Or, " placed over:" see chap. xxxix. 5. ¶ Literally days, that is, some days or time, like shanim, some years.

ya'halmū' 'hălōwm shĕnēihem' $a\bar{i}sh$ 'hălōmō'w bě-la'yělāh they-dreamed a-dream both-of-them, each-man his-dream in. 2night 'hălōmō'w kě-phithrōwn ae'hād $a\bar{i}sh$ ha'-mashqeh' each-man according-to-the-interpretation-of his-dream, the-butler, lone, wě-hā-aōpheh' aăsher lĕ-me'le'k mitzra'yim *a*ăsher and-the-baker that belonged to-the-king-of Egypt, which were aăçūrīm' bě-vēith ha'-çōhar. wa'-yāvō'aaălēihem' in-2house-of (6) And-2came-in bound 1the-3confinement. ³unto-them wa'-yar'a aōthām' wĕ-hi'nām yōwçēph' ba'-boqer zōoaphīm'. in-the-morning, and-looked-upon them, and,-behold,-they were pharoōh aăsher wa'-yishaal' aeth..çĕrīçēi' ai'tōw vĕ-— the-officers-of (7) And-he-asked Pharaoh were with-him that in-thema'dūao pĕnēi'kem' rāoīm' mishmar' bēith..aădonāif' $l\bar{\mathrm{e}}a\mathrm{m}\bar{\mathrm{o}}\mathrm{r}'$ ward-of the-house-of..his-lord, Wherefore are-your-faces saying, ha'-y $\bar{\mathbf{o}}$ wm'. wa'-yōamĕrū' aēlāif' 'hălōwm 'hālam'nū ū-²A-dream ¹we-have-dreamed, and-(8) And-they-said to-day? unto-him, phother' wa'-yō'amer aēin $a\bar{\text{o}}$ th $\bar{\text{o}}'w$. aălēhem' yōwçēph' ³unto-them And-2said 1there-is-no of-it. ¹Joseph, hă-lōwa lē-alōhīm' pithrōnīm'. ça'pĕrū..nā'a lī. wa
— Do-not ²belong-to-God ¹interpretations? tell..²I-pray-you, [to-]¹me-them. (9) Andwa'aeth..'halomo'w le-yowçeph' sar..ha'-mashqīm 1the-chief-of..2the-butlers his-dream to-Joseph, andyō'amer lōw ba-'hǎlōwmī' wĕ-hi'nēh ge'phen lĕphānāi' ūto-him, In-my-dream, [and-]behold, a-vine was before-me; (10) andsārīgim' shěloshah' wě-hi*wa* 'kĕ-phōrá'hath va'-ge'phen in-the-vine branches *: and-it-was as-though-it-budded, three were aashkělothei'hā oālěthāh' ni'tzāhh hivshī'lū oănāvīm' and-2shot-forth 1her-blossoms; and-2brought-forth-ripe 1the-clusters-thereof ³grapes: parooh bě-yadī' wā-ae'qa'h' aeth..hā-oănāvīm' wā-(11) and-the-cup-of Pharaoh was in-my-hand; and-I-took paroōh wā-ae'tēn' aeth..ha'-kōwç aes'hat' aöthām' ael..k $\bar{\mathrm{o}}w$ ç pressed t them into..the-cup-of Pharaoh, and-I-gave the-cup oal..kaph' paroōh. wa'-yō'amer lowyōwçēph' zeh into..the-hand-of Pharaoh. ³unto-him ¹Joseph, This is (12) And-2said yāmīm' shělosheth shělosheth hēm ha'-sarigim 1the-3branches the-interpretation-of-it: ²Three 6days 5three 4are:

English Version. 5 baker of the king of Egypt, which were bound in the prison. 7 Wherefore look ye so sadly to-day? marg. are your faces evil? 9 and the chief butler told.

^{*} Properly, flexible branches or shoots, as of a vine or fig-tree, from sarag, to interweave: so Vulgate, propagines, and Montanus more accurately, rami plicatiles, "pliable branches." t So the Chaldee çë hat, to press, press out: in Arabic sa hata, among other significations, is to dilute wine with water.

bě-oōwd shělosheth yāmim' yi'sā'a pharoōh aeth..rōashé'kā (13) 2within-1yet three days shall-2lift-up 1Pharaoh — thy-head, wa-hăshīve'kā' oal..ka'né'kā wĕ-nātha'tā' 'kōwç..paroōh' and-restore-thee unto..thy-place: and-thou-shall-deliver the-cup-of..Pharaoh yādo'w ka'-mishpāt hā-riashown' hāyī'thā mashqē'hū. *a*ăsher after-2manner 1the-former when thou-wast his-butler. ai'tĕ'kā ka-aăsher' kī-aim..zĕ'karta'nī lā'k yīTav wě-(14) But..remember-me [with-thee *] when it-shall-be-well with-thee, andoāsīthā..'nā'a oi'mādī' 'hāced wě-hizkarta'nī ael..paroōh 3unto-me 1kindness +; and-make-mention-of-mc unto.. Pharaoh, shew..2I-pray-thee, wĕ-hōwtzēatha'nī min..ha'-ba'yith ha'-zeh' kī..gu'nov [the-]1this: and bring-me-out of..[the-]2house (15) for .. stolen gu'nav'tī mē-ae'retz hā-oivrīm' wĕ-gam..pōh lōa..oāsī'thī I-was-stolen-away out-of-the-land-of the-Hebrews; and-2also..¹here 4no..3have-I-done měaū'māh kī..sāmū' aothī' wa'-yar'a $ba'-b\bar{o}wr$. 5thing that..they-should-put me into-the--dungeon. (16) When-3saw pāthār' wa'-yō'amēr ael..yōwçēph' sar..hā-aōphīm' kī..tōwv' 1the-chief-of..2the-bakers that..2good 1the-interpretation-was, [then-]he-said unto..Joseph, aaph..aănī ba-'hălōwmī' wĕ-hi'nēh shĕlōshāh' ça'lēi ²Also..¹I in-my-dream, and-behold, I-had three was baskets-of 'hōrī' ū-va'-çal' oal..rōashī' hā-oelyōwn' white-bread \ on..my-head: (17) and-in-2 basket 1 the-uppermost there-was kõl maaă'kal' maoăsēh paroōh aopheh' we-ha-oowph' for Pharaoh, kinds-of the-work-of a-baker; and-the-birds food min..ha'-çal' mē-oal' *a*ōʻkēl′ aotham' rōashī'. wa'-ya'oan did-eat out-of..the-basket [from-]upon my-head. (18) And-2answered them yōwçēph' wa'-yō'amer zeh pithr $ar{ ext{o}}$ n $ar{ ext{o}}'w$ shĕlōsheth ha'-²Three and-said, This is the-interpretation-thereof: 1thebě-oōwd shělosheth yāmīm' ça'līm shĕlōsheth yāmīm' hēm ³baskets (19) ²within-¹yet three ⁶days 4are: mē-oāleí'kā yi'sāa pharooh aeth..rōashĕ'kā' wĕ-thālāh' shall-2lift-up ¹Pharaoh from-off-thee, thy-head and-shall-hang

'hori, signifies a kind of pastry: and so Saadias, Maur. Jonathan, and the Syriac render. The Lxx. has κανᾶ χονδριτῶν, and Vulgate canistra farina, "baskets of meal;" Aquila, κανᾶ γύρεως, "baskets of fine flour;" but according to Onkelos and Rashi, "baskets of wicker-work;" and so Symmachus, κανᾶ Βαϊνὰ, "baskets made of palm-branches."

English Version. 15 for indeed I was stolen away. 16 the chief baker saw—I had three white baskets, marg. or full of holes. 17 all manner of bake-meats for Pharaoh, marg. meat of Pharaoh, the work of a baker, or, cook.

^{*} That is, probably, "with thy favour or assistance;" and so perhaps we may explain aeth..yehowah', in chap. iv. 1, "with the aid of Jehovah" Deo juvante.

† Literally, "act with kindness."

[†] Literally, a pit or cistern; which when empty, was frequently employed as a place of confinement; see Jer. xxxvii. 16, xxxviii. 6, &c. Zec. ix. ii.

[§] In Arabic 'ha'warī denotes white bread; and in the Mishnah, Edayoth, cap. iii. 10,

aõwthĕ'kā' wě-aā'kal' oal...oētz hā-oōwph' aeth..bĕsārĕ'kā' thee and-2shall-eat the-birds on..a-tree; thy-flesh ba'-yōwm' mē-oāleí'kā. wa-yěhī ha'-shĕlīshī' (20) And-it-came-to-pass from-off-thee. [on-]2day 1the-third, which-was hu'le'deth aeth..paroōh wa'-ya'oas mishteh' lĕ-'kol.. vowm the^{-2} day[-of-the] ¹birth *-³of that-he-made - Pharoah, a-feast unto-all.. oavadaif' wa'-yi'saa aeth..roash sar ha'-mashqim we-aeth... his-servants: and-he-lifted-up — the-head-of the-chief-of the-butlers, sar hā-aōphīm' bĕ-thō'k oavadāif'. wa'-yā'shev the-head-of the-chief-of the-bakers in-the-midst-of his-servants. (21) And-he-restored ha'-mashqīm oal..mashqē'hū wa'-yi'tēn' ha'-kōwç oal.. — the-chief-of the-butlers unto..his-butlership; and-he-gave the-cup paroōh $\mathbf{w}\check{\mathbf{e}}$ - $a\tilde{\mathbf{e}}\mathbf{t}\mathbf{h}$ sar hā-aōphīm' tālāh' the-hand-of Pharoah: (22) but — the-chief-of the-bakers he-hanged; lāhem' yōwçēph'. wĕ-lōa..zā'kar' sar..ha'-mashqīm had-interpreted 3to-them Joseph. (23) Yet-2not.. did-5remember 3the-chief-of.. 4the-butlers aeth..yōwçēph' wa'-yishkā'hē'hū. Joseph, but-forgat-him.

CHAP. XLI.

Wa-yĕhī shenātha'yim yāmīm' ū-pharooh' mi'-qētz (1) And-it-came-to-pass, at-the-end-of that-Pharaoh two-years-of days, 'hōlēm' wĕ-hi'nēh oōmēd' oal..ha-yĕaōr. $\,\,$ wĕ-hi'nēh $\,$ min..ha-yĕaōr dreamed; and-behold, he-stood by..the-river. (2) And-behold, 2out-of..3the-river pārōwth' yĕphōwth oōlōth' maraeh' ū-věrī*a*ōth′ she'vao fine-lof 1there-came-up kine. appearance and-fat-of seven she'vao pārōwth' bāsār' wa'-tiroei'nāh bā-aā"hū. wĕ-hi'nēh and-they-fed among-the-reeds. † (3) And-behold seven maraeh' aă'hērōwth' oōlōwth' aa'hărēihen' min..ha-yěaōr rāoōwth' 1other ²ill-¹of after-them out-of..the-river, appearance came-up

English Version. 20 the head of the chief butler and of the chief baker among his servants. 21 the chief butler unto his butlership again. 22 but he hanged the chief baker. 23 yet did not the chief butler. Chap. xli. 1 at the end of two full years. 2 seven well-favoured kine, and fat fleshed; and they fed in a meadow. 3 ill-favoured.

^{*} Literally, "a being born," being the infinitive of Hophoal, of the verb yalad, to be born, to beget.

[†] This word, like yĕaōr, (see note on chap. xxxii. 23.) is of Egyptian origin, and is preserved in the Greek of the Lxx. and of Sirach, (Ecclus. xl. 16), in the forms "Axel," Axel In Coptic, with the article, it is piachi, (see Woidii Lex. Copt. p. 10, 53,) and signifies reeds or grass, growing in marshy land, and forming pasture for cattle. Jerome (on Isa. xix. 7,) says, Quum ab eruditis quærerem, quid "Axel significaret, audivi, ab Ægyptiis hoc nomine linguæ eorum omne quod in palude virens nascitur significari. See also Jablonskii Opusc. ed. Te Water, T. i. p. 45. T. ii. p. 160.

wĕ-da'qöwth bāsār' wa'-tāoămō'dĕnāh aētzel ha'-pārōwth' and-stood and-lean-of flesh, the-other-kine by upon.. sĕpliath' ha-yĕaōr. wa'-tōa'kal'nāh ha'-pārōwth' rāoōwth' ha'the-river. (4) And-7did-eat-up 1the-kine maraeh' wĕ-da'qōth ha'-bāsār' aēth she'vao ha'-pārōwth' yĕphōth *appearance, sand-lean-of [the-]6flesh, -- ²seven ha'-maraeh' we-ha'-bĕrīaoth'. wa'-yīqatz' parooh. wa'-yīshān' [the-]appearance, and-[the-]fat-of flesh.* So-2awoke Pharaoh. (5) And-he-slept shēnīth' we-hi'neh she'vao shi'bölīm oolowth' wa'-ya'hălōm' the-second-time: and-behold, and-dreamed seven ears-of-corn came-up bĕ-qāneh' ae'hād bĕrīaōwth' wĕ-тōvōth'. wě-hi'nēh she'vao upon⁻²stalk, lone, rank and-good. (6) And-behold, shi'bŏlīm da'qōwth ū-shĕdūphōth' qādīm' tzōmě'hōwth' and-blasted with the-east-wind, 1thin, wa'-tivla'onāh [she'vao | ha'-shi'bŏlīm ha'-da'qōwth ua'hărēihen'. (7) And-5devoured [2seven †] the-4ears after-them. aeth..she'vao ha'-shi'bŏlīm ha'-bĕrīaōwth' wĕ-ha'-mĕlēaōwth'. 1the-5ears [the-]³rank 4and-[the-]full. wa'-yīqatz' paroōh wĕ-hi'nēh 'hălōwm. wa-yĕhī Pharaoh, and-behold, it-was a-dream. (8) And-it-came-to-pass in-And-2awoke wa'-ti'pāoem $r\bar{u}'h\bar{o}'w$ wa'-yishla'h' wa'-yiq $r\bar{a}'a$ aeth.. böger the-morning, that-2was-troubled ¹his-spirit; and-he-sent kol..'hartu'mēi mitzra'yim wĕ-aeth..kol..'hă'kāmei'hā wa-yĕça'pēr Egypt, and — all..the-wise-men \(\)-thereof: all..the-magicians ‡-of and-²told paroōh lāhem' aeth..'hălōmō'w wĕ-aēin..pōwthēr' aotham' Pharaoli [to-]them — his-dream; but-there-was-none..that-could-interpret

English Version. 3 and lean-fleshed. 4 and the ill-favoured and lean-fleshed kine did eat up the seven well-favoured and fat kine.

Arabian 'hakims.

^{*} So Lxx. adds ταῖς σαρξί.

[†] So one MS. (129 of Kennicott) reads; with which the Lxx. and our translators agree.
† Or, diviners, or persons skilled in hieroglyphics. The Lxx. have rendered the word variously,—\(\lambde{\pi}\gamma\eta\eta\eta\righta\eta\interpreters\) or explainers of somewhat secret, \(\lambde{\pi}\alpha\alpha\infti\eta\inter\infti\eta\righta\eta\inter\infti\eta\inter\infti\eta\eta\inter\infti\eta\inter\infti\eta\infti\et

ha'-mashqim aeth..parooh lě-pharoōh. wa-yĕda'bēr sar unto-Pharaoh. (9) Then-spake the-chief-of the-butlers unto..Pharaoh, lēamor aeth. hatāaai aan mazkīr ha'-yowm' parooh qatzaph' - 3My-faults ¹I ²do-remember this-day: (10) Pharaoh was-wroth oal..oavadaif' wa'-yi'ten aothi' be-mishmar' beith with..his-servants, and-put me in-the-house-of the-captain-of in-ward ha'-та'bā'hīm' aothi' we-aeth sar hā-aōphīm' wa'the-guard, bothme and the-chief-of the-bakers: (11) and- ${
m `hreve{a}lar{o}wm}$ bĕ-la'yĕlāh na'halmāh ae'hād aănī $w\bar{a}-h\bar{u}'a$ $a\bar{i}sh$ in-2night we-dreamed a-dream lone, Ι and-he; 2each-man kě-phithrown 'hălōmō'w 'hālām'nū. wĕ-shām ³according-to-the-interpretation-of ⁴his-dream ¹we-dreamed. (12) And-there-was-there na'oar oivrī oe'ved lĕ-sar ha'-тa'bā'hīm' wa'a-young-man, a-Hebrew, servant to-the-captain-of the-guard; with-us něça'pēr..lō'w wa'-yiphtor..la'nū aeth..'hălōmōthēi'nū $a\bar{i}sh$ we-told..[them to-]him, and-he-interpreted..to-us our-dreams; to-each-man ka-hălomo'wpāthār'. ka-aăsher' wa-yěhī according-to-his-dream he-did-interpret. (13) And-it-came-to-pass, 'kēn hāyāh' aōthī' hēshīv' pāthar..lā'nū $oal..ka'n\bar{i}$ wě- $a\bar{o}th\bar{o}'w$ he-interpreted..to-us, so it-was; he-restored unto..mine-office, me and-him paroōh ¹Pharaoh wa'-yiqrā'a aeth-yōwçēph' and-called — Joseph, thālāh'. wa'-yishla'h' (14) Then-2sent he-hanged. Joseph, min..ha'..bowr wa-yega'la'h' wa-ye'ha'leph wa-yĕritzu'hū and-they-brought-him-hastily * out-of..the-dungeon: and-he-shaved-himself, and-changed simlöthäif' wa'-yāvõ'a ael..paroöh. wa'-yōamer parooh ael.. ¹Pharaoh unto.. (15) And-2said his-raiment, and-came-in unto..Pharaoh. yōwçēph' 'hălōwm ū-phother' 'hālam'tī aein aōthō'w²A-dream ¹I-have-dreamed, and-²that-can-interpret ¹there-is-none wa-aănī shāma'otī oālei'kā lēamōr' tishma'o ²of-thee 1say, that thou-canst-understand † a-dream have-heard wa'-ya'oan yōwçēph' aeth..paroōh phtor $a\bar{o}th\bar{o}'w$. (16) And-2answered ¹Joseph Pharaoh, saying, It-is interpret parooh. wa-Pharaoh. (17) Andbiloādāi' aĕlōhīm' yaoăneh' aeth..shělōwm shall-give-2an-answer God ³of..peace not-in-me: ‡ ael..yōwçēph' ba-'hălōmī' hinění oōmēd' oal.. yĕda'bēr parooh ^îPharaoh unto...Joseph, In-my-dream, behold,-I

English Version. 9 the chief butler. 10 the chief baker.

^{*} Literally, " caused him to run," that is, fetched him in haste.

[†] Or "when thou hearest a dream thou canst interpret it," more literally, "thou hearest a dream to interpret it."

‡ Literally "not to," non ad, nihil ad, from bal, not, and oad, oadēi, to

§ Or, "God shall answer Pharaoh with peace," or peaceably.

sĕphath' ha-yĕaōr we-hi'neh min..ha-yeaor ooloth' she'vao (18) and-behold, ²out-of..3the-river ¹there-came-up the-bank-of the-river: pārowth' berīaowth' bāsār' wīphoth' toaar wa'-tiroei'nāh bā-aā"hū and-fine-of form; and-they-fed among-the-reeds: flesh shevao..parowth' aa'herowth' oolowth' aa'hareihen' wě-hi'nēh seven..2kine 1other (19) and-behold, came-up da'lowth we-raoowth' toaar meaod we-ra'qowth basar' loa..raai'thi and-2ill-of 3form 1very and-lean-of flesh. 3never..2I-4saw 'kā-hē''nāh bĕ-'kol..ae'retz mitzra'yim lā-rō'ao wa'-tōa'kal'nāh 'such-as[-them] in-all..the-land-of Egypt for-badness: (20) and-4did-eat-up ha'-pārōwth' hā-ra'qōwth' wĕ-hā-rāoōwth' aēth she'vao ha'-pārōwth' 1the-lean ²and-[the-]ill-favoured — ²seven [the-]3kine ha'-bĕrīaōth' wa'-tāvō'anāh hā-riashōnōwth' ael..qirbe'nah [the-]3fat: (21) and-when-they-had-entered into..their-midst, 1the-first ael..qirbe'nah wĕ-lōa $k\bar{\imath}..v\bar{a}'a\bar{u}$ **n**ōwda'o 1it-could-3be-known that..they-had-entered into..their-midst; [then-]2not butka-aăsher' ba'-tĕ'hi'lāh. maraēihen' rao $w\bar{a}$ - $a\bar{q}atz'$. their-appearance was still ill as-[that-it-was] at-the-beginning. So-I-awoke. ba-'hălōmī' wĕ-hi'nēh she'vao shi'bŏlīm wā-aē'rea oōlōth (22) And-I-saw in-my-dream, and-behold, seven came-up bě-qāneh' ae'hād mělēaoth' wě-tovowth'. wĕ-hi'nēh she'vao lone, (23) and-behold, in-2stalk and-good: seven shi'bŏlīm tzĕnumōwth da'qōwth shĕduphōwth qādīm' tzōmĕ'hōwth' withered,* thin, and blasted with-the-east-wind, aa'hărēihem' wa'-tivla'onā ha'-shi'bŏlīm ha'-da'qōth aēth she'vao (24) and-4devoured 1the-3ears [the-]2thin ha'-shi'bŏlīm ha'-tōvōwth' wā-aōmar' ael..ha-'hartu'mīm 1the-4ears and-I-told this unto..the-magicians; but-there-was-[the-]3good: wa'-yō'amer yōwçēph' ael..paroōh 'hălōwm aein ma'gīd lī. none that-could-declare it to-me. (25) And-2said Joseph unto. Pharaoh, The-dream-of parooh ae'had haa aeth aasher ha-aeloham' oōseh' Pharaoh [the-]God she-is-about-to-do shath-shewed ²one 4what lĕ-pharoōh'. she'vao pārōth' ha'-тōvōth' she'vao shānīm' hē''nāh [to-]³Pharaoh. † (26) ²Seven kine 1the-3good ⁶seven 5are; 7years hē''nāh ha'-shi'bŏlīm ha'-Tōvōth' she'vao shānīm' wč-she'vao and-2seven Ithe-4ears [the-]3good 6seven 7years

English Version. 18 fat-fleshed and well-favoured; and they fed in a meadow. 19 very ill-favoured and lean-fleshed. 21 and when they had eaten them up (marg. come to the inward parts of them) it could not be known that they had eaten them up; but they were still ill-favoured.

^{*} Or, small, dry, hard: tzānūm is used in the Talmud in the sense of hard, dry, as bread; and in Rabbinical Hebrew, tzūnāmāa denotes a hard-stone, rock, as do also the Syriac tzunomoa, (Job. xli. 15, for the Hebrew pe'la'h ta'htīth,) and Samaritan tzānāmāh, Deut. viii. 15. xxxii. 13, for the Heb. 'ha'lamīsh.

[†] More literally, " what God is doing he hath shewed Pharaoh."

'hăl $\bar{\mathrm{o}}w$ m ae'hād h $\bar{\mathrm{u}}a$. wĕ-she'vao ha'-pā'r $\bar{\mathrm{o}}w$ th hā-ra'q $\bar{\mathrm{o}}w$ th' wĕ-[the-]3thin the-5kine is. (27) And-2seven ²one the-dream aa'hărēihen' she'vao shānīm' hē''nāh wĕhā-oōlōth' hā-rāoōth' 2seven 3years [the-]ill-favoured, that-came-up after-them, she'vao ha'-shi'bŏlīm hā-rēqōwth' shĕduphōwth ha'-qādīm' yihĕyū with the-east-wind, shall-be [the-]3empty, blasted 1the-4ears she'vao shenei raoav'. hūa ha'-davar' aasher di'bar'tī ael..parooh years-of famine. (28) This is the-thing which I-have-spoken unto.. Pharaoh: aăsher hā-aĕlōhīm' oōseh' heraāh aeth..paroōh. hi'nēh she'vao [the-]God is about-to-do,* he-sheweth unto..Pharaoh. (29) Behold, shānīm' bāaōwth' sāvā'o gādōwl' bĕ-'kol..ae'retz mitzrāyim. come, of 2plenty 1great throughout-all..the-land-of Egypt: (30) andshe'vao shënëi raoav' aa'hareihen' wë-nishka'h' kol... ³years-of ⁴famine ¹after-them; and-³shall-be-forgotten ¹all.. there-shall-arise 2seven wĕ-'ki'lāh hā-rāoāv' aeth..hāha'-sāvā'o bě-ae'retz mitzrāyim and-2shall-consume 1the-famine in-the-land-of Egypt; ²the-plenty we-loa...yi'wada'o ha'-sava'o ba-aa'retz mi'-penei haland: (31) and-3not..2shall-4be-known the-plenty in-the-land, by-reason-of t [the-] rāoāv' ha-hūa aa'hărēi..'kēn' kī..'kāvēd' hūa mĕaōd. ²famine [the-]¹that following: ‡ for. ³grievous ¹it-shall-be ²very. (32) And-for-that hi'shānōwth' ha-'hălōwm ael..paroōh paoămāyim kī unto..Pharaoh twice; it is because 2 is-established ²was-doubled ◊ 1the-dream hā-aĕlōhīm' ū-mĕmahēr' ha'-dāvār' mē-oim' hā-aĕlōhīm' 1the-thing [the-]God, and-2hasteneth [the-]'God by | we-oa'tāh' yere'a pharooh aīsh nāvown' we-'hā'kām' oasotho'w. effect-it. (33) Therefore-1now, let-2look-out Pharaoh a-man discreet wī-shīthē'hū oal..ae'retz mitzrāyim. vaoăseh' pharooh we-(34) Let-2do and-set-him over..the-land-of Egypt. Pharaoh this, andpĕqidīm' oal..hā-aā'retz yaphqēd wĕ-'hi'mēsh let-him-appoint overseers and-take-up-the-fifth-part-of — theover..thc-land, ae'retz mitzra'yim be-she'vao shenei ha'-sava'o. wĕ-yiqbĕtzū land-of in-the-seven years-of [the-]plenty. (35) And-let-them-gather Egypt aeth..kol..aō'kel ha'-shānīm' ha'-Tōvōwth' ha'-bāaōth' hā-aē'leh - all..2food-of 1the-5years [the-]4good 6that-come [the-]3those; wĕ-yitzbĕrū..vār' tá'hath yad..paroōh aō'kel be-oārīm' wĕand-lay-up..corn under the-hand-of.. Pharaoh, 2food 3in-the-cities

English Version. 29 Behold, there come seven years. 33 and God will shortly bring it to pass. 34 in the seven plenteous years.

^{*} Literally, "doing."
† Literally, "from the face of."
† Literally, "after it was so," or, "after that."

More literally, "and because of the doubling of the dream." Or, "with respect to," literally, "from with."

wë-hāyāh' hā-aō"kel lĕ-phi'qādōwn' lā-aā'retz shāmā'rū. lĕlet-them-keep. (36) and-2shall-be 1that-food for-store * to-the-land against-

shěněi hā-rāoāv' aasher tihěyei'nā bě-ae'retz mitzrāyim ³years-of ¹the-⁴famine, which shall-be in-the-land-of Egypt: she'vao

wĕ-lōa..thi'kārēth' hā-aā'retz bā-rāoāv'. wa'-vītav' ha'-dāvār' that-3not..2be-4cut-off the-land through-the-famine. (37) And-2was-good the-thing

bě-oēinēi pharoōh ū-vě-oēinēi kol..oavadāif wa'-yō'amer paroōh in-the-eyes-of Pharaoh, and-in-the-eyes-of all..his-servants. (38) And-2said

'kā-zeh' aīsh aăsher rūa'h aĕlōhīm' ael..oăvādāif' hă-nimtzāa unto..his-servants, - Can-we-find such a one as-this is, a-man 2whom 3the-spirit-of 4God-is

bow. wa'-yo'amer parooh ael..yowçeph' aa'hărei howdī'ao 'in[-him]? (39) And-2said 'l'haraoh unto...Joseph, Forasmuch-as t 2hath-shewed \$\pm\$

aĕlōhīm' aōwthĕkā' aeth..kol..zōath aēin..nāvown' wĕ-'hā'kām' all..this, there-is none..so-discreet 1God

aa'tāh tihĕyeh' oal..bēithī' wĕ-oal..pī"kā kāmō'w'kā yi'shaq' (40) thou shalt-be over..my-house, and [-on].3thy-mouth 2shall-kiss as-thou-art:

kol..oa'mī raq ha'-ki'çēa aegdal' mi'me'kā. wa'-yō'amer 'all..my-people: § only in the-throne will-1-be-greater than-thou. (41) And-2said

parooh ael..yowçeph' reaeh natha'tī aothe'ka' oal kol..ae'retz Pharaoh I-have-set unto..Joseph, See. thee over all.. the-land-of

paroōh aeth.. Ta'baotōw mē-oal' yādō'w mitzrayim. wa'-yā'çar (42) And-2took-off Pharaoh — his-ring from[-upon] his-hand, Egypt.

wa'-yi'tēn' aōthāhh' oal..yad' yōwçēph' wa'-yalbēsh' aōthō'w upon..the-hand-of Joseph, and-arrayed him in and-put

bigdēi..shēsh' wa'-yā'sem revid' ha'-zāhāv' oal..tza'wāarō'w vestures-of..fine-linen, and-put a-2chain-[of the-] gold about..his-neck; (43) and-

aōthō'w bĕ-mirke'veth ha'-mishneh' aăsher..lōw he-made-2to-ride him in-2chariot 1the-second which-belonged..to-him;

wa'-yiqrëau' lephanaif' aavre'k we-nathown' aotho'w oal kol.. before-him, Bow-the-knee: ¶ and-he-made him *ruler* over and-they-cried

English Version. 40 according to thy word shall all my people be ruled, marg. be armed, or, kiss. 43 second chariot which he had.

^{*} More literally, a deposit, or what is laid up; from paqad, to look to, visit, deposit, lay

[†] Or, since, after that.

† Literally, "made known."

† That is, "they shall do thee homage;" which mark of homage, according to some of the Rabbins, was customary among the Indians and Ethiopians. Others render, "at thy command shall all my people arm themselves."

Or, fine white Egyptian cotton, from shush, to be white, in Egyptian shensh; called in later Hebrew butz, byssus, from Arab. badza, to be white. Compare Exod. xxv. i. xxvi. 1. with 2 Chron. ii. 4; and Exod. xxvi. 31. with 2 Chron. iii. 14. Under each of them bad, linen, is sometimes included, (comp. Exod. xxviii. 42, with Exod. xxxix. 28.) the Orientals usually expressing cotton and linen by the same word: compare the Arabic ka'tanon, linen,

linen-cloth, and qutunon, or qutnon, cotton, cotton-cloth.

Regarding aavre'k as a Chaldee form for havre'k, imperative Hiphoal of bara'k, to how the knee, kneel. It is, however, probably of Egyptian origin; and composed of au rek, inclinet se quisque, as Pfeiffer conjectures, or rather, of ape rek, inclinare caput, "bow the head," as De Rossi proposes: see Ign. Rossi Etym. Ægypt. Rom. 1808.

wa'-yō'amer ae'retz mitzrāyim. parooh ael..yowceph'aănī [†]Pharaoh (44) And-2said the-land-of unto...Joseph, Egypt. I am aīsh aeth..yādō'w wĕ-aeth.. pharoōh ū-viloādeí'kā lōa..yārīm' and-without-thee 2no..1shall-4lift-up 3man - his-hand raglow bě-kol..ae'retz mitzrāyim. wa'-yiqrā'a pharoōh shēm.. (45) And-2called Pharaoh the-name-of.. [his-]foot in-all..the-land-of yōwçēph' Joseph tzāphěnath'-paonēa'h' wa'-yi'ten..low aeth..aaçenath' Zaphnath-paaneah; * and-he-gave..[to-]him wa'-yētzē'a yōwçēph' bath..pō'wTī-phe'rao kōhēn' aōn lĕ-ai'shāh. 3the-daughter-of..4Poti-pherah, 5priest-of 6On, 1to-wife. And-2went-out Joseph we-yowçeph' ben..sheloshim' shanah' oal..ae'retz mitzrāvim. over..all-the-land-of (46) And-Joseph was [the-son-of..]thirty years old Egypt. liphnēi paroōh mele'k..mitzrāyim. $b\check{\mathrm{e}}$ -oomd $\bar{\mathrm{o}}w$ $\mathbf{w}\mathbf{a}'-\mathbf{y}\mathbf{e}\mathbf{t}\mathbf{z}\mathbf{e}'a$ Pharaoh And-went-out when-he-stood before king-of..Egypt. yōwçēph' mi'-liphnēi pharoōh wa'-yaoăvōr' bě-'kol..ae'retz from-the-presence-of Pharaoh, and-went throughout-all..the-land-of hā-aā'retz bĕ-she'vao shĕnēi ha'wa'-ta'oas mitzrayim. (47) And-2brought-forth 1the-earth in-2seven 3years-of 1the-Egypt. wa'-yiqbōtz' aeth..kol..aō'kel she'vao sāvā'o li-qmātzīm'. by-handsful. (48) And-he-gathered-up — all..the-food-of the-seven shānīm' aăsher hāyū' bě-*a*e'retz mitzra'yim wa'-yi'ten..aō"kel which were in-the-land-of and-laid-up..the-food Egypt, years $a\bar{o}$ kel be-oārīm' sěděh..hā-oīr' aăsher cevīvothei'hā in-the-cities: the-food-of the-field-of..the-city, which was round-about-it, nāthan' bĕ-thōw'kāhh'. wa'-yitzbor' yowçeph' bar (49) And-²gathered ¹Joseph corn kĕ-'hōwl laid-he-up in-its-midst. corn as-the-sand-of ha'-yām' harbēh měaōd kī..'hādal' li-çpōr oad 2much until [that..]he-left numbering. ‡ for-it-was..without the-sea, miçpār. ū-lĕ-yōwçēph' yu'lād shĕnēi vānīm' bĕ-те'rem tāvō'wa (50) And-unto-Joseph were-born two[-of] sons

English Version. 47 and in the seven plenteous years the earth brought forth by handfuls. 48 the food of the field, which was round about every city, laid he up in the same.

^{*} If derived from the Hebrew "the revealer of secrets," from tzāphan, to be hid, and paoănēa'h, probably the same as the Arabic faoa'na, aperuit, expandit. So the Targumist, gavrāa dĕ-та'mōrān gālyān lēihh, "the man to whom secrets are revealed;" with which the Syriac, Arabic, and the Rabbins agree. One of the Hexaplar versions has, ὁ εἰδὼς τὰ κρύπτα, " one who knoweth secret things;" another, ῷ ἀπεκαλύφθη τὸ μέλλον, " one to whom futurity is revealed;" a third, ῷ κεκρύμενα ἐκάλυψεν, " one to whom He (God) hath revealed hidden things;" Josephus, τῶν κρυπτῶν εὐρετής, " the discoverer of secret things;" and Philo, ὀνειροκρίτης, " an interpreter of dreams." Jerome, however, has salvator mundi, " the saviour of the world;" and the Coptic psot-em-phaneh is " the salvation of the world," with which the reading of the Lxx. Ψονθομφανήχ, or, Ψοθομφανήχ, nearly agrees. See Gesenius, and " The Comprehensive Bible" in loco.

[†] Literally, " passed."

t Literally, "he ceased to number."

shënath hā-rāoāv aăsher yāledāh..low aāçenath bath..powtī-2years-of 1the-3famine; whom 6bare..7unto-him 1Asenath, 2the-daughter-of..3Potiwa'-yiqrā'a yōwçēph' aeth..shēm
(51) And-2called Joseph — the-name-of phe'rao kōhēn' aōwn. 4priest-of 5On. ¹Joseph pherah bě kōwr měna'sheh' kī..na'sha'nī aĕlōhīm' aeth..kol.. Manasseh: * first-born For..3hath-made-me-forget ¹God, ²said-he, oămālī' wĕ-aēth kol..beith $a\bar{a}v\bar{i}'$. wĕ-aēth shēm ha'and — all..the-house-of my-father. (52) And — the-name-of my-toil, shēnī' kī..hiphra'nī $q\bar{a}r\bar{a}'a$ *a*ephrāyim aĕlōhīm' second For..2hath-caused-me-to-be-fruitful ealled-he Ephraim: † 1God bĕ-ae'retz wa'-ti'klei'nāh she'vao shěnēi ha'oonyī. my-affliction. in-the-land-of (53) And-9were-ended ²seven 3years-of 1theaăsher hāyāh' bě-ae'retz mitzrāyim. wa'-tĕ'hi'lei'nāh 4plenteousness, 5that 6was 7in-the-land-of ⁸Egypt. (54) And-5began she'vao shenei ha-raoav' la-vo'wa ka-aasher' aamar' yowgeph' wa-2seven 3years-of 1the-4dearth to-come, according-as 2had-said 1Joseph; andbě-'kol..hā-aărātzōwth' ū-vě-'kol..ae'retz mitzra'yim yĕhī rāoāv' ²was 1the-dearth in-all..[the-]lands; but-in-all..the-land-of Egypt lā'hem. hā'yāh wa'-tiroav' kol..ae'retz mitzra'yim wa'there-was bread. (55) And-5was-famished ²all..3the-land-of lwhen,yitzoaq' ²cried hā-oām' ael..paroōh la'-lā'hem wa'-yō'amer paroōh ⁱPharaoh to..Pharaoh ¹the-people for-bread: and-2said le'kū ael..yōwçēph' aăsher..yōamar' lā'kem' lě-'kol..mitzra'yim unto-all..the-Egyptians § what..he-saith Go unto..Joseph; to-you, wĕ-hā-rāoāv' hāyāh' oal kol..pĕnēi hā-aā'retz. wa'-(56) And-the-famine over all..the-face-of the-earth. was Andyiphta'h' yōwçēph' aeth..kol..aăsher' bāhem' [bār] wa'-yishbōr' - every-place..2which 'in[-them] was [corn,] ‡ ²opened ¹Joseph wa'-ye'hezaq' hā-rāoāv' be-ae'retz, mitzrāyim. le-mitzra'yim and-2waxed-sore the-famine in-the-land-of unto-the-Egyptians: § bā'aū mitzra'yĕmāh li-shbōr *a*el..yō*w*çēph' wĕ-'kol..hā-aā'retz (57) And-all..the-earth into-Egypt 2to-buy-corn | 1to...Joseph; came hā-rāoāv' bĕ-'kol..hā-aā'retz. kī..'hāzaq'

in-all..the-earth.

because-that..2was-so-sore 1the-famine

English Version. 56 opened all the store-houses, marg. all wherein was. 57 and all countries came — sore in all lands.

^{*} That is, "forgetting." + That is, "fruitful."

[‡] So the Samaritan: Lxx. σιτοβολώνας, Vulgate horrea. § Literally, "Egypt."

A denominative from she'ver, corn.

CHAP. XLII.

Wa'-yar'a yaoaqov kī yesh..she'ver be-mitzrayim wa'-yo'amer ²Jacob ⁴that ⁵there-was..6corn * ⁷in-Egypt (1) Now-3saw 1when,-9said lĕ-vānāif' lā"māh yaoăqōv tithrāaū'. $wa'-y\bar{o}'amer$ Why do-ye-look-one-upon-another? unto-his-sons. (2) And-he-said, hi'nēh shāma'otī kī yesh..she'ver be-mitzrāyim rědū..shā''māh Behold, I-bave-heard that there-is..corn in-Egypt: get-you-down..thither, wĕ-shivrū..lā'nū mi'-shām wĕ-ni'hĕyeh' wĕ-lōa nāmūth'. from-thence; that-we-may-live, and-not and-buy..for-us (3) Andvērĕdū' aa'hēi..yōwçēph′ oăsārāh' li-shbor bar mi'-mitzrayim. 5went-down 1the-3brethren-of..4Joseph ²ten to-buy in-Egypt. corn *a*ă'hī yōwçēph' lōa..shāla'h' yaoăqov we-aeth..binyamin' the-brother-of (4) But — Benjamin, Joseph, 3not..2sent ¹Jacob wa'aeth..ae'hāif kī aāmar' aāçōwn'. pen..yiqrāaé'nū with..his-brethren; for he-said, Lest-peradventure..2befall-him ¹mischief. (5) Andyāvo'aū běnēi yisrāaēl' li-shbōr bě-thōw'k ha'-bāaīm' kī..hāyāh' came the-sons-of Israel to-buy-corn among those-that-came: for..2was hā-rāoāv' bě-ae'retz kěnāoan. we-yowçeph' hūa ha'-sha'lī τ in-the-land-of (6) And-Joseph 1the-famine Canaan. was the-governor oal..hā-aā'retz $h\bar{u}a$ ha'-mashbīr hā-aā'retz lě-'kol..oam' over..the-land, and he it-was that-sold to-all..the-people-of the-land: yōwçēph' wa'-yishta'hăwū..lō'w *a*ă'hēi $\mathbf{w}\mathbf{a}'-\mathbf{y}\mathbf{\bar{a}}\mathbf{v}\mathbf{\bar{o}}'a\mathbf{\bar{u}}$ ²Joseph, and-3came 1the-brethren-of and-bowed-down-themselves..before-him aa'pa'yim $a\bar{a}$ 'rĕtz $\bar{a}h$. wa'-yar'aaeth..ae'hāif yōwçēph' with their-faces to-the-earth. (7) And-2saw ¹Joseph - his-brethren, aălēihem' wa-yĕda'bēr va'kirēm' wa'-yithna'kēr' ai'tām he-knew-them, but-made-himself-strange unto-them, and-spake with-them qāshōwth' wa'-yō'amer aălēhem' mē-aa'yin bāathem'. wa'and-he-said harsh-things; unto-them. Whence come-ye? Andyōaměrů' mē-ae'retz kĕna'oan li-shbor..aō'kel. wa'-ya'kēr' they-said, From-the-land-of (8) And-knew Canaan, to-buy..food. yowçēph' aeth..ae'hāif' — his-brethren, hi'kiru'hū. we-hem loawa'-yızkor' but-they ²not 1knew-3him. (9) And-2remembered

English Version. Chap. xlii. 7 and spake roughly unto them, marg. hard things with them.

^{*} Perhaps so called from its being broken in the mill, from shavar, to break: and thus, perhaps, differs from bar or bar, probably corn cleansed from the chaff, from barar, to separate, cleanse, purify; and dagan, all kinds of grain or corn.

† Literally, "in the midst of."

yowçeph' aeth ha-'halomowth' aasher 'halam' lahem' wa'-yo'amer which he-dreamed of-them, the-dreams aălēhem' měra'gělīm aa'tem' li-raōwth aeth..oerwath' hā-aā'retz ²Spies ¹ye-are; — the-nakedness-of to-see the-land bāathem'. wa'-yōamĕrū' aēlāif' loa aădonī' wa-oăvādei"kā (10) And-they-said unto-him, Nay, my-lord, but-3thy-servants ve-are-come. ku'lā'nū li-shbor..aō'kel. bā'aū běnēi aīsh..ae'hād' nā"hnū (11) ²All[-of-us] ³the-sons-of 1to-buy..food. ²are-⁴come 5man..4one aăna'h'nū lōa..hāyū' oăvādeí'kā mĕra'gĕlīm. kēnīm' wa'-¹we-are; ³not..²are 1thy-servants 2true-men spies. (12) Andvo'amer aălēhem' loa kī..oerwath' hā-aā'retz bāathem' li-raowth. unto-them, Nay, but..2the-nakedness-of 3the-land 4ye-are-come wa'-yōameru' sheneim-oasar' oavadei'ka aa'hīm aana'h'nu (13) And-they-said, 1thy-servants-are brethren, [we-are] the-sons-of ²Twelve bĕ-aē'retz aīsh..ae'hād' kĕnāoan wĕ-hi'nēh ha'-qāтōn' aeth.. 2man..lone in-the-land-of and,-behold, the-youngest is 2with... Canaan; wa'-yō'amer (14) And-2said uāvī'nū ha'-yōwm' wĕ-hā-ae'hād' aēiné'nū. ³our-father 1this-day. and-[the-]one is-not. di'bar'tī yōwçēph' aălē'kem' lēamōr' uălēhem' hūa *a*ăsher ¹Joseph, That is-it that ³unto-them I-spake unto-you, saying, měra'gělīm aa'tem' bě-zōath ti'bā'hē'nū 'hēi pharoōh (15) hereby * ye-shall-be-proved : By-the-life-of Pharaoh, bě-zōath ti'bā'hē'nū 'nēi 1ye-are: aim..tētzĕaū' mi'-zeh' kī-aim..bĕ-vōwa aă'hī'kem' ha'-qāтōn' 'your-3brother [the-]2youngest 2not..1ye-shall-3go-forth hence,† except..4come wa'-yi'qa'h' aeth..aă'hī'kem' hē''nāh. shil'hū mi'kem' ae'hād bither. ²of-you and-let-him-fetch (16) Send lone. wĕ-aa'tem' wĕ-yi'bā'hănū' divrēi'kem' hēaācĕrū' hathat-2may-be-proved 'your-words, and-ye shall-be-confined. whetherai'tě'kem' wě-aim..lōa 'hēi pharoōh kī měra'gělīm or-else, by the-life-of Pharaoh, surely there-be-any-truth in-you: wa'-yeaeçoph' aotham' ael..mishmar shelosheth (17) And-he-put-2all-together t 1them three 1ye-are. aălēihem' yōwçēph' ba'-yōwm' ha'yāmīm'. wa'-yō'amer ¹thedays. (18) And-2said ³unto-them ¹Joseph [on-]2day aeth..hã-aĕlōhīm' aănī yārē'a. shělīshī' zōath oăsū wi-heyū third, This do, and-live; for — [the-]3God aim..kenim' yēaāçēr' aa'tem' aă'hī'kem' ae'hād 20ne-of let-4be-bound in-the-house-of (19) If..2true-men ¹ye-be, ³your-brethren

English Version. 16 and ye shall be kept in prison, marg. bound.

^{*} Literally, "by this."

[†] Literally, " if ye shall go from this," place, understood. ‡ Literally, " gathered."

mishmar'kem' wĕ-aa'tem' lĕkū hāvī'aū she'ver raoăvōwn your-prison: [but-]2ye carry corn for the-famine-of ¹go, wĕ-aeth..aă'hī'kem' ha'-qāтōn' tāvī'aū aēlai' wĕbā'tēi'kem' (20) but — 2your-4brother [the-]3youngest ¹bring unto-me; soyour-houses: divrēi'kem' we-loathāmū'thū. yēaāměnū' wa'-vaoăsū.. shall-2be-verified 1your-words, and-2not 1ye-shall-3die. And-they-did.. ael..aā'hīf' aăshēmīm 'kēn'. wa'-yōamĕrū' $a\bar{i}sh$ aă \mathbf{v} āl (21) And-they-said to..his-brother, ²Verily each-man ³guilty $oal..a\bar{a}'h\bar{1}n\bar{u}'$ aăsher rāaī'nū tzārath' naphshōw bĕaăna'hnū concerning..our-brother, in that we-saw the-anguish-of his-soul, hith'hanenow aēlēi'nū $\mathbf{w}\check{\mathbf{e}}$ - $\mathbf{l}\bar{\mathbf{o}}a$ shāmā'onū oal..kēn bā'aāh he-besought [unto-]us, and-2not 1we-would-3hear; therefore is-3come aēlē'nū ha'-tzārāh' ha'-zōath. wa'-yaoan' rĕaūvēn' aōthām' lēamōr' upon-us [the-]'distress [the-]'this. (22) And-'answered 'Reuben them, saying, aāmar'tī aălēi'kem' lēamōr' aal..te'heraū va'-ye'led hă-lō*wa* - 2Not ²Not..¹do-³sin ¹spake-I unto-you, saying, against-the-child; wě-loa shěmaotem'. wě-gam..damo'w hi'neh nidrash. wĕ-hēm and-2not 1ye-would-3hear? therefore,-2also..3his-blood, 1behold, is-required. (23) And-they loa yadeou' kī shome'ao yowçeph' kī ha'-melītz' beinotham'.

2not 1knew that 2understood Joseph them; for an [the-]interpreter was between-them. mē-oălēihem' wa'-yēvk' wa'-vi'çōv' wa'-vā'shov (24) And-he-turned-himself-about from-[near-]them, and-wept; and-returned-2again aălēhem' wa-yĕda'bēr aălēhem' wa'-yi'qa'h' mē-ai'tām' aeth... and-communed with-them. and-took from-[with-]them 1to-them. wa'-yeaĕçōr' aōthō'w lĕ-oēinēihem'. wa-yĕtzaf' shimoōwn Simeon, him before-their-eyes. (25) Then-2commanded yōwçēph' aeth..kĕlēihem' bār ū-lĕ-hāshīv' wa-yemale*a*ū that-they-should-fill - their-vessels with corn, and-[to-]restore $a\bar{i}$ sh $ael...sa'q\bar{o}w$ wĕ-lā-thēth' lāhem' tzēdāh' and-[to-]give [to-]them their-money, even each man's into..his-sack, provision dāre'k wa'-ya'oas lāhem' kēn. wa'-yisaū' aeth..shivrām oal.. the-way: and-2did-he 3unto-them 1thus. (26) And-they-lifted-up — their-corn 'hămōrēihem' wa'-yēlĕ'kū' mi'-shām. wa'-yiphta'h' hā-ae'hād' and-departed (27) And-as-2opened [the-]1one-of-them their-asses, thence. aeth..sa'q $\bar{o}w$ lā-thēth' migp $\bar{o}wa$ la-'hăm $\bar{o}r\bar{o}'w$ ba'-m $\bar{a}l\bar{o}wn'$ wa'-— his-sack, to-give ²provender [to-]1his-ass in-the-inn,* [then-]

English Version. 21 and they said one to another. 25 and Joseph commanded to fill their sacks with corn, and to restore every man's money into his sack, and to give them provision. 27 and they laded their asses with the corn.

Literally, a lodging-place, being a noun of place, from lun, to lodge.

yar'a aeth..kaçp $\bar{o}w$ wĕ-hi'n $\bar{e}h$..h $\bar{u}'a$ bĕ-ph \bar{i} aamta'ht $\bar{o}w$. wa'he-spied — his-money; for,-behold,..it-was in-the-mouth-of his-sack.* (28) Andyō'amer ael..ae'hāif hūshav' kaçpī wĕ-gam hi'nēh vĕ-aamta'htī he-said unto..his-brethren, 2Is-restored 1my-money; and-2it-is-even, 1lo, in-my-sack: wa'-yētzē'a li'bām wa'-ye'herdū' aīsh ael..aā'hīf' lēamor and-2failed t-them their-heart, and-they-were-afraid, \$\frac{2}{each}\$-man \$\frac{9}{10..4}\$his-brother saying, mah..'zōath oāsāh' aĕlōhīm' lā'nū. wa'-yāvō'aū ael..yaoăqōv What-is..this that 2hath-done 1God unto-us? (29) And-they-came unto..Jacob kĕnāoan wa'-ya'gī'dū lōw aēth kol..ha'aăvīhem' aa'rĕtzāh their-father unto-the-land-of Canaan, and-told [to-]him aotham' leamor' qōrōth' dí'ber hā-aīsh' aădōnēi' hā-aā'retz befell unto them, saying, (30) 4Spake 1the-man, 2whv-is-the-lord-of 3the-land qāshōwth' wa'-yi'tēn' aōthā'nū ki-mra'gĕlīm aeth..hāai'tā'nū and-took 5harsh-things, for-spies 6to-us $a\bar{a}'$ retz. wa'-nōamer aēlāif' kēnīm' aănā'hnū' lōa hāyī'nū (31) And-we-said unto-him, ²True-men, 1we-are; ²no shĕnēim..oāsār' aăna'h'nū aa'hīm bĕnēi aāvī'nū měra'gělīm hā-(32) ²twelve 1we-are brethren, sons-of our-father: [the-] ae hād aēine nū we-ha'-qāτōn ha'-yōwm aeth..aāvī nū be-ae retz and-the-youngest is this-day with..our-father in-the-land-of kĕnāoan. wa'-yō'amer aēlēi'nū hā-aīsh' aădōnēi' hā-aā'retz bĕ-zōath Canaan. (33) And-4said ⁵unto-us ¹the-man, ²the-lord-of ³the-country, kī 'kēnīm' aa'tem' aă'hī'kem' hā-ae'hād' ha'nī"hū shall-I-know that 2true-men 1ye-are: 3your-brethren [the-]2one-of 1leave here with-me wĕ-aeth..raoavown ba'tēi'kem' qĕ'hū wā-lē"kū wĕ-ha'vīaū aeth.. and-2for - 3the-famine-of 4your-households 1take-food, and-be-gone; (34) and-bring aă'hī'kem' ha'-qāтōn' aēlai' wĕ-aēdĕoāh′ kī lōa měra'gělīm ²no your-2brother [the-]'youngest unto-me: then-shall-I-know 3 spies that aa'tem' aeth..aă'hī'kem' ae'tēn 'kēnīm' - so 3your-brother 1will-I-deliver [to-]2you, 'ye-are, but that 2true-men lye-are: wĕ-aeth..hā-aā'retz tiç'hā'rū. wa-yěhī hēm měrīqīm' and — 2in-the-land 1ye-shall-traffic. (35) And-it-came-to-pass, as they emptied tzĕrōwr..kaçpō'w bě-sa'qow sa'qëihem' wĕ-hi'nēh..*a*īsh' had the-bundle-of..his-money in-his-sack: their-sacks, that,-behold,..each-man wa-aăvīhem' hē''māh wa'-yiraū' aeth..tzĕrōrōwth' kaçpēihem' ²and-their-father and-when-3saw — 4the-bundles-of [their-]5money 1both-they

English Version. 28 afraid, saying one to another. 30 spake roughly to us, marg. with us hard things. 35 that, behold, every man's bundle of money was in his sack.

^{*} aamta'hath, from matha'h, to stretch out, extend, is a general name for a bag or sack; and say denotes one made of coarse, particularly hair cloth; in Ethiopic, a hairy garment of the pilgrims or eastern monks, a coarse tent covering, coarse linen, generally.

[†] Literally, " went forth." † Properly, "trembled with fear;" different from yarea, simply to fear. \$ Literally, "by this."

GENESIS.

wa'-yīrā'aū. wa'-yō'amer aălēhem' yaoaqōv aavīhem' aōthī' [then-]they-were-afraid. (36) And-3said 4unto-them 1Jacob 2their-father, Me yōwçēph' aēiné'nū wĕ-shimoōwn aēiné'nū shi'kaltem' have-ye-bereaved of my children: Joseph and-Simeon is-not. wĕ-aeth..binyāmin' ti'qā"hū oālai' hāyū' 'ku'lā'nāh. wa'and — ²Benjamin ¹ye-will-take-³away: ³against-me ²are ¹all-these-things. (37) Andyō'amer rĕaūvēn' ael..aāvīf' lēamōr' aeth..shĕnēi vānai' tāmīth' ¹Reuben unto..his-father, saying. — ³Two-[of] ²my-⁴sons ¹slay, aēlei kā těnāh aōthō w oal..yādī aăvīaé'nū wa-aănî if..2not him ¹I-bring-him to-thee: deliver into..my-hand, and-I aēleí'kā. wa'-yō'amer běnī aăshīvé'nū lōa..yērēd' will-bring-him-2again 1to-thee. (38) And-he-said, ³Not..²shall-⁴go-down ¹my-son oi'mā'kem' kī..aā'hīf' mēth wĕ-hūa lĕva'dōw nishaār ū-gĕrāaā'hū for..his-brother is-dead, and-he ²alone lis-left: if-2befall-him with-you; aāçōwn' ba'-de're'k aăsher tēlĕ'kū..vāhh' wĕ-hōwradtem' aeth.. 2the-which 3ye-go.. in[-it], then-shall-ye-bring-down by-the-way sēivāthī' bě-yāgōwn' shěaō'wlāh. my-grey-hairs with sorrow to-the-grave.

CHAP. XLIII.

Wĕ-hā-rāoāv' kāvēd' bā-aā'retz. ka-aăsher' wa-yĕhī (1) And-the-famine was-sore in-the-land. (2) And-it-came-to-pass, when le-aĕ'kōl aeth...ha'-she'ver aăsher hēvī'aū mi'-mitzrāyim they-had-finished to-eat the-corn which they-had-brought wa'-yō'amer aălēihem' aăvīhem' shu'vū shivrū..lā'nū meoat..aō'kel. [then-]2said 3unto-them 1their-father, Go-again, buy..[to-]us a-little..food. wa'-yō'amer aēlāif' yĕhūdāh' lēamōr' hāoēd' hēoid' bā'nū hā-aīsh'
(3) And-2spake 3unto-him 1Judah, saying, 2Protesting 3protested 4unto-us 1the-man, lēamor' loa..thirau' phānai' biltī aă'hī'kem' ai'tĕ'kem'. aim..yesh'kā saying, 2Not..1ye-shall-3see my-face, except your-brother be with-you. (4) If..thou měsha'lēa'h aeth..aā'hī'nū ai'tā'nū nērĕdāh' wě-nishběrāh lě'kā wilt-send * our-brother with-us, we-will-go-down and-buy [to-]thee wĕ-aim..aēinĕ'kā' mĕsha'lēa'h lōa nērēd' (5) but-if..3not-1thou 2wilt-4send him,† 2not 1we-will-3go-down: for..the-man aāmar' aēlēi'nū lōa..thiraū' phānai' biltī aă'hī'kem' ai'tĕ'kem'. unto-us, ²Not..¹ye-shall-³see my-face, except your-brother be with-you.

English Version. Chap. xliii. 2 when they had eaten up the corn.

^{*} Literally, "If thou art sending." t Literally, "if thou art not sending him."

wa'-yō'amer yisrāaēl' lāmāh' hărēoōthem' lī lĕ-ha'gīd lā-aīsh' (6) And-2said ¹Israel, Wherefore dealt-ye-so-ill with-me, as to-tell [to-]the-man aā'h. lā'kem' wa'-yōamĕrū' shā*a*ōwl' ha-oōwd shāaal.. whether-there-was-yet 2to-you 1a-brother? (7) And-they-said, ²In-asking ³asked... ū-lĕ-mōwladtē'nū lēamōr' ha-oowd 1the-man concerning-us, and-concerning-our-kindred, -- 3Yet saying, wa.'aavī'kem' hai. lā'kem' aā'h. hă-yēsh - Is-there to-you ²your-father lis-4alive? another brother? andha'-dĕvārīm' hā-aē''leh na'ged..lowoal..pī hăwe-told..[to-]him according-to..the-tenor *-of [the-]2words [the-]1these: yādōwao nēda'o kī yōamar' hōwrī'dū aeth..aă'hī'kem'. wa'-knowing could-we-know that he-would-say, Bring-2down — 'your-brother? (8) Andwa'shil'hāh ha'-na'oar yō'amer yĕhūdāh' ael..yisrāaēl' aāvīf' ai'tī unto..Israel his-father, Send the-lad with-me, wĕ-nāqū'māh wĕ-nēlē"kāh wĕ-ni'hĕyeh' wĕ-lōa nāmūth' gam.. and-we-will-arise that-we-may-live, and-not and-go; both.. aeoervé'nū aăna'h'nū gam..aa'tāh gam..Ta'pēi'nū. aāno'kī' and..thou, and also..our-little-ones. (9) I will-be-surety-for-him; hăvīaothīf' mi'-yādī' aēlēí'kā těvaqshé'nū aim..lōa of-my-hand shalt-thou-require-him: if..2not ¹I-bring-him unto-thee, andwĕ-'hārā'athī hi'tzagtīf lĕphāneí'kā lĕ'kā kol..ha'set-him before-thee. then-let-me-bear-the-blame [to-thee] ' kī lūlē'a hithmahmā'henū kī..oa'tāh' yāmīm' shav'nū days: (10) for except we-had-lingered, surely..now we-had-returned zeh paoămāyim. wa'-yō'amer aŭlēhem' yisrāaēl' aăvīhem' 21srael (11) And-3said **unto-them** 1their-father. aēphō'wa zōath oăsū qĕ'hū aim..kēn mi'-zimrath' hā-aā'retz ¹do ; If-it-must-be..so now, take of-the-best-fruits[-of] in the-land t min'hāh mĕoat tzŏrī bi-'klēi'kem' wĕ-hōwrī'dū lā-aīsh' and-carry-down [to-]the-man u-present, a-little balm, andměoar' děvash ně'kōath wā-lōr' boтnīm ū-shěqēdīm' wě-'ke'çeph honey, spices, and-myrrh, nuts, and-almonds: (12) and-money a-little

English Version. 6 whether ye had yet a brother? 7 The man asked us straitly, (marg. asking asked us) of our state, and of our kindred—have ye another brother? 9 let me bear the blame for ever. 10 returned this second time, marg. or, twice by this.

^{*} Literally, "mouth." † Literally, "the song of the land;" i. e. its most celebrated and valued productions.

[†] Or, resin or gum: see the notes on chap. xxxvii. 25.

[§] devash, as Bochart, Celsius, and others contend, probably denotes here a sweet syrup produced from dates when in maturity, date honey, called by the Arabians dibson, who also call the choicest dates preserved in butter dabuson: see note in "The Comprehensive Bible" in loco, and on 2 Ch. xxxi. 5.

|| Or, "gum dragant:" see on chap. xxxvii. 25.

[¶] Or. "ladanum."

^{**} Rather, " pistachio nuts," which are native in Palestine: a common nut is aegouz.

mishneh' që'hū vë-yed'kem' wë-aeth..ha'-ke'çeph ha'-mūshāv' take in-your-hand: and the-money that-was-brought-again aamtě'hōthēi'kem' tāshī'vū vě-yed'kem' bě-phī in-your-hand; peradventure in-the-mouth-of your-sacks, carry-it-again we-aeth..aä'hī'kem' qā'hū we-qū'mū shū'vū also — your-brother take, and-arise, go-again mishgeh' $h\bar{u}a$ ²an-oversight ¹it-was: (13) ²also — ³your-brother yi'tēn lā'kem' ra'hămīm liphnēi wĕ-aēl sha'dai' ael..hā-aīsh' unto..the-man: (14) and-God Almighty give [to-]you mercy wĕ-shi'la'h' lā'kem' aă'hī'kem' aa'hēr wĕ-aeth.. that-he-may-send-away [with-you] your-2brother, ¹other, binyāmīn' wa-aănī ka-aăsher' shā'kōl'tī shā'kāl'tī. wa'as[-that] I-am-childless, I-shall-be-childless.* Benjamin; (15) Andand-I, hā-aănāshīm' aeth..ha'-min'hāh ha'-zōath yiq'hū' ū-mishneh.. and-2double.. [the-]2present [the-]¹that, ke'çeph lāqë'hū' vĕ-yādām' wĕ-aeth..binyāmin' wa'-yā'qumū wa'-1they-took in-their-hand, and — Benjamin; and-rose-up, mitzra'yim wa'-yaoamdu' liphnēi yowçēph'. wa'-yar'a yērĕdū' before (16) And-3saw and-stood Joseph. went-down to-Egypt, yōwçēph' ai'tām aeth..binyāmīn' wa'-yō'amer la-aăsher' ²Joseph 1when,-6he-said 4Benjamin 5with-them to-him-who was oal..bēithō'w hāvē'a aeth..hā-aănāshīm' ha'-bā'yĕthāh ū-Tĕvō'a'h 2the-3house-1into. over..his-house. Bring these-men and-slay wĕ-hā'kēn' kī ai'tī yōa'kĕlū' hā-aănāshīm' ba'-tzāhŏrā'yim. [a-slaying], and-make-ready; for 3with-me 2shall-eat 1these-men wa'-ya'oas hā-aīsh' ka-aăsher' aāmar' yōwçēph' wa'-yāvē'a hā-aīsh' (17) And-2did 1the-man as[-that] 2bade 1Joseph; and-2brought 1the-man yōwçēph'. aeth..hā-aănāshīm' bēi'thāh wa'-yīrě $a\bar{u}'$ hā-(18) And-2were-afraid 1theinto-the-house-of Joseph. the-men hūvĕaū' bēith yōwçēph' wa'-yōamĕrū' aănāshīm' kī because they-were-brought into the-house-of Joseph; oal..děvar' ha'-ke'çeph ha'-shāv bě-aamtě'hōthēi'nū ba'-tě'hi'lāh at-the-first-time Because-of the-money that-was-returned in-our-sacks aăna'h'nū lĕ-hithgōlēl' oālēi'nū ū-lě-hithna'pēl' mūvāaīm' ¹are-³brought-in, that-he-may-roll-himself † upon-us, and-[to-]fall oālēi'nū wĕ-lā-qá'hath aōthā'nū la-oăvādīm' wĕ-aeth..'hămōrēi'nū. for-bondmen, and and-[to-]take us ael..hā-aīsh' aăsher oal..beith yowçeph' wa'-yi'gĕshū' (19) And-they-came-near to..the-man who was over..the-house-of Joseph, and-

English Version. 14 if I be bereaved of my children, I am bereaved, marg. or, and I, as I have been, &c. 16 he said to the ruler of his house, Bring these men home. 19 came near to the steward of Joseph's house.

^{*} Or, "if I be childless, let me be childless."
† Literally, " to roll himself."

věda'běrū aēlāif' pe'tha'h ha'-bāyith wa'-yōamĕrū' bī they-communed with-him at-the-door-of the-house, (20) and-said, yārad'nū ba'-tě'hi'lāh li-shbor..aō'kel yārōd' *a*ădōnī' wacoming-down we-came-down at-the-first-time sir,* to-buy..food: (21) and $k\bar{1}..v\bar{a}'an\bar{u}$ $ael..ha'-m\bar{a}l\bar{o}wn'$ wa'-niphte'hāh aeth.. věhī it-came-to-pass, when..we-came to..the-inn, that-we-opened aamte'hothei'nū we-hi'neh 'ke'çeph..aīsh bě-phī aamta'htōw and,-behold the-money-of..every-man was in-the-mouth-of his-sack, kaçpē'nū bĕ-mishqālō'w wa'-nāshev $a\bar{o}$ th $\bar{o}'w$ bĕ-y \bar{a} d \bar{e}' n \bar{u} . our-money in-full-weight[-of-it]: and-we-have-brought-2again 1it in-our-hand. wĕ-'ke'çeph aa'hēr hōwrad'nū vě-yādē'nū li-shbor..aō'kel (22) And-2money lother have-we-brought-down in-our-hand, to-buy..food: lōa yāda'onū mī..sām' kaçpē'nū bĕ-aamtĕ'hōthēi'nū. wa'we-know who..put our-money in-our-sacks. (23) Andshalowm'vōamer' lā'kem' aal..tīrā'aū aĕlōhēi'kem' wēhe-said, Peace ²not..¹fear: be to-you! your-God andalōhēi' aavī'kem' nathan' la'kem' marmown be-aamte'hothei'kem' the-God-of your-father, hath-given [to-]you treasure † in-your-sacks: kaçpě'kem' bāa aēlāi'. wa'-yōwtzē'a aălēhem' aeth..shimoōwn. And-he-brought-2out 3unto-them your-money came to-me. yōwçēph' wa'-yāvē'a hā-aīsh' aeth..hā-aănāshīm' bēi'thāh (24) And-2brought 1the-man the-men into-the-house-of Joseph, wa'-yi'tēn..ma'yim wa'-yir'hătzū' raglēihem' wa'-yi'tēn' miçpöwa and-they-washed their-feet; and-gave-them..water, and-he-gave ²provender wa'-yā'kī'nū aeth..ha'-min'hāh oad..bōwa la-'hămōrēihem'. against .. 2 came [to-] their-asses. (25) And-they-made-ready the-present yō'a'kĕlū yōwçēph' ba'-tzāhŏrā'yim kī shāmĕoū' kī..shām' YJoseph ‡ for they-heard that..3there 1they-should-eat at-noon: yōwçēph' ha'-ba'yĕthāh lā'hem. $\mathbf{w}\mathbf{a}'$ - $\mathbf{v}\mathbf{\bar{a}}\mathbf{v}\mathbf{\bar{o}}'a$ wa'-yavi'aŭ 5the-6house-4into 1when,-they-brought ²bread. (26) And-3caine ²Joseph lowaeth..ha'-min'hāh aäsher..bĕ-yādām' ha'-bā'yĕthāh which-was..in-their-hand, 2the-3house-1into, [to-]him the-present wa'-yishaal' lāhem' lĕ-shālōwm' yishta'hăwū..lō'w aā'rĕtzāh. bowed-themselves..to-him to-the-earth. (27) And-he-asked [of-]them of-their-welfare, wa'-yō'amer ha-shalowm' aavī'kem' ha'-zaqen' aasher aamartem' your-father, the-old-man of whom

English Version. 22 brought down in our hands—we cannot tell who put our money in r sacks. 26 and when Joseph came home.

^{*} Or, " pray (or hear) my lord.
† Properly, " hidden treasure," from Tāman, to hide.
† Literally, " to the coming of Joseph."

[§] Literally, "Is there peace to your father?"

shālōwm' lě-oavdě kā ha-oōwdé'nū hāi. wa'-yōaměrū' ³yet-2he lis-4alive? (28) And-they-said, There-is-health to-thy-servant 'hāi. oōwdé'nũ wa'-yi'qědū wa'lě-aāvī'nū 2is-4alive. And-they-bowed-down-their-heads, 3vet-1he and-[to-]our-father, oēināif' wa'-yar'a wa'-yi's $\bar{a}'a$ aeth..binyāmīn' yishta'hăwū. ²Benjamin (29) And-he-lifted-up his-eyes, made-obeisance. and-saw aā'hīf' ben..ai'mōw wa'-yō'amer hā-zeh aă'hī'kem' ha'-qāTōn' his-brother, the-son-of..his-mother, and-said, — Is-this your-2brother [the-]'younger, ha'-qātōn' wa'-yōamar' aĕlōhīm' yoʻhnĕʻkā aăsher aămartem' aēlāi'. And-he-said, God be-gracious-unto-thee, ye-spake unto-me? of whom wa-yĕmahēr yōwçēph' kī..ni'kmĕrū' ra'hămāif' ael..aā'hīf' bĕnī. my-son. (30) And-2made-haste Joseph; for..2did-yearn* his-bowels upon..his-brother: ha-'had'rāh wa'-yēvk' li-vkōwth wa'-yāvō'a wa-yĕvaqēsh and-he-entered [the-]2his-chamber-1into, and-wept and-he-sought where to-weep; pānāif 'wa'-yētzē'a wa'-yithaa'paq' his-face, and-went-out, and-refrained-himself, wa'-vir'hatz' shā''māh. (31) And-he-washed there. wa'-yāsī'mū wa'-yō'amer sī'mū lā'hem. ${f l}ar{{
m o}}{m w}$ lěva'dōw wě-(32) And-they-set-on for-him by-himself, bread. and-said, Set-on wĕ-la'-mitzrīm hā-aō'kĕlīm' ai'tōw lāhem' lĕva'dām and-for-the-Egyptians, who-did-eat with-him, by-themselves: for-them by-themselves, lōa yū'kĕlūn' ha'-mitzrīm le-aĕ'kōl aeth..hā-oivrīm' lé'hem ²with..³the-Hebrews 2might the-Egyptians [to-]eat hiwa lĕ-mitzrāyim. kī..thōwoēvāh' wa'-yēshĕvū' lĕphānāif' for. 2an-abomination 1that-is unto-the-Egyptians. (33) And-they-sat before-him. wĕ-ha'-tzāoīr' ki-tzoirāthō'w wa'ki-v'kōrāthō'w ha'-bě'kōwr the-first-born according-to-his-birthright, and-the-youngest according-to-his-youth: andvithměhū' hā-aănāshīm' aīsh ael..rēoē'hū. wa'-yi'sā'amarvelled each-man at..his-neighbour. (34) And-he-took and-sent 1the-men pānāif' wa'-tērev mē-aēth' aălēhem' $mas a\bar{o}wth$ masaath' ³before-him messes 2from 1unto-them: but-3was-6greater 1the-mess-of mi'-masaōwth ku'lām 'hāmēsh' yādōwth'. wa'-yishtū' binyamin' 7than-8the-messes-of 9them-all And-they-drank, ²Benjamin 4five 5times.† wa'-yishkĕrū' oi'mōw. and-were-merry t with-him.

English Version. 28 and they answered, Thy servant our father is in good health. 33 marvelled one at another—but Benjamin's mess was five times so much as any of their's.

^{*} Literally, "burned;" whence in the Talmud kowmar, calefactio: others, "were rolled together: " so Lxx. συνες ρέφετο; and Targum aethgowlelū.

[†] Literally, hands, parts, Lat. vices. ‡ Literally, "drank largely," to the full, or to hilarity vere cheered with drink, ἐμεθύσθησαν, as Lxx. renders: compare John ii. 20.

CHAP. XLIV.

aeth..aäsher oal..bēithō'w lēamōr' ma'lēa aeth.. (1) And-he-commanded — him-that was over..his-house, saying, aamte hoth ha-aanashīm ao kel ka-aasher yū kelūn seaeth we-sīm as-much-as they-can the-men with food. sacks-of carry. aamta'htow we-aeth..gevioi' bĕ-phī ke'çeph..aīsh the-money-of..every-man in-the-mouth-of his-sack: (2) and — 2my-cup, 4cup[-of] ha'-ke'çeph tāsīm' aamtá'hath ha'-qāτōn' bĕ-phī wě-aēth in-the-mouth-of the-sack-of 3the-silver, the-youngest, ^Iput and shivrow. wa'-ya'oas yowçeph' aăsher ki-dvar' ke çeph And-he-did according-to-the-word ²money-[of] ¹his-corn. ²Joseph ha'-boqer di'bēr. *a*ōwr wĕ-hā-aănāshīm' shu'lĕ'hū had-spoken. (3) As-soon-as-the-morning was-light, [then-]the-men were-sent-away, yātzĕaū' aeth..hā-oīr' hē''māh wa-'hămōrēihem'. hēm and-their-asses. (4) And-2they 2were-gone-out-of - 4the-city 5and-not yet they hir'hīqū' wĕ-yōwçēph' aāmar' la-*a*ăsher' oal..bēithó'w qūm 6far-off. when,-7Joseph said Up, unto-him-that was over..his-house, rědoph aa'hărēi hā-aănāshīm' wĕ-hi'sagtām wě-aāmartā' the-men; and-2thou-dost-overtake-them lwhen,-3say aălēhem' lā''māh shi'lamtem' rāoāh' tá'hath Tōwvāh'. hă-lō*wa* unto-them, Wherefore have-ye-rewarded evil for good? (5) — Is-not zeh aasher yishteh' aadoni' bow we-hua na'hesh yena'hesh bow.
this it 2which 4drinketh 3my-lord 1in-[it], and-2which 3divining 4he-divineth 1by-[it]? wa'-ya'sigēm' wa-yĕda'bēr hărēoōthem' aäsher oäsīthem'. Ye-have-done-evil in what ye-have-done. (6) And-he-overtook-them, and-he-spake aălēhem' aeth..ha'-devārīm' hā-aē''leh. wa'-vōamĕrū' aēlāif' [the-]2words [the-]1these-same. (7) And-they-said unto-them unto-him, lā''māh yĕda'bēr aĕdōnī' ka'-dĕvārīm' hā-aē''leh. 'hālī'lāh saith my-lord [according-to-]2words [the-]1these? Far-be-it la-oăvādeí kā mē-oăsōwth' ka'-dāvār' ha'-zeh'. hēn from-thy-servants [from-]to-do * according-to-2thing [the-]this. (8) Behold, aamtě'hōthēi'nū hěshīvō'nū ke'çeph ağsher matza'anü bě-phī we-found our-sacks, we-brought-again the-money, which in-the-mouth-of *a*ēleí kā nignōv mē-ae'retz kĕnāoan wĕ-aēı'k out-of-the-land-of Canaan: 2then-1how should-we-steal out-of-the-house-of

English Version. Chap. xliv. 4 Joseph said unto his steward. 5 and whereby indeed he divineth? (marg. maketh trial.) Ye have done evil in so doing. 8 God forbid that thy servants should do according to this thing.

^{*} More literally, " Profane be it to thy servants from doing," or, to do.

aădonei'kā ke'çeph aow zāhāv.' aăsher yi'mātzē'a ai'tow thy-lord silver or gold? (9) Whomsoever tit-be-found with [-him] wā-mēth' wĕ-gam..aăna'h'nū nihĕyeh' la-aădōnī' mē-oăvādeí kā and²-also..¹we will-be to-my-lord ³of-thy-servants, both-let-him-die, wa'-yō'amer gam..oa'tāh 'kĕ-divrēi'kem'
) And-he-said, ²Also..¹now as-your-words are la-oăvādīm'. $ken..h\bar{u}a$ (10) And-he-said, as-your-words are so..let-it-be: for-bondmen. aasher yi'matze'a ai'tow yiheyeh..'lī oaved we-aa'tem' tiheyū whom 4it-is-found with[-him] 1he-5shall-be..my* servant; and-ye shall-be wa-yemaharu wa'-yo \overline{w} rı'd \overline{u} aısh aeth..aamta'ht $\overline{o}w$ **n**ěqi'yim'. (11) And-they-hastened and-took-down every-man $a\bar{a}'$ rĕtzāh wa'-yiphtĕ'hū $a\bar{i}$ sh aamta'ht \bar{i} w. wa-yĕ'ha'pēs and-opened to-the-ground, every-man his-sack. (12) And-he-searched, and ba'-gādōwl' hē'hēl' ū-va'-qātōn' ki'lāh wa'-yi'mātzē'a ha'-gāvīao began, and-2at-the-youngest left: and-2was-found bě-aamtá hath binyāmin'. wa'-yiqrĕoū' simlotham' wa'in-the-sack-of (13) Then-they-rent Benjamin. their-clothes, andaīsh oal..'hamoro'w wa'-yāshu'vū hā-oī'rāh. wa'yaoamōç' every-man [on.]his-ass, and-returned 2the-city-1to. (14) Andyavo'a yĕhūdāh' wĕ-ae'hāif bēi'thāh yōwçēph' wĕ-hūa oōwdé'nū ²and-his-brethren to-the-house-of Joseph; for-he 1Judah 2vet-1was shām wa'-yi'pĕlū' lĕphānāif' aā'rĕtzāh. lāhem' $wa'-y\bar{o}'amer$ and-they-fell before-him on-the-ground. ³unto-them (15) And-2said yōwçēph' māh..ha'-maoăseh' ha'-zeh' aăsher oăsīthem'. hă-lōwa What..[the-]deed is [the-]this that ye-have-done? - 2Not yědaotem' kī..na'hēsh' yěna'hēsh aīsh aasher kāmō'nī. knew-ye, that..4divining scan-divine 2a-man [that is] 1such-3as-I? wa'iknew-ye, (16) Andyō'amer yĕhūdāh' mah..'nōamar' la-adōnī'.
²said ¹Judah, What..shall-we-sav unto-my-lord? mah..'něda'bēr. What..shall-we-say unto-my-lord? what..shall-we-speak? ū-mah..nitzта'dāq. $har{a}$ - $areve{e}lar{o}har{i}m'$ $m\bar{a}tz\bar{a}'a$ aeth..oă \mathbf{w} ōn or-how..shall-we-clear-ourselves? † [the-]God hath-found-out — the-iniquity-of oăvādeí'kā hi'ne''nū oăvādīm' la-adōnī' gam..aăna'h'nū thy-servants: behold,-we are the-servants of-my-lord, both-we, and also he ha'-gāvī'ao bě-y \bar{a} d $\bar{o}'w$. wa'-yō'amer aasher..nimtzaa in-the-hand-of-[him]. (17) And-he-said, 2whom..4is-found 3the-cup 'hālī'lāh 'lī mē-oasowth' zoath hā-aish' aasher nimtzaa ha'-Far-be-it from-me [from-]to-do t this-thing: but the-man ²whom ⁴is-found

More literally, "Profane be it to me from doing," or, to do.

English Version. 9 and we will also be my lord's bondmen. 10 now also let it be according unto your words. 11 then they speedily took down. 15 wot ye not, that such a man as I can certainly divine? marg. or, make trial. 16 and he also with whom the cup is found. 17 God forbid that I should do so.

^{*} Literally, "to me."
† Or, "justify ourselves:" nitzra'dāq is for nithtza'dēq, from tzādaq, to be just, the tz and th being transposed, and the latter changed into reth.

gāvī'ao bĕ-yādō'w hūa yihĕyeh..'lī oāved wĕ-aa'tem' oălū cup 'in-the-hand-of[-him], he shall-be..my* servant; and-as-for-you, get-ye-up lĕ-shālōwm' ael..aăvī'kem'.

In-peace unto..your-father.

Wa'-yi'gash' aēlāif' yĕhūdāh' wa'-yōamer' bī aădōnī' yĕda'ber.. (18) Then-'came-near 'unto-him 'Judah, and-said, Oh, my-lord, let-'speak Oh, my-lord, let-speak oavdě'kā dāvār' bĕ-aōznēi' aădōnī' wě-aal..yí'har nāa ²I-pray-thee, ¹thy-servant, a-word in-the-ears-of my-lord, and-2not..1let-4burn 'kāmō'w'kā bě-oavdé'kā kī kě-pharoōh. aa'pě'kā 3thine-anger against-thy-servant: for as-Pharaoh. (19) My-lord thou-art-even shāaal' aeth..oavādaif' lēamor' ha-yesh..la'kem' aāy $a\bar{o}w..a\bar{a}'h'$. saying, — Is-there..to-you a-father, or..a-brother? - his-servants. ael..aădōnī' yesh..lā'nu aāv zāqēn' (20) And-we-said unto..my-lord, There-is..to-us a-father, an-old-man, and-a-child-of zĕqunīm qātān' wĕ-aā'hīf' mēth wa'-yi'wāthēr' hūa lĕva'dōw his-old-age, a-little-one; and-his-brother is-dead, and-3is-left he 2alone wĕ-aāvīf' aăhēvō'w. wa'-tōamer lĕ-ai'mōw ael..oăvādeí kā loveth-him. (21) And-thou-saidst unto..thy-servants, of-his-mother, and-his-father hōwridu'hū aclai' we-aasi'mah oeini' oalaif'. wa'-noamer ael.. Bring-him-down unto-me, that-I-may-set mine-eyes † upon-him. (22) And-we-said unto... aădonī' loa..yū'kal' ha'-na'oar la-oazov aeth..aāvīf' 3Not..2can [to-]leave — his-father: for-if-he-should-leave my-lord, 1the-lad aeth..aavif' wā-mēth'. wa'-tōamer ael..oăvādeí kā - his-father, [then-]his-father-would-die. (23) And-thou-saidst unto..thy-servants. aim..loa yered' aă'hī'kem' ha'-qāron' ai'tĕ'kem' loa thogiphun' Except 4come-down 1your-3brother [the-]2youngest with-you, 2not 1ye-shall-3add wa-yĕhī kī oālī'nū li-raowth pānāi'. ael..oavdě kā (24) And-it-came-to-pass, when we-came-up unto..thy-servant my-face. to-see wa'-na'ged.. $l\bar{o}w$ $a\bar{e}th$ divr $\bar{e}i$ aădōnī'. wa'-yō'amer my-father, [then-]we-told..[to-]him — the-words-of my-lord. (25) And-2said shu'vū shivrū..lā'nū mĕoaT..aō'kel. *a*āvī'**n**ū wa'-nōamer 15aour-father, Go-again, and-buy..[to-]us a-little..food. (26) And-we-said, 2Not aim..yēsh aā'hī'nū ha'-qāтōn' ai'tā'nū lā-re'deth wě-[to-]go-down: if..4be 1our-3brother [the-2youngest with-us, ¹we-can yārad'nū kī..lō'a nū'kal' li-raōwth pĕnēi hā-aīsh' wĕ-aā'hī'nū will-we-go-down: for..2not 1we-may [to-]see the-face-of the-man, and-our-2brother ha'-qātōn' aēiné'nū ai'tā'nū. wa'-yō'amer oavdĕ'kā aāvī' aēlēi'nū [the-] youngest with-us. (27) And-3said 1thy-servant 2my-father unto-us, not

English Version. 17 in whose hand the cup is found. 19 have ye a father, or a brother? 20 we have a father, an old man. 23 ye shall see my face no more. 26 may not see the man's face, except our youngest brother be with us.

[•] Literally, " to me."

t Literally, "mine eye."

aa'tem' yĕdaotem' kī shĕna'yim yālĕdāh..'lī' aishtī wa'-yētzē'a 4two-sons 2bare..[to-]3me 1my-wife: (28) and-2went-out that hā-ae'hād' mē-ai'tī' wā-aōmar' aa'k Tārōph' Tōrāph' wĕ
the-one from-[with-]me, and-I-said, Surely [in-tearing] he-is-torn-in-pieces; andlōa rĕaīthīf' oad..hē''nāh. ū-lĕqa'htem' gam..aeth..zeh' 2not 1I-saw-him since: (29) and if ye-take ²also — ¹this from-[with pānai' we-qara'hu aaçown' we-howradtem' aeth..seivathi' the-face-of-]me, and-befall-him mischief,[then-]ye-shall-bring-down — my-grey-hairs bě-rāoāh' shěaō'lāh. wĕ-oa'tāh kĕ-vōaī' ael..oavdĕ'kā aāvī' with-sorrow * to-the-grave. (30) 2Therefore-1now, when-I-come to..thy-servant my-father, ai'tā'nū wĕ-naphshōwwĕ-ha'-na'oar aēinė'nū gĕshūrāh' and-the-lad with-us; seeing-that-his-life † be-not is-bound-up ki-raōwthō'w kī..aēin' naphshōw wĕ-hāyāh' ha'-na'oar his-life; (31) [then-]it-shall-come-to-pass, when-he-seeth that..2is-not 1the-lad with-us, wĕ-h $\bar{\mathrm{o}}w$ r $\bar{\mathrm{i}}'$ d $\bar{\mathrm{u}}$ oăvādeí kā aeth..sēivath' oavdě'kā - the-grey-hairs-of thy-servant that-he-will-die: and-2shall-bring-down 1thy-servants $a\bar{a}v\bar{i}'n\bar{u}$ bě-y $\bar{a}g\bar{o}wn'$ shě $a\bar{o}'l\bar{a}h$. $k\bar{i}$ oavdě' $k\bar{a}$ oārav' aeth..ha'our-father with-sorrow to-the-grave. (32) For thy-servant became-surety — for thena'oar mē-oim' aāvī' lēamōr' aim..loa aăvīaé'nū lf..2not ¹I-bring-him unto-thee, unto t my-father, saying, kol..ha'-yāmīm'. wĕ-oa'tāh yēshev.. 'hāτā'athī lĕ-aāvī' all..the-days. (33) Therefore-1now, 4let-6abide.. I-shall-bear-the-blame to-my-father $n\bar{a}'a$ oavdě'kā tá'hath oe'ved la-adōnī' wĕ-ha'ha'-na'oar ³I-pray-thee, ⁵thy-servant instead-of the-lad, a-bondman to-my-lord; and-2thena'oar ya'oal oim..ae'hāif. kī..aei'k' aeoĕleh' ael..aāvī' wĕ-ha'-1let-3go-up with..his-brethren. (34) For..how shall-I-go-up to..my-father, and-theaeraeh' vā-rā'o aăsher yimtzāa na'oar aēinė'nū ai'tī'. pen be-not with-me? lest-peradventure I-see [on-]the-evil that shall-come-on § aeth..aāvī'. my-father.

CHAP. XLV.

Wĕ-lōa..yā'kōl' yōwçēph' lĕ-hithaa'pēq lĕ-'kōl ha'-ni'tzāvīm'
(1) Then-³not..²could ¹Joseph [to-]refrain-himself before-all them-that-stood
oālāif' wa'-yiqrā'a hōwtzī'aū 'kol..aīsh mē-oālāi'. wĕ-lōa..
by-him; and-he-cried, Cause-³to-go-out ¹every..²man from-[near-]me. And-²no..

English Version. 30 his life is bound up in the lad's life. 32 I shall bear the blame to my father for ever.

^{*} Literally, evil, adversity, or calamily.

[‡] Literally, " from with."

[†] Or, soul. § Literally, "shall find."

bě-hithwa'da'o yowçēph' ael..ae'hāif. vā'mad aīsh ai't $\bar{\mathbf{o}}w$ with-him, while-2made-himself-known Joseph unto..his-brethren. 1there-stood man wa'-yi'ten' aeth..qolow bi-vkī wa'-yishmĕoū' mitzra'yim (2) And-he-gave-forth — his-voice in-weeping: and-2heard 1the-Egyptians. wa'-yishma'o yōwçēph' ael.. bēith wa'-yō'amer paroōh. 1the-house-of 2Pharaoh. ¹Joseph and-3heard (3) And-2said ae'hāif aănī yowçēph' ha-oowd $a\bar{a}v\bar{1}'$ hāi. wĕ-lōa..yā'kĕlū' his-brethren, I-am Joseph: — 3yet ²my-father ¹doth-⁴live? And-3not..2could nivhălū mi'-pānāif.' ae'hāif la-oănōwth aōthō'w kī his-brethren [to-]answer him; for they-were-troubled at-his-presence. (4) Andael..ae'hāif yō'amer yōwçēph' gĕshū..nā'a aēlai' unto..his-brethren, Come-near..2I-pray-you, 1to-me: wa'-yō'amer aănī aă'hī'kem' aăsher.. yi'gā'shū. yōwçēph' they-came-near. And-he-said, I-am Joseph your-brother, aothi' mĕ'kartem' mitzrā'yĕmāh. wě-oa'tāh aal..tēoātzĕvū' into-Egypt. [me] (5) Therefore-1 now 4 not.. 3 be-5 grieved, bě-oēinēi'kem' kī..mě'kartem' aothī' hē''nāh wě-aal..yí'har neither..let-anger-be-kindled in-your-eyes, that...ye-sold me lĕ-mi'hyāh shĕlā'ha'nī aĕlōhīm' liphnēi'kem'. kĩ ²sent-me 4to-preserve-life ¹God ³before-you. (6) For..these shěnātha'yim hā-rāoāv' bě-qe'rev hā-aā'retz wě-oōwd 'hāmēsh' two-years hath the-famine been in [-the-midst-of] the-land; and-yet there-are five shānīm' aăsher aēin..'hārīsh' wĕ-qātzīr'. wa'-yishlā'hē'nī years, in-the-which there-shall neither-be..earing one-harvest. (7) And-2sent-me aĕlōhīm' liphnēi'kem' lā-sūm' lā'kem' sheaerīth' bā-aā'retz ū-le-[to-]you a-remnant in-the-earth, and-to before-you to-appoint ha'hayōwth' lā'kem' li-phlēitāh' gĕdolāh'. wĕ-oa'tāh lōa..aa'tem' [to-]'you by-a-2deliverance 'great. (8) So-now it-was shëla'htem' aōthī' hē''nāh kī hā-aĕlōhīm' wa-yĕsīmē'nī hither, but [the-]God: and-he-hath-made-me [for-]a-father lě-pharooh ū-lě-aādown' lě-'kol..bēithō'w ū-mōshēl' bě-'kol.. of-all..his-house, and-a-ruler and-[for-a-]lord throughout-all.. to-Pharaoh. mahărū wa-oălū ael..aāvī' wa-aămartem' ae'retz mitzrāyim. (9) Haste-ye, and-go up to..my-father, the-land-of and-say Egypt. yōwçēph' *a*ēlāif' bin'kā sāma'nī aĕlōhīm' kōh aāmar' unto-him Thus saith Joseph, ²Hath-made-me thy-son

English Version. Chap. xlv. 2 and the Egyptians and the house of Pharaoh heard. 5 grieved, nor angry with yourselves, marg. neither let there be anger in your eyes. 7 to preserve you a posterity, (marg. to put for you a remnant,) in the land, and to save your lives by a great deliverance.

^{*} That is ploughing or seed-time, from the Anglo-Saxon erian, probably from the Latin aro, to plough, which agrees with ἀρόω Greek, hara'tha Arabic, and harash Hebrew.

aādown lĕ-'kol..mitzrāyim rĕdāh aēlai aal..taoamod wěof-all..Egypt: come-down unto-me, ²not..¹tarry: vě-aeretz..goshen wě-hāyī'thā qārowv' aēlai' aa'tāh in-the-land-of..Goshen, and-thou-shalt-be near unto-me, thou, yāshavtā' thou-shalt-dwell vāneí kā wě-tzōaně kā' ū-vāneí kā ū-věnēi' ū-věqārě'kā' and-thy-children, and-the-children-of thy-children, and-thy-flocks, and-thy-herds, wĕ-'kol..aăsher..lā'k wĕ-'kilkaltī aothe ka' shām kī.. and-all..that-is..thine: (11) and-2will-I-nourish 3thee 1there; (for.. rāoāv' pen..ti'wārēsh' 'hāmēsh' shānīm' $o\bar{o}wd'$ aa'tāh ũof famine;) lest..2come-to-poverty 1thou, andyet there-are five vēithě kā' wě-kol..a asher..lāk. wĕ-hi'nēh oēinēi'kem' rōaōwth' (12) And,-behold, your-eyes and-all..that-is..thine. thy-household, aā'hī' vinyāmīn' wĕ-oēinēi' kī..phī' ha-měda'bēr *a*ălēi'kem'. and-the-eyes-of my-brother Benjamin, that-it-is. my-mouth that-speaketh wĕ-hi'gadtem' lĕ-aāvī' aeth..kol..kĕvōwdī' bě-mitzra'yim (13) And-ye-shall-tell [to-]my-father — of..all..my-glory in-Egypt, kol..aăsher' rěaīthem' wĕ-hōwradtem' wĕ-aēth ū-mihartem' all..that ye-have-seen; and-ye-shall-make-haste, and-bring-down and-of hē"nāh. aeth..aāvī' wa'-yi'pōl' oal..tza'wěarēi vinyamin... (14) And-he-fell - my-father hither. upon..the-neck-of ²Benjamin.. aāhīf' wa'-yēvk' ū-vinyāmin' bā'kāh' oal..tza'wāarāif'. wa-¹his-brother, and-wept; and-Benjamin upon..his-neck. wept (15) Moreoveryĕna'shēq lĕ-'kol..ae'hāif wa'-yēvk' oălēhem' wĕ-aá'hărēi `kēn [to-]all..his-brethren, and-wept he-kissed and-after upon-them: that * di'bĕrū ae'hāif ai'tōw. wĕ-ha'-qōl nishma'o bēith 2talked 1his-brethren with-him. (16) And-the-fame + thereof was-heard in-the-house-of paroōh lēamōr' bā'aū aă hēi yōwçēph' wa'-yīrav' bĕ-oēinēi' saying, ³Are-come ¹the-brethren-of ²Joseph: and-it-was-good in-the-eyes-of pharoōh ū-vě-oēinēi' oăvādāif.' wa'-yō'amer paroōh ael..yōwçēph' (17) And-2said Pharaoh Pharaoh, and-in-the-eyes-of his-servants. aemor ael..aaheikā zōath oasū таоănū aeth..bĕoīrĕ'kem' unto..thy-brethren, This do-ye: lade your-beasts, andlĕ'kū..vō'aū aa'rĕtzāh ū-qě'hū' kĕnāoan aeth..aăvī'kem' go,..get-you unto-the-land-of your-father, Canaan; (18) and-take wĕ-aeth..bātēi'kem' ū-vō'aū lā'kem' aeth.. $a\bar{\mathrm{e}}\mathrm{l}\bar{\mathrm{a}}\mathrm{i}'$ wĕ-ae'tĕnāh and - your-households, and-come unto-me: and-I-will-give [to-]you aeth..'hēlev hā-aā'retz. mitzra'yim wĕ-ai'klū Tūv ae'retz and-ye-shall-eat — the-fat-of the-land. the-good-of the-land-of Egypt,

English Version. 10 and all that thou hast. 11 lest thou, and thy household, and all that thou hast, come to poverty.

^{*} Literally, "after it was so."

[†] Literally, "voice."

wĕ-aa'tāh tzu'wēi'thāh zōath oăsū që'hū..lā'kem' mē-ae'retz (19) Now-thou art-commanded, this do-ye; take..[to-]you 2out-of-the-land-of mitzra'yim oagalowth' le-taph'kem' we-li-nshei'kem' ū-nesaathem' for-your-little-ones, and-for-your-wives, ^Iwaggons aeth..aăvīkem' ū-vāathem'. wě-oēině kem' aal..tā'hōc' your-father, and-come. (20) Also-3your-eye 2not..1let-4look-with-pity oal..kĕlēi'kem' kī..Tūv' kol..ae'retz mitzra'yim lā'kem' hūa. on..your-utensils: for..the-good-of all..the-land-of Egypt 2yours yisrāaēl' wa'-yi'tēn' lāhem' yōwçēph' wa'-yaoăsū..'kēn' bĕnēi (21) And-3did..4so 1the-children-of 2Israel: and-²gave [to-]³them pharoōh oăgālōwth' wa'-yi'tēn' oal..pī lāhem' according-to..the-commandment-of Pharaoh, and-gave [to-]them tzēdāh' la'-dāre'k. lĕ-'ku'lām nāthan' lā-aīsh' hăliphōwth' for-the-way. (22) To-all-of-them he-gave [to-]each-man provision changes-of semāloth' ū-le-vīnyāmin' nāthan' shĕlōsh mēaōwth' ke'çeph but-to-Benjamin three hundred-pieces-of he-gave silver, 'hăliphōth' sĕmālōth'. ū-lĕ-aāvīf' we-'hamesh' shāla'h' changes-of raiment (23) And-to-his-father he-sent and-five oăsārāh' kĕ-zōath 'hămōrīm' nōsĕaīm' mi'-Tūv asses laden with-the-good-things-of after-this-manner; ten mitzrāyim we-oe'ser aathonoth' nōsĕaōth' bār wā-lé'hem ūladen with corn she-asses and-bread Egypt,† and-ten andlě-aāvīf' la'-dāre'k. wa-yĕsha'la'h' aeth..ae'hāif māzōwn' for-his-father meat t by-the-way. (24) So-he-sent-2 away — his-brethren, wa'-yēlē"kū wa'-yō'amer aălēhem' alatirgezū and-they-departed: and-he-said unto-them, 2Not..1be-3angry with-one-another inwa'-yaoălū' mi'-mitzrāyim wa'-yāvō'aū dāre'k. and-came-into the-way. (25) And-they-went-up out-of-Egypt, the-land-of kěna'oan ael..yaoăqōv aăvīhem' wa'-ya'gi'dū lōw lēamōr' (26) and-told their-father, [to-]him, unto..Jacob oowd yowçeph' 'hai we-'kī..hū'a moshel' be-'kol..ae'retz mitzrāyim. ¹Joseph ²is-⁴alive, and [-that]..he is governor over-all..the-land-of kī lōa..heaĕmīn' lāhem'. wa'-yā'phog wa-yĕda'bĕrū li'bōw And-2fainted ¹his-heart, for ³not.. ¹he-believed [on-]²them. (27) And-they-told di'ber' aălchem' aēlāif' yōwçēph' aăsher aeth kol..divrēi all..the-words-of Joseph, which he-had-said unto-them: aeth..hā-oăgālōwth' aăsher..shāla'h' yōwçēph' lā-sēath' wa'-yar'a ¹Joseph to-carry which..2had-sent and-when-he-saw - the-waggons

English Version. 20 also regard not your stuff, marg. let not your eye spare. 24 See that ye fall not out by the way.

^{*} Literally, " is to you."

† Literally, " bearing (or carrying) of the good of Egypt."

[‡] That is food, provision, from zun, to nourish.

aōthō'w wa'-tĕ'hī rūa'h yaoăqōv aăvīhem' wa'-yō'amer yisrāaēl' him, [then-]⁴revived ¹the-spirit-of ²Jacob ³their-father: (28) and-²said ¹Israel, rav oōwd..yōwçēph' bĕnī 'hāi aēlĕ'kāh' wĕ-aeraé'nū It is enough; ⁴yet..¹Joseph ²my-son ³is-⁵alive: I-will-go and-see-him bĕ-тe'rem aāmūth'. before I-die.

CHAP. XLVI.

wĕ-'kol..aăsher..lōw Wa'-yi'ça'o yisrāaēl' wa'-yavo'a(1) And-2took-his-journey 1Israel, and-all..that-was..his, běaē'rāh-shāvao wa'-yizba'h' zĕvā'hīm' lē-alōhēi' aāvīf' yitz'hāq. sacrifices unto-the-God-of his-father and.offered * to-Beer-sheba, aĕlōhīm' lĕ-yisrāaēl' bĕ-maraōth ha'-la'yĕlāh wa'-vō'amer wa'-(2) And-2spake ^{1}God unto-Israel in-the-visions-of the-night, wa'-yō'amer hi'nē'nī. yō'amer yaoăqōv yaoăqōv. wa'-yō'amer And-he-said, Jacob, Jacob. Here-am-I. † (3) And-he-said, aānō'kī' hā-aēl' aĕlōhēi' aāvī"kā aal..tīrā'a mē-rĕdāh' mitzra'yĕmāh [the-]God, the-God-of thy-father: 2not..1fear to-go-down $\mathbf{k}\bar{\mathbf{i}}..\mathbf{l}\bar{\mathbf{e}}$ - $\mathbf{g}\bar{\mathbf{o}}w\mathbf{i}'$ $\mathbf{g}\bar{\mathbf{a}}\mathbf{d}\bar{\mathbf{o}}w\mathbf{l}'$ $a\bar{\mathbf{a}}\bar{\mathbf{s}}\bar{\mathbf{i}}\mathbf{m}\bar{\mathbf{e}}'\mathbf{k}\bar{\mathbf{a}}'$ shām $a\bar{\mathbf{a}}\bar{\mathbf{n}}\bar{\mathbf{o}}'\mathbf{k}\bar{\mathbf{i}}'$ $a\bar{\mathbf{e}}\bar{\mathbf{r}}\bar{\mathbf{e}}\mathbf{d}'$ $o\mathbf{i}'\mathbf{m}\bar{\mathbf{e}}'\mathbf{k}\bar{\mathbf{a}}$ for. [for-] snation 4a-great ¹I-will-³make-of-thee ²there: (4) I will-go-down with-thee gam..oālōh' mitzra'yĕmāh wĕ-aānō'kī' aaoal'kā and-Iwill-2bring-thee-up lalso..in-bringing-thee-up again: andinto-Egypt; yōwçēph' yāshīth' yādō'w oal..oēineí'kā. wa'-yā'qōm yaoaqōv mi'shall-put his-hand upon..thine-eyes. (5) And-2rose-up 1Jacob běaēr-shāvao wa'-yisaū' věnēi..yisrāaēl' aeth..yaoaqov aavihem' and-3carried 1the-sons-of..2Israel wĕ-aeth..та'pām wĕ-aeth..nĕshēihem' bā-oăgālōwth' aăsher..shāla'h' and — their-little-ones, and — their-wives, in-the-waggons parooh la-seath' aotho'w. wa'-yig'hu' aeth..migneihem' we-aeth.. Pharaoh to-carry him. (6) And-they-took their-cattle, aăsher rā'kĕshū' bĕ-ae'retz rĕ'kūshām' kěna'oan wa'-yāv $\bar{o}'a\bar{u}$ which they-had-gotten in-the-land-of Canaan, and-came ū-věnēi' mitzrā'yemāh yaoagov we-kol..zaroow ai'tow bānāif' and-all..his-seed with-him: (7) his-sons, and-the-sons-of into-Egypt, Jacob,

English Version. Chap. xlvi. 1 with all that he had. 4 and 1 will surely bring thee up again.

^{*} Literally, "sacrificed." † Literally, "Behold me."

vānāif' ai'tōw bĕnōthāif' ū-vĕnōwth' bānāif' wĕ-'kol..zaroōw his-sons with-him, his-daughters, and-the-daughters-of his-sons, and-all..his-seed hēvī'a ai'tōw mitzrā'yĕmāh. brought he with-him into-Egypt.

shěmowth běnēi...yisrāaēl' ha'-bāaīm' mitzra'yěmāh Wĕ-aē'leh (8) And-these-are the-names-of the-children-of.. Israel, that-came into-Egypt, ū-vānāif' be'kōr yaoaqōv and-his-sons: 2the-first-born-of 3Jacob, ū-vānāif' bĕ'kōr ya*o*ăqōv rĕaūvēn'. ū-věnēi' ¹Reuben. (9) And-the-sons-of rěaūvēn' 'hănōw'k ū-pha'lū'a wě-'hetzrōn wě-'karmī. Hanoch, and-Phallu, and-Hezron, and-Carmi. (10) And-the-sons-of shimoown yemuael' we-yamin' we-aohad we-yakin' we-tzo'har we-Jemuel. and-Jamin, and-Ohad, and-Jachin, and-Zohar, aud-Simeon; ū-věnēi' lēwī' gērshōwn' shāaūl' ben..ha'-kĕnaoănīth. Shaul the-son-of..[the-]a-Canaanitish-woman. (11) And-the-sons-of Levi; ū-měrārī'. ū-věnēi' yěhūdāh' oēr wě-aōwnān' and-Merari. (12) And-the-sons-of Judah; Er, and-Onan, qëhāth ū-mërārī'. wĕ-Kohath. andshēlāh' wā-phe'retz wā-zā'ra'h wa'-yā'moth oer wĕ-aōwnān' bĕ-ae'retz ¹Er, ²and-Onan in-the-land-of and-Pharez, and-Zarah: but-3died wa'-yiheyu' venei..phe'retz 'hetzron we-'hamul'. kčna'oan. 1the-sons-of.. Pharez Hezron and-Hamul. (13) And-the vĕnēi' yi'sās'kār' tōwlā'o ū-phu'wāh' wĕ-yōwv wĕ-shimrōn. and-Phuvah. and-Job. † Issachar: Tola. and-Shimron. zěvulūn ce'red wě-aēlōwn' wě-ya'hlĕaēl. ū-věněi' (14) And-the-sons-of Zebulun; Sered and-Elon, and-Jahleel. (15) These are běnēi lēaāh' aăsher yālědāh' lě-yaoaqov bě-pha'dan'-aărām wě-aēth the-sons-of Leah, whom she-bare unto-Jacob in-Padan-aram, kol..ne'phesh ū-věnowthāif' shěloshīm' bānāif' dīnāh' vi'tōw ²Dinah ¹his-daughter: all..the-souls-of his-sons and-his-daughters were thirty gād tziphyown we-'ha'gī shūnī' wě-shālōsh'. ū-věnēi' wĕ-(16) And-the-sons-of Gad; and-three. Ziphion, ‡ and-Haggi, andū-věnēi' wa-aŭrōwdī' wĕ-aaraēlī'. *a*āshēr' aetzbon oerī' and-Areli. (17) And-the-sons-of Ezbon, Eri, and-Arodi, \$ yimnāh wĕ-yishwāh wĕ-yishwī ū-vĕrīoāh' wĕ-she'ra'h aă'hōthām' Jimnah, and-Ishuah, and-Isui, and-Beriah, and-Serah their-sister: věrīoāh' 'he'ver ū-malkīaēl'. zilpāh ū-věnēi' aē'leh bĕnēi Heber, and-Malchiel. (18) These are the-sons-of and-the-sons-of Beriah;

^{*} The Samaritan reads phùaāh, as in 1 Chron. vii. 7; with which the Lxx. and Vulgate agree, Φουά, Phua.

[†] The Samaritan has yashūv', as in 1 Chron. vii. 1; which appears to be the reading of the Lxx, who have $A\sigma o \nu \mu$, or, as it is more correctly in the Alexandrian MS. $Ia\sigma o \nu \beta$.

[†] The Samaritan and Lxx. have tzaphown, Σαφών, as in Num. xxvi. 15.

One MS. (129 of Kennicot) has arrod, as in Num. xxvi. 17.

aăsher..nāthan' lāvān' lĕ-lēaāh' vi'tōw wa'-tēled aeth..aē'leh lĕ-¹Laban to-Leah his-daughter, and-²she-bare — ¹these untoyaoăqōv shēsh-oesrēh nāphesh. bĕnēi rā'hēl' aesheth (19) The-sons-of Rachel, souls. six-teen the-wife-of yao aqo v yow çeph' ū-vinyāmin'. wa'-yi'waled' le-yow çeph' be-Jacob; Joseph and-Benjamin. (20) And-were-born lunto-Joseph, lin-theae'retz mitzra'yim aăsher yālĕdāh..'lō'w aāçĕnath' bath..pō'wtī-land-of ³Egypt, 7whom ¹³bare..¹⁴unto-him ⁴Asenath, 9the-daughter-of..¹oPotiphe'rao kōhēn' aōn aeth..mĕna'sheh' wĕ-aeth..aephrāyim. pherah, ¹¹priest-of ¹²On, — ⁵Manasseh ⁶and — Ephraim. (21) And-thevěnēi' vinyāmin' be'lao wā-vé'ker wĕ-aashbēl gērā'a wĕ-naoămān sons-of Benjamin were Belah, and-Becher, and-Ashbel, Gera. aē'hī' wā-rōash' mu'pīm wĕ-'hu'pīm wā-aārd'. aē'leh Muppim, and-Huppim, and-Ard. (22) These are the-sons-of and-Rosh, rā'hēl' aasher yu'lad' le-yaoaqov kol..ne'phesh aarbaoah'-oasar'. who were-born * to-Jacob: all..the-souls naphtālī' ya'htzĕaēl ū-věnēi' dān 'hu'shīm. ū-věnēi' (23) And-the-sons-of Dan; Hushim. (24) And-the-sons-of Naphtali; wĕ-gūnī' wĕ-yētzer wĕ-shi'lēm. aē'leh bĕnēi vilhāh aăsher.. and-Jezer, and-Shillem. (25) These are the-sons-of Bilhah, nāthan' lāvān' lĕ-rā'hēl' bi't $\bar{o}w$ wa'-tēled $aeth..a\bar{e}$ 'leh lĕ-¹Laban unto-Rachel his-daughter; and-she-bare — these yaoaqov kol..ne'phesh shivoah. Jacob: all..the-souls were seven. kol..ha'-ne'phesh ha'-bāaāh' (26) All..the-souls lě-yao aqo mitzra y emāh y otze a ei y er e'k o w mi'l evad neshēi into-Egypt, that-came-out-of his-loins, t besides the-wives-of věnēi..yaoaqov' kol..ne'phesh shi'shīm wā-shēsh'. ū-věnēi' the-sons-of..Jacob, all..the-souls were threescore and-six. (27) And-the-sons-of yōwçēph' aăsher..yu'lad..lōw vĕ-mitzra'yim ne'phesh who..were-born..[to-]him in-Egypt, were 2souls kol..ha'-ne'phesh lĕ-vēith..yaoăqōv' ha'-bā'aāh all..the-souls of-the-house-of..Jacob, that-came mitzra'yĕmāh into-Egypt, were shivoīm.

threescore-and-ten.

Wě-aeth..yěhūdāh' shāla'h' lěphānāif' ael..yōwçēph' lě-hōwrōth' (28) And — ²Judah ¹he-sent before-him unto..Joseph, to-direct le-phānāif' gō'shěnāh wa'-yāvō'aū aa'rětzāh gōshen. wa'-[to-]his-face unto-Goshen; and-they-came into-the-land-of Goshen. (29) And-

^{*} The Samaritan and several MSS. have aasher yaledah' "whom she bare," agreeably to the Lxx. and Vulgate, ους ετεκε, quos genuit.

+ Or, "thigh."

yeaçor' yowçeph' merkavtow wa'-ya'oal li-qraath...yisraael' aavīf' made-ready 1 Joseph his-chariot, and-went-up to-meet...lsrael his-father, wa'-yērā'a aēlāif' wa'-yi'pōl' oal..tza'wāarāif' wa'gō'shĕnāh to-Goshen, and-presented-himself t unto-him; and-he-fell on..his-neck, yēvk' oal..tzā'wārāif' oōwd. wa'-yō'amer yisrāaēl' ael..yōwçēph' on..his-neck a-good-while.‡ (30) And-2said ¹Israel unto..Joseph, ha'-pāoam aa'hărēi rĕaōwthī' aāmū'thāh aeth..pāneí kā ²Let-me-die 1 now, 6 since I-have-seen - thy-face, because oowde'ka' 'hai. wa'-yo'amer yowçeph' ael..ae'haif we-ael..beith 2yet-1thou-art alive. (31) And-2said 1Joseph unto..his-brethren, and-unto..the-house-of aāvīf' aeoĕleh' wĕ-aa'gī'dāh lĕ-pharoōh wĕ-aōmĕrāh' aēlāif' his-father, I-will-go-up, and-shew | [to-]Pharaoh, and-say unto-him. ū-vēith..aāvī' aasher be-aeretz..kena'oan bā'aū My-brethren, and-the-house-of..my-father, that were in-the-land-of.. Canaan, are-come . wĕ-hā-aănāshīm' rōoēi' kī..aanshēi' miqnēh tzōan (32) and-the-men are sheep; for..2men-of ³cattle keepers-of hāyū' lāhem' wě-tzōanām' ū-věqārām' wě-'kol..aăsher' 4and-all..5that-is 1they-have-been; and-2their-flocks, 6theirs ³and-their-herds, kī..yiqrā'a lā'kem' paroōh wĕ-hāyāh' hēvī'aū. 1they-have-brought. (33) And-it-shall-come-to-pass, when. 2shall-call [to-]3you Pharaoh we-aamar' mah..'maoasei'kem'. wa-aamartem' aanshei migneh' and-shall-say, What-is..your-occupation? (34) that-ye-shall-say, 3Men-of oăvādei'kā mi'-nĕoūrēi'nū wĕ-oad..oa'tāh gam..aăna'h'nū from-our-youth even-until..now, both..we, and ²have-been ¹thy-servants gam..aăvõthēi'nū baoăvūr tēshĕvū' bě-ae'retz göshen kĭ., in-the-land-of also..our-fathers; that ye-may-dwell Goshen; kol..rōoēh′ thooavath' mitzra'yim tzōan. an-abomination unto-the-Egyptians is every..keeper-of

CHAP. XLVII.

Wa'-yāvō'a yōwçēph' wa'-ya'gēd' lĕ-pharoōh wa'-yō'amer
(1) Then-2came 'Joseph and-told [to-]Pharaoh, and-said,
aāvī' wĕ-aa'hai wĕ-tzōanām' ū-vĕqārām' wĕ-'kol..aăsher'
My-father, and-my-brethren, and-their-flocks, and-their-herds, and-all..that-is

English Version. 32 and the men are shepherds; for their trade hath been to feed cattle, marg. they are men of cattle—all that they have. 34 Thy servants' trade hath been about cattle—every shepherd is an abomination unto the Egyptians. Chap. xlvii. 1 and all that they have.

^{*} Literally, bound, or harnessed.

† More literally, was seen, or appeared.

† Cr, repeatedly, continually, literally, yet.

§ Literally, "this time."

[|] More literally, tell, announce.

 $b\bar{a}'a\bar{u}$ lāhem' mē-ae'retz kĕnāoan wĕ-hi'nām bĕ-ae'retz theirs. are-come out-of-the-land-of and-behold,-they are in-the-land-of Canaan; ū-mi'-qtzēh' ae'hāif lāqa'h''hāmi'shāh aănāshīm' göshen. Goshen. (2) And-of-the-whole-number*-of his-brethren he-took five wa'-ya'tzigēm' liphnēi pharoōh. wa'-yō'amer paroōh ael..ae'hāif (3) And-2said 1Pharaoh unto..his-brethren, Pharaoh. and-set-them mah..'maoăsēi'kem'. wa'-yōamĕrū' ael..paroōh rōoēh' tzōan And-they-said unto.. Pharaoh, ²Keepers-of ³sheep What-is..your-occupation? gam..aăna'h'nū gam..aăvōwthēi'nū. both..we, and also..our-fathers. (4) 2 wa'-yōamĕrū' also..our-fathers. (4) 2Moreover-1they-said lā-gūr' bā-aā'retz bāanū' kī..aēin' ael..paroōh miroeh' la'unto.. Pharaoh, For-to-sojourn in-the-land are-we-come; for-there-is..no pasture la-oăvādei'kā kī..'kāvēd' hā-rāoāv' *a*ăsher bĕ-ae'retz the-flocks which belong to-thy-servants; for..2is-sore 1the-famine in-the-land-of wĕ-oa'tāh yēshĕvū..nā'a oăvādeí'kā ²therefore-¹now ⁴let-6dwoll..³we-pray-thee, ⁵thy-servants oăvādeí kā bĕ-ae'retz kěnāoan in-the-land-of Canaan: göshen. wa'-yō'amer paroōh ael..yōwçēph' lēamōr' aāvī"kā (5) And-2spake ¹Pharaoh unto..Joseph, saying, Thy-father ae'retz mitzra'yim lĕphānei'kā bā'aū *a*ēleí kā wě-*a*a'hei'kā and-thy-brethren are-come unto-thee: (6) the-land-of Egypt hiwa be-meitav ha-aa'retz hōwshēv' aeth..aāvī'kā wĕ-aeth.. make-3to-dwell the-land - 1thy-father ²and in-the-best-of wĕ-aim..yāda'otā göshen yēshěvů bě-ae'retz thy-brethren; 3let-them-dwell 1in-the-land-of 2Goshen: and-if..thou-knowest [thatyesh..bām aanshēi..'ha'yil wĕ-samtām sārēi' miqneh' oal.. there-is..]³among-them ¹any-men-of..²activity, then-make-them rulers-of cattle over.. aăsher..lī. wa'-yāvē'a yōwçēph' aeth..yaoăqōv aāvīf' ¹Joseph that-which-is..mine. (7) And-2brought-in Jacob his-father, wa'-yaoamide'hu liphnei pharooh wa-yevare'k yaoăqō**v** before Pharaoh: and-2blessed and-set-him wa'-yō'amer paroōh ael..yaoăqōv ka'-māh 8) And-²said ¹Pharaoh unto..Jacob, How-many paroōh. (8) And-2said How-many are the-days-of wa'-yō'amer yaoaqov ael..parooh 'ha'yeí'kā. shěnēi (9) And-2said ¹Jacob unto.. Pharaoh, The-days-of thy-life. the-years-of shĕlōshīm' měgūrai' ū-měaath' shānāh' тĕoaт 3thirty the-years-of my-sojournings are ²and-¹*u*-hundred years: few

English Version. 2 and he took some of his brethren, even five men, and presented them unto Pharaoh. 3 Thy servants are shepherds. 4 for thy servants have no pasture for their flocks. 6 make them rulers over my cattle. 9 the days of the years of my pilgrimage.

^{*} Or, end, extremity: compare Nu. xxii. 41. Isa. lvi. ii. Ezek. xxxiii. 2: and the feminine qatzah, 1 Kings xii. 31. xiii. 33.

we-raoim' hayu' yemei shenei 'ha'yai' we-loa hi'si'gu and-evil have-been the-days-of the-years-of my-life, and-not have-tattained-unto shěnēi 'ha'yēi' aăvothai' bī-mēi' aeth..yemei megūrēihem'. the-days-of the-years-of the-life-of my-fathers, in-the-days-of their-sojournings. wa'-yētzē'a mi'-liphnēi wa-věvārek yaoăqōv aeth..paroōh (10) And-blessed ¹Jacob Pharaoh. and-went-out wa'-yōwshēv' yōwçēph' aeth..aāvīf' wĕ-aeth..ae'hāif
(11) And-2placed * 'Joseph — his-father and — his-brothren pharooh. Pharaoh. wa'-yi'tēn' lāhem' aă'hu'zāh bĕ-ae'retz mitzra'yim be-meitav' [to-]them a-possession in-the-land-of Egypt, in-the-best-of raoměçēç ka-aăsher tzi'wāh bě-ae'retz hā-aā'retz pharooh. in-the-land-of Rameses, the-land. as[-that] ²had-commanded ¹Pharaoh. wa-ye'kalkel 'yowçeph'
(12) And-2nourished 1Joseph aeth..aavīf' we-aeth..ae'hāif wĕ-aēth - his-father, and - his-brethren, aāvīf' kol..beith lé'hem ha'-тāрh. lĕ-phī according-to their [the-]families. all..the-household-of his-father with bread, wĕ-lé'hem aēin bě-kol..hā-aā'retz kī..'kāvēd' hā-rāoāv' (13) And-there-was-bread ino in-all..the-land; for..2was-4sore 1the-famine měaod wa'-telahh ae'retz mitzra'yim wě-ae'retz kěna'oan so-that-5fainted 1the-land-of ²Egypt, ³very, 3and-ull-the-land-of 4Canaan, mi'-pěnēi hā-rāoāv'. wa-yĕla'qēт yōwçēph' aeth..kol..ha'-ke'çeph by-reason-of the-famine. (14) And-2gathered-up 1Joseph ha'-nimtzāa be-ae'retz..mitzra'yim ū-ve-ae'retz kena'oan ba'-she'ver in-the-land-of. Egypt, and-in-the-land-of Canaan, that-was-found aeth..ha'-ke'çeph yōwçēph' shōvĕrīm' aasher..hem wa'-yāvē'a ¹Joseph and-2brought which..they bought: bēi'thāh wa'-yi'tōm' ha'-ke'çeph mē-ae'retz pharooh. into-the-house-of Pharaoh. (15) And-when-2failed [the-]1money from-the-land-of mitzra'yim kěna'oan wa'-yāvōaū' 'kol..mitzra'yim ū-mē-αe'retz and-from-the-land-of Canaan, [then-]3came 'all..2the-Egyptians ael..yōwçēph' lēamōr' hāvāh..'lā'nū lé'hem wĕ-lā''māh nāmūth' $\mathbf{bread}:$ unto...Joseph, Give..[to-]us for-why should-we-die saying, kī aāphēç' kāçeph. wa'-yō'amer yōwçēph' hāvū' negdé'kā. in-thy-presence? for 2 faileth the-money. (16) And-2said ¹Joseph, Give bĕ-miqnēi'kem' aim..aāphēç' miqnēi'kem' wĕ-ae'tĕnāh lā'kem' if..2fail for-your-cattle, your-cattle; and-I-will-give [to-]you

English Version. 9 in the days of their pilgrimage. 15 and when money failed in the land of Egypt, and in the land of Canaan—came unto Joseph, and said.

Literally, "caused to dwell," settled.

† Or, "according to the little ones:" raph is a collective noun for little ones, children; and is used in opposition to young men and women, Ezek. ix. 6, and to men capable of bearing arms, Exod. xii. 37; but here seems to denote a whole family; see Exod. x. 10. Nu. xxxii. 16, 24, 26.

GENESIS. [XLVII. 17—22. 172 kāçeph. wa'-yāvī'aū aeth..miqnēihem' ael..yōwçēph' wa'-yi'tēn' money. (17) And-they-brought — their-cattle unto..Joseph: yōwçēph' lé'hem ba'-çūçīm' ū-vĕ-miqnēh' ha'lāhem' bread in-exchange for-horses, and-for-[the-cattle-of *] the-¹Joseph [to-]3them ū-vě-miqnēh' ha'-bāqār' ū-va-'hămōrīm' wa-yĕnahălēm tzōan and-for-the-cattle-of the-herds, and-for-the-asses; and-he-fed-them † ba'-lé'hem bĕ-'kol..miqnēhem' ba'-shānāh' ha-hi'wa. wa'for-all..their-cattle for-2year [the-]1that. (18) Whenha'-shānāh' ha-hi'wa wa'-yāvō'aū aēlāif' ti'tōm ba'-shānāh' [the-]2year [the-]1that, [then-]they-came unto-him ³was-ended [in-]²year ha'-shēnīth' wa'-yō'amĕrū $l\bar{o}w$ $l\bar{o}a...$ ně'ka'hēd mē-aădonī' 1the-second, and-said unto-him, ²Not.. we-will-3hide it from-my-lord, kī aim..tam' ha'-ke'çeph ū-miqnēh' ha'-bĕhēmāh' ael.. how that..2is-spent 'our-[the-]money; also-our-possessions-of [the-]cattle belong unto.. nishaar' liphnēi aădonī' biltī-aim..gewi'yāthe'nū $a \tilde{a} d \bar{o} n \tilde{i}' l \bar{o} a$ my-lord: 2not-aught 1there-is-3left in-the-sight-of my-lord, wĕ-aadmāthē'nū lā'māh nāmūth' lĕ-oēinei'kā gam..aăna'h'nū (19) wherefore shall-we-die before-thine-cyes, and-our-lands: qĕnēh..aōthā'nū gam..aadmāthē'nū we-aeth..aadmathe'nū ba'and..our-land? buy..us and lā'hem wĕ-nihĕyeh' aăna'h'nū wĕ-aadmāthē'nū oăvādīm' lĕ-pharoōh and-3will-be 1we ²and-our-land servants unto-Pharaoh; wĕ-then..ze'rao wĕ-ni'hĕyeh' wĕ-lōa nāmūth' wĕ-hā-*a*ădāmāh' and-give-us..seed, that-we-may-live, and-not that-the-land die, $l\bar{o}a$ thēshām'. wa'-yi'qen yōwçēph' aeth..kol..aadmath' Joseph 1 ¹be-³desolate. (20) And-²bought 2not all..the-land-of mitzra'yim lĕ-pharoōh kī..mā'kĕrū' mitzra'yim aīsh sādē'hū for-Pharaoh; for..2sold 1the-Egyptians every-man his-field, Egypt

oălēhem' hā-rāoāv' wa'-těhī hā-aā'retz lě-pharoōh. kī..'hāzaq' because..2prevailed 3over-them 1the-famine: so-2became 1the-land Pharaoh's.

 $\mathbf{w}\check{\mathbf{e}}$ -aeth.. $h\bar{\mathbf{a}}$ - $o\bar{\mathbf{a}}\mathbf{m}'$ $a\bar{\mathrm{o}}\mathrm{th}\bar{\mathrm{o}}'w$ heoĕvīr le-oārīm' mi-qtzēh (21) And — as-for..the-people, he-removed to-cities from-one-end-of them ‡

gěvūl..mitzra'yim wě-oad..qātzē'hū. raq aadmath' ha'the-borders-of.. Egypt even-to.. the-other-end-thereof. (22) Only the-land-of

kōhănīm' lōa qānāh' kī hōq la'-kōhănīm' mē-aēth' ²not ¹bought-he; for there-was a-portion assigned to-the-priests by

English Version. 18 my lord also hath our herds of cattle. 22 for the priests had a portion assigned them of Pharaoh, and did eat.

^{*} Or, "for the possession of sheep, and for the possession of oxen."
† Or, "provided for them," literally, "led them; a metaphor taken from a shepherd leading his flock to pasture, which also includes the idea of care and protection: comp. Psa. xxiii. 2. xxxi. 4. Isa. xlix. 10. li. 18.

‡ Literally, "he caused him to pass;" aōthō'w, "him," agreeing with its antecedent

hā-oām', "the people," which is masculine singular.

wĕ-*a*ā'kĕlū' aeth..'hu'qām *a*ăsher nāthan' lāhem' and-they-did-eat Pharaoh; — their-portion which ²gave [to-]3them parooh oal..ken loa ma'keru' aeth..aadmatham'. wa'-vō'amer Pharaoh: wherefore 2not 1they-sold their-lands. (23) Then-2said yōwçēph' ael..hā-oām' hēn qānī'thī aeth'kem' ha'-yōwm' unto..the-people, Behold, I-have-bought we-aeth..aadmath'kem' le-pharooh hea..la'kem' ze'rao ū-zeraotem' for-Pharaoli: lo,..here-is-2for-you seed, and-ye-shall-sow your-land, aeth..hā-aădāmāh'. wě-hāyāh' ba'-tĕvūaōth' ū-nĕtha'tem' the-land. (24) And-it-shall-come-to-pass in-the-increase, that-ye-shall-give 'hămīshīth' lĕ-pharoōh wĕ-aarba'o ha'-yādōth' yihĕyeh' lā'kem' unto-Pharaoh; and-four [the-]parts shall-be the-fifth-part ha'-sādeh' ū-lĕ-ao'klĕ'kem' wĕ-la-aăsher' lĕ-ze'rao bě-vā'tēi'kem' the-field, and-for-your-food, and-for-them-who are in-your-houses, for-seed-of wa'-yōamĕrū' lĕ-та'рĕ'kem'. wĕ-le-aĕ'kōl he'hĕyithā'nū (25) And-they-said, Thou-hast-saved-our-lives; for-your-little-ones. nimtzāa..'hēn' bě-oēinēi' aădonī' wě-hāyī'nū oăvādīm' lě-pharoōh. let-us-find..favour in-the-eyes-of my-lord, and-we-will-be servants of-Pharaoh. wa'-yā'sem aōthāhh' yōwçēph' lĕ-'hōq oad..ha'-yōwm' ha'-zeh' (26) And-2made ¹Joseph [for-]a-law unto..[the-]6day 3it mitzra'yim oal..aadmath' lě-pharooh la-'hōmesh that to-Pharaoh should-be [of-]the-fifth, over.. the-land-of Egypt, lōa hāyĕthāh' lĕ-pharoōh. ha'-kōhănīm' lĕva'dām which 2not ¹became the-land-of the-priests only, yisrāaēl' bĕ-ae'retz mitzra'yim bě-ae'retz wa'-ye'shev (27) And-2dwelt ¹Israel in-the-land-of Egypt, in-the-country-of Goshen; vāhh wa'-yiphrū' wa'-yirbū' měaōd. wa'-yēaā'hăzū' and-they-had-possessions therein, and-grew,* and-multiplied exceedingly.

Wa-ye'hī yaoaqov be-ae'retz mitzra'yim shevao-oesreh shanah' (28) And-2lived Jacob in-the-land-of Egypt seven-teen years: wa-yĕhī yĕmēi..yaoaqöv' shĕnēi 'ha'yāif' she'vao shānīm' wethe-days-of..2Jacob, the-years-of this-life, 4seven [years and-] ū-mě*a*ath' shānāh'. wa'-yiqrevu' yĕmēi..yisrāaēl' aarbāoīm' years. (29) And-4drew-nigh the-days-of..2Israel ²forty ³and-¹a-hundred li-vnōw lĕ-yōwçēph' wa'-yō'amer lōw lā-mū**th**' wa'-yiqra'a [to-]his-son [to-]Joseph, unto-him, and-he-called and-said sīm..nā'a yādě'kā' tá'hath aim..nāa mātzā'athī 'hēn bĕ-oēinei'kā 1-have-found favour in-thine-eyes, put,...I-pray-thee, thy-hand

English Version. 24 and for them of your households. 25 let us find grace in the sight of my lord. 26 that Pharaoh should have the fifth part. 29 and the time drew nigh that Israel must die—if now I have found grace in thy sight.

^{*} Literally, " were fruitful."

oi'mādī' 'he'çed wĕ-oāsī'thā we-aĕmeth' aal..nā'a věrē'kī' with-me with-kindness and-truth; 2not,..3I-pray-thee, and-deal my-thigh, wĕ-shā'kavtī' oim..aavothai' thiqbere'nī bě-mitzrāyim in-Egypt: (30) but-I-will-lie with..my-fathers; and-¹bury-me ū-qevarta'nī bi-qvurāthām'. wa'něsāatha'nī mi'-mitzra'yim and-bury-me in-their-burying-place. thou-shalt-carry-me out-of-Egypt, Andyōamar' aānō'kī' aeoĕseh' 'ki-dvāré'kā. wa'-yō'amer hi'shāvĕoāh' will-do according-to-thy-word. (31) And-he-said, Swear he-said, lī. wa'-yi'shāva'o lōw. wa'-yishta'hū yisrāaēl' oal..rōash unto-him. And-2bowed-himself Israel upon..the-head-of And-he-sware unto-me. ha'-mi'тāh. the-bed. *

CHAP. XLVIII.

aa'hărēi ha'-dĕvārīm' hā-aē''leh Wa-věhī wa'-yō'amer [the-]1these, (1) And-it-came-to-pass, after [the-]2things that-one-told $a\bar{a}v\bar{i}'k\bar{a}$ lě-yōwçēph' hi'nēh 'hōleh' wa'-yi'qa'h' aeth..shĕnēi and-he-took [to-]Joseph, Behold, thy-father is-sick: - 3two-[of] vānāif' oi'mōw aeth..mĕna'sheh' wĕ-aeth..aephrāyim. wa'-ya'gēd' ²his-⁴sons ¹with-him, Manasseh and - Ephraim. (2) And-one-told lĕ-yaoaqov wa'-yo'amer hi'nch bin'kā yowçeph' $b\bar{a}a$ *a*ēleí kā [to-]Jacob, Behold, thy-son Joseph cometh unto-thee: yisrāaēl' wa'-yē'shev oal..ha'-mi'тāh. wa'-yith'ha'zēq' wa'and-2strengthened-himself - 1Israel, and-sat upon..the-bed. (3) Andyō'amer yaoaqōv ael..yōwçēph' aēl sha'dai niraāh..aēlai' bĕ-lūz unto...Joseph, God Almighty appeared..unto-me bě-ae'retz aōthī' kěnāoan wa-yĕvāre'k wa'-yō'amer aēlai' in-the-land-of Canaan, and-blessed me, (4) and-said unto-me, hiněnī wĕ-hirbīthí'kā maphrě kā ū-nětha'tī"kā Behold-I will-make-thee-fruitful, and-multiply-thee, and-I-will-make-of-thee [for-]aoa'mīm wĕ-nātha'tī' aeth..hā-aā'retz ha'-zōath lĕ-zaroă'kā multitude-of peoples; † and-I-will-give — [the-]2land [the-]1this to-thy-seed aa'hărei'kā aa'hu'zath' $o\bar{o}wl\bar{a}m'$. wě-oa'tāh shěnēi..vānei'kā' after-thee, for- 2 possession 1an -everlasting. (5) And-now ²two[-of]..¹thy-³sons,

English Version. 29 and deal kindly and truly with me. 30 I will do as thou hast said. Chap. xlviii. 4 a multitude of people.

^{*} The Lxx. must have read ha'-ma'reh, as they render $i\pi i \tau \delta \tilde{a} \kappa \rho o \nu \tau \tilde{\eta} \varsigma \dot{\rho} \dot{a} \beta \delta o \nu a \dot{\nu} \tau \tilde{v}$, "upon the top of his staff," which is followed by the Apostle Paul, Heb. xi. 21. The Vulgate has conversus ad lectuli caput, which agrees with the present reading: compare chap. xlviii. 2.

[†] Literally, "I will give thee for an assembly of peoples."

bě-ae'retz mitzra'yim $oad..b\bar{o}a\bar{\imath}'$ ha'-nowladīm' le'kā 3which-were-born 4unto-thee 5in-the-land-of ⁶Egypt, 7before..I-came sunto-thee mitzra'yĕmāh lī..hēm' aephra'yim ū-mĕna'sheh' ki-raūvēn' ¹¹mine..¹⁰are, ¹Ephraim 9into-Egypt, ²and-Manasseh; as-Reuben yihĕyū..lī'. ū-mowladtě'kā' aăsher..hōwlad'tā shimoown they-shall-be..mine. (6) And-thy-issue, which..thou-begettest Simeon, le'kā yiheyū oal shēm aa'heihem' yi'qāre'aū' thine shall-be, and-rafter the-name-of their-brethren shall-be-called aa'hărēihem' lĕ'kā yihĕyū wa-aănī be-voaī' mi'-pa'dan' methah' oalai' bě-na'hălāthām'. in-their-inheritance. (7) And-as-for-me, when-I-came from-Padan, ²died kěna'oan ba'-de're'k bě-oōwd rā'hēl' bě-ae'retz kivrath.. Rachel in-the-land-of in-the-way, when-yet there-was a-little-piece*-of.. Canaan, ae'retz $l\bar{a}$ - $v\bar{o}'a$ aephrā'thāh wā-aeqbĕre'hā shām bě-de're'k and-I-buried-her ground to-come unto-Ephrath; there in-the-way-of wa'-yar'a yisrāaēl' aeth..bĕnēi
(8) And-sbeheld 'Israel — the-sons-of aephrāth hiwa bēith-lā'hem. Ephrath; the-same is Beth-lehem. yowçeph' wa'-yo'amer mī..ae''leh. wa'-yō'amer yōwçēph' ael.. Joseph, (9) And-2said and-said, Who..are-these? Joseph aāvīf' bānai' hēm aäsher..nāthan..lī' aĕlōhīm' bā-zeh'. 1they-are, whom..2hath-given..[to-]3me his-father, ²My-sons 1God in-this-place. aēlai' wa-aăvārĕ'kēm'. wa'-yōamar' $q\bar{a}'hem..n\bar{a}'a$ Bring-them,...I-pray-thee, unto-me, and-I-will-bless-them. And-he-said. (10) (Nowoēinēi' yisrāaēl' kāvědū' mi'-zōqen $l\bar{o}a$ yū'kal' li-raowth. the-eyes-of for-age, so-that 2not 1he-could Israel` were-dim [to-]see.) wa'-ya'gēsh' aōthām' aēlāif' wa'-yi'shaq' lāhem' wa-ye'ha'bēq And-he-brought-2near them unto-him; and-he-kissed [to-]them, and-embraced wa'-yō'amer yisrāaēl' ael..yōwçēph' rĕaōh phāneí'kā 1) And-²said 'Israel unto..Joseph, 4To-see \$thy-face (11) And-2said [to-]them. phi'lal'tī we-hi'neh heraah aothi' aelohim' gam aeth.. ²not ¹l-had-³thought; and,-lo, ²hath-shewed ³me 1God wa'-yōwtzē'a yōwçēph' aōthām'
(12) And-brought-4out 'Joseph 'sthem mē-oim' zaroé kā. birkāif from-between his-knees, wa'-yi'qa'h' yōwçēph' le-aa'pāif aā'retzāh. wa'-yishtá'hū and-he-bowed-himself with-his-face to-the-earth. (13) And-2took ¹Joseph aeth..shěnčihem' mi'-sěmōal aeth..aephra'yim bīmīnō'w in-his-right-hand toward-the-left-hand-of them-both, Ephraim yisrāaēl' wĕ-aeth..mĕna'sheh' vi-smōalō'w mīmīn' visrā*n*ēl' in-his-left-hand toward-the-right-hand-of Israel, Manasseh wa'-ya'gēsh' wa'-yishla'h' yisrāaēl' aeth..yĕmīnō'w aēlāif.' and-brought-them-near unto-him. (14) And-stretched-out Israel - his-right-hand,

English Version. Chap. xlviii. 7 there was but a little way to come unto Ephrath.

[•] Or, "a good piece of ground;" see note on chap. xxxv. 16.

aephra'yim we-hūa ha'-tzāoīr' we-aeth.. wa'-yā'sheth oal..rōash it upon..the-head-of Ephraim, who-was the-younger, and sěm $\bar{o}a$ l $\bar{o}'w$ oal..rōash měna'sheh' si'kēl aeth..yādāif′kī Manasseh, guiding-2wittingly* — 1his-hands; for his-left-hand upon..the-head-of měna'sheh' ha'-bě'kōwr. wa-yĕvāre'k aeth..yōwçēph' wa'-(15) And-he-blessed was the-first-born. Manasseh Joseph, aăsher hithha'lĕ'kū $y\bar{o}amar'$ hā-aĕlōhīm' aăvõthai' lĕphānāif' 2whom 6did-walk [The-]God, ³my-fathers before -him we-yitz'hāq hā-aelohīm' hā-rooeh' aothī' *u*avrāhā**m**′ $m\bar{e}$ - $o\bar{o}wd\bar{i}'$ 4Abraham 5and-Isaac, the-God that-fed me since-I-existed oad..ha'-yōwm' ha'-zeh' ha'-malaā'k ha'-gōaēl' aōthī' mi'-kol.. unto..[the-]2day [the-]¹this, (16) the-Angel that-redeemed me rāo yĕvārē'k' aeth..ha'-nĕoārīm' wĕ-yi'qārē'a vāhem' and-let-2be-named the-lads; 30n-them wĕ-shēm aăvōthai' aavrāhām' wě-yitz'hāq wě-yidgū and-Isaac; and-let-them-grow t into-aand-the-name-of my-fathers Abraham wa'-yar'a yōwçēph' kī..yāshīth' bě-qe'rev hā-aā'retz. rōv' (17) And-3saw 2Joseph multitude in-the-midst-of the-earth. yad..yěmīnō'w aephra'yim wa'-yē'rao oal..rōash ¹¹Ephraim ¹when,-¹²it-was-evil in-5his-father 6hand..7his-right 9upon..10the-head-of wa'-yithmō'k' yad..aāvīf' lě-hāçīr' *a*ōthāhh' mē-oal' his-eyes; and-he-held-up the-hand-of..his-father, to-remove from-[upon] rōash..aephra'yim oal..rōash mĕna'sheh'. wa'-yō'amer yōwçēph' the-head-of. Ephraim unto..the-head-of Manasseh. (18) And-2said lōa..'kēn' ael..aāvīf' $a\bar{a}v\bar{i}'$ kī..zeh' ha'-bě'kōr sīm unto...his-father, Not. so, my-father: for..this is the-first-born; put aāvīf' yĕmīnĕ'kā' oal..rōashō'w. wa'-yĕmā*a*ēn' wa'-(19) And-2refused ¹his-father thy-right-hand upon...his-head. andyō'amer yāda'otī věnī yāda'otī gam..hūa yiheyeh..le-oam ²also.. he shall-become. for-]a-people, I-know-it, my-son, I-know-it: yigdāl wĕ-aūlām' aā'hīf' ha'-qāтōn' we-gam..hūa and-2also..1he shall-be-great; but-truly his-2brother [the-]1younger shall-be-greater mělōa..ha'-gōwyim'. mi'mé'nū wě-zaroōw yihěyeh' waand-his-seed shall-become a-multitude-of \(\text{t.} \) [the-]nations. (20) Andthan-he, yěvāră'kēm' yĕvārē'k' $ba'-y\bar{o}wm'$ bĕ kā ha-hūa lēamōwr' shall-2bless he-blessed-them [in-]2day [the-]that, In-thee saying, yĕsimĕ'kā' visrā*a*ēľ lēamōr' *a*ĕlōhīm' kě-aephra'yim wĕ− Israel. ²Make-thee 1God as-Ephraim saying, and-

English Version. 15 fed me all my life long, unto this day.

^{*} Or, "laying his hands across;" saka'la in Arabic signifying to interweave, and intransitively, to be interwoven, intricate; with which the ancient versions accord.

[†] Literally, " let them increase like fishes," dagah being a denominative from dag, a fish.

[‡] Literally, "fulness of."

'ki-mna'sheh' wa'-yā'sem aeth..aephra'yim liphnēi mĕna'sheh'. wa'and-he-set as-Manasseh: **Ephraim** before Manasseh. (21) Andyō'amer yisrāaēl' ael..yōwçēph' hi'nēh aānō'kī' mēth wĕ-hāyāh' ²said ¹Israel unto...Joseph, Behold, I die: but-²shall-be unto...Joseph, but-2shall-be oi'mā'kem' wě-hēshīv' aeth'kem' *a*ĕlōhīm' ael..ae'retz ¹God with-you, and-bring-2again ¹you unto..the-land-of aăvothēi'kem'. nāthá'tī lĕ'kā shĕ'kem' wa*-a*ănī aa'had' your-fathers. (22) Moreover-I have-given to-thee ²portion oal..aa'hei'kā aăsher lāqa'h'tī mi'-yad' hā-aĕmōrī' bĕ-'harbī above..thy-brethren, which I-took out-of..the-hand-of the-Amorite with-my-sword ū-vě-qashtī'. and-with-my-bow.

CHAP. XLIX.

Wa'-yiqrā'a yaoaqōv ael..bānāif' wa'-yō'amer hēaāçĕphu' (1) And-²called ¹Jacob unto..his-sons, and-said, Gather-yourselves-together, wĕ-aa'gī'dāh lā'kem' aēth aăsher..yiqrāa aeth'kem' bĕ-aa'hărīth that-I-may-tell [to-]you — that which..shall-befall you in-²last[-of] ha'-yāmīm'.
¹the-³days.

hi'qāvětzū' wě-shimoū běnēi yaoǎqōv (2) Gather-yourselves-together, and-hear,-ye sons-of Jacob;

we-shimoū ael..yisrāael' aavīkem'. And-hearken unto..Israel your-father.

rĕaūvēn' bĕ'kō'wrī aa'tāh
(3) Reuben, 2my-first-born 1thou-art,

kō'hī' wĕ-rēashīth' aōwnī' My-might, and-beginning *-of my-strength,

ye'ther sĕaēth wĕ-ye'ther oāz
The-excellency-of dignity, and-the-excellency-of power:

pá'haz ka'-ma'yim aal..tōwthar'
(4) Unstable; as-water, 2not..1thou-shalt-3excel;

kī oālī'thā mishkěvēi aāvī"kā Because thou-wentest-up to-the-bed-of thy-father;

aāz 'hi'lal'tā yĕtzūoī' oālāh'. Then defiledst-thou-it:—"to-my-couch 'he-went-up.

^{*} Or, firstling or first-fruits: compare Lev. ii. 12. xxiii. 10. Deut. xviii. 4. xxvi. 10. Prov. viii. 22.

[†] That is, "the first in dignity, and the first in strength;" the abstract being used for the concrete.

[‡] Or, "boiling over," for pā'haztā, "thou boilest over," as the Samaritan reads; the Chaldee pē'haz denoting to boil up, or over, as indicative of arrogance and wantonness; whence fa'ka'za is in Arabic to be proud, vain-glorious; and p'haz in Syriac, to be arrogant, licentious. So Symmachus ὑπερεζάς, boiling or flowing over; and Vulgate, effuses es.

shimoown we-lewi' aa'him
(5) Simeon and-Levi are brethren;

kělēi 'hāmāç' mě'kērōthēihem' Instruments-of cruelty are-in their-habitations.*

bĕ-çōdām' aal..tāvō'a naphshī (6) 5Into-their-secret † 3not..2come-4thou 1O-my-soul;

bi-qhālām' aal..tē'had' kĕvōdī' Unto-their-asssembly, 3not..2be-4thou-united 1mine-honour: ‡

kī vě-aa'pām hā'rěgū aīsh For in-their-anger they-slew a-man;

ū-vi-rtzōnām' oi'qĕrū..shōwr. And-in-their-self-will they-hamstrung..a-bull.\$

aā'rūr aa'pām kī aāz
(7) Cursed be their-anger, for it-was fierce;

we-oevratham' kī qāshā'thāh. And-their-wrath, for it-was-cruel:

aă'ha'lĕqēm bĕ-yaoăqōv I-will-divide-them in-Jacob.

wa-aăphītzēm' bĕ-yisrāaēl'.
And-scatter-them in-Israel.

yĕhūdāh' aa'tāh yōwdū''kā aa'hei'kā
(8) Judah, thou-art he-whom 2shall-praise|| [-thee] 1thy-brethren;

yaděka bě-oōreph aōyěveí ka Thy-hand shall-be in-the-neck-of thine-enemies:

yishta'hawu le'ka benei aavi''ka. 3Shall-bow-down 4before-thee 1the-children-of 2thy-father.

English Version. 6 in their self-will they digged down a wall; marg. houghed oxen.

† Or, "secret counsel:" çod or çowd is a contraction of yeçowd, Arab. wisad, an eastern sofa, divan, from yasad', in the signification of wasa'da, sternere lectulum; and properly denotes a circle or company of persons sitting together; hence a consultation, counsel, confidential talk, or intercourse, and a secret.

‡ A poetical expression for the heart or soul, probably literally i. q. kāvēd, the liver; Ps. xvi. 9. lvii. 9. cviii. 2.

| It will be observed, that in this, and several following verses, there is an allusion to the

signification of the names of the patriarchs.

^{*} Or, "weapons of violence are their swords," deriving mě'kērōth', from kūr, i. q. Arab. kāra, conj. ii. prostravit: compare kārāh, to dig, bore through; Vulgate, vasa iniquitatis bellentia; Jerome, arma eorum. Others render mě'kērōth, plans, purposes, from the Ethiopic makar, to counsel, devise; or craft, or deceit, from the Arabic maka'ra, to deceive, plot; and reading ki'lū, "they have accomplished," instead of kělēi, with the Samaritan text, translate, "they have accomplished their fraudulent purposes:" so Lxx. συνετέλεσαν άδικίαν ἐξαιρέσεις αὐτῶν, "they have accomplished the iniquity of their purpose," with which the Samaritan version agrees.

[§] So Lxx. ἐνευροκόπησαν ταῦρον: the Vulgate renders, suffoderunt murum, "they digged down a wall," as in the text of the authorized version, reading shūr for shōwr: bulls, in poetical language, denote princes: see Ps. xxii. 12. This is a delicate, and highly poetical description of the manner in which they first disabled, and then basely murdered Hamor and Shechem, and the whole of their people: see chap. xxxv.

gūr aaryēh yĕhūdāh'
(9) The-whelp-of a-lion is Judah:

mi'-re'reph běnĩ oālī'thã From-the-prey, my-son, thou-art-gone-up:

kāra'o rāvatz' kĕ-aaryēh He-stooped-down, he-couched as-a-lion,

ū-'kĕ-lāvī'a mī yĕqīmé'nū. And-as-an-old-lion; * who shall-rouse-him-up?

loa..yaçur' shevet mihudah' (10) 3Not..2shall-4depart 1the-sceptre from-Judah,

ū-me'hoqeq' mi'-bein raglaif Nor-a-lawgiver from-between his-feet,

oad kī..yāvō'a shīlōh' Until [that..]2come 1Shiloh; †

we-low yi'qehath' oa'mim And-to-him shall the-gathering ‡-of the-people be.

aōçĕrī' la'-ge'phen oīrōh'
(11) Binding 2to-the-vine 1his-foal,

we-la'-soreqāh' benī a athono'w And-3unto-the-choice-vine § 1the-colt-of 2his-ass;

ki'beç ba'-ya'yin levushow He-washed 2in-wine 1his-garments,

ū-vě-dam..oănāvīm' çūthōh' And-²in-the-blood-of..³grapes ¹his-clothes:

'ha'klīlī' oēina'yim mi'-yā'yin
(12) 3Red his-eyes 2shall-be with-wine,

ū-leven..shi'na'yim me-'halav'. And-2white..1his-teeth with-milk.

English Version. 9 Judah is a lion's whelp.

* Perhaps a lioness, in Arabic labaaton, labiyaton, and lubwaton; though all these forms

have the feminine termination. It is only used in poetry.

† That is, according to some pacificus, the bringer of peace, "the prince of peace," Isa. ix. 6; from shālāh, to be quiet, peaceable. Others regard it as compounded of she, i. q. aŭsher, and löh, i. q. lōw to him, and render, "till he comes to whom it (the sceptre or dominion) belongs: "compare Ezek. xxi. 32. So Aquila, Symmachus, and Lxx. according to the majority of MSS. ¾ ἀπόκειται; Syriac and Saadias, is cujus est; Lxx. according to the usual reading, τὰ ἀποκείμενα αὐτῷ, "what is reserved for him;" Onkelos, mēshī'hāa dĕ-dīlēihh hīa malkūthāa, "the Messiah, whose is the kingdom;" Jonathan, malkāa mēshī'hāa zĕoēir bĕnōwi, "the king Messiah, the least of his sons;" and the Jerusalem Targum, malkāa mēshī'hāa dĕ-dīdēihh hūa malkūthāa, "the king Messiah, whose is the kingdom."

‡ Rather, obedience, from yāqāh, i. q. Arab. waqi'ha, to obey: so Onkelos, yishta'mĕoūn, '' shall obey;'' and the Targum of Jerusalem, oathīdīn dĕyishtaobĕdūn, '' shall be subject.'' The Lxx. have προσδοκία, and Vulgate, expectatio, deriving it from qawah, to wait,

expect.

§ In Arabic sharīqon, vita generosa, a choice species of vine, the grapes of which, according to the Jewish commentators, have very small and scarcely perceptible stones, and which at this day is called serki, in Morocco, in Persian kishmis. See Niebuhr, and Gesenius in voces

zĕvūlun' lĕ-'hōwph ya'mīm yishkōn (13) Zebulun ²at-the-haven-of ³the-sea ¹shall-dwell;

we-hūa le-'hōwph aŏni'yōth'
And-he shall-be for-a-haven-of ships;

we-yar'kāthō'w oal..tzīdōn'.
And-his-border * shall-be unto..Zidon.

yi'sās'kār' 'hămōr gārem (14) Issachar is an-ass-of bone,†

> rovētz' bēin ha'-mishpethāyim Couching-down between [the-]two-burdens: ‡

wa'-yar'a měnu'hāh kī Tōwv
(15) And-he-saw the-rest, s that it-was good,

we-aeth..ha-aa'retz kī nāoe'māh And — the-land, that it-was pleasant;

wa'-yēt' shi'kmōw li-çbōl And-bowed his-shoulder to-bear,

wa-yĕhī lĕ-maç oovēd'.
And-became ²unto-tribute ¹a-servant.

dān yādīn' oa'mōw

(16) Dan shall-judge his-people,

kë-aa'had' shivTei yisrāael'. As-one-of the-tribes-of Israel.

yĕhī..dān' nā'hāsh' oălēi..de're'k
(17) ²Shall-be..¹Dan a-serpent by..the-way,

shěphīphōn' oălēi..aō'ra'h An-adder || in..the-path,

English Version. 14 Issachar is a strong ass. 15 and he saw that rest was good.

^{*} Literally, " his side."

[†] That is, "a strong-limbed ass." The Arabians say in like manner 'himāron jarmon, farson jarmon, for a strong ass, a strong horse, and jarīmon, strong-boned: see A. Schultens, Opp. Min. p. 13.

[‡] Or, "folds" for cattle, Jud. v. 6, i. q. shephata'yim, Ps. lxviii. 14, particularly the open summer stalls, in which, in warmer climates, the cattle pass the whole summer; from shaphath, to place, like stabula from stare: compare Virgil, Georg. III. v. 288, with the note of Vossius thereon, and see Gesenius.

[§] That is, "place of rest," being a noun of place from nūa'h, to rest, and parallel with hā-aā'retz, "the land."

^{||} In Arabic si'phon is a species of the cerastes, or horned-serpent, as Jerome renders, so called from its two antennæ, which it sticks in the sand, and strikes out after its prey. It is a species of the viper kind, of a light brown colour; and it is remarkable, that it is described by Nicander, (Theriac. v. 262.), as lurking in the sand, or wheel tracks in the road, and unexpectedly biting, not only the unwary traveller, but the legs of horses and other animals. See also Ælian, lib. xvi. c. 28. Diodorus, lib. iii. cap. 28. Bochart, Hieroz. P. II. lib. iii. c. 12, and Michaelis, Recueil de Quest. lxii.

ha'-nōshē'k' oi'qĕvēi..çūç' That-biteth the-heels-of..the-horse,

wa'-yi'põl rō'kĕvō'w aā hōwr So-that-2shall-fall ¹his-rider, backward.

līshūoāthĕ'kā' qi'wī'thī yĕhōwāh'. (18) For-thy-salvation 1I-have-waited, O-Jehovah.

gĕdūd yĕgūdé'nū a-troop shall-overcome-him;

> wĕ-hūa yāgud' oāqēv' shall-overcome at-the-last. * But-he

mē-aāshēr' shĕmēnāh' la'hmōw 3fat-2shall-be 1his-bread, (20) Out-of-Asher

> we-hūa yi'ten maoada'nei..me'le'k. shall-yield And-he dainties-of..a-king.

aa'yālāh' shĕlu'hāh naphtālī' (21) Naphtali is a-hind let-loose,

> ha'-nothen' aimrei...shapher. That-giveth words-of..beauty. †

yōwçēph'

Joseph-is, bēn pōrāth' (22) ²A-4bough t ³fruitful

> pōrāth' oălēi..oā'yin Even-a-2bough 1 fruitful by..a-well;

bānōwth' tzaoădāh'oălēi..shūr' over..the-wall: Whose branches & run

wā-rō"bū wa-yĕmārăru'hū (23) And-they-sorely-grieved []-him, and-shot-at-him;

> wa'-yistěmu'hū 'hi'tzīm ba*o*ălēi 1the-masters-of 2arrows: Then-shated-him

English Version. 20 royal dainties. 21 he giveth goodly words. 23 The archers have sorely grieved him, and shot at him, and hated him.

* Some render.

Gad, a troop, shall invade (or oppress) him, But he shall invade (or oppress) their rear.

And others.

Gad, an army shall attack him, And he shall attack in return.

† Or, "which bringeth forth beautiful young;" aimrei here denoting, perhaps, young stags, as in Chaldee ai mar denotes a young sheep, lamb. Bochart, (Hieroz. I. p. 895), and most critics since his time, read this verse with a change of the vowel points; aclah and aŭmirëi, and render:

Naphtali is a spreading turpentine,

Which puts forth beautiful branches.

† Literally, "a son;" as if the son of a tree: so yowneq and yowne'qeth, a suckling is used for shoot, sucker: compare Latin pullus and pullulare. It is united with a feminine adjective, as a substitute for the neuter, because it denotes an inanimate object.

Literally, "daughters."
 Literally, "imbittered."

wa'-teshev bĕ-aēithān' qashtōw
(24) But-²abode ³in-strength ¹his-bow,

wa'-yāphō''zū zĕrōoēi' yādāif' And-3were-made-strong 1the-arms-of 2his-hands

mīdēi' aavīr yaoaqov By-the hands-of the-mighty-God-of Jacob;

mi'-shām rōoeh' ae'ven yisrāaēl' (From-thence is the-shepherd, the-stone-of Israel:)

mē-aēl' aāvī"kā wĕ-yaozĕre'kā Even-by-the-God-of thy-father, who-shall-help-thee;

we-aeth sha'dai wīvāre'ke'kā (25) And-by the-Almighty, who-shall-bless-thee

bir'kōth shāma'yim mē-oāl' With-blessings-of heaven above,

bir'kōth tĕhōwm rōve'tzeth tā'hath Blessings-of the-deep that-lieth under,

bir'kōth shāda'yim wā-rā''ham Blessings-of the-breasts, and-of-the-womb:

bir'kōth aāvī''kā gāvĕrū'
(26) The-blessings-of thy-father have-prevailed

oal..bir'kōth hōwrai' oad
Above..the-blessings-of the-2mountains leternal,*

taaavath' givooth oowlam'

And-the-desirable-things-of the-2hills 1everlasting:

tihĕyei'nā lĕ-rōash yōwçēph' They-shall-be on-the-head-of Joseph,

ū-lĕ-qodqōd' nĕzir ae'hāif.
And-on-the-crown-of-the-head-of him-that-was-separate-from his-brethren.

binyāmīn' zĕaēv yitrāph (27) Benjamin ²as-a-wolf ¹shall-ravin:

> ba'-boqer yoa'kal oad In-the-morning he-shall-devour the-prey,

wĕ-lā-oe'rev yĕ'ha'lēq shālāl'. And-at-evening he-shall-divide the-spoil.

English Version. 26 prevailed above the blessings of my progenitors unto the bounds of the everlasting hills. 27 and at night he shall divide the spoil.

^{*} Literally, "mountains of eternity;" howr and hor is a more ancient and unusual form of har, a mountain. We have ventured to deviate from the Masoretic punctuation of this passage, which disjoins oad from howrai, and unites it with the succeeding line, agreeably to the rendering of the Vulgate, Chaldee, and the common version. The alteration is sanctioned by the Lxx. ὀρέων μονίνων, by the parallel passages, Deut. xxxiii. 15. Hab. iii. 6., as well as by the parallel clause givooth οδωlam', "everlasting hills."

kol..aē'leh shivtēi yisrāaēl' shĕnēim-oāsār' wĕ-zōath (28) All..these are the-2tribes-of 3Israel 1twelve: and-this isand-this is-it lāhem' aăvīhem' wa-yevare'k aowtham' aīsh *a*ăsher their-father, and-blessed ³unto-them them; each-man ²spake [that] kĕ-vir'kāthō'w aotham'. bēra**'k'** wa-yĕtzāf' aōwthām' wa'them. (29) And-he-charged according-to-his-blessing he-blessed andqivrū aothi ael..oa'mī vo'amer aăleheni aăni neaěçāph am-to-be-gathered unto-them. unto..my-people: bury I me ael..aăvothāi' ael..ha'-mĕoārāh' aăsher bi-sdēh oephrown hain..the-cave that is in-the-field-of Ephron with..my-fathers ba'-meoarāh' aasher bi-sdeh ha'-ma'kpelāh' aasher.. 'hi'tī Hittite. that is in-2field-of 1the-3Machpelah, (30) in-the-cave oal..pěnēi mamrēa bě-ae'retz kěnāoan ašsher qānāh' aavrāhām' Mamre, in-the-land-of Canaan, which ²bought aeth..ha'-sādeh' mē-aēth' oephron ha-'hi'tī la-aă'hu'zath..qāver. of — Ephron the-Hittite for-a-possession-of..a-burying-place. shā''māh qāverū' aeth..aavrāhām' we-aeth sārāh' aishtow shā''māh (31) There they-buried — **A**braham and — Sarah his-wife; aeth...yitz'hāq wĕ-aēth gāvěrū' rivqāh aishtōw wĕ-shā''māh they-buried Isaac and — Rebekah his-wife; qāvar'tī aeth..lēaāh'. miqnēh ha'-sādeh' wĕ-ha'-mĕoārāh' Leah. (32) The-purchase-of the-field and-of-the-cave aäsher..bōw mē-aēth' běnēi..'hēth.' wa-yĕ'kal' that-is..therein was from[-with] the-children-of..Heth. (33) And-shad-made-an-end yaoăqov le-tza'woth aeth..banaif' wa'-yeaeçoph' raglaif ael..ha'yacob of-commanding — shis-sons when,-she-gathered-up his-feet into..themi'Tāh wa'-yigwa'o wa'-yēaā'çeph ael..oa'māif. wa'bed. and-expired, and-was-gathered unto..his-people. (Chap. L. 1) Andyōwçēph' oal..pěnēi aāvīf' wa'-yevk' oālāif' wa'-Joseph upon..the-face-of his-father, and-wept upon-him, wa-yĕtzaf′ yōwçēph′ yi'shaq.. $l\bar{o}'w$. aeth..oavadaif' aeth..hakissed..[to-]him. (2) And-2commanded 1Joseph - his-servants ropheuim' la-'hanor aeth..aavif' wa'-ya'hanru' ha-ropheaim' aeth.. physicians to-embalm — his-father: and-embalmed the-physicians wa'-yimlĕaū..lō'w aarbāoīm' yōwm kī kēn yimlě*a* ü (3) And-3were-fulfilled..4for-him ²days; are-fulfilled ¹forty for wa'-yivkū' věmēi ha-'hanutīm aotho'w mitzra'yim the-days-of those-who-are-embalined: and-2mourned t 3for-him 1the-Egyptians

English Version. 28 every one according to his blessing. 33 and yielded up the ghost, and was gathered unto his people.

[•] Or, "each man that he blessed, according to his blessing;" aotham', them, forming merely the oblique case of ausher, that.

† Literally, "wept."

184

shivoīm yowm. wa'-yaoavrū' yĕmēi vĕ'kīthō'w wa-yĕda'bēr threescore-and-ten days. (4) And-4were-past 2the-days-of 3his-mourning * 1when,-6spake ael..bēith parooh lēamor aim..nāa mātzā'athī 'hēn unto..the-house-of Pharaoh, saying, Joseph If..now grace bě-oēinēi'kem' da'běrū..nā'a bě-aoznēi pharoōh lēamōr' aāvī' speak,...I-pray-you, in-the-ears-of Pharaoh, saying, (5) My-father in-your-eyes, hi'nēh aānō'kī' mēth hishbīoa'nī $l\bar{\mathrm{e}}a\mathrm{m}\bar{\mathrm{o}}\mathrm{r}'$ bě-givrī aăsher made-me-swear, saying, Lo, die: in-my-grave which bě-ae'retz kěna'oan shā''māh kārī'thī lī tiqbĕrē'nī. wĕ-I-have-digged for-me in-the-land-of Canaan, there shalt-thou-bury-me. 2Thereforeoa'tāh aeoĕleh..'nāa wĕ-aeqbĕrāh aeth..aāvī' wě-aāshū'vāh. ¹now let-me-go-up,..I-pray-thee, and-bury - my-father, and-I-will-come-again. wa'-yō'amer paroōh oălēh ū-qěvōr' aeth..aāvī"kā ka-aăsher' (6) And-2said and-bury ¹Pharaoh, Go-up, — thy-father, yōwçēph' li-qbōr aeth..aāvīf' wa'hishbīoé'kā. wa'-ya'oal he-made-thee-swear. (7) And-2went-up 1Joseph to-bury '- his-father: andai'tōw kol..oavdēi pharoōh vēithow wĕ-kol zignēi with-him all..the-servants-of Pharaoh, the-elders-of ²went-up his-house, and-all we-kol beith yowceph'
(8) and-all the-house-of Joseph, aeretz..mitzrayim wĕziqnēi the-land-of.. Egypt, the elders of and-hisaāvīf' raq Ta'pām ū-vēith' ae'hāif' wĕ-tzōanām' ū-vĕqārām' brethren, and-the-house-of his-father : only their-little-ones, and-their-flocks, and-their-herds, oāzevu be-ae'retz goshen. wa'-ya'oal oi'mow gam..ré'kev gam.. they-left in-the-land-of Goshen. (9) And-there-went-up with-him both..chariots and.. pārāshīm' wa-yĕhī ha'-ma'hănēh kāvēd' mĕaōd. wa'-yāv $\bar{o}'a\bar{u}$ and-it-was a-[the-]3company ¹very. (10) And-they-came ²great oad..goren hā-aārād' ašsher bĕ-oēver ha'-yardēn wa'-yiçpĕdū.. to..²threshing-floor-of ¹the-³Atad, which is beyond [the-]Jordan, and-²they-mourned.. gādōwl wĕ-'kāvēd' mĕaōd wa'-ya'oas lĕ-aāvīf' miçpēd ³very: and-he-made ²for-his-father there with-a-5lamentation ¹great ²and-⁴sore shivoath' yāmīm'. yōwshēv' hā-aā'retz ha'wa'-yar'a¹a-mourning seven[-of] days. (11) And-when-4saw 1the-inhabitants-of 2the-land, 3thekěnaoănī aeth..hā-aēvel bě-gōren hā-aātād' wa'-yōaměrū' aēvel.. Canaanites, — the-mourning in-2floor-of 1the-3Atad, [then-]they-said, 3Mourning.. kāvēd' zeh lĕ-mitzrāyim oal.. $k\bar{e}$ n qārā'a shĕmāhh aāvēl'-²a-grievous ¹this-is to-the-Egyptians: wherefore one calleth the-name-of-it Abelwa'-yaoăsū' vānāif' bě-oever ha'-yarden. mitzra'yim aăsher (12) And-2did [the-]Jordan. mizraim, † which beyond his-sons iswa'-yisaū' aotho'w vanaif' kēn ka-aăsher' tzi'wām unto-him [so] according-as he-commanded-them: (13) for-²carried 3him ¹his-sons

٠,

English Version. Chap. 1. 11 the name of it was called.

^{*} Or, "weeping." † That is, "the mourning of the Egyptians."

aa'rĕtzāh kěna'oan wa'-yiqberu' $a\bar{o}th\bar{o}'w$ bi-mo $\bar{a}rath'$ sĕdeh and-buried into-the-land-of Canaan. in-the-cave-of him 2field-of ha'-ma'kpēlāh' *a*ăsher qānāh' aavrāhām' aeth..ha'-sādeh' lathe-3Machpelah, ¹Abraham with..the-field which ²bought for-aaă'hu'zath..qe'ver ha-'hi'tī mē-aēth' oephrōn oal..pěnēi possession-of..a-burying-place of [-with] **E**phron the-Hittite, before wa'-yā'shov yōwçēph' mitzra'yĕmāh hūa wĕ-ae hāif mamrēa. (14) And-²returned ¹Joseph into-Egypt, he, and-his-brethren, li-qbor aeth..aavīf' aa'harei wĕ-'kol..hā-oōlīm' ai'tōw qovrow to-bury — his-father, he-had-buried and-all..that-went-up with-him after aă'hēi..yōwçēph' aeth..aavīf.' wa'-yiraū' kī..mēth' (15) And-4saw - his-father. 2the-brethren-of..3Joseph 5that..7was-dead yistěmē'nū *a*ăvīhem' wa'-yōaměrū' lū yōwçēph' wĕwhen,-8they-said, ³Peradventure 2will-4hate-us 6their-father Joseph, andlā'nū hāshēv'. yāshīv' aēth kol..hā-rāoāh' gāmal'nū aăsher will-requite [to-]us all..the-evil requiting which wa-yětza'wū aōthō'w. ael..yōwçēph' lēamōr' aāvī"kā (16) And-they-sent + a-messenger unto...Joseph, unto-him. saying, Thy-father liphnēi mowtho'w leamor' koh..thoameru' le-yowçeph' did-command before he-died, ‡ saying, (17) So..shall-ye-say unto-Joseph, sāa nāa pe'shao aa'hei'kā we-'ha'rāathām' kī..rāoāh' ²I-pray-thee ¹forgive now, the-trespass-of thy-brethren, and-their-sin; gěmālū"kā wě-oa'tāh sāa nāa lě-phe'shao oavděi ithey-did *-unto-thee: and-now, 2forgive, we-pray-thee, [to-]the-trespass-of the-servants-of wa'-yevk' yowçeph' be-da'beram aelaif'. aĕlōhēi' aāvī"kā. And-2wept ¹Joseph when-they-spake unto-him. the-God-of thy-father. wa'-yēlě'kū' gam..ae'hāif' wa'-yi'pělū' lĕ-phānāif' wa'-yōamĕrū' (18) And-3went 2also..1his-brethren and-fell-down before-his-face; and-they-said, lě'kā la-oăvādīm'. wa'-yō'amer aălēhem' yōwçēph' hi'né'nū (19) And-2said ³unto-them Joseph, [for-]servants. Behold,-we are thy aĕlōhīm' wě-aa'tem' hă-thá'hath aā'nī. kī aal..tīrā'aū (20) But-as-for-you, 1am-1? — 2in-the-place-of 3God 2Not.. 1fear: for 'hăshāvāhh' lĕ-тōvāh′ oālāi' rāoāh' aĕlōhīm' 'hăshavtem' meant-it unto-good, ²against-me levil: but God ye-thought ka'-yōwm' ha'-zeh' oăsōh lě-ha'hayōth oam..rav. lĕnıa'oan ²people..¹much. as-it-is-2day [the-]this, to-save-3alive bring-to-pass, aal..tīrā'aū aānō'kī' aă'kalkēl aeth'kem' we-aeth... and will-nourish you, (21) Therefore-inow inot.. fear-ye: Ι

English Version. 15 and will certainly requite us.

^{• ()}r, "recompensed."

[†] Literally, charged or commissioned one.

Or, "his death." § Or, "though. || Literally, "to thee."

та'рĕ'kem'. wa-yena'hem aowtham' wa-yeda'ber oal..li'bam. And-he-comforted them. your-little-ones. and-spake to..their-hearts. yōwçēph' bě-mitzra'yim hūa ū-vēith' aāvīf' wa'-yē'shev (22) And-2dwelt ¹Joseph in-Egypt, he, and-the-house-of his-father: andyĕ'hī yōwçēph' mēaāh' wā-oe'ser shānīm'. wa'-yar'a yōwçēph' ²lived ¹Joseph (23) And-2saw a-hundred and-ten years. bĕnēi shi'leshīm' lě-aephra'yim běnēi mā'kīr' gam children-of the-third-generation:* 2also 1the-children-3of of-Ephraim Machir vu'lĕdū oal..birkēi wa'ben..měna'sheh' yōwçēph'. were-brought-up t upon..the-knees-of the-son-of.. Manasseh Joseph. (24) Andyōwçēph' ael..ae'hāif aānokī' wē-alōhīm' yō'amer mēth ²said ¹Joseph unto..his-brethren, I die: and — God yiphqod aeth'kem' we-heoelah aeth'kem' min..ha-aa'retz pāqōd' will-visit and-bring-2up in-visiting you, ¹you out-of..[the-]2land ha'-zōath ael..hā-aā'retz aăsher nishba'o lĕ-aavrāhām' lĕ-yitz'hāq unto..the-land which he-sware to-Abraham, [the-]1this wa'-yashba'o yōwçēph' aeth..běnēi ū-lě-yaoăqōv': visrā*a*ēľ (25) And-2took-an-oath Joseph of — the-children-of pāqōd' *a*ĕlōhīm' aeth'kem' yiphqod wĕ-haoălithem' lēamōr' ²will-visit In-visiting 1God and-ye-shall-carry-up saying, you, wa'-yā'moth yōwçēph' aeth..oatzmōthai' mi'-zeh'. my-bones from-hence. ‡ (26) So-2died Joseph, being [the-son-of... wā-oe'ser shānīm' $m\bar{e}a\bar{a}h'$ wa'-ya'hantū' $a\bar{\text{o}}\text{th}\bar{\text{o}}'w$ wa'-yī'sem and-they-embalmed a-hundred and-ten years old; him, and-he-was-put bā-aārōwn' bě-mitzrāyim. in-a-coffin in-Egypt.

English Version. 23 and Joseph saw Ephraim's children of the third generation. 24 and God will surely visit you, and bring you out of their land. 25 saying, God will surely visit you.

^{*} That is, "great grand-children."

† Literally, "from this place."

[†] Literally, "were born."

MASORETIC NOTES.

çë'kūm pëçūqēi' dë-çēpher bëreashīth' ae'leph wa-The-sum-of the-verses of-the-book-of Genesis is one-thousand [and-]

'hămēsh mēaowth' ū-shěloshīm' wě-aarbāoāh' AKLD çīmān'.
five hundred and-thirty [and-]four: 1534 being its sign.

Wě-'hetzyow wě-oal..'harbě'kā thi'hěyeh'.
And-its-half is, "And-by..thy-sword shalt-thou-live." *

ü-phārāshi'yōwthāif' үв zeн..'shěmī lě-oōlām' çīmān'. And-its-sections are 12; "тиз is..my-name for-ever," † being the-symbol.

ū-çĕdārāif' MG. GaM..bārū'k' yihĕyeh' çīmān'.
And-its-orders are 43; "Yea..and-2blessed he-shall-be," ‡ being the-symbol.

ū-pheraqaif' N; yehowah' 'ho'ne'nu le'ka qi'wi'nu And-its-chapters are 50; "O Jehovah, be-gracious-unto-us: FOR-THEE we-have-waited,"

çīmān'.
being the-symbol.

ha'-pěthū'hōwth' shělōshāh' wě-aarbāoīm' wĕ-ha'minyin the-open-sections is The-number-of three and-forty; and-theshĕmōnāh' wĕ-aarbāoīm' cĕthūmōwth' ha'-kōl tishoīm wĕclose-sections. and-forty: the-whole, eight ninety andaa'hath' pārāshī'yōwth'. a'atāh wĕ-'kol..hā-oām' aăsher.. $\mathbf{T}\mathbf{z}\mathbf{\bar{e}}a$ " Get-тиее-оит, thou, and-all..the-people that-arc.. sections;

be-ragleikā çīmān'. at-thy-feet," being the-symbol.

JEWISH SECTIONS.

SECTION	τ.	bě-rēashīth', " in the beginning," chap. i. 1. to chap. vi. 8.
	JI.	noa'h, " Noah," chap. xii. 9. to the end of chap. xi.
	III.	le'kle'kā, " get thee out," chap. xii. 1. to the end of chap. xvii.
	IV.	wa'-yērā'a, " and appeared," chap. xviii. 1. to the end of chap. xxii.
	V.	wa'-yiheyu' ha'yei', "and the life of Sarah was," ch. xxiii. 1. to ch. xxv. 18.
	VI.	toledoth', "generations," chap. xxv. 19. to chap. xxviii. 9.
	VII.	wa'-yetze'a, " went out," chap. xxviii. 10. to chap. xxxii. 2 or 3.
\	VIII.	wa'-yishla'h', " and sent," chap. xxxii. 3 or 4. to the end of chap. xxxvi.
	IX.	wa'-ye'shev, "and dwelt," chap. xxxvii. 1. to the end of chap. xl.
	X.	mi'-qetz, " at the end," chap. xli. 1. to chap. xliv. 17.
	XI.	wa'-yi'gash', " then came near," chap. xliv. 18. to chap. xlvii. 27.
		wa-ye'hī, " and lived," chap. xlvii. 28. to the end of chap. 1.

Chap. xxvii. 40.
 † Exod. iii. 15.
 † chap. xxvii. 33.
 † Exod. xi. 8 or 9.